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RICH INDIAN SEES NO GLORY IN GREAT WAR

SERVED 18 MONTHS IN EUROPE, INCLUDING CHATEAU THIERRY, WHERE HE WAS SHOT

IS MILLIONAIRE OIL KING

Osages Told Him of Splendor of Fighting, But He Says Modern Warfare Is Too Horrible

Los Angeles, Cal., July 3.—Joe Mills, the richest Indian in the service of America in the world war, has had enough of fighting and favors a lasting peace. He saw 18 months service including participation in the memorable engagement at Chateau Thierry, where Mills stopped a German machine gun bullet. He still carries his arm in a sling as the result of the wound.

Mills is in Los Angeles to "rest up to get the memories of the European fighting out of my mind" as he put it. Mills said from earliest childhood he had heard the old men of his tribe—he is of the Osages—tell of the glories of war and he thought soldiering would be a good adventure.

"So it may have been," said he, "when the old men of my tribe were young, but that was before the day of the machine gun and poisoned gas. The slaughter in France is horrible. I did my duty and I will do it again if Uncle Sam needs me, but until he does I am going to stay in the good old United States of America and look after Mrs. Mills, my eight year old son, and my property."

Though he mentions this property interest last, Mills is rated a millionaire. Most of his income is derived from oil bearing lands in Oklahoma, his home.

Mills served as a member of the field artillery.

FIGHT FANS PAY \$5 FOR SLEEP TONIGHT

Toledo, Ohio, July 3.—Every train arriving today is unloading hundreds of boxing fans, and other hundreds are coming hourly in automobiles. Beds at hotels are \$5 per night with two in a bed. Hundreds are unable to obtain places to sleep even at these prices, and must walk the streets all night.

Betting on the outcome of the fight is surprisingly light. Both Dempsey and Willard are resting today.

PRICE OF HOGS ADVANCE 25c PER CWT. ON CHICAGO MART

Chicago, July 3.—Hog prices yesterday jumped far above all previous figures which in turn had broken all records. The latest altitude is \$22 a hundredweight, a rise of 25c in 24 hours.

Increased export demand for food products was the generally accepted reason for the continued unprecedented advance.

THE ANTI-BOLSHEVIST FORCES ARE GAINING

London, July 3.—The forces of General Denekine, anti-Bolshevist leader in southern Russia, have occupied Tzaritsin, on the Volga river, according to Russian wireless reports.

AMERICANS EAGER FOR GERMAN GOODS

Quickly Forget Hun Brutality in Eagerness to Catch Almighty Dollar; Germans Book Orders

Treves, July 3.—American firms appear eager to buy German made goods as quickly as possible, according to letters passing recently through the United States army censorship. Cameos, agates and amethysts appear to be particularly in demand in America. As an indication of how German industries are being stimulated by orders from foreign countries, a business letter recently said that the crockery factories in Thuringen have enough orders on file to keep them engaged four years.

On the other hand, Germany is buying from outside countries goods of various kinds. Purchases just at this time, however, are confined chiefly to food, cloth and other articles of necessity. Letters to American manufacturing firms continue to pass through the censorship in which German firms or individuals make inquiries regarding agencies in Germany for automobiles, rubber goods and other articles of which the country has been deprived because of the war.

Des Moines, Iowa, July 3.—Iowa has ratified the federal suffrage amendment.

DIRIGIBLE EXPECTED TO ARRIVE ON FRIDAY

London, July 3.—The British air ministry announced today that they expect the dirigible R-34 to reach St. Johns, N. F., Friday morning and Long Island Saturday morning. The position at 6 o'clock this morning was approximately half way to New Foundland.

Mineola, N. Y., July 3.—Lieutenant Colonel Frederick W. Lucas, in charge of the British admiralty arrangements for the reception of the dirigible R-34 after its flight across the Atlantic, announced today that unless unusually heavy winds or storms already had been encountered the dirigible would arrive over Roosevelt field early Friday afternoon.

No attempt would be made to land, he said, until evening because too much hydrogen gas would be wasted in making a landing during the hot hours of the day. There is a bare possibility, however, that with favorable winds the giant craft will arrive Friday morning and land immediately.

CONCILIATION BOARD RESUMES SESSIONS

Portland, July 3.—Telephone strike conditions remain unchanged today. Service is being given but in limited volume. The state board of conciliation has resumed its sessions in an effort to harmonize the differences existing between employers and employees.

Tacoma, Wash., July 3.—Sixty telephone operators have joined the ranks of the strikers, with 58 electricians already out today.

PRESIDENT WILSON TO ARRIVE N. Y. TUESDAY

New York, July 3.—President Wilson is expected to land at 2:30 next Tuesday afternoon. After a brief reception, at which he will speak, the presidential party will leave for Washington.

EX-EMPEROR IS TO STAND TRIAL WITH GENERALS

OFFICERS GUILTY OF APPALLING INFAMIES WILL FACE TRIAL IN LONDON

GERMAN ARMY NOT TO BE FEARED

British to Oppose Polish Rule Over Predominantly German Population

London, July 3.—Former German Emperor Wilhelm Hohenzollern is soon to be placed on trial, Lloyd George announced in the house today in his report of the peace negotiations.

The premier declared that the tribunal which would try the former emperor would sit in London, and he also said that German officers who had committed appalling infamies also will be placed on trial.

The German army, the premier said, is at present inadequate to disturb the peace of the fabled of the neighbors of Germany.

The forms of the treaty with Germany in some respects were terrible, he said, but terrible were the deeds which justified it.

The British delegation has taken a stand resolutely, Lloyd George said, against any attempt to put predominantly German population under Polish rule.

MISSOURI LEGISLATORS RATIFY

Jefferson City, Mo., July 3.—The lower house of the Missouri legislature voted ratification of the federal woman suffrage amendment, 125 to 4. The senate is expected to pass the measure today.

BOLSHEVISM SCOURGE SWEEPS OVER RUSSIA LIKE A PLAGUE

Bielebel, European Russia, June 10, via Vladivostok, June 20.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The reign of the bolsheviks passed over the people of Bielebel like a scourge. The bolsheviks occupied Bielebel for several months.

The correspondent of the Associated Press visited the town within a fortnight after their evacuation. The people were just beginning to readjust their domestic and government affairs. Refugees were returning to view the wreck of their homes. They were veritable wrecks for the bolsheviks had occupied all vacated houses and had carried away or destroyed most of their contents. An elderly judge of the district court, Professor Paul Blumenthal, long a resident of the United States, who left upon approach of the bolsheviks, was so overcome with grief over the fate of his native town that he wept.

Many persons had disappeared and it was well known that many had been murdered. The corpses of victims are being discovered. The correspondent followed a stream of men, women and children which flowed out across the fields toward the edge of a scraggly wood. There under the overhanging bank on the edge of a gravel pit they were lying, a tangled heap of bodies, apparently as they fell or had been thrown, with no attempt at burial.

The bodies were mostly of young or middle-aged workmen. From each the boots and most of the outer clothing had been removed. Of some the skulls were crushed, of others the faces were disfigured as though by gunshot at close range.

The crowd on the bank above the gruesome pile appeared fascinated. They silently made way for a group

40 STUDENTS EXECUTED BY COMMUNISTS

BELA KUN DECLARES BLOOD SHALL FLOW TO PROTECT PROLETARIAT

POLANDERS INFLECT CASUALTIES

Bolshevik Forces Attacking Polish Front Are Repulsed Everywhere by the Defenders

Vienna, July 3.—Forty students in the military school at Budapest have been executed by order of the Hungarian communist government, according to advices received here.

Bela Kun has issued a proclamation declaring that a proper appreciation has not been shown of the mild treatment of the past three months and "blood shall flow hereafter if necessary to insure protection of the proletariat."

Paris, July 3.—Polish forces on Saturday started a counter-offensive along the whole Galician-Voivynian front, according to advices from Warsaw.

The Poles assert that they have everywhere broken the Ukrainian resistance, and that the Lemberg-Halicz-Stanislaw railway line is again in Polish hands.

The enemy suffered severe casualties, 3,000 prisoners, 30 machine guns, huge stores being captured.

It seems that the Ukrainians were everywhere taken by surprise and gave way at all points. The Poles occupied Brody, Pluchow, Pomorzany and Brzezany, taking 1,000 additional prisoners and much booty. The Lemberg message says that the Poles have passed the Ukrainian line at several points. Crowds of

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JAPS SAY THEY ARE SOLID WITH ALLIES

Interested in Seeing Right and Justice in Far East; Disclaim They Are Lovers of War

Tokio, July 3.—Japan occupied at the peace conference a special position—she was disinterested in the problems concerned with the Occident, but greatly interested in the questions bound up with the Far East—Takashi Hara, the prime minister, has told the editor of a French magazine published at Tokio. The premier said:

"Japan went to the peace conference with the desire to take an active part in its work and to participate in all questions that might arise. Why? Because Japan is sincerely attached to the cause of right and justice. She has proved it by closely cooperating with the allies and by subscribing without reserve to the fourteen propositions of President Wilson; she never hesitated to join with the promoters of the league of nations.

"Like the French, English and American people, we wish a permanent peace, better and more open relations between nations, a happier humanity. And we believe we are in a good position to judge things from the point of view of justice and right because we had fewer interests under discussion than Europe and the United States. Our attitude is impartial and our delegates at Paris showed the good faith, sincerity and openness of our politics.

"However, violent criticisms have been addressed to us. Japan has been represented as an ambitious, war-loving, aggressive nation. The preceding cabinet suffered the same accusations which were not merited. I can assure you my government is doing its best not to cause discontent; to disregard proceedings which might be thought to bear a reprehensible character. The peace conference has given us an occasion to show we were not guilty of what had been reproached to us."

NEBRASKA NEEDS 10,000 HARVEST HANDS AT ONCE

Lincoln, Neb., July 3.—Nebraska needs 10,000 harvest hands at once, according to an estimate made today by H. C. Filley, of the Nebraska university department of rural economics, who has just received reports from government agencies throughout the state.

CALIFORNIA \$40,000,000 BOND ISSUE CARRIES

San Francisco, July 3.—Latest returns today showed the proposed \$40,000,000 state bond issue for highways carried at the special election Tuesday by 7 to 1.

The passing of the California bonding bill means much to southern Oregon and particularly to Josephine county, as it practically insures the building of the Elk creek water grade highway from Crescent City to the Josephine county line connecting with the regular Grants Pass and Crescent City stage road a few miles from Waldo.

POWER CO. EMPLOYEES TO VOTE ON STRIKE

Oakland, Cal., July 5.—Power company employees affiliated with the unions here today wire requests that all power company employees on the coast vote on the question of calling general strikes if power companies continue to serve the Pacific Telephone and Telegraph company, whose employees are on strike.

U.S. PLEDGED TO RENDER FRANCE IMMEDIATE AID

UNPROVOKED AGGRESSION BY GERMANY TO BE MET WITH SWIFT ACTION

RHINE FORTIFICATIONS BARRED

Text of Agreements Between France and the United States and England Arrive

Paris, July 3.—(By Associated Press)—The text of the agreement between France and the United States and France and Great Britain was given out late tonight. The agreement between France and the United States cites treaty provisions prohibiting Germany from fortifying either bank of the Rhine or assembling forces there, and it provides that if these provisions do not insure France proper security and protection the United States is bound to come immediately to the aid of France if any unprovoked act of aggression is committed by Germany.

DEMobilIZATION OF ARMY BY SEPTEMBER 30 ORDERED

Washington, July 3.—Orders for the demobilization of the army by September 30 to the peace time strength authorized by the national defense act were issued today by the war department.

GOVERNOR SETS ASIDE 5TH LEGAL HOLIDAY

Salem, Ore., July 3.—Because of numerous requests that have come to the executive office and because the celebration this week will be the first following the world war, Governor Olcott has issued a proclamation making Saturday, July 5, as well as the day previous a legal holiday. The proclamation follows:

Whereas, this year will see the observance throughout the nation of the first independence day following the signing of the treaty of peace, which marks the end of the great world war; and

Whereas, in practically every community of Oregon extraordinary celebrations have been arranged for as special tributes to the valor of the men of the state who participated in that great conflict; and

Whereas, these celebrations generally are to include not only Independence day, but the day following; Now, therefore, I, Ben W. Olcott, by virtue of the authority in me vested as governor of the state of Oregon, do hereby proclaim Saturday, July 5, 1919, as a legal holiday.

NO KIDNEY PUNCH—NO SIDE HAND CHOP BLOW

Toledo, Ohio, July 3.—At a meeting today of the principals and officials for the Willard-Dempsey fight it was decided that the fighters should box under the Marquis of Queensbury rules, with the kidney punch and the side hand chop blow barred. In clinches the men may box and protect themselves until the referee orders them to break.

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