

G. B. BERRY
 Harness and Saddlery
 Auto Top and Canvas Work
 With Grants Pass Hardware Co.

Classified Advertising

FOR SALE

TEAM 9 and 10 years old, also harness and wagon for sale. Sell all or part. Call 712 North Eighth or phone 13-L. 39tf

PRESENT OWNERSHIP township plat of Josephine county, 50c each. For sale by Josephine County Abstract Co. Blue printing at reasonable rates. 39tf

GET YOUR TIRES MENDED and buy a D. M. & C. K. welder for future use. See Mr. Gotcher, the tire man at Grants Pass hotel. tf

FOR SALE—Reasonable. Timber claim, 160 acres. Location: Sec. 34, Twp. 40, Range 4 W., Jackson county Oregon. Write to Mrs. M. E. Herrington, 116 West Indiana Ave., Spokane, Wash. 08

12 ACRES oak, madrone, fir and pine, on railroad in Jerome Prairie. Will take wood in payment stumpage. Phone 270. 53tf

600-ACRE STOCK RANCH for sale; about 125 acres in cultivation; considerable irrigation; 2 miles from R. R. station; 1 1/2 miles from two schools; half cash, balance low interest. Address No. 1052 care Courier. 86tf

FOR SALE—Singer sewing machines on easy terms. Machines rented and old machines taken in part payment. C. A. Chapman, 245 S. Central avenue, Medford. Local headquarters Grants Pass Hardware. 91tf

ANGEL CAKES—75 cents each; order by phone, No. 190-J. 92tf

FOR SALE—Grants Pass Banking Company stock. Will take cash, Liberty bonds or Victory bonds. Geo. L. Barton, Box 646, phone 515. 93tf

FOR SALE—Two large and 3 small chicken houses, wire fencing, oak fence posts, two incubators, two brooders. Edith Russell, corner Manzanita Ave. and Merlin road. 22

FOR SALE—Several head of Jersey cattle. Call Mrs. Belle Dimmick, phone 609-F-14. 04

FOR SALE—15 head of milk cows. Inquire Knox or Topping at Temple Market. 04

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred Chester White pigs and Shetland ponies. Mrs. H. E. Gordon. 06

FOR SALE—3 small chicken houses, two incubators, two brooders. Edith Russell, corner Manzanita Ave. and Merlin road. 22

TO RENT
 FOR RENT—Small cottage at 212 Foundry street, with pretty flower garden, garage. \$8 per month. Parties who rent place must keep grounds up. Fruit trees, grapes and berries, well and city water. Call at 208 Foundry street before 7 a. m. or after 6 p. m. 13

WANTED
 WANTED—Men to work in lumber camp or up-to-date sawmill. Transportation furnished. For particulars inquire at Broen's Crescent City stage office, Grants Pass, Ore., near S. P. R. R. depot and express office. Phone 26. 91tf

WANTED—First class teamsters. Permanent work. River Banks Farms. 04

WANTED—Roll-way man and turn down man. Good wages for experienced men. Grants Pass Lumber Co. 05

WANTED TO RENT OR BUY on terms—Boiler and engine about 25 h. p. Address No. 1167 care Courier. 02

LOST
 LOST—Female Collie dog. Liberal reward. Notify manager of Josephine hotel. 05

DENTISTS
 F. C. MACY, D. M. D. First-class dentistry 109 1/2 South Sixth street, Grants Pass, Oregon.

MISCELLANEOUS

E. L. GALBRAITH—Insurance, any kind. Rentals. Building and Loan. Plate Glass Liability. 609 G street. 84tf

PLAIN SEWING, dressmaking, hand hemstitching and embroidery. Call at 915 East L. street, or phone 312-Y. -05

PHYSICIANS

L. O. CLEMENT, M. D., Practitioner to diseases of the eye, ear nose and throat. Glasses fitted. Office hours 9-12, 2-5, or on appointment. Office phone 62, residence phone 359-J.

S. LOUGHRIDGE, M. D., Physicist and surgeon. City or country called. attended day or night. Residence phone 369; office phone 18; Sixth and H. Tufts Bldg.

A. A. WITHAM, M. D.—Internal medicine and nervous diseases. 803 Corbett Bldg., Portland, Ore. Hours 10 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m.

FREDERICK D. STRICKER, M. D., Rooms 5 and 7 Masonic Building. Office hours, 9-12 a. m.; 2-5 p. m. Phones: Office 18-R; Res. 18-Y.

DR. W. T. TOMPKINS, S. T.—Rooms 1 and 2 Schmidt Bldg. Treats all diseases. Hours 9-12 a. m.; 1-5 p. m. Phone 304-R. tf

VETERINARY SURGEON

DR. R. J. BESTUL, Veterinarian. Office, residence. Phone 305-R

DRAYAGE AND TRANSFER

THE WORLD MOVES; so do we. Bunch Bros. Transfer Co. Phone 597-R.

F. G. ISHAM, drayage and transfer. Safes, pianos and furniture moved, packed, shipped and stored. Office phone 124-Y. Residence phone, 124-R.

ELECTRICAL WORK

ELECTRIC WIRING and general electrical work, repairing, house wiring. C. C. Harper, 315 North Sixth street, phone 47. tf

LODGES

KNIGHTS and Ladies of Security Council meets second and fourth Friday's in W. O. W. hall. 43tf

CIVIL ENGINEERS

DANIEL McFARLAND, civil engineer and surveyor. Residence 740 Tenth street, phone 211-Y. 55

TAXI

DAILY JITNEY to Selma, Kerby and Waldo. Leaves Grants Pass daily at 9:30 a. m. Everett Hogan, phone 317. 317

USE THE WHITE LINE TAXI FOR prompt service. City and country trips. Safety first. Call Grants Pass Hotel, phone 396. Residence, phone 320-R. W. G. White. 790

PALACE TAXI CO., Wyatt & Cutler, props., only 2-car taxi company in city. Phones: Day—22-J; night 234-J for prompt service. tf

CALL 262-R FOR CITY AND country trips. New Chevrolet at your disposal. Day and night, prompt service. Spa Taxi. C. E. Gilkison. 01tf

The California and Oregon Coast Railroad Company
 TIME CARD

Effective Nov. 19, 1918.

Trains will run Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

Leave Grants Pass.....1 P. M
 Arrive Waters Creek.....2 P. M
 Leave Waters Creek.....3 P. M
 Arrive Grants Pass.....4 P. M

For information regarding freight and passenger rates call at the office of the company, Lundberg building or telephone 131.

All kinds of legal blanks at the Courier.



POULTRY
 MOST PRODUCTIVE HEN TYPE

Poultry Keepers Aim to Combine Economy and Efficiency—More Eggs From Fewer Hens.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

American poultry keepers as a class have always aimed to combine economy and efficiency in poultry production. In war-time patriotism impels them to extraordinary efforts in this direction, moving them to do everything, and to leave nothing undone that will help to quickly increase the nation's supplies of poultry and eggs. It is not the high cost of feed alone, since America entered the war, that has led to more careful attention to the routine work in poultry keeping, and to greater judgment and skill in feeding. The saving of money has been an incentive, but, above and beyond that, every poultry keeper realizes that getting better production from less feed is doing double duty in conservation and production—saving feed and at the same time increasing food.

That American poultry keepers are, on the whole, more efficient in egg production seems to be plainly indicated by the fact that, as compared with the period before the war, market receipts of eggs increased more than receipts of poultry. Reports from persons in touch with production in many localities agree that more eggs are being produced from the usual numbers of hens kept, and in many instances from smaller numbers. It may well be presumed that such efficiency in one line of production extends to others closely co-ordinated with it, and that poultry men are being grown more economical—though no common statistics indicate it, and it is not so readily observed in common practice.

Among professional breeders of standard poultry the first result of war-time conditions was to emphasize fresh, and more effectively than ever, the benefits of rigid selection of breeding stock and severe culling of the young stock while growing. The high cost of feed hit this class of poultry keepers hardest because, even under normal conditions, a considerable part of their stock must be carried for quite a long time after coming to maturity before it is sold. The concentration of interest and industry upon things immediately relating to the conduct of the war and the production of food tended to decrease the demand for their stock.

So, with stock actually costing a great deal more than in normal times, they had to face the problem of either reduced sales or lower prices on good grades of stock to attract trade. Some chose one alternative, some the other; but all adopted the policy of using only



Barred Plymouth Rock Hen.

breeders of the very best type, and so reducing to the lowest practical point the waste of feeding inferior young stock.

Professional breeders were compelled to do this, because no other plan of economizing comparable to it in efficiency was open to them. Good feed in abundance had to be used, whatever the cost, or their birds would not attain full development and command profitable prices.

Their methods generally are so well adapted to their work that no considerable saving of time and labor is possible. The only solution of their problem was the exclusive production of poultry of the quality that would bring profitable prices, for in feed and care birds of high quality cost no more to

produce than those of greatly inferior quality.

For the professional breeder this exact adaptation of the stock to the end for which it is designed is a necessity. In the matter of producing eggs and meat there is not the same absolute necessity. The volume of production can be maintained, and even greatly increased, by the continuance and extension of those better practices which have made possible so much of the increase which has already been attained. But if the producers of eggs and poultry for the table are to do their utmost to increase the supplies of those products, the easiest, the shortest and the surest way is through general use of the most productive types; that is, by the use on the part of every poultry keeper of the most productive types in his stock. It is not meant that there should be wholesale replacement of ordinary stocks by stock of strains celebrated for extreme high production. That may be done to advantage in many instances. But with the great majority of poultry keepers immediate gain in production must be made by good use of such stock as they have.

BACK TO HIS OLD FREEDOM

Stormy Petrel, After Brief Stay With Tame Birds, Returns to His Accustomed Place.

"The stormy petrel has left us," said Sergeant McGee of the park police. "He appeared to be getting along with the mudhens like a house on fire, but on Monday or Tuesday last he just faded away, and now he is back on his ocean wave or wherever else petrels go when they get tired of the company of mudhens."

"But a successor has come from the briny deep to keep up the traditions of the blue-water birds on Stow Lake. He is only a seagull, and a seagull is not such a rare avis on terra as our lost friend, the stormy petrel. Nevertheless he is the first wild one of his kind that has ever tarried with us for two weeks, and seemed to keep comfortable."

"He has no use for either the ducks or the mudhens. That is to say, he does not mix with them. But he has struck up a friendship with Anthony and Cleopatra, the two pelicans of the Nile, and there is no driving him away from them. Maybe he thinks they will protect him from the mudhens, maybe it is a case of 'the desire of the moth for the star,' and he is in love with one of them. If so, it is only a matter of time when one or the other of them will get jealous and gobble him up in one gulp."—San Francisco Bulletin.

Chip of the Old Block.

It is curious how episodes of the Boer war are recalled by the world conflict, says a writer in the Yorkshire Post. In our issue for May 16, 1900, for instance, we published an account of the bravery in the field of Private E. Wischusen, who threw a live shell over a cliff during an engagement. Now his son, Private Eric Wischusen, duke of Cambridge's Middlesex regiment, has proved himself to be no less brave. As a parchment certificate from his commanding officer shows, in a raid near Voormezele, on June 19-20, he was "conspicuous for his determination and bravery." Despite a heavy artillery and machine-gun barrage, he reached the enemy trenches, cleared them, and finally covered the raiders' withdrawal, "showing complete disregard to his own safety."

Private Wischusen, who is only twenty, is now in hospital at Lowestoft with a shot wound in his leg. His home is in Hornsey.

FATAL WEAKNESS OF DAIRY

Use of Sires Whose Ability to Improve Production is Unknown Cause of Trouble.

A fatal weakness in the dairy business is haphazard breeding, that is the use of sires whose ability to improve dairy production is unknown. Of course this cannot be known until some of his daughters come into production. And it cannot then be known with any degree of accuracy unless performance records are kept upon the cows and their daughters. Up to this time reliance has been placed upon the ancestry of a bull almost entirely, with the stress laid upon the fact of registration.

WHEN EVERY MOVE HURTS

Lame every morning, achy and stiff all day, worse when it's damp or chilly? Suspect your kidneys and try the remedy your neighbors use.

Mrs. Wm. Harvey, 621 N. Eighth St., Grants Pass, says: "I suffered from kidney trouble. My back nearly killed me, it ached so badly. I was as helpless as a child, being confined to my bed most of the time. My kidneys were terribly congested and I was a nervous wreck. It just seemed as though every inch of my body was affected, as I ached all over. Doan's Kidney Pills pulled me through this. I stuck to them for several months and was finally able to get around as well as ever. I consider myself cured."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Harvey had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Turkish and other Mohammedan villagers from the Thracian plains are retracing the steps of their ancestors of five centuries ago and leaving Europe to return to Asia. And the weird part of it is that in costume, conveyances and manner of life there has been practically no change in these 500 years. The wheels of their long, narrow carts have spokes in them, now whereas they used to be solid wheels, and perhaps the rush matting that protects the family from the weather may be a little better woven. But the oxen or buffaloes that leisurely drag the household along, and the bare-foot-

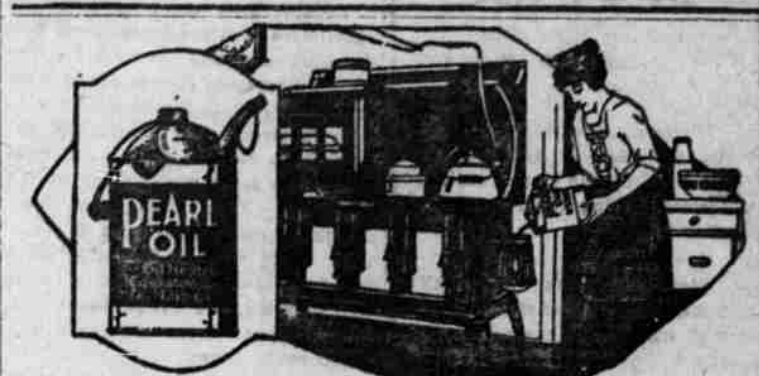
ed wife of the sandaled husband with the goad who pulls these lumbering animals by a string, and the primitive mode of life on their plodding journey, all belong to a bygone age.

Foley's Honey and Tar
 for
COUGHS-COLDS-CROUP
 For many Years the Standard Family Cough Medicine
 Take No Substitute for Foley's Honey & Tar
 SOLD EVERYWHERE

Some USED CAR Bargains

- One 1917 Oakland Six in good condition
- One 1917 Saxon Six, in good shape
- One 1917 Chalmers Speedster (Some Car)
- One 1918 Chevrolet, as good as new
- One 1918 Maxwell, in A No. 1 condition
- One 1917 Maxwell—well, just come and see it
- One Ford truck (one ton)

GENERAL ACCESSORIES AND REPAIR SHOP
COLLINS AUTO COMPANY
 511 H Street



A good cooking fuel—easy to handle

Pearl Oil, the Standard Oil Company's kerosene, is a most convenient and economical fuel. Gives all the convenience of gas—without the dust and dirt of coal or wood.

With a good oil cookstove you will cook in comfort all year 'round. Bakes, broils, roasts, toasts—economically. Lights at the touch of a match. No waiting for fires to come up, no unnecessary work, no waste. Concentrates a steady heat on the cooking—leaving the kitchen cool and comfortable.

Pearl Oil is refined and re-refined by our special process which removes the impurities. It is clean burning.

Pearl Oil is for sale in bulk by dealers everywhere. It is the same high-quality kerosene as the Pearl Oil sold in five-gallon cans. There is a saving by buying in bulk. Order by name—Pearl Oil.

We recommend New Perfection and Puritan Oil Cookstoves

PEARL OIL
 (KEROSENE)
HEAT AND LIGHT
STANDARD OIL COMPANY
 (CALIFORNIA)

C. D. Fies, Special Agent Standard Oil Co., Grants Pass

Exit the Broom!

Backbreaking, unsanitary, ineffectual cleaning methods have become but unpleasant memories in homes where a G-E electric motor-driven vacuum cleaner has come to stay.

California-Oregon Power Company

Awarded GRAND PRIZE at the P. P. I. E.

KOVERALLS
 KEEP KIDS KLEEN

LOOK FOR THIS LABEL

50¢ the suit—EVERYWHERE
 a new suit FREE if they rip
 BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

If your dealer cannot supply you, we will send them, charge prepaid, on receipt of price, \$1.50 each. Levi Strauss & Co., San Francisco