

Grants Pass Daily Courier

VOL. IX, No. 141.

GRANTS PASS, JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON.

TUESDAY, APRIL 15, 1919.

WHOLE NUMBER 2642.

VICTORY LOAN CAMPAIGN WILL OPEN MONDAY

CHAIRMAN T. M. STOTT MAKES APPEAL FOR UNITED SUPPORT OF THE PEOPLE

COUNTY QUOTA ABOUT \$150,000

"Victory Loan Is Question of National Honor as Well as Duty," Says Mr. Stott

With the opening of the campaign for subscriptions to the Victory loan, only one week distant, I, as chairman for Josephine county, wish to again call attention to the splendid record of our county in all previous Liberty bond and war work campaigns. The quota for Josephine county has not yet been received from state headquarters, but the amount will in all probability be the same as for the Fourth Liberty loan, which was in the neighborhood of \$150,000. We hear some argument as to the need for this Victory loan and I think that we should all feel that the funds to be raised by this loan are urgently needed by our government else they would not have made this call.

Although we may consider the war as over, our government has on hand enormous supplies of munitions and war material ordered before Germany quit and these must be paid for. The Victory loan is therefore a question of national honor as well as duty. Another year of war would have cost the lives of thousands upon thousands of American soldiers, and surely it is better to lend our gold than give our dear ones as a sacrifice on the battlefield. The hour of victory will not strike until we—the people, not the banks—subscribe every cent the government is asking of us.

The dates set for this campaign cover April 21st to May 10th inclusive, and although it is the intention to cover the county completely with solicitors we hope that no one will fail to subscribe if he should be missed by the solicitors. All of the banks are pleased to take subscriptions by mail or in persons so do not fail to get on a subscription list for this last and Victory loan.

May I therefore assume that every resident of Josephine county will take a personal interest in helping to complete the wonderful record established on all previous Liberty loan and war work campaigns.

Stick with this Victory loan to the last man and to your last dollar.
T. M. STOTT.

BLOCKADE OF ROAD HOLDS UP TOURISTS

Mr. and Mrs. John Sanfaeser, of Thompson Falls, Mont., stopped in the city last night on their way north from a trip through California. They report little trouble with the roads south of this city and left this morning for Glendale where, with the occupants of 20 other automobiles, they will await Southern Pacific cars to take their autos on to Riddle.

The road between Glendale and Riddle is expected to be blocked for about two months yet and the government, which is said to be responsible for the blockade, is the recipient of many uncomplimentary remarks from the tourists.

Because of the congestion the hotels at Glendale are said to be filled to overflowing and some of the tourists are sleeping in the depot and other buildings.

Medford, Ore., April 15.—A hard freeze in the valley Monday morning badly injured the peach and pear crop where there was no smudging.

SALMON SEASON OPENS ON ROGUE

Eight Boats With Drift Nets Busy Last Night—Water High and Swift and First Night's Catch Small

The salmon fishing season opened on the Rogue last night at midnight and eight boats, with two men to the boat, immediately became busy with their drift-nets. Among the fishermen are the following: Emmil Oldenburg, Frank Oldenburg, Bert Holcomb, L. G. Currier, Chas. Ware, Henry Huerits, George Fowler, Henry Pyle, Frank MacFarlan and George Dora.

H. E. Gething, of Oakland, Ore., who handled the fish for the fishermen last year, is again in charge this season. Mr. Gething stated that only about 200 pounds of salmon were taken last night. He says the water is high and swift and the river still rising, and does not predict any heavy catches until about the middle of May.

While there are a number of salmon just below the dam, Mr. Gething says he does not believe there are many in the stream at present. The price, however, is very flattering, the fishermen receiving 16 cents a pound for the salmon.

13-YEAR OLD GIRL KILLS HER FATHER AND STEPFATHER

St. Louis, Apr. 15.—Ursula Broderick, 13-year-old, shot and instantly killed Joseph F. Woodlock, her stepfather, in their home here this morning after an alleged attempt by Woodlock to attack the child. The girl shot and killed her father, Thomas Broderick, 51-years-old, October 6, 1916, according to the police. Broderick was alleged to have been abusing the girl's mother when she took a revolver from his pocket and fired twice, killing him.

MANY TRIBES MAKE HOMES IN SIBERIA

Omsk, Siberia, Feb. 12.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Siberia, which has forced world attention, by reason of the important political events there, includes all the Asiatic possessions of Russia with the exception of the trans-Caspian and trans-Caucasian regions and the government general of Turkestan whose capital, Tashkent, was captured by the bolsheviks and whose American vice-consul, Roger C. Tredwell, was arrested and left to languish in prison.

Since the Mongolian invasions in the 13th century, Siberia has been the home of many tribes, descended from that race. To the foreigner the Tartars are perhaps the most interesting. Their great center is Kazan though the national Tartar council, which like Ukraine and other regions of Russia, seeks the developments of its "national aspirations," is now located at Petropavlovsk, not far from Omsk. This is on account of bolshevik terrorism.

The Tartars are true followers of Mahomet and their mosques are found in almost every city. They are estimated to number 1,600,000 in the districts of Kazan and Crimea. They are keen seekers after education and many Tartar boys and girls receive lessons in French, English and German from foreign instructors in places like Kazan, Samara and Ufa. The last two of these places were occupied several months ago by the bolshevik armies. The Tartars have an oval face, black eyes, placed obliquely, and their skin is brown. Their costume is unusual, the distinguishing feature being their coiffure over which is worn a tight fitting calotte, or skull cap.

JAPANESE WILL TALK THE MATTER OVER

Washington, Apr. 15.—Viscount Ishii, Japanese ambassador, is to leave next month for Tokio for a conference with his government.

ALLIES TO MEET GERMAN DELEGATES ON APRIL 25

All Plans Set For Meeting at Versailles, 165 Days After Last Guns Were Fired—France and England to Receive Lion's Share of The Indemnities

Paris, Apr. 15.—Prospects for peace have suddenly become brighter as the result of agreements reached by the council of four. Announcements indicated that within a short time the war-torn world will begin to return to something like normal conditions.

On April 25, 165 days after the last gun was fired in the great world war, the allied and German delegates will gather at Versailles to discuss the treaty. President Wilson indicated that the treaty with Germany will be completed in a very short time. Meanwhile, the conflicting claims of Italy and Jugo-Slavia will be given preferential consideration. Probably the Germans and the allies will be called at Versailles almost immediately after the German delegates have passed on the allied terms.

Germany, by the terms of the treaty, must pay 100,000,000,000

gold marks, equivalent to \$23,820,000,000, at the pre-war rate of exchange.

It is reported that the Germans must withdraw all troops from a zone 25 miles wide on the right bank of the Rhine.

It is indicated that France and England are to receive the major portion of the indemnity, probably 85 per cent. The smaller powers will get their shares out of the remainder and are expected to be dissatisfied.

Riotous disorders continue in Germany, while the situation in India is rather disquieting.

Paris, Apr. 15.—The Echo de Paris says President Wilson intends to sail for the United States on April 27 or 28, after being present at the opening session of the Versailles conference. Colonel E. M. House will then act for him.

CHANGE FOR HAS-BEENS TO BECOME BIRD MEN

London, Apr. 15.—The fact that only young men capable of passing severe physical tests were accepted for aviation work during the war has caused the belief that flying as a sport will be barred to persons past the prime of youth. That is a mistake, according to British experts, who say that for ordinary peace-time flying there should be no age limit. The only qualifications they set are good eyesight and a sound heart.

Flying an airplane, it is pointed out, is much simpler, and far less nerve-racking than driving an automobile or sailing a yacht. Any man who has lived a decent open-air life, especially if he has played games and hunted, will find that learning to fly at the age of 50, is quite an easy business, experts say. A modern airplane will virtually fly itself and the controls are so arranged that a man, even on his first trip, it is argued, does the right thing instinctively.

BOCHES WANT TO DICTATE PEACE TERMS FOR ALLIES

Berlin, Apr. 15.—The German government is firmly resolved to refuse to discuss at the peace congress the future allegiance of the Saar territory, according to a Berlin news agency on what it terms competent authority. The government will "resolutely reject any proposal to tear the Saar territory from the empire by means of a general plebiscite."

SEATTLE COPS ACCUSED OF STEALING WHISKEY

Seattle, Wash., Apr. 15.—Two Seattle police, Sergeant Gus Hasselblad and Patrolman W. F. Patton, have been arrested by federal officers here charged with the theft of \$30,000 worth of liquor, which was stolen from the federal customs appraisers' stores on March 31. It is alleged that the officers carted away 3,000 quarts in a truck.

HAWKER MAY START ON FLIGHT TODAY

St. Johns, Apr. 15.—The weather today is improved and Lieut. Hawker may begin his flight across the Atlantic today.

GERMANS PILLAGE FOOD FOR POLAND

Communists at Budapest Reported to Have Murdered Three Prominent German Leaders

Paris, Apr. 15.—An American steamer laden with food for Poland was pillaged at Hamburg by the Germans, a Warsaw dispatch states.

London, Apr. 15.—A Copenhagen dispatch says that German newspapers print reports received from travelers to the effect that the communists at Budapest have executed Archduke Joseph, Dr. Alexander Wekerle, former premier and Baron Joseph Stepenjfi, the minister of commerce, but the report is not confirmed.

SPARTACANS ARE BEING JAILED IN GERMANY

Berlin, Saturday, April 12.—The soviet congress was informed today that George Ledebour who is confined in Moabit jail and whose release was demanded on March 30 by the communist workers' council, will not be liberated.

Independent socialist newspapers print an attack written by Ledebour, while in jail, upon Herr Heine, Prussian minister of justice, accusing him of mistreating Spartacan prisoners in the Moabit jail. He declares himself in daily fear of being murdered and that Kairi Radek's life was in constant jeopardy while he was in prison. Ledebour claims that he has heard groans of arrested Spartacan adherents who, he says, were being done to death in some hidden recess of the prison. He declares that he has also heard rifle shots "indicating wholesale executions there."

FRENCH GIRLS PIERCE MANY YANK HEARTS

Paris, Apr. 15.—That cupid was nearly as busy as Mars with the members of the American expeditionary force and that romance bloomed in France in spite of war's alarms is shown by the soldiers within one year. The majority of the French girls who have become Americans through marrying men and officers of the American expeditionary force are stenographers, salesgirls or teachers with a sprinkling of peasant girls and those of the middle class or bourgeoisie.

The romances are in most cases very similar. A soldier would be billeted with a French family a member of which would be a girl of marriageable age. Together they would delve into the intricacies of the French language, sign language being promptly superseded by a combination of Anglo-French gibberish.

The clean cut, healthy physique of the Americans, their politeness and generosity would appeal to the heart of the French girl who saw in the American the realization of her dreams. As a rule, the Americans also made no secret of the particular sympathetic feeling they had for the French girls and so as a natural sequence, marriages resulted.

Many such pairs now are puzzled whether the wife should accompany her husband to America or the husband should make his home in France. It is expected that fully 50 per cent of the benedicts will adopt France for their future home.

JAPS THREATEN TO WITHDRAW FROM LEAGUE

Washington, Apr. 15.—Withdrawal of the Japanese delegates from the peace conference is held entirely possible in diplomatic quarters.

It is strongly hinted in Japanese diplomatic circles here that a league of nations pact, refusing to admit racial equality, will not be accepted by the Japanese people.

LOYAL TROOPS BATTLE WITH RED FACTION

LIST OF DEAD AND WOUNDED MOUNTING AS STREET BATTLES RAGE UNCHECKED

COMMUNISTS MAKE GAINS

Soldiers Cheering for Soviet Are Dragged From Cars—Dr. Levien Steals 2,000,000 Marks

Berlin, Apr. 15.—The latest news received here is to the effect that the communists in Munich have not yet been mastered and that heavy fighting is raging in the streets of Munich between red guards and troops loyal to the government.

The central railway station, the postoffice and telegraph office and several other public buildings again are in the hands of the communists, who used heavy mine throwers in their recapture.

A number of persons have been killed or wounded.

Earlier advices reported that the whole of Bavaria, excepting Hof, had been regained by the Hoffmann government, which provisionally remains at Bamberg.

On Sunday, according to the Lokai Anzeiger, armed soldiers drove through the streets of Munich cheering for the soviet. They were dragged out of their cars and roughly handled.

Railway stations and postal, telegraph and other government buildings fell into the hands of the government without resistance. Dr. Levien is said to have fled to Switzerland with 2,000,000 marks of state money.

Paris, Apr. 15.—A proclamation issued by the Bavarian government announces that the garrison of Munich has swept away the Hoffmann regime and re-established transportation and that General Haller's Polish army will start across Germany for Poland today.

Berlin, Apr. 15.—Many persons were killed or wounded in the center of Berlin at noon yesterday during a collision between troops and street vendors. The troops fired on the vendors.

PORTLAND MAN INJURED IN SAN DIEGO EXPLOSION

San Diego, Apr. 15.—Four of the ten men injured in yesterday's explosion aboard the submarine chaser, including E. J. Gaynor, of Portland, Oregon, are in a serious condition and their burns will probably prove fatal.

FUMIGATE AGAINST EGYPTIAN BALL WORM

Seattle, Apr. 15.—To combat the Egyptian ball worm, a dangerous pink worm which insists on visiting Seattle every so often, nearly \$1,000,000 worth of cotton is fumigate by scientific process each year, in two government fumigating stations maintained in Georgetown, a suburb. The ball worm, it is said, has spread throughout the whole world except the United States, and because of its appetite for all classes of plant life, rigorous inspection methods have been enforced to prevent its entry into this country.

Cotton shipments from India and China received here are promptly transferred from dock to these fumigating stations where the cotton is placed in a large, air-tight apartment filled with poison air. Manchurian and Australian corn have also been subjected to much the same treatment here to avoid the spreading of new pests.

91ST DISEMBARKS AT NEW YORK CITY

New York, Apr. 15.—Nearly 3,500 troops of the 91st division which arrived here yesterday have disembarked and went today to their army camps around New York, preparatory to being sent to camps nearer home, for demobilization. They are mostly of the 361st and 362nd infantry.

New York, Apr. 15.—Among the 91st division troops disembarking here today were headquarters 2nd and 3rd battalions, machine gun company, and companies D, E, F, G, H, I, K, L, and M of the 361st infantry.