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JAPS BELIEVE IN CARING FOR OWN INTEREST

JEALOUS OF AMERICA'S STRIDES, THEY WANT TO RETAIN AND FORTIFY CERTAIN ISLANDS

RACE DISTINCTION IS THORN

However, One Japanese Statesman Feels Honored by Participation in League of Nations

Tokio, Apr. 2.—Public opinion in Japan is not entirely unanimous on the question whether Japan should retain possession of the Marshall and Caroline Islands which she took from Germany and now holds. The Osaka Mainichi sets forth the attitude of many Japanese thinkers in an article in which that newspaper insists that the islands shall be retained. The Mainichi declares that, if America was allowed to seize and fortify Hawaii and thus to greatly threaten Japan; if she was permitted to occupy Guam and the Philippines, making them not only a source of wealth to herself but also a great menace to Japan, China and the British and Dutch possessions; if Australia and New Zealand have similar control over New Guinea and Samoa; it is certain that Japan shall possess the Marshall and Caroline Islands, exercising the same right and rule over them.

"And in so doing," the paper asserts, "Japan will be only acting the part of a small watch dog faithfully protecting its own house, in a very different manner and spirit from the American wolf whose wolfish ambition is indeed to be feared. If Japan is not to be allowed to fortify the islands she took from Germany and which of right belongs to her, then the defenses of Gibraltar, the Suez Canal and other points should be raised.

Racial discriminatory treatment in these respects too, should be abolished and these islands not be left to white man's domination."

The opposite view was expressed by Yukio Ozaki, a former minister of justice, in an address delivered in Tokio a few days ago in which he said:

"It is, indeed, a great honor for Japan to occupy the position of a stockholder in that great international corporation, the league of nations. The honor is far greater than Japan will obtain by the possession of the Marshall and Caroline Islands."

PILOT HAWKER WILL TRY CROSSING OCEAN THIS WEEK
St. Johns, N. F., Apr. 2.—Pilot Hawker of the Sopwith airplane with which an attempt will be made to fly from Newfoundland to Ireland, declared today he expected to start not later than April 10.

NO R. R. BUILDING BY GOV'T. AT PRESENT

Portland, Apr. 2.—It is not the intention of the railroad administration to make an extension of lines for the present, according to a telegram received here by the Chamber of Commerce from Senator McNary at Washington.

The senator advised that he had been informed by the director general of railroads that \$110,000,000 had been borrowed for operation purposes, and other securities allowed to be used for a basis of credit. Only such ties and rail material will be purchased as may be necessary for the safe operation of the lines. Railroads will be permitted to make extensions and betterments subject to the approval of the director general if sale is found for bonds to finance such operations.

R. R. MANAGEMENT STIRS UP RUMPUS

Refuses to Stay With Prices Agreed Upon for Steel and Coal—Industrial Board May Dissolve

Washington, Apr. 2.—Members of the cabinet and heads of government purchasing agencies were called by Secretary Glass today to consider whether the plan of readjustment of prices through the industrial board will be adhered to by the government. The meeting is the outgrowth of a dispute arising from the alleged refusal of the railroad administration to accept prices agreed upon for steel and coal. The industrial board may go out of existence unless an agreement is reached.

PACIFIC COAST WILL GET HALF OF U. S. FLEET

Seattle, Apr. 2.—Half of America's Atlantic warship fleet is to be assigned to permanent stations on the Pacific, members of the house of representatives declared here today.

"It will be a 50-50 proposition, the fleet being equally divided," Representative William J. Browning, New Jersey, replied when asked the number of vessels to be sent to the Pacific.

Representative Browning said he did not know when the change would be made, but supposed plans for the change will be started soon.

COSSACKS LOSE MANY MEN FIGHTING REDS

Paris, Monday, Mar. 31.—M. Duovitch, former premier of the Kuban republic, formed immediately after the revolution and consisting of seven states in the Caucasus region, is in Paris with a delegation and has presented a memorandum to the peace conference asking allied support to prevent the republic "being deprived of independence by bolshevism." M. Duovitch stated today that the losses of the Kuban Cossacks in the fighting against the Bolsheviks had been four times as heavy as during three years of war against Germany. He said that one-third of the population of military age had been killed and not enough men were left to cultivate the soil.

CHICAGO STRONG FOR THOMPSON AND BOOZE

Chicago, Apr. 2.—Complete returns of the election show that William Hall Thompson, republican, has been re-elected mayor of this city by a plurality of 17,600 over Robert Switzer, democrat, after a most bitter campaign.

The city voted "wet" by a majority of 247,228 votes.

"BURLESONISM" TO COST PEOPLE \$16,000,000 PER YEAR

New York, Apr. 2.—Clarence H. Mackay, president of the Postal Telegraph Cable company, in a statement said that the 20 per cent increase in telegraph rates ordered by Postmaster General Burleson means a loss of \$16,000,000 a year to telegraph users. He declared his company would restore the old rates at once if Mr. Burleson would relinquish control of the Postal lines.

SHAKE-UP IN SERBIA, REPUBLIC PROCLAIMED

London, Apr. 2.—A newspaper of Agram, Jugo-Slavia, announces that the dynasty of Karageorgevitch has been deposed and a republic proclaimed with Belgrade as the capital of Sberia, according to a Rome dispatch.

12,000 ARRIVE AT NEW YORK ON LEVIATHAN

BOYS FROM 91ST AND OTHER DIVISIONS FEEL AMERICAN SOIL UNDER FEET

ORIZABA ARRIVES WITH MEN

348th Machine Gun Battalion Suffers 300 Casualties—Minister Receives French War Cross

New York, Apr. 2.—The Leviathan arrived here today from Brest with over 12,000 troops. This included small detachments of the 91st division, mostly officers of the 247th and 348th field artillery.

More of the 91st came on the Liberator from St. Nazaire and the Orizaba from St. Nazaire. These included the 363rd infantry, mostly Californians, several companies of the 364th infantry and headquarters, also members of the 348th machine gun battalion, medical and ordnance departments.

Among the officers of the 348th machine gun battalion returning on the Orizaba was Lieutenant W. L. H. Osborne of Roseburg. He said his battalion suffered nearly 300 casualties, of whom 40 were killed.

Captain John W. Beard, former Presbyterian pastor at Hoquiam, Wash., returned with the French war cross for carrying the wounded to safety through heavy fire in Belgium.

Salem, Ore., Apr. 2.—Colonel George Kelly has declined the appointment to the soldiers' and sailors' commission. Governor Olcott has named H. D. Kilham, of Portland, to replace Mr. Kelly.

DEAN OF UNIVERSITY CLAIMS THAT ALL MEN ARE NOT "BORN FREE AND EQUAL"

Spokane, Wash., Apr. 2.—"Education and Democracy" was the title of an address made here today by J. E. Jewell, dean of the University of Arkansas, before the Inland Empire Teachers' association. He said in part:

"The only democracy thinkable is a democracy of intelligence. Nothing else is possible.

"It is not true that all men are born free and equal, it is not true that you may make a man free by fiat. A glance backward shows us that man has enhanced his political, social and economic status only as he has worked out his own salvation by means of an accumulating intellect.

"It was because the more intelligent negroes discovered this law to be inherent that Booker T. Washington founded his school at Tuskegee. No man has been more outspoken in reinforcing this psychological law than Dr. Washington, who spent a long life preaching to his people, on every possible occasion, that only by acquiring a higher degree of intelligence could they make themselves in any way functioning members of American democracy.

"Every great movement this earth has seen has been lost if leaders have failed to appear or to retain their leadership. It is no accident that the epochs of the world's history are largely named after individuals. It is hardly in a figurative sense that Washington is called the father of his country, and Lincoln its savior. Consider the events that have transpired in Russia within the last few months. A revolution came almost over night, but it was not fortuitous. It came only because the leaders of a blind people had paid the price through generations and had given their lives to make easier

ATTEMPT TO TEAR DOWN IS NOT SUCCESS

REDS FAIL TO WIN OVER GERMAN-AUSTRIA AND STRIKES FAIL IN VIENNA

RHINE VALLEY A PROBLEM

Revolution Against Soviets Breaks Out at Petrograd—Social Revolutionists to the Front

Paris, Apr. 2.—Reports to the French foreign office say the Bolshevik movement in German-Austria has been unsuccessful. The railroad strike at Vienna has ended after a few hours disturbance, and the insurrection at Graz has been put down.

Paris, Apr. 2.—The council of four considered the question of reparations and disposition of the Rhine valley. Probably three more days will be occupied on these subjects.

London, Apr. 2.—Reports that the revolution against the soviet government has broken out at Petrograd are supported by official Russian wireless dispatches saying that there is a serious strike of railway men in the Petrograd region. The strike was prompted by Menshevik and social revolutionists.

CAPTAIN MEETS DEATH WHEN BARK GOES ASHORE

San Francisco, Cal., Apr. 2.—Captain Ulburg, of the bark Albert, met death today when his bark went ashore at Point Reyes. The crew of ten men is believed to have landed safely.

FARM LANDS CLIMB RAPIDLY IN VALUE

Department of Agriculture Says Average Plow Land Advanced From \$58 to \$74 in Three Years

Washington, Apr. 2.—Farm lands in the United States are steadily increasing in value. The department of agriculture reports the average grade of plow lands was worth about \$74.21 per acre on March 1 this year, compared with \$68.38 a year ago, \$62.17 two years ago, and \$58.39 three years ago.

Values show the greatest percentage increase during the last year occurred in the South Atlantic states, in the Carolinas and Georgia and extended to Alabama, Kentucky and Arkansas. Small or no increases were made in the New England States, the Pacific coast states, and Louisiana, Texas, Kansas and Montana. Material increases were reported from Nebraska and South Dakota.

Iowa's plowing lands stand first in value, her average being \$169 per acre, followed by Illinois with \$144, California with \$121, and Indiana with \$100. Alabama reports the lowest average value of plow lands, at \$24 per acre, and Mississippi next at \$25.50.

The department places the average value of Oregon's farm lands for the year 1916 at \$60 and for 1919 at \$81.

MANY TRACTORS WILL BE BUILT DURING 1919

Washington, Apr. 2.—A production of 314,936 tractors in the United States in 1919 is estimated by manufacturers reporting to the office of farm equipment control, United States department of agriculture. The reports obtained in a special inquiry by the department show a production of 132,697 tractors in 1918. The manufacturers gave the number of tractors of different sizes manufactured last year and estimates of the number of each size that will be made this year. The figures for 1919, of course, are merely estimates and represent the aggregate of the estimates submitted by the tractor manufacturers in January and February of this year.

RUTH GARRISON PLEADS TEMPORARY INSANITY

Seattle, Wash., Apr. 2.—Temporarily insane when she poisoned Mrs. Grace Storrs two weeks ago, Mrs. sane now.

This was the plea entered yesterday afternoon in Judge Tallman's court by Ruth Garrison, the 18-year old girl who confessed she had placed strychnine in the fruit salad eaten by the wife of Dudley Storrs, the men with whom she was enamored.

The Garrison girl answered "not guilty" when the question was put to her by the judge.

"Not guilty by reason of insanity at the time of the commission of the crime," was the technical wording of the plea. Accompanying the oral statement was also a written plea setting forth that since the date of the crime, Ruth Garrison has been sane and would be "safe to be allowed at large."

SCHOOL GIRL TRIES THE SUICIDE ROUTE

Seattle, Wash., Apr. 2.—Miss Ruth Morgan, 16 year old school girl, unsuccessfully attempted to poison herself here today, the police announce. It is believed that her act was suggested by Ruth Garrison's confession.

NOT TOO PROUD TO FIGHT, BUT ASK JUSTICE

BARON MAKINO OF JAPANESE DELEGATION SPEAKS PLAINLY AT PEACE CONFERENCE

THREATENS CHINESE GOV'T.

Fears That Premature Disclosure of Secret Documents Will Cause Financial Loss to Japan

Paris, Apr. 2.—No Asiatic nation could be happy in the league of nations in which a sharp racial discrimination is maintained, Baron Makino, head of the Japanese delegation, told the Associated Press today. "We are not too proud to fight, but too proud to accept a place of admitted inferiority in dealing with one or more associated nations. We want nothing but simple justice," said the baron.

Peking, Mar. 27.—The Japanese minister here has warned the Chinese government that if the premature disclosure of secret documents by China causes loss to Japanese financial and commercial interests, Japan will hold China responsible for such loss. As a result, the Chinese government has further postponed the contemplated publication of secret agreements between China and Japan.

American and British agreements with China which were not regarded as secret, were published officially this week.

Since their arrival in Paris the Chinese delegates have been urging the publication of all the secret agreements between China and Japan. The attitude of Japan has been one of opposition, although it was reported in a Reuter dispatch received in London February 12 from Tokio that Baron Makino, head of the Japanese delegation in Paris, had been instructed to disclose all unpublished treaties.

Official diplomatic information reaching Washington early in February indicated that Japan virtually had threatened war if China made public the secret treaties and failed to carry out an arrangement to make Japan the successor of Germany in rights, property and concessions in China.

On March 16 treaties between China and Japan respecting railroad concessions in Manchuria and northeastern China were published simultaneously in Peking and Tokio.

Vancouver, Wash., Apr. 2.—The price of coal oil, which for a long period has been 15 cents a gallon, today rose to 18 cents.

AND THESE MEN WERE KENTUCKIANS, TOO

Louisville, Ky., Apr. 2.—Prohibition by agreement became effective today in Christian county, Ky. After an election on the prohibition question had been proposed, the liquor dealers, in view of the approach of national prohibition, consented to discontinue sale of liquor on April 1.

The effect of the novel experiment, which authorities say was never attempted before in America, will be watched with interest.

Under the agreement, the liquor dealers pledged themselves to aid in enforcing prohibition, and to use their influence against the issuance of new licenses by county authorities. If new applicants take action against county authorities to compel issuance of licenses, the old liquor dealers agree to bear 50 per cent of the cost of fighting such suits.