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CLEMENCEAU TO RESUME HIS DUTIES MONDAY

PRONOUNCED OUT OF DANGER AND WILL BE FIT FOR DEBATES AT CONFERENCE

EXPLAINS HOW HE WAS SHOT

Police Throw Terror Into Communist Federation Believed to Exist at Paris

Paris, Feb. 21.—Premier Clemenceau's condition was satisfactory and unchanged early today. He will receive his colleagues of the supreme council early this afternoon to discuss certain important matters. The doctors now consider him out of danger and believe that he can resume his political activities next Monday.

The police were busy yesterday on the Cottin case. They searched the houses of 30 members of the communist federation, taking tracts and circulars. It is believed to be an established fact that a regular Bolshevik organization exists in Paris, with important ratifications to be carried out by designated members of the organization.

Paris, Feb. 21.—Premier Clemenceau's own story of the attack upon him as he told it to callers is given in the Matin today as follows:

"Yesterday when I was passing that spot at the corner of the Boulevard Dessest, I remarked a strange silhouette figure upon the pavement showing someone examining me attentively. I said to myself 'hello, that fellow is up to no good.' This morning at the same spot I perceived the same silhouette and immediately thought 'why, that's the same fellow.'

"I hadn't time to continue the reflection, for the individual's arm was raised, revolver in hand and he aimed at the door of the automobile and hit the window. I didn't reflect that there were perhaps other bullets in the revolver, and as soon as the first shot was fired I leaned forward to see. Other shots followed rapidly, one after another, and I felt a sharp pain low down the back of my neck. The pain was so intense that I could not help crying out; I realized perfectly that I had been hit."

"What followed," continued the premier, "passed with lightning-like rapidity. The orderly seated beside the chauffeur on the front of the automobile had at the first shot, pulled his revolver out of his pocket. The chauffeur at the same time put on speed and got us out of range. Then he turned and brought me back home. Now I feel absolutely nothing."

The premier paused here and then added sarcastically:

"My adversaries are really poor shots. They are exceedingly clumsy."

To Stephen Pichon, the foreign minister, he said:

"Am I not a good prophet! Do I not arrange things ahead! I had arranged to have no meeting of the conference today so that I could get a little rest. Well, I've got it."

Portland, Ore., Feb. 21.—Lemar Scott's sweetheart rejected him. When her father wouldn't let him sit in front of the house and gaze at her room, he drank poison. He'll probably live.

60,000 RUSSIAN WORKMEN DEMAND END OF WAR

London, Feb. 21.—Sixty thousand workmen are on strike in Petrograd, demanding the end of civil war and the establishment of trade, according to a Russian wireless dispatch received here today.

HUNGARIANS PRAY FOR ENTENTE HELP

Want Allied Troops Sent to Save Them From Dreaded Bolshevism. Wealthy Hire Guards

Vienna, Feb. 21.—Living conditions in Hungary have reached the stage where the only hope of the aristocracy is that the entente powers will send troops to Budapest and to other parts of the country to save them from the dreaded menace of Bolshevism. Many of the former aristocrats have gone to the country homes and many others would like to go to Switzerland but are unable to obtain permission to leave the country. The streets of Budapest are considered unsafe after dark and wealthy persons employ soldiers to guard their homes.

Thousands of unemployed in Budapest and other towns are receiving from the state 40 to 50 crowns a day, three-fourths of which is contributed by manufacturers, who are fast losing all the money they made during the war. One of the largest munition firms, which recently employed 30,000 persons is paying them 5,000,000 crowns a week. It is asserted that this is tending toward the demoralization of the workmen who prefer to live upon state pay rather than to return to work.

U. S. PREPARING FOR DECENNIAL INVENTORY

Washington, Feb. 21.—With hostilities at an end, the government is now laying the basis for one of the greater of its peace time tasks—the decennial inventory of the United States, its people, lands, industry, and livestock that is called the census. Secretary of Commerce Redfield the other day signed the order that transferred one of the largest of the temporary war buildings put up in Washington, that formerly housing the army's department of aeronautics, to Director of the Census Rogers and his staff.

Actually, the government began the job some months ago, assembling its plans and forces. By law, the beginning of the census period of 1920 is July 1, 1919, though it will not be until a year from April that the enumerators will be set at work. It is then that every individual in America, or some one acting for the individual, will be asked the series of questions that must be answered.

GIVEN 20 YEARS FOR ABOMINABLE CRIME

"This is the worst crime that can be perpetrated," said Judge Hamilton this morning in sentencing William Langford, convicted of rape. "The jury in this case recommends leniency," he continued, "but I cannot bring my mind to a state to grant leniency. Leniency in such a case is mockery. Either a man is guilty or he is not guilty. If he is guilty, he deserves the limit. If he is not guilty, he will not be convicted. Mr. Langford you have been found guilty by the jury and I am only sorry that the law does not provide a heavier penalty to punish the crime which you have committed. It is the sentence of this court that you serve from 10 to 20 years in the state penitentiary."

As sentence was pronounced the prisoner who has appeared ill at ease throughout the entire trial, almost collapsed, but quickly recovered and was led from the court room. His attorney Elbert Hermann was granted 30 days, in which to file an appeal and it is very probable that the matter will be appealed to a higher court.—Roseburg News.

BEAN EATERS AWAIT SPEECH FROM WILSON

PRESIDENT EXPECTED TO BE AT HIS DESK READY FOR BUSINESS NEXT TUESDAY

RETURNS TO PARIS MARCH 5

Will Give Only One Week to U. S. Affairs, Signs Measures in Rush and Side-step Governors

Washington, Feb. 21.—President Wilson's first home-coming address will be delivered Monday afternoon at Boston. He is expected to be at his desk here Tuesday.

The battleship North Carolina, returning from France with troops, is replacing the battleship New Mexico, which dropped behind with disabled machinery.

Secretary Daniels announced that President Wilson would embark on the George Washington about March 5 for his return to Europe.

The president plans to spend just one busy week here before again sailing for France. He will leave on the night of March 4, after signing the last of the measures rushed through congress, which ends at noon on that day. Tentative plans for a conference of the state governors with the president, on unemployment, may be interfered with.

OVER THE WIRE

Detroit, Feb. 21.—Mrs. Agnes Haggas won an undisputed victory over a purse snatcher. He seized her purse. She grabbed it and his hat and coat and was starting in on his shirt when he left. She retains the trophies.

MONTANA, STATE OF STRIKES AND HIGH PRICES, STRUGGLES WITH H. C. OF L.

Butte, Mont., Feb. 21.—The profiteer must go, appears to be the universal feeling in Montana, a feeling intensified with the outbreak of the miners' strike in this city following a reduction in the daily wage, which now is \$4.75. The unanimity of the sentiment has been brought out in hearings before a legislative committee and committees appointed at mass meetings of Butte citizens.

Montana always has been called a state of high prices, but with that kind of comment, always there was the statement that wages corresponded. Now such is not the case. If testimony is correct, and the profiteer is being harassed throughout the state, but principally in this city.

The miners' strike beyond a doubt is responsible for the investigations now under way here into the high cost of living. "Whatever the motives of the men said to lead the disaffected element, and whether or not they be I. W. W. or anarchistic, it is agreed that the mass of the miners would not have struck were it not that rent, food, fuel, clothing—everything they use or require—have soared so high that even on the former wage existence was a trial. To face a cut of a dollar a day, under the circumstances, was impossible, miners have testified.

The employing Butte mining corporations, quite well realizing this, had long since set out to try to beat down the profiteer. But apparently they have found the matter far from simple. The alleged profiteer, when confronted with his alleged extortion, easily points to higher rates and wages; he lays the cause of higher prices for food and fuel on federal policies in control of the same; he says the wholesaler is "hogging" it all, and the advances

SENATE GIVEN LITTLE NOTICE BY PRESIDENT

ANNOUNCEMENT THAT HE WILL MAKE FIRST SPEECH AT BOSTON ROILS SHERMAN

"WOULD PROMOTE DISCORD"

Borah Resumes His Offensive on Peace League and Says "It's the Most Radical Policy"

Washington, Feb. 21.—Senator Sherman, of Illinois, republican, has introduced a resolution designed to prevent President Wilson from discussing publicly the proposed league of nations until he has communicated the details of the plan to the senate foreign relations committee. The senator declared that such a course would be "unwise, undiplomatic and calculated to promote discord between the government's two treaty making powers."

Senator Borah, of Idaho, attacked the proposed league, referring to it as "the most radical departure from our policies we have ever considered."

MANY CARS OF CLOTHING FOR WESTERN SIBERIA

Vladivostok, Feb. 21.—Twenty-five freight cars carrying \$410,000 worth of clothing to meet the most pressing needs of the Russian civilian population in Western Siberia has been sent from Vladivostok under the joint direction of the American Red Cross and the Russian Railway Service corps.

These supplies are intended for refugees in districts where the Red Cross is operating distributing agencies.

BANK ROBBERS GET \$5,000 AT KERBY

Use Nitro Glycerine on Safe at Tufts Bros. Store and Make Clean Getaway

Last night about 12 o'clock burglars blew the safe in Tufts Bros. general merchandise store at Kerby and obtained between \$4,000 and \$5,000. Of this amount, about \$1,500 was in cash and gold dust and the balance in notes and liberty bonds. Many of the residents of the Kerby neighborhood had placed their liberty bonds in the safe for safe keeping. A few watches were also taken from the safe.

The cracksmen used nitro glycerin and the safe door is said to have been blown clear across the room. The robbers made good their escape and at the present time there is no clew to their identity.

Sheriff George Lewis and Deputy Lister hurried to Kerby this forenoon and have put in the day in that vicinity.

SEC. BAKER TO EXPLAIN TREATMENT OF YANKS

Washington, Feb. 21.—Secretary of War Baker is to be questioned by the senate committee on military affairs with regard to his administration of military justice, with particular relation to the points made by Senator Frelinghuysen, of New Jersey, that he has been unduly severe in dealing with military offenders while extraordinarily lenient to conscientious objectors.

In the entire American army only 32 men have been executed—two in the American expeditionary force abroad and 30 in this country—and that not one man was executed for a purely military offense.

A list of executions in the army since the United States entered the war has been made available. Of the two soldiers executed in France one was an Indian and the other a negro. In the United States the records of the judge advocate general's office show that of the 30 American soldiers executed during the war 26 were for murder and four for statutory crimes. Twenty-seven of these soldiers were negroes and three white men. Thirteen of them were participants in the riot at Houston, Tex. In another group were six negroes who were adjudged guilty of murder. A third group consisted of five negroes convicted of murder.

Two white men at Camp Logan were executed for killing a guard, one white man in a Texas camp paid the death penalty for attacking a woman, and three negroes at Camp Dodge, Iowa, were executed for the same offense.

Some extreme cases, it is said, are pending, but none for military offenses.

In scores of cases military courts martial have imposed the death penalty for military offenses, such as sleeping on post and desertion, but that in every such case the sentence was commuted by the president.

While thousands of soldiers have been sentenced to disciplinary barracks, for periods ranging from a few months to 50 years for military offenses, frequently of a trivial character, these sentences all are indeterminate and may be commuted whenever in the judgment of the secretary of war the prisoner has reformed.

BIG FLOUR ORDER PLACED BY U. S. AT PORTLAND

Portland, Ore., Feb. 21.—Purchase in Portland of 340,000 barrels of flour for European export was authorized yesterday by the food administration grain corporation. Nearly \$3,500,000 is involved in the purchase and approximately 1,530,000 bushels of wheat will be required to manufacture the flour, and five 8,800-ton steel steamers will be needed to transport it.

WARREN BROS. PATENT RIGHT MAY NOT HOLD

SALEM ATTORNEYS SAID TO ARRIVE AT SUCH CONCLUSION AFTER INVESTIGATION

CANNERY GOODS BILL PASSED

Douglas Senator Shoves Bills, With Clause Attached, Through Senate—Calls for \$5,000,000

Salem, Ore., Feb. 21.—Attorneys last agree, after reading the attorney general's opinion in regard to the matter, that the Warren Company's patent rights to litholite, will not hold.

The house has passed Martin bill, providing for goods packed by Oregon canneries must not be labeled as products of any other state, and provides a fine for misbranding.

Senator Eddy's reconstruction bill, with a reference clause attached calling for the issuance of \$5,000,000 reconstruction bonds, passed the senate. Three million of this amount is to be expended for a new penitentiary and a new wing to the Eastern Oregon hospital for the insane, buildings at the educational institutions, armories and land settlement. The other \$2,000,000 is to be used at the discretion of the board of control.

BAVARIAN PREMIER MURDERED BY GUN

London, Feb. 21.—Kurt Eisner, Bavarian premier, was shot and killed today by Lieutenant Count Arco Valley, according to an Amsterdam report. The count was severely wounded by the guard and is reported dying. Eisner was a socialist of more than the radical type. He was a Jew, born in Galicia, and was once editor of the Vorwaerts at Berlin.

Chicago, Feb. 21.—The case against R. E. Forsythe, R. E. Dewitt and five other men was called. One man stepped up. "Who's this?" asked the court. "He's them," replied Officer McGinnis. "Lock them up," said the court.

ONLY 4 AGAINST ROAD BOND BILL

Salem, Ore., Feb. 21.—The state senate has passed the road bonding bill, only Dimick, La Follette, Pierce and Strayer voting against the measure.

The senate adopted the house joint resolution commending Mayor Ole Hanson for suppression of the Bolsheviki element during the Seattle strike.

The house passed Moser's bill providing for establishment of city planning commissions by municipalities. The house permanently killed the "morals bill" by a vote of 26 to 18 today.

THINKS CHINA SHOULD NOT MAKE DEMANDS

Tokio, Feb. 12.—Premier Hara said in the diet here today that there was no reason why China should demand the return of Tsing Tao, and added that the race problem at the peace conference would never escape the utmost attention of the government.