



Grants Pass Daily Courier

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GRANTS PASS, JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1919.

WHOLE NUMBER 2384.

55,000 MEN GO OUT ON STRIKE AT SEATTLE ON SCHEDULE TIME

ROAD WORK IS MAPPED OUT BY HIGHWAY COM.

GRANTS PASS CONTRACTORS AMONG THOSE AWARDED JOBS BY THE STATE

EXPERIMENT WORK PLANNED

S. S. Schell Gets Contract to Pave From Grants Pass to Jackson Line for \$118,717

The contracts awarded by the state highway commission at Portland, with the names of bidders and the total cost of each job, with the exception of Morrow county where soldier experiment work will be tried out, is as follows:

Stage road pass in Douglas county, 2.5 miles grading, concrete pipe, John Hampshire & Co., Grants Pass, \$53,230.46; Yoncalla to Drain, 5.1 miles, grading in Douglas county, H. J. Hildeburn, Portland, \$49,107.95; Bee ranch road, Yamhill to Nestucca in Yamhill county, corrugated from pipe, Elliott & Scroggins, Portland, \$57,651.50; Hillsboro to Multnomah county line, 11.3 miles of paving, (bid for concrete road accepted), A. Guthrie & Co., Portland, \$248,935; sectional divide, Lane county, an overhead reinforced concrete crossing, Albert Anderson, Grants Pass, \$6,256; West Side highway in Benton county, from Corvallis to Polk county line, 10.5 miles paving, the grading to be done by county, Oskar Huber, Portland, type F pavement, \$224,260.40; Grants Pass to Jackson county line, 6.1 miles paving in Josephine county, S. S. Schell, Grants Pass, \$118,717.

With but one exception the lowest bidder received the contract in each case.

In the case of the 10 1/2 miles of paving on the West Side highway, the Warren Construction company were low bidders, bidding for their type D pavement, \$224,214.40. The award was made, however, to the next highest bidder, Oskar Huber, at a price of \$224,260.40. While \$46 only separated the bids, Commissioner Thompson announced that the Huber pavement was a superior grade and was for this reason selected.

Commissioners present at the meeting were W. L. Thompson, of Pendleton, and R. A. Booth, of Eugene, S. Benson being at present in California.

50 VOLUNTEER FOR INFLUENZA TESTS

Boston, Feb. 6.—Fifty healthy young men, volunteers from the naval detention barracks here, were taken to the quarantine station at Gallups Island today to submit to influenza tests by a board of government experts. Professor Milton J. Rosenau of Harvard will supervise the latest experiment.

FATHER AND SON WEEK

Portland, Ore., Feb. 6.—The promotion of Father and Son week, February 11 to 18, has been undertaken this year by the Y. M. C. A., on a national scale. There will be programs in churches, schools and various community organizations. The main idea is to get fathers and sons together and help them get acquainted, according to Paul L. Newmyer, boys' secretary of the local Y. M. C. A., who has charge of the plans.

PAVING TRUST IS OBJECT OF FIGHT

Bonding Measure May Be Delayed by the Scrap—Emergency Clauses To Play a Part

Salem, Ore., Feb. 6.—Mobilizing for the gigantic encounter that, it is expected will be precipitated when the legislature proceeds to a consideration of the several anti-paving trust measures, champions of the bills last night decided to block the passage of the \$10,000,000 bonding act pending action on them, and mapped out a tropical campaign of warfare on the paving combine. Decision was also reached to slap emergency clauses upon all the measures and to endeavor to refer the bonding act to the electorate should they meet with defeat.

LENINE ISSUES CALL FOR COMMUNIST MEET

Stockholm, Feb. 6.—An exhortation from Premier Lenine to all Bolshevik committees in Germany, Austria, Poland, the Baltic provinces and Finland to convoke the Communist conference which is intended to eclipse the peace conference at Paris and the socialist conference at Berne, is being published in Petrograd newspapers, which declare that the Bolsheviks alone will have the right to take the initiative at the proposed conference.

WAR REVENUE BILL WILL RAISE BILLIONS

Washington, Feb. 6.—Conferees agreement on the long delayed war revenue bill has been submitted to congress and is regarded sure of adoption. The American people are to raise something over \$6,000,000,000 this year, and \$4,000,000,000 next year.

LONE GOLD MINER WILL PENETRATE THE ARCTIC

Tanana, Alaska, Dec. 4.—(By mail.)—Bound for an isolated gold claim far to the north on the Arctic slope, a lone prospector, Martin Josephson, left here today with his dog team to "mush" on foot in the half dark Arctic winter over the difficult snow trail to Bettles, Alaska, and on farther into the country beyond the polar line.

Tanana prospectors say Josephson's trip is one of the longest ever undertaken by one man alone. Josephson, however has sought for gold before along the Arctic, from the Kobuck to the Mackenzie countries, and has even prospected in Greenland, so his friends here are not going to worry about his safety.

FIRE DESTROYS HEART OF FAIRBANKS, ALASKA

Fairbanks, Alaska, Feb. 6.—Twenty buildings in the heart of the business district here were destroyed by fire early today. Firemen are tearing down adjoining buildings to save the National bank and other federal buildings.

CITIZENS PREPARED BY LAYING IN GREAT STORES

"Any Man Who Attempts to Interfere With City Government Will be Shot on Sight" Says Mayor Hanson—Sen. Thomas Says Open Demonstration of Bolshevism

Tacoma, Wash., Feb. 6.—Eight hundred soldiers, under command of Major General John Hayden, left Camp Lewis for Seattle at 1 o'clock. They will "stand ready for any emergency." Demobilization at the camp has stopped.

Seattle, Wash., Feb. 6.—The general strike was called at 10 o'clock, schedule time. The street car men started their cars for the barns, the union elevator operators left their cars, and restaurants were closed when the union cooks and waiters left. The newspapers have quit and the schools may close on account of the strike of the janitors and engineers. The movies will probably not open.

Labor leaders declare that 55,000 men are striking.

The city was ready for the strike. Residents have been buying big stocks of groceries, and autoists have laid in a supply of oil and gasoline.

The telephone operators remained at their posts. The engineers at the municipal lighting plant were exempt from the strike.

Tacoma, Wash., Feb. 6.—The general strike is believed to be a failure here. There was no walkout. Cars are running, newspapers are operating and the lights are on.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Senator Thomas, of Colorado, denounced the Seattle strike, declaring that in tak-

SENATOR SHERMAN AMUSES AUDIENCE BY ROASTING WILSON AND HENRY FORD

Washington, Feb. 6.—With President Wilson and Henry Ford as his targets, Senator Sherman, of Illinois, addressed the senate yesterday on the subject "Superhuman Versus Self-Government," and for nearly three hours kept his colleagues interested and amused as he hurled his sarcastic shafts at the chief executive and Detroit manufacturer.

"The president in going abroad revealed the grossest egotism" and an inability "to resist the lure of the limelight" the senator said, "which the average man looks upon with undisguised disgust."

Pointing out that Americans are fighting and enduring hardships in many climes, Senator Sherman said, "while they risk their lives and endure hardships in alien lands, our president spends nine weeks in ceremony, banquets and visiting with kings in endless stately palaver," while affairs at home drift.

He characterized Henry Ford as "that singular megalomaniac," an "astonishing creature," "the angel of Rosa Schwimmer" and a "gas engine savant trying to annex the United States senate to his jitney works."

"Mooney's and Ford's hearts beat as one," in the anti-preparedness campaign, Senator Sherman declared.

"Do these kindred thoughts have any relation to the president's persistent meddling with the Mooney case in California?" Senator Sherman said. "Mooney practiced what

NOT NECESSARY TO EMPLOY LAWYERS

In Presenting Claims for Injuries Received, Soldiers Can Deal Directly With Government

Washington, Feb. 6.—The work of reeducating war disabled men is going forward rapidly. At the close of 1918 the number registered was 12,684. Under the law, reeducation cannot be given unless the man is sufficiently injured to be in receipt of compensation from the war risk insurance bureau. Of these 12,000 men 3,318 cases of compensation have been awarded, and 9,317 cases had not been determined at that date. Since the first of the year the work has been greatly speeded in the war risk insurance bureau.

The federal board for vocational education, charged by congress with the task of fitting the disabled for industry, is anxious to assist all disabled men who have their claims passed upon by the war risk insurance bureau, and renders the service of preparing the blank forms and bring the matter to attention, absolutely without cost to the individual.

It is not necessary for disabled men to employ lawyers for this work as it is a part of the duty of the federal board which welcomes the opportunity for service. The address is federal board for vocational education, Washington, D. C., and there are branch offices in 14 different cities in the United States.

SMALL POWERS GIVEN MORE REPRESENTATION

Paris, Feb. 6.—Positive steps for reconciling the differences between the greater and lesser nations at the peace conference were begun yesterday and are continuing today. In addition to winning four additional places on the commission on the society of nations, it seems possible that the lesser nations will be granted adequate representation in the executive body of the society as well as in legislative sections.

Plans are being revised to give the smaller powers a great voice. Nineteen small belligerents won definite recognition. They now have nine seats on the commission for the society of nations to ten for the five great powers. Poland, Roumania, Czechoslovakia and Greece hold additional seats.

DAILIES IN NORTH SELL FOR 25 CENTS A COPY

Fairbanks, Alaska, Dec. 30.—(By mail)—Back in the gold stampede days of 1898, it is said, newspapers from the "outside" sold at \$1 a copy on Dawson's streets. Today papers in the interior of Alaska remain high but as yet have not reached the dollar mark. The Nenana News, and The Fairbanks Citizen, both dailies, sell for 25 cents a copy.

MINING COMPANIES WILL LOWER WAGES

Butte, Mont., Feb. 6.—Five principal mining companies of the Butte district have announced that a dollar a day in the reduction of wages will be made, beginning tomorrow.

BOLSHEVISTS READY TO TALK PEACE TERMS

SOVIET GOVERNMENT WILLING TO PARTICIPATE IN PRINCES ISLAND CONFERENCE

ANTI-BOLSHEVISTS DEFIANT

Will Continue Struggle Until Whole of Russia Is Safe From Menace of the Reds

London, Feb. 6.—M. Tchitcherin, foreign minister of Russia, announced that the Soviet government is willing to participate in the Princes Island conference.

Paris, Feb. 6.—Members of the anti-Bolshevik council declare that the united governments of Russia they represent will not grant a truce to the Bolsheviks for a conference, but will continue the struggle "until the whole of Russia is secured to democracy."

Paris, Feb. 6.—The supreme council upon receiving acceptance of the Russian Bolshevik government, arranged to send a joint committee from the five great powers to meet the Soviet representatives.

GREAT FORESTS OF RUSSIA

Vladivostok, Feb. 5.—Three forests of the lower Amur, Khabarovsk, Lower Amurskoe and Nikolavsk regions, comprise nearly 90,000,000 acres of forest ground, says Vladivostok Primorskaya Jizm which adds that without exhausting their wealth, these forests can produce more than 24,000,000 cubic feet of lumber annually.

AMERICANS ON ARCHANGEL FRONT BEAT BOLSHEVIKS

Archangel, Feb. 6.—Heavy losses were inflicted on the Bolsheviks by the American forces Tuesday and the enemy was driven back in disorder from the village of Vistavka, on the Vaga.

The American casualties were five killed and several wounded. Many Bolshevik soldiers were taken prisoner by the Americans.

The enemy early in the morning began a bombardment with field guns and howitzers and, under cover of a shrapnel and pom-pom barrage, essayed a frontal attack with infantry in the Arctic twilight at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. The American troops who were rested after their retirement from Shenkursk and were now established in a good position, poured a heavy fire from artillery and machine guns into the charging Bolsheviks, whose ranks broke and fled into the woods.

SEVEN PEOPLE PERISH IN BIG SEATTLE FIRE

Seattle, Wash., Feb. 6.—Three persons were burned to death when the Tokoyo lodging house, in the lower part of the city, was destroyed by fire. Twelve people are missing, 14 were injured, while 50 lodges escaped from the building.

Seattle, Wash., Feb. 6.—Four more unidentified bodies have been found in the ruins, making a total of seven dead.