



# Rogue River Courier

DAILY EDITION

VOL. IX, No. 254.

GRANTS PASS, JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1918.

WHOLE NUMBER 2490.

## 19 AND 20 YEAR CLASSES TO BE CALLED FIRST

ALSO THOSE FROM 32 TO 36 WILL HAVE FIRST CHANCE TO FIGHT THE HUN

## MUST BE READY IN OCTOBER

Men in 19 and 20 Year Classes Will Be Accepted for Induction Into Students' Training Corps

Washington, Sept. 10.—Provost Marshal General Crowder today announced that the first call to the colors of men who will register on Thursday will include those in the 19 and 20 year old classes, and in classes from 32 to 36 years inclusive.

Questionnaires will first go to registrants within these specified ages and local boards have been ordered to classify them first so they will be ready for calls beginning in October.

Men in the 19 and 20 year classes will be accepted for induction into students' army training corps, but the authorized strength of this corps is only 150,000, while the total number of registrants below 20 will be over 3,000,000, General Crowder pointed out.

## DRAFT CLAIMS MUST SHOW ESSENTIALITY

Washington, Sept. 10.—Bankers, men in commercial enterprises, newspaper men and others engaged in similar occupations, who intend to claim deferred classification, must be able to prove conclusively to the draft board that their particular lines of business are absolutely essential to the maintenance of the military interests during the war emergency, and that the applicants are necessary to the operation of their enterprises, the provost marshal has announced.

## CHICAGO WINS FIFTH GAME FROM BOSTON

Boston, Sept. 10.—The world series game today was delayed almost an hour when the players refused to don their uniforms until the national commission gave a decision as to their demand for readjustment and division of money receipts. It was finally announced and the game commenced, but it is unknown which side gave in.

It is stated that the national commission flatly refused the players' demands, but the players announced they would "play for the sake of the public, the good name of baseball, and the soldiers and sailors present."

The final score was as follows:

Chicago	3	7	0
Boston	0	5	0

Batteries—Chicago, Vaughn and Killifer. Boston, Jones and Agnew.

## NEW TREATY, SAYS THE STATE DEPARTMENT

Washington, Sept. 10.—The state department has learned of "a new treaty which has been signed in Berlin between Bolshevik-controlled Russia and Germany, which provides that if the Russians fight against the allies in the north, Germany will not let Finland attack them."

## "ENEMY HAS SPENT EFFORT"—HAIG

British Capture 75,000 German Prisoners and Take 750 Guns Within Past Four Weeks

London, Sept. 10.—The capture by the British of 75,000 prisoners and 750 guns within four weeks, has been announced by General Haig. In an order of the day, he says:

"We have passed through many dark days. Please God these will never return; the enemy has spent his effort."

## U. S. CASUALTY LIST

The following casualties are reported by the commanding general of the American expeditionary forces for today:

Killed in action 149

Died of wounds 46

Died of disease 8

Wounded severely 471

Wounded, degree undetermined 35

Died of aeroplane accident 2

Prisoners 1

Missing in action 220

Total 938

Killed in action—Smith F. Ballard, Salem, Ore.; Ray H. Moses, Medford, Ore.

Died of wounds—Frank Bino, Shelburn, Ore.; George A. Goode, Fortland, Ore.

Missing in action—Earl Curnow, Juntura, Ore.

Wounded severely—Fred Anne, Dayton, Ore.; Donald B. McKimens, Mohler, Ore.

McKimens was a former resident of Grants Pass, leaving here about 18 years ago. On August 30 the Courier mentioned that McKimens was in a hospital in France suffering from shell shock, but was improving and was able to sit up and write letters.

## Marine Corps

Killed in action 7

Wounded in action, severely 7

Died of wounds 4

Died of disease 1

Total 19

## DEBS IS ON TRIAL ON A SEDITION CHARGE

Cleveland, Sept. 10.—The court room was crowded today when Eugene V. Debs, former socialist candidate for president, was placed on trial before Federal Judge D. C. Westonhaver, charged with violation of the espionage act.

Among several prominent socialist leaders in the audience was Mrs. Rose Pastor Stokes, of New York, who recently was sentenced to 10 years' imprisonment by a federal grand jury in Kansas City on a similar charge. She is out on bail pending an appeal.

Debs was indicted by the federal grand jury June 29 for remarks alleged to have been made in an address before the state convention of the Ohio socialist party at Canton, Ohio, June 16 last.

## BRITISH PRISONERS WILL BE SHOT FOR REPRISAL

Stockholm, Sept. 10.—Thirty-six British officials are imprisoned in Russia under threat of being shot if Premier Lenin dies, it was learned in a message from Helmsingtons today. The British prisoners were accused of being implicated in the attempt to kill Lenin.

## WILLAMETTE U. WILL TRAIN 200 SOLDIERS

Salem, Sept. 10.—Willamette university is to train 200 or 250 young soldiers for warfare, it was announced today.

## FRENCH DRIVING HARD TO GAIN ST. QUENTIN

Take Several Towns in Spirited Charges—Germans Attack British But Are Forced to Fall Back—Fighting Centers Around Cambrai, St. Quentin and Soissons

Paris, Sept. 10.—South of St. Quentin the French troops captured Gibercourt and progressed toward Hinancourt and Esaigny-Le-Grande.

Paris, Sept. 10.—The French yesterday made important progress toward the southern end of the Hindenburg line in the neighborhood of La Fere, north of St. Gobin Massif. Lies fort, northeast of the town of Lies and within two miles of La Fere, has been captured by the French. Additional ground was gained in the St. Gobian region south of the Oise.

North of the La Fere region the French took the towns of Remigny, Montescourt, Lizerolles, Clastres, Seraincourt-Le Grand, Roupay and Entralliers, the last two being within three and a half miles of St. Quentin.

Paris, Sept. 10.—The war has entered a period of precaution. The fighting yesterday centered at a point south of Cambrai, south of St. Quentin, and to the heights north of Soissons, three vital spots for the Germans who refuted desperately but unsuccessfully.

The German artillery has become more active from Arras to Rheims, indicating that Ludendorff feels that no further removal must be forced upon him. It is believed that General Foch will continue the pressure.

London, Sept. 10.—The Germans delivered another counter attack yesterday against the positions won by the British west of Gouzeaucourt. The enemy was completely repulsed. General Haig announced that in the same sector the British line was advanced during the night south of Havrincourt.

On the Flanders front the British progressed northeast of Neuve Chapelle and north of Armentiers.

Amsterdam, Sunday, Sept. 8.—In a lecture on the war in Berlin, Lieutenant General von Freytag-Loringhoven, deputy chief of general staff, contended that the present crisis on the western front was less than many others during the war.

"The position we occupied before the enemy counter offensive began, was the result of an abortive offensive and therefore unsuitable for a defensive whose aim was the effective economizing of forces," the general is quoted in a dispatch from Berlin as saying.

"The positions had not been consolidated, as trench warfare demands."

He added that nothing like a decision was in prospect. He said:

"The thing now is to push things so that Great Britain and America recognize our invincibility in defensive war. We lack neither men, war material nor raw material to hold out for a long time. We must, however, not slacken in our determination which must remain alive in the army and at home. All that might divide us must be postponed until the end of the war."

## OFFICIALS ARE READY WITH BOMB EVIDENCE

Chicago, Sept. 10.—Police and federal investigators are ready to appear before the federal grand jury here with evidence relating to the federal building bombing.

Chicago's radiant labor and political strata has been sifted by a thousand operatives. This process yielded 30 or more witnesses expected to shed light on the atrocity, through which four lives were snuffed out.

Most frequently mentioned among those detained is Tom "Shorty" Wilson, "Big Bill" Haywood's trusted secretary. Reliable witnesses, police said, had sworn to Wilson's suspicious actions on the day of the bombing. Mrs. Minnie Wymanns, close friend to the convicted I. W. W. leader, is another witness.

Bomb experts, having deduced that the machine which wrecked a portion of one federal building corridor, was cleverly constructed, have taken officers in other cities to check the movements of known dynamite in the past few weeks.

## EXCHANGE OF VIEWS IS WANTED BY AUSTRIAN

Amsterdam, Sept. 10.—An exchange of views between the central powers and the entente was tentatively suggested by Baron Buchanan, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, in an address to the visiting newspapermen, according to a Vienna dispatch.

Washington, Sept. 10.—The navy department is investigating an apparently reliable report that an American tank steamship has sunk a German submarine in a tight off the Atlantic coast.

Washington, Sept. 10.—Information has reached here from a source unobtainable here that Turkey has sent a large force of soldiers to the border of Bulgaria, where trouble is brewing over a division of territorial spoils in war between these two central allies.

Washington, Sept. 10.—Information has reached here from a source unobtainable here that Turkey has sent a large force of soldiers to the border of Bulgaria, where trouble is brewing over a division of territorial spoils in war between these two central allies.

## DR. LOVEJOY'S SPEECH THRILLS

Large Crowd Hears Her Describe Conditions in France and Tell of German Cruelty

"The best patriotic address ever given in Grants Pass," was the compliment paid by many to Dr. Esther Pohl Lovejoy's speech last evening at the opera house. There was a large audience in attendance. People were inspired and thrilled and also filled with indignation against the Hun when the doctor related the facts of the awful atrocities committed.

Doctor Lovejoy was stationed for some time at Avion, France, and helped to care for the stream of refugees sent out of Germany, which came to Avion by train. These people had been captured by the Germans in the northern provinces of France, and literally enslaved. They were made to work for the Hun and when they had no more power to work—broken and half starved—they were dumped back into France. Little children with stunted bodies and fear written on their pinched faces; children whose only memories were those of war and cruelty, sang and waved little flags as they touched again the soil of France and knew that they were free.

"Atrocities," said Dr. Lovejoy, "believe anything you hear, there is no crime ever thought of that the Germans will not commit against subject peoples."

"Even the Germans themselves," she said, "are victims of their own system and do not know it." She had some war relics with her, notably a German helmet with an American bullet hole in it. The bullet hole must have taken the wearer about the butt of the ear and ranged forward, showing that the German must have been headed for Berlin when brought down by the Yankee rifle.

"Canadians, Australians and Americans do not make good prisoners," she said. "They are always running away and giving the Germans no end of trouble. The German officers complain that they are 'ungrateful.' But the German private soldier makes an excellent prisoner, for he stands without hitching. He has been taught from infancy to jump at the word of command and instinctively obeys anybody. He is the pathetic victim of an autocracy that knows no values, save military values."

## AUSTRIA IS WARNED AGAINST SENDING HELP

Rome, Sept. 10.—In regard to the transfer of Austrian troops to France, the National Zeitung writes:

"Was-to Charles if he permits himself to be compelled to send Austrian troops into the channel of the western front."

"That will link his destiny with that of Ludendorff and seal his own fate and that of his subjects forever."

On the other hand, Germany finds itself short of effectives and is accumulating all the men it is possible to withdraw from the auxiliaries and provision trains to send them to the front to fight, and Austria cannot refuse the help demanded.

## TURKEY SENDS TROOPS TO BULGARIAN BORDER

Washington, Sept. 10.—Information has reached here from a source unobtainable here that Turkey has sent a large force of soldiers to the border of Bulgaria, where trouble is brewing over a division of territorial spoils in war between these two central allies.

## GERMANS ARE DRIVEN BACK DESPITE RESISTANCE

With the American Army on the Alsace Front, Sept. 10.—In the face of the stiffest machine gun fire since the Americans crossed the Vesle in force, American infantrymen today advanced at certain points on a curved line extending approximately four miles from Glennes to Viell-Arcy. The advance was preceded by a heavy artillery bombardment which continued all Sunday night.

## LENINE STILL IN A CRITICAL CONDITION, WHILE TROTSKY AND KAMENEFF REIGN

Petrograd, Sept. 10.—Premier Lenin's removal from the head of the Bolshevik government at a time when it is in such a precarious state, threatens to shorten its existence.

The premier's bullet wounds, inflicted by Dora Kaplan, a social revolutionary, are so serious that it will be many weeks before he can return to his desk, if he recovers.

In the meantime Leo Kameneff, vice-president of the workmen's and soldiers' delegates, has been appointed to act in Lenin's place.

With Kameneff in the premiership, with Trotsky holding the portfolios of war and navy and with Sverdloff as head of the central executive committee, the three important offices of the soviet government are occupied by Jews.

## SOVIET RULE MAY TOPPLE ANY MOMENT

Violent Class Hatred Expressed—Human Life Lost All Value—Officials Kill Without Trial

## JEWIS IN IMPORTANT OFFICES

Stockholm, Sept. 10.—Bolshevik Russia is suffering the consequences of class hatred in its most violent expression. Human life has lost all value and foreigners and Russians alike are at the mercy of officials who kill without trial.

The Old Soldiers and Sailors of Southern Oregon are having ideal weather for their reunion which is being held this week. The reunion is being held in the grove near the Riverside school. While there has been no elaborate program prepared, the old soldiers are enjoying themselves, the occasion being more on the order of a vacation and get-together meeting.

Many of the old veterans are from the east and middle states, who attended the national encampment at Portland, and are still visiting at various points in Oregon. They express themselves as being well pleased with the Rogue river valley. There are soldiers here from Kansas, Nebraska, Montana and many other states. Registration has not yet been completed, but by tonight it is thought that most of those who will attend will have arrived.

Today these grizzled veterans wearing the bronze buttons, spent part of the time on the business streets of the city, eagerly reading the late war news, while others are resting at the grove.

There will be an entertainment on the grounds this evening, and tomorrow at 10:30 will occur the regular business meeting of the association. Tomorrow night there will be an interesting program at the grounds, followed by a campfire.

## OLD SOLDIERS ARE ARRIVING IN THE CITY

Stockholm, Sept. 10.—Bolshevik Russia is suffering the consequences of class hatred in its most violent expression. Human life has lost all value and foreigners and Russians alike are at the mercy of officials who kill without trial.

## OLD SOLDIERS ARE ARRIVING IN THE CITY

Stockholm, Sept. 10.—Bolshevik Russia is suffering the consequences of class hatred in its most violent expression. Human life has lost all value and foreigners and Russians alike are at the mercy of officials who kill without trial.

## OLD SOLDIERS ARE ARRIVING IN THE CITY

Stockholm, Sept. 10.—Bolshevik Russia is suffering the consequences of class hatred in its most violent expression. Human life has lost all value and foreigners and Russians alike are at the mercy of officials who kill without trial.

## OLD SOLDIERS ARE ARRIVING IN THE CITY

Stockholm, Sept. 10.—Bolshevik Russia is suffering the consequences of class hatred in its most violent expression. Human life has lost all value and foreigners and Russians alike are at the mercy of officials who kill without trial.

## OLD SOLDIERS ARE ARRIVING IN THE CITY

Stockholm, Sept. 10.—Bolshevik Russia is suffering the consequences of class hatred in its most violent expression. Human life has lost all value and foreigners and Russians alike are at the mercy of officials who kill without trial.

## OLD SOLDIERS ARE ARRIVING IN THE CITY

Stockholm, Sept. 10.—Bolshevik Russia is suffering the consequences of class hatred in its most violent expression. Human life has lost all value and foreigners and Russians alike are at the mercy of officials who kill without trial.

## OLD SOLDIERS ARE ARRIVING IN THE CITY

Stockholm, Sept. 10.—Bolshevik Russia is suffering the consequences of class hatred in its most violent expression. Human life has lost all value and foreigners and Russians alike are at the mercy of officials who kill without trial.