

## ECLIPSE OF SUN DUE SATURDAY OF THIS WEEK

TOTAL DARKNESS AT BAKER OREGON LASTS FOR 1 MINUTE 53 SECONDS

### SMOKED GLASSES ARE NEEDED

Corona and Prominences Are Interesting Features of This Phenomenon to be Looked For

Baker, Ore., June 6.—Government astronomers here for the total eclipse of the sun June 8 are counting on clear weather for the success of their observations at the station here that has been constructed at the county fair grounds. The eclipse will begin at 1:47 p. m. and end at 4:15 p. m. Pacific time, but the period of totality will be but one minute and 53 seconds.

J. S. Hammond, who is in charge of the government party, suggests that people desiring to make as much as possible out of the opportunity to see the sun in eclipse, prepare smoked glass by use of a candle or some other means, covering the smoked piece with another, fastened at the edges. This is easily prepared and is the most practical instrument. Ordinary smoked glasses such as is used for automobile goggles are not dark enough and would be of no use. Observers are also warned against looking at the sun with the naked eye before the eclipse begins to pass as this will so dazzle the eye that the effect of the corona, the most beautiful spectacle of the eclipse will be spoiled.

The two things to watch for in the eclipse are the corona and the prominences and only with smoked glasses as described can the ordinary observer meet with much success or gain results in any way self-satisfactory.

"It is a good thing," said Mr. Hammond, "that nature's creation of the solar system is just as it is. The corona, the most beautiful sight the human eye has ever beheld, is visible only at the time of a total eclipse and even then it would be impossible to view it if the moon were any nearer the earth or the sun any larger than it is. The proportion of size and distance of the two luminaries as compared to the earth are just right to make a total eclipse of the sun possible."

All the stories that have been related of eclipses such as the chickens going to roost, owls and bats appearing and the stars coming out at midday are true and these conditions on earth as well as those in the darkened sky of midday, will be interesting objects of observation, during the eclipse.

## \$16,000,000 WANTED FOR COAST DEFENSE

Washington, June 6.—The war department asked congress today for \$16,000,000 for establishing balloon and seaplane stations to guard the United States against submarine and air attacks. They want to establish 16 stations, 13 on the Atlantic coast and three on the gulf coast. The department also has a coast defense plan, to establish fortifications along the coast by which guns could be transferred by railroads from point to point to meet possible attacks.

## DRAFT REVOLT BY REDS DISPELLED

Pro-Germans Blamed for Registration Trouble Among the Creek Indians of Oklahoma

Henryetta, Okla., June 6.—Fear of a possible uprising among the Indians and negroes and those of mixed Indian and African blood who launched a movement to resist the draft on the Old Hickory stamping grounds, near here, was dispelled when the Home Guards returned last night with the word that the anti-draft ring bands had been dispersed and had promised to attempt no more trouble.

Twenty Indians were encamped for action and it was reported that two farmers had been killed.

The trouble is said to have been instigated by a Creek Indian woman living at Council Hill. She returned from a trip to Washington ten days ago and since that time has been lecturing to the Indians, the authorities say. She is reported to have told them that their young men cannot be forced into the army and that they are to be sent across the waters to be killed. It is said that while in Washington the woman conferred with persons suspected of pro-German leanings.

Registration officers here say that 44 members of the Snake band of Indians within the draft age failed to register.

## RED CROSS RULES ON MONEY RAISING

The chairman of the local Red Cross chapter desires to have it as generally known as possible, that under the rules and regulations prescribed by the American Red Cross, no offers can be accepted contemplating a division of profits between promoters of entertainments for the Red Cross, and no one is permitted to promote or advertise an entertainment or sale or benefit or any similar thing unless the management and control is entirely in the hands of the Red Cross chapter. These rules have been published before, but there seems to be a necessity for another announcement.

It might also be mentioned that the local chapter does not favor raffles for the raising of money. When money is necessary in the future for military or civilian relief, rummage sales, bazaars, dances and shows will be held from time to time for that purpose. No entertainment or function should be advertised as a Red Cross benefit nor should any words be used in announcements that would lead the public to believe that they were being given under the auspices of the Red Cross until the entire plan has had the approval of the officers of the local chapter.

## DEATH WARRANT FOR MOONEY IS SIGNED

San Francisco, June 6.—Superior Judge Franklin A. Griffin late yesterday signed the death warrant of Thomas J. Mooney, sentenced to execution for murder in connection with the preparedness day bomb explosion here in 1916.

Judge Griffin stipulated the warrant was not to be executed or served until the state supreme court has acted on the writ of habeas corpus sought by Mooney's attorneys with a view further to appealing for a new trial.

## STOCK HANDLERS STRIKE AT CHICAGO CALLED OFF

Chicago, June 6.—The stock handlers strike, which has been threatening for several days is settled.

## YANKEES HOLD GERMANS IN HEAVY ENCOUNTER

Heavy Railway Train Movements To Rear of Enemy's Line--U. S. Marines Beat Off Two Attacks--Boche Mowed Down by American Machine Guns

Washington, June 6.—A communication from General Pershing tells of how an American patrol of 30 men outnumbered by the enemy two to one, held its ground in Lorraine for three-quarters of an hour on the night of June 2, and retired only when ammunition was exhausted. The Americans inflicted heavy losses on the enemy.

The communication also says that Lieutenants Campbell and Meisner downed an enemy bi-plane on June 5. Lieutenant Douglass Campbell has shot down six planes between April 14 and May 3.

With the American Army in France, June 6.—The American Marines won fame for themselves yesterday and today in repulsing two attacks made by the Boche on the Marne battlefield. Several machine guns and some prisoners were taken.

The Germans concentrated large forces before Veully wood and began a mass attack. They were mowed down by the American machine guns and the attack was broken up before reaching the American line, the Germans fleeing in confusion. The Marines are fighting like Tro-

jans and have no desire for sleep. After inflicting heavy losses on the enemy last night, they almost annihilated an enemy patrol this morning. They outfought the German machine gunners this afternoon, killed seven Germans and captured a wounded German.

The story of how the Americans aided the French in stopping the German advance at Chateau Thierry is a most remarkable one. The regiment which bore the brunt of the fighting has a glorious career, dating back to Revolutionary days. Although it is now composed almost entirely of newly enlisted men, most of whom had never been under fire before, it arrived in France and marched directly to the battlefield from its rest camp. Their French comrades say that they showed the greatest skill and accuracy while under fire.

With the American Army in France, June 6.—Extraordinarily heavy railway train movements on the northeast to the westward in the rear of the enemy's lines, northwest of Toul, is reported today by American patrols.

## DEBATE IN SENATE OVER U-BOAT TROUBLE

Washington, June 6.—Attacks which have been made on the navy department for permitting the German submarines to sink American ships, precipitated a short debate in the senate today. Senator Lewis claimed that the senators invited the attacks by making inaccurate statements as to conditions in the United States.

## CO. CHARGED WITH SELLING UNFIT MEAT

Washington, June 6.—Further evidence of the sale of and the offering for sale of unfit meat for the army was discovered today by the federal trade commission. Representatives of Wilson & Company, Chicago packers, appeared today to deny the charge that they sold unfit meat.

## VALUE OF AMERICA'S NAVAL FORCES UNDERESTIMATED BY HUN ADMIRAL

New York, June 6.—American participation in the war in the fight against German submarines and in the ship building program were belittled by Vice Admiral von Capelle, German minister of the navy in his speech in the reichstag a few weeks ago, as reported by German newspapers received here.

"The military help of America in the first year of the war was very little regarding troops and airplanes," declared von Capelle. "The expectation of our enemies has been greatly disappointed. If America later wants to maintain half a million troops in France it will need permanently a freight space (in steamships) of about 2,000,000 tons which again would be depreciated from the service of supplying her allies.

"According to American and British statements, the participation of such a large army is no longer involved in this campaign.

"In order to carry out the gigantic American program of shipping construction, the shipyards must first be built. In 1917 America, following all her huge promises built 50,000 gross tons of sea-going ships. The large merchant fleet which America has ordered is not being built for the war but in order to take the place of England as the world's shipper after the war when the ships will have been completed."

Discussing the economic situation created by America's entrance into the war von Capelle pointed out that the United States was the most important source of supplies for the entente nations but, he added: "Owing to the tremendous armament program of President Wilson, such economic difficulties have developed that America, the land of export, must now begin to ration herself instead, as had been hoped, to aid the entente nations in increasing measures. All in all, it can be said that the economic difficulties of our enemies have been increased by America's entrance into the war.

In reply to charges that the German submarine building program was not progressing as rapidly as it should, von Capelle admitted that Germany's enemies had attained certain successes in this defensive measures against the U-boats. "But," he added, "they have at no time affected the U-boat warfare in any way decisively and, according to foresight will not be able to do so in the future.

"The American U-boat chasers over which much fuss has been made are a failure.

"The convoy system which gives the ships a certain protection on the other hand has great disadvantages. There is not a day in which one or several ships are not shot out of convoys.

## F. E. SPENCE IS GRANGE MASTER

Convention Divorces Non-Partisan League in Opposition to Spence—Sheldon Wants More Normals

Salem, June 6.—At the Oregon state grange convention today F. E. Spence of Oregon City was elected master of the grange by a 70 to 39 vote over J. G. Johnson of Portland. The grange however voted against the combining with the non-partisan league which Mr. Spence was in favor of, thus reversing the action taken by the grange at its last annual convention, when a resolution was adopted declaring for affiliation with the league.

C. D. Hoffman, of Union county, was selected overseer and B. G. Leedy, of Benton county, elected a member of the executive committee.

Ben Sheldon is working for a resolution from the grange favoring an initiative measure for southern and eastern Oregon normal schools.

## SUBMARINE RAID IS USED AS TERRORIZER

London, June 6.—In a statement today Archibald Hurd, the well-known writer on naval affairs, took the view that the German submarine operations off the American coast were intended to try to draw American naval vessels from European waters.

"The raid was not undertaken," said Mr. Hurd, "with the idea of obtaining direct military results, but mainly as a demonstration. After nearly four years of warfare, the German mind can be read with a fair degree of accuracy. It was assumed that the people of the United States would be intimidated, that they would demand possible measures of protection, and that in order to satisfy public opinion the navy department would reconsider its plans for cooperation in hunting down submarines in European waters, even if some of the American destroyers on duty on this side were not immediately recalled.

"The U-boats are having a very hard time. Since the beginning of March the enemy has more vessels at sea than ever before. The number destroyed has been larger actually and relatively, and the loss in tonnage since the beginning of the year has been steadily reduced. American vessels have contributed materially in producing this result, as the Germans know."

"It is intended by the Germans to disarrange the plans of the American and British naval authorities for fighting U-boats where they are operating in large numbers and can be dealt with, as experience has shown, with the greatest success.

"I do not imagine the American public will fall into the snare the Germans have laid, thus exposing their transports and store ships to destruction."

## U. S. GENERAL IN FRANCE DIES UNEXPECTEDLY

Paris, June 6.—General Robert Michels of the American army died today in a railroad train in Rouen. His death was very unexpected as he had not been ill.

## PORTO RICO PREPARED TO EQUIP ITS DRAFT ARMY

San Juan, Porto Rico, June 6.—Uniforms for 13,000 recruits, a full supply of ordnance stores, all the tentage that will be needed at Camp Las Casas and the complete equipment for the motor truck company including 30 motor trucks and 25 motorcycles are here and stored awaiting the calling of Porto Rico's draft troops.

## FRENCH DRIVE GERMANS BACK ACROSS OISE

FRENCH HAVE IMPROVED POSITIONS NORTH OF AISNE—ARTILLERY IS ACTIVE

## INFANTRY ATTACK DUE SOON

Huns Again Attempt to Raid British Lines East of Amiens But Are Severely Repulsed

Paris, June 6.—The Germans crossed the River Oise in the vicinity of Samigny last night but were driven back by the French. North of the Aisne, the French greatly improved their positions in the neighborhood of Hautebraye. Heavy artillery fighting is reported in the vicinity of Veully-la-Potarie, where the American troops are in action.

London, June 6.—Raids on the British position at Morelan court east of Amiens were again attempted last night by the Germans but were unsuccessful.

Paris, June 6.—Held up in their efforts to batter their way through the American and French lines near the Marne, the Germans have turned their attention further north in the sector which is virtually the connecting link between the Somme and the Marne.

The enemy forces which crossed the Oise east of the Semosigny have been driven back.

Paris, June 6.—Along the Marne front there has been no further fighting of great moment, although in the vicinity of Rheims the German artillery has begun a violent bombardment, which probably indicates another infantry attack in this region.

The Germans seemingly are fearful of the band of warriors in the Luneville sector, for they again have increased the rain of shells of all kinds, including gas, upon and behind the American line.

There still has been no resumption of the battle on the front in Flanders and Picardy, where the British are facing the Germans. The enemy, however, is carrying out violent bombardments on various sectors.

## WILLIAMS CARRIES STATE BY MAJORITY OF 3,892

The official canvass of the Multnomah county vote definitely places the majority or plurality of state candidates for contested offices as follows:

United States Senator McNary, 10,209; Representatives McArthur, 8,528; Governor Withycombe, 4,315; C. A. Johns, supreme judge, 7,966 (plurality) and 1,776 (majority); C. H. Gram, labor commissioner, 236; Fred A. Williams, public service commissioner, 3,892.

Fred A. Williams, of Grants Pass, candidate for public service commissioner, carried Multnomah county by a vote of 15,000 against F. J. Miller's 11,630.

## TELEGRAPHERS STRIKE SET FOR THIS WEEK

Chicago, June 6.—Sylvester J. Koenekamp, president of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America, announced on his arrival in Chicago from Washington that a date had been set for a nation-wide strike of telegraphers to enforce their demands for recognition of the union. He declined to give out the date, but said that it would not be this week and that instructions would be sent to the workers tomorrow.