

LIBERTY LOAN CAMPAIGN NOW ON IN FORCE

JOSEPHINE COUNTY DRIVE COMMENCES WITH MONSTER PARADE AND MEETING

\$10,000 SUBSCRIBED SATURDAY

County's Quota of \$100,000 Minimum to be Largely Fulfilled by Close of This Week

The Third Liberty loan campaign in Josephine county started promptly at 1 o'clock Saturday afternoon with the ringing of bells the firing of cannon, and a monster parade in which 1,500 to 2,000 people participated. The parade started at the court house and proceeded down Sixth street to the Oxford hotel, returning to the Railroad park, the head of the column reaching the park and disbanding before the last automobile in the line was fairly started. The band led, followed by Boy Scouts, Girl Scouts, G. A. R., W. R. C., Red Cross ladies, Junior Red Cross, which included youngsters from all the schools as well as high school students, nearly a thousand boys and girls being in line. It is estimated that at least 3,500 people were either in the parade or along the line of march.

At the park were given selections by the band, staging by the public schools, a solo by Mrs. Nibley, a stirring patriotic speech by Rev. Melville T. Wire, and a denunciation of the Kaiser and his methods and an appeal to the patriotic people of the county to provide the means for carrying on the war to a successful conclusion, by Chairman Frank Bramwell. At the close of the program all united in singing America. Immediately after the program the three banks opened for an hour or two to receive Liberty loan subscriptions. At the time the banks closed \$10,500 of the county's quota of \$100,000 had been subscribed.

This week a personal canvass of every person in the county, so far as possible, will be made, with the expectation that the full quota will be made up.

SIX HUN DIVISIONS ARE HELD IN CHECK

London, Apr. 6.—About the time of the assault delivered against the British on the Albert sector, the Germans also sent strong forces against the defenses north of Abbeville. This offensive move was short-lived, however, for the British threw the enemy back with heavy losses.

It is believed that the German operations about Albert were undertaken for the purpose of getting hold of the railway running southwest to Amiens, and that it had the additional object of straightening the Germans' lines in this zone. The attack was launched at 8 o'clock after an intense bombardment of the defending positions.

Six German divisions were employed in the early hours of the fighting.

North of Albert the British clung to their line, but just to the south the Germans pivoted out from Albert and swung their front westward from Bernancourt until it reached the railway on which the defenders were making a gallant stand.

Both the attacks today and those on the Somme yesterday appear merely to be forerunners of what may be termed the second phase of the offensive, when the Germans will strike another great blow with vast forces against some portion of the long battle front.

PACIFIC STEAMER IS IN DISTRESS

Steamer Costa Rica Sends Wireless Message That She is in the Midst of a Gale and Liable to Sink

A Pacific Port, Apr. 6.—The steamer Costa Rica is in distress in the center of a gale, whose continuance will sink the vessel, according to a wireless message. Fuel is exhausted, but no location is given.

PRESIDENT ABOUT TO CALL 800,000 MEN TO COLORS

Washington, Apr. 6.—President Wilson is preparing to launch the second great draft of American fighters. He is expected to issue a proclamation notifying 800,000 registered men that they must hold themselves in readiness for service.

The first great call to camps under the second draft will approximate 150,000 men, to start moving the latter part of this month. There will be a continuous stream of men to camp thereafter under present plans, and probably 300,000 or 400,000 will be called before July 1.

London, Apr. 6.—King George has sent greeting to President Wilson on the occasion of the anniversary of the entry of the United States into the war.

TEUTONIC OBJECTIVE REMAINS UNATTAINED

Washington, Apr. 6.—In a battle which has lasted since Thursday and which probably still continues with the utmost fury, the Germans have been hurling massed divisions against the British and French lines from far north of Montdidier. Probably there has not been a more sanguinary battle fought since the beginning of the Teutonic offensive on March 21, than this, which has for its objective the driving of a wedge between the British and French armies, the cutting of the Paris-Amiens railroad south of Amiens and the capture of Amiens.

But, in spite of the power of the German attack, and the desperation of the fighting, the entente allied legions have stood firm over the most of their front. At only two points have they been forced to give ground, and these seem to be only minor successes, when compared to the sacrifice of lives which they have cost.

Just to the southwest of Albert, the British have withdrawn a short distance and the French have given up the town of Castel, west of Morcel, which has been the storm center of the German assaults for the last few days. At this point the Germans are within three miles of the Paris-Amiens railroad.

CLAIMS ROOSEVELT WAS MISINFORMED

Washington, Apr. 6.—Senator Overman charged that Roosevelt made a false statement, when he declared the sedition bill, punishing disloyal utterances, would prohibit criticism of the president, and said Roosevelt was probably misinformed, but should correct the statement and apologize to the public.

GEORGE CREEL HAS A NARROW ESCAPE

Baltimore, Apr. 6.—George Creel, chairman of the public information committee and Arthur Bounds had a narrow escape, when the airplane in which they arrived from Washington was disabled in landing. They got a slight shaking up.

BITTER FIGHT RAGING FOR AMIENS RAILROAD

Tentative Advance in Dense Waves and Struggle Desperately for Possession of Albert-Amiens Road, From Which They Are Still Ten Miles Distant

London, Apr. 6.—Another determined blow is being struck in the great battle for Amiens, against the British in the Somme valley, almost directly east of the city, from which the Germans are now about ten miles distant. Indications are that the operation is important. The advance seems to have been gaining, with the Albert-Amiens road as an objective.

London, Apr. 6.—At daybreak this morning Germans attacked the little town of Corbein, in the valley of the Somme. The enemy advanced in dense waves. The outcome was unknown when this dispatch was filed. The main German thrust appears to be west of Vairewood, toward the principal Amiens road.

Paris, Apr. 6.—Hard fighting has been renewed north of Montdidier.

London, Apr. 6.—British have improved their positions south of the Somme somewhat by counter attacks. The enemy has made incessant attacks without success.

London, Apr. 6.—Lloyd George says that during the next few weeks America will give the Prussian military junta the surprise of their lives.

SWISS WOULD KNOW WHY MUCK INTERNED

Washington, Apr. 6.—The Swiss government has asked the state department why Dr. Karl Muck, the Boston symphony orchestra leader has been interned. Muck is technically a Swiss subject.

SITUATION ON WESTERN FRONT GIVES NO GREAT CAUSE FOR ALARM

The following explanation of affairs at the fighting front and the probable results of the present great battle is given by a former officer of the entente powers who is familiar with the plans of campaign and knows in detail the country over which the battle is raging. This statement makes the position of the allies clear and relieves any anxiety as to the possibility of defeat in the present battle:

"Along the line of the German forces on the western front are three ridges. These ridges were to be the pivot of the German attack and were to be taken at all cost. The British plan is quite the opposite. The British are to hold these three ridges so the German armies will have to drive through between them in two wedges. As a result the Hun army will be under a hellish fire from the front, the sides and the base of these ridges. One of these wedges has actually been made.

The British will make every effort to induce the Hun to start another wedge to the north of the present one. If they can, the German's last chance will be gone. If, however, the Germans decide to fight on the one wedge only the war may go on for some time, for the war is a war of extinction.

"The Germans told the world that the wedge would sever the French and British armies, but this is impossible.

Paris, Apr. 6.—The bombardment of Paris by long range guns was resumed today.

Paris, Apr. 6.—The German attack along the French sector has ceased. There is violent artillery, but no infantry.

With the French Army in France, Apr. 6.—General Foch, the new commander-in-chief, in welcoming the Associated Press and other war correspondents said he hoped they would continue to work for the interests of the common cause of the allies, as they hitherto had done. Pointing to a map, General Foch said:

"All is going well. Look at the small advances made by the Boche, locate them by their real name, during the 27th, 28th, 29th and 30th. It is now the 4th of April, and it is clearly evident that the great tidal wave of the German army has been broken in the spirit, evidently, because it met an obstacle. Now they are against an embankment and stopped.

"The future will show the full measure of our success. We are going to try to do better and to set the upper hand of the Boche. I cannot say what will happen, but all is going well."

NO WHITE BREAD TO BE MADE AFTER APRIL 15

New York, Apr. 6.—Baking of white bread and rolls will be discontinued throughout the United States after April 15, according to an announcement made today at the local office of the federal food board. The order requiring bread and rolls after that date to contain at least 25 per cent substitutes for flour had not yet been issued from Washington. It was said, but was expected at any time.

AMERICA'S REPLY TO GERMAN DRIVE

We Will Use the Force Which Shall Make Right the Law of the World and Cast Out Selfishness

Baltimore, Apr. 6.—President Wilson at a great Liberty loan meeting tonight, gave America's answer to the German drive, saying: "Our answer is force, force to the utmost. Force without stint or limit. The force which shall make right the law of the world and cast every selfish dominion down to dust."

BARRACKS BUILDINGS BURN AT FORT WILLIAM, MAINE

Portland, Maine, April 6.—The connected barracks buildings at Fort William were destroyed by fire early today. Officers at camp said the blaze started by crossed wire and ignited first reports that the outbreak of flames had been preceded by an explosion. All the troops asleep in the structures escaped unhurt and most of the movable contents of the barracks were saved.

GOVERNMENT PLANS WORKING SLACKERS

Washington, Apr. 6.—The labor and war departments have placed a plan before the president, designed to use draft machinery to put industrial slackers to work. Officials consider that the president will favor it. In some ways it will affect the status of every registered man.

HUNS CLAIM 90,000 ALLIED PRISONERS

Amsterdam, Apr. 6.—The German official statement claims that successes both north and south of the Somme have been won and that the number of prisoners taken since the beginning of the drive has increased to 90,000, and the guns captured now total 1,300.

It seems probable that the entente allies have abandoned their Fabian tactics and now are prepared to give battle to the Germans. They have fixed their lines about 12 miles east of the city of Amiens and it is evident that here they have turned at bay against the invaders.

The contour of the country back of the allied lines lends itself to defensive tactics. It is quite high and is of a character which compels attacking forces to expose themselves to concentrations of fire from artillery and infantry. It is necessary for the Germans to break through the British and French lines in this region, or to outflank the allies by a drive to the north and south of it.

PRESIDENT PARDONS DYNAMITE CRIMINAL

Washington, Apr. 6.—President Wilson has decided to commute, to expire immediately, the prison sentence of Frank M. Ryan, formerly president of the International Union of Structural Iron Workers, now in Leavenworth prison. He was convicted for complicity in a dynamite conspiracy, and his term would expire July 19, 1919.

150,000 MEN TO BE MOBILIZED IN APRIL

Washington, Apr. 6.—Orders from General Crowder have been received by all governors, for mobilization of the April contingent, which totals nearly 150,000 men.

AUSPICIOUS ANNIVERSARY OF THE WAR

OBSTINATE BATTLE IN HISTORY OF THE WORLD IS NOW IN PROGRESS

DEMON'S DEATH STRUGGLE ON

In a Year One and a Half Million Americans Put Under Arms in the Cause of Democracy

Washington, Apr. 6.—On the anniversary of the United States' entry into the war the greatest battle of the conflict is raging and the enemy attack has been halted. Germans are making a strong, but ineffectual effort to break through or bend back the allied line, to capture Amiens.

General Foch says the Boche tidal wave is broken and all is going well. He expresses confidence in the future. In the past two days the enemy has gained only slightly on a 35-mile front, and this is equaled by the allied advances.

The end of the year finds a million and a half of Americans under arms. War expenditures by the United States have been \$12,000,000,000.

The landing of Japanese at Vladivostok is declared to have no connection with a possibility of armed intervention in Siberia.

Baltimore, Apr. 6.—President Wilson reviewed 12,000 troops here today.

Oregon Doing Her Bit

Portland, Apr. 6.—Lincoln, Tillamook and Wheeler counties were first to report to Liberty loan headquarters at 9 o'clock this morning, that they had gone over the top with flying colors. Mosier, in Wasco county and Sandy, in Clackamas county, wired shortly after 9 o'clock that they had exceeded their quotas, and Liberty flags will be sent them immediately, as well as all other towns exceeding their quotas.

At 11 o'clock today the following cities and towns had reported as exceeding their respective quotas: Amity, Arlington, Banks, Blank (Tillamook county), Coburg, Condon, Cornelius, Drain, Enterprise, Falls City, Forest Grove, Fossil, Grass Valley, Jacksonville, Lafayette, Mosier, Newport, Powers, Sandy and Toledo.

Cloverdale, in Tillamook county, leads but \$4,650 of quadrupling its quota and expects to report that amount during the day.

Portland, Apr. 6.—General Crowder has ordered 913 drafted men from Oregon sent to Camp Lewis in five days, beginning April 16. Two hundred ninety-seven from Portland are included.

Portland, Apr. 6.—Announcement is made of over subscription from 10 Oregon towns.

ILLINOIS RIOTERS TO BE APPREHENDED

Collinsville, Ill., Apr. 6.—The coroner of Madison county has applied for warrants for the arrest of five men, reported as in the mob that lynched Robert Praeger. Four justices of the peace refused to issue warrants. Mose Johnson, a district board member of the United Mine Workers, has promised to issue a statement at the proper time, showing the mob had information, causing them to take drastic action. The coroner will ask the United States attorney for warrants.