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BALFOUR HAS BIG OVATION IN CONGRESS

MOST SPECTACULAR DEMONSTRATION IN HISTORY OF CONGRESS

MAKES PLEA FOR DEMOCRACY

Free Peoples Are Drawn Together to Resist the Aggressions of Military Despotism

Washington, May 5.—With the president and Mrs. Wilson in the gallery and joining in the applause, the house this afternoon staged one of the most spectacular, wildest patriotic demonstrations in its history in greeting British Foreign Minister A. J. Balfour. Representatives, senators, allied and neutral diplomatic representatives and just plain citizens who jammed the galleries, joined in the greeting to Britain's foreign minister.

As the demonstration progressed, President Wilson left his seat in the gallery to go to the house floor. There he shook hands with Balfour amidst renewed cheering. Balfour addressed the house, bitterly denouncing Prussian autocracy and paying tribute to America's entrance into the war, which, he said, must be completed successfully to the allies and America, if democracy is to live. Balfour attacked Germany savagely as the house cheered and President Wilson applauded.

Germany, Balfour declared, "is remorselessly and unscrupulously" carrying out its appalling object to dominate the civilization of mankind. He confidently predicted that the "free peoples of the world will surely conquer."

Balfour's entrance was greeted with the usual house announcement by the doorkeeper: "The Honorable, the British Mission to the United States." That tilted the lid. When the cheering concluded Clark announced:

"I present to you the Right Honorable Arthur James Balfour, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs for Great Britain." The cheering was renewed and redoubled as Balfour bowed to the house and then began an appeal to America to help the "free peoples of the world to down Germany's military despotism."

As he shook hands with Balfour, Wilson leaned over and whispered a

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GERMAN REFORMS DO NOT REFORM

Amsterdam, May 5.—The German constitution committee voted today in effect to continue Germany's present liberal monarchial system and to shut off complete democracy, according to an interpretation put on Berlin dispatches here today.

The committee began the day's session with the adoption of a revolutionary plan to require the chancellor to countersign all orders and ordinances of the kaiser and to make him responsible to the reichstag for such orders. But later the committee utterly vitiated this reform by rejection of a proposal that the chancellor be made liable to dismissal on a majority vote of the reichstag.

The present recommendations of the committee therefore, on their face, curb the power of the emperor, by making his chief minister assume responsibility for all his acts of government to the reichstag, but in reality, by making the reichstag impotent to punish the chief minister for the kaiser's acts, leave the kaiser's powers unchanged.

U. S. MAY SOLVE DIVER MENACE

Inventions Being Worked Out by Naval Consulting Board With Edison May Beat Submarines

New York, May 5.—Strong belief that the submarine problem will be solved by one or more American inventions, already tested by the naval consulting board, was expressed this afternoon in a statement to the United Press, by W. L. Saunders, chairman of the board.

Saunders said that he did not know of any single invention made by Thomas A. Edison, president of the board, which would end the submarine peril, but clearly intimated that Edison is engaged in experiments that promise to be successful.

Saunders positively denied a statement quoting him as saying the problem "has been solved." "Quite the contrary," he said; "I think the submarine problem right now is just as serious as ever, but I do believe that inventions now in our hands will meet it. But you must remember this is only my personal belief."

COLLEGES SHOULD TRAIN MEN FOR ARMY

Washington, May 5.—The government needs college men in officers' training camps, Secretary of War Baker told college presidents assembled here today. He advised a modified curriculum.

Baker warned against a general movement of college men toward the army. Those disqualified physically or too young, he said, can aid their country best by continuing their course preparing for different service later. Engineering courses, he said, could be modified to fit men for commissions in the coast artillery, the ordnance department or the engineers' corps.

MORE CITIES OBTAIN FREE GARDEN WATER

Portland, May 5.—Free water is to be allowed between June 15 and September 30 for gardens on vacant lots. The city council yesterday unanimously passed an ordinance to provide for irrigation of gardens free of charge each day between 4 a. m. and 8 a. m.

Persons wishing to use the water will make application to the water bureau. Where the water is supplied through meters the users will be charged for all service exactly what they were charged for service during the summer months of last summer.

The Dalles, Ore., May 5.—By proclamation The Dalles water commission Wednesday announced free water will be given persons who wish to plant gardens in vacant city lots. The commission takes this means of assisting the food conservation campaign, which starts here tomorrow.

A committee will be appointed to "oversee the use of the water, that it be conserved from waste, and thus not become a menace to the supply at all times needed for general consumption, and for ample protection against fire."

FRENCH ONSLAUGHTS BREAK GERMAN LINE

Paris, May 5.—A late dispatch tonight contains the official announcement that the French forces had captured four miles of German trenches on the Hindenburg line.

REGISTRATION PLANS FOR NATION'S NEW ARMY

War Department Lays Down Regulations for Putting Conscription Act Into Effect. All Within Age Limits Must Apply at Voting Places for Registration

Note: "From the war department, which asks that every newspaper in the country try will print the article in full, and thereafter stimulate interest and publicity therein. The war department will regard this service as the performance of a patriotic duty."

Washington, May 5.—There was a time in the country's history when military enumerators, backed by bayonets, went out among the people to take a compulsory service census. Today, under the principle of universal liability to service, the execution of the law is put into the hands of the people, the approval of the new national army bill and the president's proclamation thereunder will be co-incident. All persons within the age limits prescribed will be required to present themselves for registration at the customary places in voting precincts in which they have permanent homes on a day which the president will announce.

The probability is that from 10 to 15 days will elapse between ap-

proval of the bill and registration day.

The governor of each state will be the chief of registration there in. The machinery of registration in each county is to be in charge of the sheriff, the county clerk and county physician, acting ex-officio, unless a different board shall be announced by the governor.

In cities containing populations of more than 30,000, the registration will be under control of the mayor and selected boards of registration. In order that the designated county and city officials, and the people generally, can get a clear understanding of the census methods, the following brief outline is given:

The sheriffs or other designated officials, immediately upon receiving notice from the governor, shall appoint registrars for each voting precinct.

The proportion of registrars shall be one for each 170 persons to be registered. Each age to be registered will comprise about one per cent of the population. If, for instance, all men between 19 and 25 years of age inclusive, are to be registered, the registrar would have to enroll

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FRESH GERMAN LEGIONS HURLED INTO FIERCE COUNTER-ATTACKS

Paris, May 5.—Germany is pouring fresh divisions into desperate fighting along all the Soissons-Rheims front, in a determined attempt to stop the French offensive, and re-take positions lost in General Nivelle's recent drives, today's official statement showed.

Four new German divisions—approximately 160,000 men—were called on by the Teutons to aid in their violent counter-attacks.

The German counter-thrusts furnished the greater part of the fighting, but around Mont Cornillet and east of Blond Mont the French again succeeded in gaining ground, in the face of violent resistance.

The statement adds: "During the night north of the Aisne the Germans violently counter-attacked our Craonne positions, captured yesterday, but all efforts were broken by resistance of our infantry and by our barrage fire. The enemy was unable to reach our lines anywhere."

With the British Armies in France, May 5.—Frenzied counter-attacks by a raging German army, driven on by swearing Prussian officers—whom Hindenburg has warned that failure will not be tolerated—was the feature of this afternoon's fighting on the west front.

Many positions during the day have been taken and re-taken several times. Every inch of the ground is bitterly contested with human blood. Early today the Prussians were re-occupying the whole of Bullecourt, although the British are holding posts on three sides of the village.

Field Marshal Haig's report today indicated continuance of the deadlock in the Arras sector and was devoted to fighting action to the south.

British Tommies gained a foothold on Bullecourt—one of the most coveted spots in this sector—and occupied several houses a quarter of a mile to the southeast. Bombing parties worked eastward along the front and menaced the main trenches of the Hindenburg line.

JOFFRE BRINGS PLEA OF BLEEDING FRANCE FOR UNITY IN FIGHT FOR DEMOCRACY OF WORLD

Chicago, May 5.—Viviani, Joffre and the French commission today bade farewell to the sea of flags and the roar of cheers which marked the first two days of their tremendous reception by the middle west here, and, after the big stockyards mass meeting this afternoon, will carry their message of war and love on to other conquests.

The west awoke today to the sound of the voice of embattled France, thundering its plea for America's aid in "a world war for freedom."

The formality and exclusiveness were not on the program today, and Viviani and Joffre mingled among

the "men of the people," and stepped down among those who earn their bread by the sweat of their brows. It was to such thousands that Viviani and Joffre addressed themselves at a monster free meeting at the stockyards this afternoon, during which Ex-Premier Viviani cried:

"Come to us, American brothers! Come and fight side by side with your French brothers; your allied brothers. Come under your glorious banner to fight for the democracy of the world and show all men that when the rights of a single nation are violated, the rights of all nations are trampled under foot."

GOLD FLOWS TO FILL COFFERS

Liberty Loan Promises to Be Heavily Over-subscribed as Reports From States Reach Capitol

Washington, May 5.—The golden flood pouring into the treasury department to float the "liberty loan" continued unabated today. Its sources were tapping the treasure of every section of the nation.

Responses today maintained yesterday's average of nearly \$20,000,000 an hour—over \$300,000 a minute. Maintenance of the subscription ratio established since the issue was offered to the public will over-subscribe several times the original \$2,000,000,000 asked.

Two per cent of the 27,513 state and national banks and trust companies in the country have applied for \$138,674,000. At this rate total applications for subscriptions to the first issue will reach between \$6,000,000,000 and \$7,000,000,000.

Early reports today indicated that banks and trust companies in New York state will subscribe nearly fifty per cent of the first issue. The largest single subscription yet received—\$20,000,000—came from an institution in New York. First reports from Illinois brought subscriptions from Chicago of over \$18,000,000.

DEAN MORTON WILL SPEAK AT LUNCHEON

A most timely talk to business men will be heard at the Chamber of Commerce noon luncheon Monday when Dean Morton of the state university will speak on "The Business Man's Part in Preparedness." Dean Morton's work as head of the commerce department of the university has brought him intimately in touch with large business problems which his department has attacked in an effort to advance efficiency and obtain larger results.

At a time when efficiency in all lines of effort means so much to the country, Dean Morton's talk will have a special appeal to our business men.

MORE LOANS ARE MADE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE

Washington, May 5.—The government today announced further loans of \$125,000,000 to England and France. A \$25,000,000 loan was today closed with British representatives and a \$100,000,000 loan to France will be consummated within a few days.

NOT GUILTY IS I. W. W. VERDICT AT SEATTLE

Seattle, May 5.—Thomas Tracy, I. W. W. organizer, is a free man today, after a trial lasting nine weeks. The verdict, rendered at 9:07 this morning, by a jury in Judge Ronald's department of the superior court, absolved him of a charge of conspiracy to murder Jefferson Beard, citizen-deputy, who was shot at the Everett city dock during a battle between 260 I. W. W.'s aboard the steamer Verona, from Seattle, and deputies on the dock.

It also spelled freedom for a large number of the 72 other members of the organization, now held in jail at Everett and Seattle, charged with the same offense. This was the statement of Prosecutor Black of Snohomish county, issued after a conference with associate counsel, after Tracy's acquittal.

"Our inquiries," stated Prosecutor Black today, "have given us much additional evidence and other prosecutions are assured. Who, or when, we cannot say, but that the same charge will be applied, we are prepared to announce now."

GERMAN HATE MAY UNITE A NEW RUSSIA

DUMA LEADERS APPARENTLY SUCCESSFUL IN HOLDING POPULACE FOR UNITED NATION

TREATIES TO BE MADE PUBLIC

Situation Still Serious But Cool Heads May Bring Order Out of Turmoil

Petrograd, May 4, via London, May 5. (Delayed).—After two days of cheering, muttering, jostling, hooting mobs, surging back and forth in demonstrations that at times approached perilously near to organized riots, the duma provisional government had today apparently succeeded in re-establishing itself. An all-night meeting last night seemed to smooth out many difficulties between the duma leaders and the soldiers' and workmen's delegates.

At the headquarters of the soldiers' and workmen's committee today it was informally stated that an amicable adjustment had been reached with the duma leaders and that the executive committee by a two to one vote had approved the government's pledges. Included in these pledges, it was reported, was one to announce publicly the reasons behind the provisional government's announcement on May day as to Russia's aims in the war.

In the meantime the temper of the surging crowds on the streets has changed. Yells and imprecations against the ministers have been quieted for cheers for democratic Russia. Sober heads in the throngs apparently succeeded in bringing home to the demonstrators the necessity for continuance of a complete form of government.

Twenty-five thousand persons were jammed in the streets around the Marinsky palace all day Thursday and Thursday night keeping ceaseless vigil around the building in which the soldiers' and workmen's delegates were meeting.

But through all the disorder there ran the instinctive caution against aiding Germany by disrupting Russia's forces. Agitators who sought to urge complete brotherhood with German soldiers were howled down. Nicholas Lenine, now recognized as a German-influenced agitator, was swept away when he tried to speak. The crowd simply would not let him talk. Before long the crowd's temper had subtly changed into a patriotic demonstration for Russia at any cost.

The whole gist of the orators' remarks seemed to be that the populace was unwilling to support any ministry which would enter into secret treaties with any nation. Constant

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ALLIED COMMANDERS AT IMPORTANT MEET

Paris, May 5.—The supreme commanders of both the military and naval forces of England and France met here today in a conference attended also by Premier Lloyd-George. It was said that important decisions were under consideration. Those participating included:

Sir John Jellicoe, head of the British navy; Admiral LeCaze, head of the French navy; General Robertson, British chief of staff; General Petain, French chief of staff; General Nivelle, commander of the French armies in the field; and Premier Lloyd-George, who has been here several days.