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# Cleanliness

THE EGGS WE SELL ARE ALL CLEAN AND GUARANTEED STRICTLY FRESH. PRINTED GUARANTEE WITH EACH ORDER.

## Canned in Sunny California

GREEN CHILE PEPPERS  
SPANISH SAUCE

# KINNEY & TRUAX GROCERY

QUALITY FIRST

## COUNTY AGENT'S NOTES

### Wireworm Control

The Trap Crop Method—This method takes into account the preference of the wireworms for certain foods and also their habits of feeding. Potatoes are a favorite food plant and wireworms tend to feed on one host to the exclusion of others so long as this food is available.

As early in the spring as the ground begins to warm up the preliminary treatment should be given. This consists of planting pieces of potatoes in rows 50 feet apart and 15 feet apart in the row. Choose fair sized solid potatoes, and cut them in half. Cut small wire in 18-inch lengths, dip one end in white paint or mark with white tape so these guides may be located easily in the field. Hook the opposite end of the wire firmly around the piece of potato. Plant with a hoe in rows as suggested above, putting the potato down into moist earth. One week later go over the field, digging up the potatoes and removing the wireworms. If conditions are right for the activity of the wireworm, frequently as high as 30 to 75 may be collected from a single potato. If few worms are found, replant and go over the field again in a week. As soon as the worms do appear active however, this preliminary planting will give a ready indication of the centers of heavy infestation. As soon as these centers are located, a second planting should be made over the same areas. Prepare the potatoes and wires as before. Plant in rows 15 feet apart and the potatoes 6 feet apart in the row. These plantings should now be visited weekly until the collection of worms no longer warrants the visits. Usually four to six visits will suffice. A few extra potatoes should be carried along to replace any that might be badly eaten or beginning to decay. Pick over the soil immediately adjacent to any bait because frequently worms will be resting there.

Where this work has been carried on in California as many as 95 wireworms have been taken from around one bait, and 50 to 75 is not uncommon.

One fact to be taken into account is that if this work is undertaken it is well to see that it is properly and thoroughly done. One treatment will practically rid the ground for three years as it takes about that time for the worms to mature and transform to adults.

### Rye Grass

An Oregon seed company has stated that it can use 500 tons of Oregon grown rye grass seed. Here is an opportunity for those who have low land that is not particularly well drained to grow a profitable crop.

### Preserving Eggs in Water Glass

Eggs spoil because of the growth of certain kinds of bacteria inside the shell and are best preserved by means of water glass solution that prevents entrance of bacteria.

Only eggs that are sound, clean and fresh should be selected for preservation. If eggs are dirty when taken from the nest it is not advisable to wash them for putting down later. One "rot" put in by mistake with fresh eggs will in time render all the rest useless.

Use sodium silicate, water glass, one part to 9 parts of water. This is a heavy liquid, slightly alkaline and nearly colorless. The water should be boiled five minutes and then cooled just before using.

Earthenware jars make best receptacles, and metal ones should never be used. Thoroughly scald your receptacle before using it and always keep it covered when in use. It is not necessary to put all of the eggs in the solution at one time. They may be from day to day but the jar should always be kept covered.

Eggs have been known to be kept perfectly for two years, however, it is not advisable to keep them more than one year.

Eggs can be preserved in this manner for a cost not exceeding two cents per dozen, so it is economy and will materially assist in the solution of the question of high cost of living if every house wife, whether in the city or country, will put down eggs at this season of the year for winter use.

### KING CHRISTIAN BIDS FORMER SUBJECTS FAREWELL

Copenhagen, Mar. 27.—King Christian formally bade his former subjects in the Danish West Indies farewell today, wishing them "a happy future," under the United States flag. He issued a formal proclamation, thanking residents of the islands, now sold to the United States, for the "centuries of loyalty."

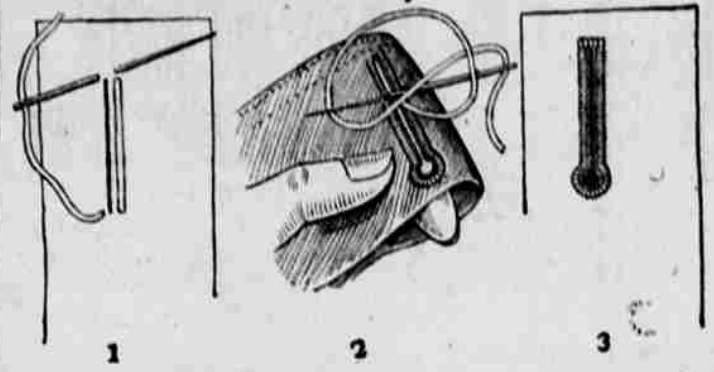
# Finishing Touches

By Marion Moore



## A Class for Home Dressmakers

V. Are buttonholes really hard to make?



No. 1. The first step is to strengthen the buttonhole edges with strands of thread.  
No. 2. How to hold the work and take the stitches.  
No. 3. How your finished buttonhole should look.

THEY are really the most fascinating things! And, while the stitch is the same for every kind of buttonhole, there are all sorts of different ways of beginning your buttonhole.

The single strand of thread you see in No. 1 is one way of strengthening the cut edges. It does very well for materials of a firm weave. Flimsy materials, or those that ravel easily, should have the edges lightly overcast to give them sufficient firmness.

On coats, where there are several thicknesses of material to be worked over together, hold these thicknesses flat together by placing a row of machine stitching along either side of the line where you intend to cut your buttonhole. These will take the place of the strands you see in No. 1. Without this your buttonhole would not be smooth.

No. 2 shows you the buttonhole stitch better than any words can. It also shows how to hold the work. Begin at the inner end, the end farthest away from the edge, and work away from you, not toward you. Make the end near the edge round, and finish the inner end with a straight bar of buttonholing. The round end is to receive the shank of the button. A lengthwise buttonhole, on the other hand, has both ends finished with a straight bar of buttonholing.

Finally whip the buttonhole edges together, then press them well on the wrong side under a damp cloth. This will bring them into perfect shape. Never use cotton thread for buttonholing unless you are working on cotton materials, where the luster of silk would not be desired. On silks, woolsens, chiffons, etc., you do want the luster, however, and not only does the buttonhole silk twist make a far stronger and better looking buttonhole, but it does not fade or gather the dust the way cotton does.

## VOYAGE OF ST. LOUIS AN UNEVENTFUL ONE

A British Port, Mar. 26.—(Delayed)—Passengers upon the American liner St. Louis, first American armed ship to brave the submarine zone, found the voyage disappointingly dull and uneventful. The only diversion was the daily gun practice—with icebergs substituted for targets.

Philip Klein, son of the dramatist, Charles Klein, who lost his life through the torpedoing of the Lusitania, was one of the passengers aboard the St. Louis. He intends to establish in London theatricals, and on landing today declared he never felt any fears of sharing his father's fate through the voyage.

C. J. Modderman, a British subject, insisted it was a very "disappointing trip."

All passengers agreed, however, that the St. Louis' life boats were

kept slung outward from the davits after the fourth day from New York. The ship was kept utterly dark at nights and no passengers allowed on the decks.

"It was an awfully lonesome trip," remarked Miss Mable Nott, of Kansas City. "There were only 36 passengers."

Arrival of the St. Louis created no excitement in this port. The townspeople and officials seemed to regard the safe arrival of the ship as a foregone conclusion. There was no crowd at the docks and no demonstration from the few that did linger around.

Just before port was reached, however, the St. Louis passed another steamer, the crew of which lined the rails and gave rousing cheers to the American flag and the first armed American liner.

The consul at the British port where the St. Louis arrived accompanied the British immigration officers aboard her as she entered the harbor.

Job printing at the Courier.

## Comply with the law and use printed Butter Wrappers

According to the ruling of the Oregon Dairy and Food Commission all dairy butter sold or exposed for sale in this state must be wrapped in butter paper upon which is printed the words "Oregon Dairy Butter, 16 (or 32) ounces full weight," with the name and address of the maker.

To enable patrons of the Courier to easily comply with the ruling this office will supply standard size and weight butter paper printed with special waterproof ink, and delivered by parcels post, at the following prices:

100 Sheets, 16 or 32 ounces	\$1.00
200 Sheets, 16 or 32 ounces	1.35
300 Sheets, 16 or 32 ounces	1.70
500 Sheets, 16 or 32 ounces	2.40

Extra charge for special designs.

Send orders by mail accompanied by the price as above and paper will be promptly forwarded to you by parcel post, prepaid.

We use the best butter paper obtainable, and our workmanship is of the best.

## Rogue River Courier

Grants Pass, Oregon

## MANN PROGRAM NOT FAVORED BY LENROOT

Washington, Mar. 27.—Representative Lenroot, Wisconsin, progressive republican leader, in a formal statement today, announced his opposition to Minority Leader Mann's non-partisan organization suggestions for the house.

"I am confident the republicans next Monday will present a candidate for speaker and a full set of officers," Lenroot said.

Lenroot declared that instead of the non-partisan plan there will be presented to the republican caucus Saturday a plan which provides in case of a deadlock, the republicans shall propose a provisional organization of the officers of the last congress until necessary appropriations and war measures are passed.

This would include the speaker and other house officers. Committee vacancies would be filled in the ordinary manner. This provisional organization, however, would continue only until emergency legislation had been passed.

Lenroot was brutally frank in his criticism of the Mann plan.

Lenroot said a deadlock would be just as probable under the Mann plan as under a partisan organization and that vital legislation might be delayed. He added that 27 republicans who are now planning the organization of the house voted for a republican attempt to reorganize the house.

Lenroot denounced President Wilson because he had not consulted republicans on war measures.

"Republicans are not less patriotic than democrats, and should be consulted. I believe that not one republican in the house or senate has been consulted by President Wilson on the tremendously important issue of war."

Before Lenroot issued his statement, he had a lengthy conference with Representative Longworth of Ohio and Representative Townner of Iowa.

## GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP OR INCREASED RATES

Washington, Mar. 27.—Government ownership is the only solution to the railroad question unless the roads are granted a general advance to meet increased operating expenses, B. F. Bush, receiver of the Missouri Pacific, and speaker for the southwestern roads, told the interstate commerce commission this afternoon.

## ELECTRIC LIGHT WIRE KILLS WILLAMINA FARMER

Willamina, Ore., Mar. 27.—Picking up an electric light wire which had been blown from a pole, Joseph Turnidge, farmer, was instantly killed last night.

Mirrors. "The real object of mirrors," said Mr. Pinkerton, "is to enable women to see themselves as others see them."

"No," remarked his friend, Mr. Ankelby; "I think they were invented so that women could make themselves look as they wanted others to see them!"—London Globe.

Improving. "This critic describes your new book as drool."

"Guess I must be improving. He alluded to my last book as utter rot."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Similarity. Contractor—Then you won't sell me a carload of bricks on credit? Dealer—No; me an' my bricks are very much alike—we're hard pressed for cash.—Boston Transcript.

Imagination causes more aches and pains than all other ailments.—Babcock.

A classified ad will give results. Envelopes at the Courier.

**DEO FOR COUGHS AND COLDS**  
 1 Demis Eucalyptus Ointment  
 AT ALL DRUG STORES  
 TUBES 25c JARS 50c

## HOW WARS START.

### An Ocean Cable Would Have Averted Our Conflict of 1812.

Had there been an ocean telegraph in 1812 there might not have been a war with England at that time. Five days after President Madison signed the declaration of war England recalled the orders in council which had provoked it. The purpose to recall the orders was unknown in America, while in England nothing was known of the war declaration when the orders were revoked. This war's most important battle, that of New Orleans, was fought fifteen days after the treaty of peace had been signed at Ghent. It was this battle which made Jackson a popular idol and gave him the presidency.

The first step in the Crimean war was Russia's invasion of Moldavia, months before diplomatic rupture with England and France.

The firing on Fort Sumter, which started the war between the states, is a familiar story.

The first shot of the Franco-Prussian war was by a French soldier on guard at Strasburg bridge a day or two before Napoleon III, formally took the field.

The attempt on Bismarck's life as he was walking down the Unter den Linden on May 7, 1890, rallied public sentiment to him and his policy and from a dramatic standpoint may be said to have been the first shot in the Austro-Prussian war.

The blowing up of the Maine was the first blow in the Spanish-American war, which ended Spanish possessions in the new world.—Chariton Bates Strayer in Leslie's.

### When Novels Were Really Long.

Though William de Morgan wrote some of the longest novels of recent times, his efforts were conscientiously compared with the works of some of the seventeenth century romancers. Mlle. de Scudery's once famous story, "Le Grand Cyrus," for instance, fills five folio volumes of 500 pages each in the English translation, and her contemporary, La Calprenede, was even more diffuse, his "Cleopatre" running into twenty-three volumes. The leisurely method of the early novelists is well illustrated in "Parthenissa," by Roger Boyle, earl of Orrery, in which the eight hundredth page finds the two chief characters still engaged in the process of introducing themselves to each other, begun on page one.

### Where the Guns Kick Hard.

Duck shooting at an altitude of 14,000 feet, on the Junin pampa, along the shore of the lake of that name, is a sport that can be followed in Peru. Very peculiar effects are noted in this rarefied region, probably the highest altitude for this sport in the world. The guns kick viciously, and the shot does not scatter promptly, making long shots successful. This phenomenon is due to the lack of density of the air, which is only about eight pounds to the square inch against fifteen at sea level. Another interesting fact is that the ducks have no fishy taste, as fish do not exist in this altitude.

### Same Old Suits.

"Where have you been until this hour?" said Mrs. Lawyer Towit to her late returning hubby.

"I've been looking after some suits," alluded Towit.

"Yes, I know those suits—the old diamonds, hearts, spades and clubs. Well, this is the last night I'll let you out."—Buffalo Express.

**Use Black Silk Stove Polish**  
 "A Shine in Every Drop"  
 Get a can today from your hardware or grocery dealer.

**TUESDAY, MARCH 27, 1917**  
**OREGON WEATHER**  
 Tonight and Wednesday occasional rain, warmer east portion tonight; southwesterly winds.

## THE KITCHEN GARDEN

The garden in the back lot as an effective means toward reducing the high cost of living is attracting attention in every district this spring. There will no doubt be a shortage of many of the staple products of the farm as an inheritance from the shortage of the present season, so that there will be little danger of overplanting any of the staples. The potatoes and onions of the west are now practically disposed of, and the price will not be lower till the new crop comes on. But there are many of the vegetables that are less known in the markets that can be grown and that will go a long way in cutting down the monthly provision bill. If the hardier vegetables are planted now they will make a fair crop without irrigation if the season is an average one. Especially is this true if the doctrines of H. W. Campbell, the dry farming expert are put into practice. Otherwise, provision for irrigation must be made.

The Courier will publish a series of home garden preparedness articles, commencing with issue of April 4th. Get your ground ready and "follow directions."

## WANTS CONFERENCE OF NEUTRAL NATIONS

Washington, Mar. 27.—With the suggestion that the United States call a conference of neutral nations to enforce the right of neutrals, Senator LaFollette, republican, Wisconsin, vigorously defends the position he took on the armed neutrality bill in this week's issue of his magazine, declaring the bill means war.

LaFollette denies he filibustered against the bill. He says he did all in his power to defeat the measure "insofar as permitted by the tyrannical action of a majority," which resorted to "a perversion of the rules to prevent speaking against the bill."

By "virtually placing American guns and gunners under British admiralty orders, the bill means war," he asserted.

The action of the president in "attempting to force the bill through in the last hours of congress," is bitterly criticized by LaFollette. Authority that leaves it in the discretions of the president to make war is conferred in the bill, he claims.

"The president made it clear that he wanted to be left alone to exercise extraordinary and autocratic powers, affecting the destinies of the country and the world, until December—until the time for assembling the new congress," LaFollette declares.

"It was the evil system of one-man power and secret diplomacy that plunged the helpless people of Europe into war."

By a call to neutrals at this time for a conference and a more suggestion that food and other supplies would be withheld from both sides impartially, the belligerents would be forced to observe the principle of the freedom of the seas, he asserts.

Such a conference, even now, LaFollette believes, would bring the greatest benefits to ourselves, to humanity and the world.

Calling cards at the Courier.