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No Other Town in the World the Size of Grants Pass Has a Paper With Full Leased Wire Telegraph Service.

LAWSON NAMES BIG MEN IN NOTE LEAK HEARING

CHARGES CHAIRMAN HENRY, OF THE INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE, MENTIONED CABINET

LANSING AND McADOO INCLUDED

Rumors Also Reported That German Ambassador von Bernstorff Has Profited by the Leak

Washington, Jan. 15.—More big names were flashed in the house note leak hearing this afternoon—Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, Secretary of State Lansing and German Ambassador von Bernstorff. The names of Secretary Tumulty, Paul Warburg of the federal reserve board, Barney Baruch and others again were dragged in.

To cap the climax of an afternoon of sensations, Thomas W. Lawson, who was doing all the naming, declared Representative Henry, himself, chairman of the investigating committee, mentioned the name of a cabinet member to him (Lawson) in connection with the leak to Wall street of advance information on the president's note to belligerents.

Answering a series of questions as to a member of congress who had mentioned certain names to him, Lawson repeated several times that Chairman Henry was the informant. Henry read a letter in which Lawson promised to name a cabinet member and banker.

He then read the list of cabinet members and all were eliminated but McAdoo and Lansing.

Lawson said these names had been told him.

Lawson wrangled for a moment with Henry, then named C. D. Barney & Company as having been mentioned as a "sort of go-between."

Lawson declared Henry said the committee had heard that the German ambassador had profited over two million dollars in the leak.

"I have held the name Lansing and the German ambassador out of this until now," Lawson said, answering a question whether he meant to drag Lansing's name in. Lawson said he had heard the names of Lansing and Bernard Baruch, banker, mentioned.

In no case but Henry's did Lawson profess to have direct knowledge. Henry later denied from the stand that he had named any cabinet member as stated by Lawson.

On a woman's say so, Lawson named a reporter, Price of the Washington Star, as go-between for Tumulty and others in leak deals. He likewise named big bankers—one as telling him about a big leak deal, the other having named as actually in on the play.

Recounting a conversation with Chairman Henry, Lawson said the latter had told him of hearing that Lansing's alleged visits to New York and any suspicious aspects. Moreover, he doubted that Lansing or other German ambassador had had any hand in the matter.

Henry took the stand and said he had absolved Lawson from any violation of confidence over their talk.

"And I say to you," said Henry, "that I named no cabinet officer in that talk, as Lawson has stated." Representative Harrison made a motion that the following be subpoenaed:

Archibald S. White, W. D. Price, of the Washington Star; Mrs. Ruth Tomlinson Vincent; the head man of C. D. Barney & Company; Pilly Flake, Paul Warburg, Malcolm McAdoo, son of Secretary McAdoo, John

RUSSIANS EXTEND LINES NEAR RIGA

Pressure Against Germans Thought Sufficient to Affect the Campaign in Roumania

London, Jan. 15.—Russian is extending such great pressure on the German line south of Riga that it may conceivably have its effect on the German progress in Roumania. At several places the Russians have broken through the German lines and the positions they took were those constructed in the Teuton's twelve-months of occupancy. The Russian advances were made also despite heavy snows, freezing cold weather and great stretches of marsh land. A message from General Dimitrieff, published here today, pays tribute to his men's heroism and cites their capture of fifty machine guns, thirty cannon and a vast amount of material—including 100,000 bottles of brandy—as evidence of the irresistible force of the advance.

Already weakened at several places by the battering of the Slav assaults it is believed here the Germans must make early reinforcement of their lines in this theater or undertake a general withdrawal. If reinforcements are given, it is believed they will be taken from the Roumanian front.

Dispatches today indicated that the Teutons are again making efforts to approach Galatz, near the south Russian border. For 10 days the Germans have not been able to make progress toward Galatz, although the latest Berlin statement claims occupancy of Vadeni, only six miles distant.

EMPEROR WILHELM ORDERED PEACE NOTE PREPARATION

Amsterdam, Jan. 15.—Emperor William's directions to the imperial chancellor, von Bethmann-Hollweg, to prepare the recent German peace note were published today by the North German Gazette. The letter was dated October 31, and in part read:

"A peace proposal is necessary to deliver the world—including neutrals—from obsessions. For such an act, a ruler is needed with conscience and a feeling of responsibility to God and his own heart. For my own and hostile peoples I will venture it, relying upon God. Please soon give a note and prepare everything."

JAP FREIGHTER PUTS BAGK TO FRISCO PORT

San Francisco, Jan. 15.—With her two million dollar cargo badly damaged by fire, the Japanese freighter Taushima Maru today awaited repairs before resuming her voyage to New York. She made port after fighting the blaze for ten days and with her main steering gear broken. She came through the golden gate with the captain handling a rudely improvised jury rudder aft.

The fire started in a case of camphor oil. There were no passengers aboard.

Rathom of the Providence Journal, who had written a leak editorial and Paul O'Hara Cosgrove and S. G. Giboney, New York.

The motion carried and subpoenas will not be issued for Tumulty and McAdoo, but they will be notified and have agreed to come.

Lansing's name was not mentioned in connection with the subpoenas or the summons.

Lawson began warming up toward the close in his resentment at Henry and the committee suggested closing the meeting. This was done and the committee adjourned until tomorrow.

DEWEY IS NEAR DEATH TODAY IN WASHINGTON

BULLETIN ISSUED THIS AFTERNOON STATED THAT AGED ADMIRAL WAS SINKING

END IS EXPECTED ANY MOMENT

Hero of Manila Bay, and Pupil of Farragut, Soon to Embark on His Final Cruise

Washington, Jan. 15.—At 3 o'clock this afternoon, Admiral Dewey's physician announced his patient's condition as "rapidly sinking." It was said death was expected momentarily.

Washington, Jan. 15.—Admiral George Dewey's death is expected momentarily, according to a bulletin issued today by his attending physician, Dr. Fauntleroy.

After an irrational night, the hero of Manila Bay began to decline. The bulletin says:

"Admiral Dewey has been suffering for the last five days from a general breakdown consequent upon his 79 years of age. For several days there was some improvement, and, at times, it seemed as if he might rally and overcome the depression. Last night the admiral slept fairly well, but at times was irrational and showed evidence of a gradual decline. This morning he is very weak and his condition is such as to cause fear that his once great vitality may fail at any time."

Admiral Dewey was at his office daily until he was taken sick last week. The day after Christmas he celebrated his 79 birthday and held a reception at his office at which Secretary Daniels and all the ranking naval officers in Washington were present.

VILLAGE OF VADENI WRESTED FROM SLAVS

Berlin, via Sayville, Jan. 15.—Capture by storm, in hand-to-hand encounters, of the Vadeni, the last city held by Russian forces south of the river Sereth, was announced in today's official statement. The capture was effected despite unfavorable weather conditions.

North of the Susita valley, the statement said recently captured German positions were attacked by Russians and Roumanian forces, but the enemy was everywhere repulsed.

San Jose, Cal.—When burglars wanted to steal a huge cash register in a garage, they could not carry it away. So they stole an automobile in which to put their loot and drove off.

SCHOOL CHILDREN FROZEN IN BLIZZARD

Winnipeg, Jan. 15.—The bodies of four school children were found frozen to death early today near Cadillac, Sask. Two little boys were allowed to leave school Friday afternoon during a terrible blizzard. Their sister, aged 13, went in search, and a fourth child also left the building. All perished on the prairie. When found the older girl had two of the boys in her arms and the fourth child was found a short distance away. Three were the children of Oxide Reschamps.

MANN LAW IS UPHELD BY THE HIGHEST COURT

SUPREME TRIBUNAL SAYS CONVICTION OF DIGGS AND CAMINETTI CONSTITUTIONAL

MEN MUST SERVE SENTENCES

Court Holds Divided Opinion, and Law Barely Gets Support Enough to Save It

Washington, Jan. 15.—The supreme court today held that the Mann white slave law applies to non-commercial vice and is constitutional in upholding the lower court trial resulting in convictions of Maury I. Diggs, F. Drew Caminetti and L. T. Hayes for violation of the law.

The question before the supreme court was one of interpretation of the Mann law.

Diggs and Caminetti, sentenced to prison and fined for transporting Lola Norris and Marsha Warrington to another state from their California homes, pleaded in their appeals that the law was not intended to apply to non-commercial vice.

L. T. Hayes convicted of transporting a girl from Oklahoma City, Okla., to Wichita, Kas., appealed his conviction on a similar plea. All the men were married.

The decision upholding the non-commercial application of the law, barely got through.

Justice McReynolds took no part, as he was attorney general while the cases were up.

Of the other eight justices, the two seniors—Chief Justice White and Justice McKenna—and the junior—Justice Clarke—dissented.

The case itself was one of the most bitterly fought in criminal history in this country.

Former Senator Joseph W. Bailey was chief counsel for the defense in the supreme court hearing, with Assistant Attorney General Wallace acting for the government. Dozens of convictions under the Mann law hinged on today's decision.

With the Mann law applying only to commercial vice, it would be impossible to obtain a conviction if a man transported a woman across a state line for immoral purposes, unless a money consideration was proven.

Justice Day read the opinion. "There is no ambiguity in the law," he said. "It covers transportation of a woman for immoral purposes including purposes of debauchery. The plain terms of the act must prevail." "Congress," Justice Day said, "plainly has the power to regulate the transportation of passengers in interstate commerce and so to forbid the transportation of women for immoral purposes."

There is nothing in the act, he held, to limit its application to commercial vice.

The decision was an unusually long one.

San Francisco, Jan. 15.—Maury I. Diggs and F. Drew Caminetti must serve terms in the federal prison for taking Lola Norris and Marsha Warrington to Reno, Nev., in March, 1913.

Their four year fight for freedom ended today when the United States supreme court affirmed their conviction in lower courts under the Mann white slave act.

Diggs must serve two years and pay a fine of \$2,000; Caminetti must serve 18 months and pay a fine of \$1,500. Both Diggs and Caminetti were married and the fathers of children when they were arrested. Their prominence caused the case to

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CARL LIEBKNECHT MUST GO TO JAIL

German Socialist Leader Sentenced to Jail at Hard Labor, and Expelled From the Bar

Zurich, Jan. 15.—Carl Liebknecht, German socialist leader, has been sentenced to four and one-half years imprisonment at hard labor and expulsion from the bar, according to Berlin advices today.

Liebknecht has been in almost constant trouble with the German authorities for his anti-war and socialist speeches, both within and without the reichstag. Probably the Zurich report is the final sentence imposed on Liebknecht after an appeal which has been pending for months.

The charge on which he was arrested was participation in an anti-war May day celebration in 1916 and on June 23 of that year he was sentenced to 30 months imprisonment. He took an appeal and was re-sentenced August 23 to four years and one month, the court also depriving him of all civil rights for a period of 6 years. He appealed 3 days later.

The Zurich report of his latest sentence probably means Liebknecht has again lost an appeal.

KAISER ENDORSED BY BAVARIAN KING

Amsterdam, Jan. 15.—Lively appreciation of the kaiser's defiance to the allies' and acquiescence in his declaration that the entente's refusal of peace shows their "boundless lust of conquest," was expressed in a message from the king of Bavaria to Kaiser Wilhelm today, according to Munich dispatches. In part the king's message to the emperor read:

"The strong words expressing indignation over our enemies' arrogant reply, find a lively echo in all our hearts. All the German people share your iron will to break our enemies' presumption—the enemies whose war aims disclosed their boundless lust of conquest and desire for our destruction."

"The self-sacrificing heroism of the troops of the empire and of the people will henceforth defy all attacks and lead to victory. May God continue with our just cause."

RENEW FIGHT FOR WARNING OF AMERICANS

Washington, Jan. 15.—Possible renewal of last year's fight over warning Americans off armed ships was pressed this afternoon when Congressman Cary, republican, Milwaukee, introduced a joint resolution calling for such a warning to be issued.

MILITANTS RAIDED BY LONDON POLICE

London, Jan. 15.—London police made two spectacular raids on militant suffragettes yesterday. They were carried out simultaneously—one against the printing office of the Woman's Social and Political Union, where forthcoming issues of Britannia, the woman's organ, were seized; and the other against a flat occupied by Miss Annie Kenney and Miss Grace Roe. The latter is Mrs. Pankhurst's private secretary. All private papers and correspondence in the flat was ransacked.

"The only reason I can assign for the raids," said Mrs. Pankhurst "is the criticism which the periodical Britannia has recently aimed at the government and particularly against that section of the government which favors a compromise peace."

STRANDED U.S.S. MILWAUKEE TO BE TOTAL LOSS

CRUISER WILL BE DISMANTLED AND HER SKELETON WILL REST ON THE BEACH

TO SAVE EQUIPMENT AND PLATE

Salvage Work on Submarine H-3 Abandoned and Craft Will Be Taken Overland to the Bay

Eureka, Jan. 15.—Only the keel and the bare skeleton of the cruiser Milwaukee will be left when the work of dismantling her, which will begin soon, is completed. Definite decision to abandon all hope of saving the ship will probably be reached before night. With it will come plans for stripping the wreck. Navy officers today said a trestle will be run to the hulk. All equipment and useful material on board will be taken off, even the armor plate the ship will be stripped to the bones, as one officer expressed it.

Meanwhile the ceaseless battering of mighty seas today continued to move the wreck farther in-shore. It is estimated that the cruiser is 50 feet nearer the beach than she was when she went aground in Saturday morning's fog. During the night she settled perceptibly in the bow. Although she has a list of 15 degrees seaward, naval men say that, unless a big storm blows up, she is in no immediate danger of turning over.

Salvaging work on the stranded submarine H-3 was abandoned today. The navy department will let to private contractors a contract for salvaging the diver by raising her on jacks and hauling her overland across the peninsula to Humboldt bay.

Eureka, Cal., Jan. 15.—Hope of floating the cruiser Milwaukee, aground in the surf near Samoa, was practically abandoned today. Although the ship has been on the sands for only 48 hours, she is beginning to break up. With Lieutenant W. F. Newton, an expert engineer, made a visit to the stranded cruiser, and penetrated all sections of the vessel. They returned with the message that there is no possibility of getting the cruiser off. The sea valves are already breaking open and other sections of the lower hull are falling away under the terrific battering to which the Milwaukee has been subjected. The commanding officers today turned their thoughts to saving the valuables aboard, especially the ordnance, machinery and other portable equipment. It is reported a trestle will be built from the beach 400 feet to the cruiser's deck. Over this the big guns, ammunition and other valuables will be brought to safety, if there is yet time.

The Milwaukee's list to seaward is increasing perceptibly. Every big wave that smashes her lifts the hull higher on the sand. The fact that she is lying broadside to the sea increases the possibility that she may turn over.

The coast guard ship McCulloch is on the scene and her men are assisting in such salvage work as can be attempted. The McCulloch is also caring for members of the Milwaukee's crew.

The Pacific fleet, is expected to arrive here some time today on board the cruiser San Diego.

Chicago—Police are seeking "W. J. Bryan" and "Hen. Ford," a fat man and a tall, thin man, respectively. Guests belongings disappeared soon after the pair registered at Hotel Plymouth.