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No Other Town in the World the Size of Grants Pass Has a Paper With Full Leased Wire Telegraph Service.

## HARMONY IS NOTE STRUCK BY G. O. P.

### Taft and Teddy Shake Hands and Renew the Friendship That Formerly Existed Between the Ex-Presidents

New York, Oct. 4.—Strains from the ex-presidents' harmony duet still employed the atmosphere around republican headquarters today. William H. Taft and Theodore Roosevelt had met—shaken hands—and spoken.

Two years ago they met at a funeral. Last night it was a sort of christening bee. The christening was "Harmony." The Union League club was the spot. No mere reporters were permitted to desecrate the scene but—

Roosevelt and Taft did shake hands. They both asked "Howdy do?" but neither answered the question. There was not any one who heard any "Dear Will" or "Dear Theodore" stuff. The two merely nodded. Taft stuck his hand out. T. R. grabbed it, gave it one up-and-down pump and dropped it. Then the two, with Chauncey M. Depew standing between them, stood in line, while all the big republicans passed, behind open-faced suits and with out-stretched hands that itched to be shaken by the two former presidents and a would-be president—Charles E. Hughes—on the same night.

That much is agreed today by every one who was inside, while the reporters were kept outside, looking in.

As to just who got the colonel and Judge Taft together there is difference of opinion. Taft arrived before Roosevelt and had taken his place in line when Roosevelt, shaking hands right and left, appeared. Some say Governor Whitman hooked his arm through the colonel's, led him over to Taft, and said: "Mr. Taft, here's Colonel Roosevelt."

Some say George R. Sheldon did the deed.

At any rate, that's all there was to it in so far as Taft and Roosevelt were concerned. Some say they were cordial; others said neither smiled. This latter was refuted by still others, who said it would have been physically impossible for either to keep from grinning.

But there were other little high spots that made it almost as interesting as if the colonel and Taft had hugged each other. For instance, when Roosevelt got in the elevator who should have been crowded against him but W. Murray Crane, who is said to have accumulated as many unsaid words as he has dollars. The two spoke—but Roosevelt alone spoke above a whisper. When he said his "howdy do," Crane leaned carefully over to the colonel's ear—some say it was the colonel's right ear, others the left—and moved his lips. Roosevelt, according to eye witnesses, pretended to hear Crane and, in turn, leaned to Crane's ear. His lips moved. Crane smiled, nodded his head, and once more whispered in Roosevelt's ear. T. R. smiled. That was all of that.

Then Roosevelt ran against Elihu Root, who guided Taft's "tank" at Chicago in 1912. Both smiled broadly and shook hands. This act brought much buzz-buzz of approval, and some hand-clapping. There is not any more of that.

But the incident no one forgot to mention when the news-hungry reporters were being tossed the official scraps of information was the meeting between—well, you'd never guess—between Boise Penrose and Roosevelt. Penrose ponderously paraded

## SLAV GUNBOATS STEAM DOWN THE RIVER DANUBE

Petrograd, Oct. 4.—Russian gunboats have steamed down the Danube river and are bombarding the Bulgarian left flank near Rasova, in Dobrudja, it was officially announced today.

The Russian warships are co-operating with the Russo-Roumanian forces now attacking Field Marshal von Mackensen's army south of the Constantza railway. The battle is going on along the line extending from Rasova through Kabaden to Perveli. On the Austro-German front stubborn battles are going on in the region of Bulnov, near Cheliov, and near Korytnica. The enemy is retaining his position along the river Ceniowka, near the source of the Ziota Lipa, with the most stubborn resistance.

## JUAREZ FEARS AN ATTACK BY VILLA

El Paso, Oct. 4.—The arrival early today in Juarez of two wounded officers from the Casas Grandes garrison lent color to the reports that the Carranzista garrison at the latter town and a small body of Villista bandits had clashed near there. Casas Grandes is located on the communication lines of Pershing's expedition. Many residents of Juarez stayed on the American side of the border last night, fearing an attack on the town. Current rumors had set the date for an attack by Villistas as October 4.

The last report to the military authorities at Juarez placed the bandit leader in the Guerrero district, west of Chihuahua City, where Villa is reported encamped and recruiting his forces. Although Chihuahua City is swarming with Carranzista reinforcements, the pursuit of the bandits is being delayed.

## SASKATCHEWAN HAS EARLY FALL OF SNOW

Winnipeg, Oct. 4.—Snow has fallen steadily for three days in southern and western Saskatchewan, delaying threshing.

## RE-UNITING OF G. O. P. COMPLETE

New York, Oct. 4.—"A visible sign that the party is completely reunited," was how republican leaders today viewed the Taft-Roosevelt handshaking at the Union League club last night. And that the affair was not merely "howdy do," followed by cold formality and distance came to light when men present said the pair indulged in a bit of "joshing" as they were leaving.

They were crowded in the elevator. One remarked "that was fine." (Meaning the speech.) "You hit the point." The man who chronicled this news was not a good reporter, so did not recall just who did the talking, but left the impression that it was the colonel.

Nor did the informant relate the reply, if there was one.

Chairman Willcox, of the republican committee, held that the meeting was significant, as showing the country—if such a sign were needed—that the party now stands solidly together.

to the receiving line and got a real smile, so every one insisted.

William Barnes was a late arrival. He says the crowd was so thick he was unable to get close enough to T. R. to speak.

## ROUMANIAN ARMY PUT TO FLIGHT

### Body That Crossed the Danube River Into Bulgarian Territory Meets Reverse and is Forced to Withdraw

Berlin, Oct. 4.—The Roumanian force that crossed the Danube and invaded Bulgaria has been forced to withdraw in hasty flight, it was officially announced this afternoon.

Attacked on three sides by German and Bulgarian troops, and threatened with envelopment, the Roumanians retreated.

The crossing had been made near Rjasovo, the Roumanians using transports and pontoon bridges. Teutonic monitors destroyed one of the pontoons, endangering the Roumanians' line of supplies. Meanwhile, Bulgar and German forces approached on both flanks and on the front.

Pinned back against the river, the Roumanians were threatened with a repetition of the disaster at Tutrakas, where 23,000 Roumanian troops were trapped and captured on the south bank of the Danube, while hundreds were drowned trying to swim the river.

The German-Bulgar encircling movement thus brought to an end the first attempted invasion of Bulgaria, widely heralded in the allies' press as the beginning of a great campaign to flank von Mackensen out of Dobrudja.

J. W. Washichek left this morning for Ashland, after spending three weeks in this city.

## BASEBALL MAGNATE LOSES TEMPER AND TROUBLE BREWS IN NAT. LEAGUE

New York, Oct. 4.—President John K. Tener, of the National league, declared to the United Press today that absolutely nothing will be done from his office regarding the charges of Manager John McGraw that the Giants quit in yesterday's game with Brooklyn. Governor Tener's declaration followed an assertion by Garry Herrmann, president of the national commission, that the matter had been laid to rest as far as the commission was concerned.

"It looks to me like an outburst from a man wrought up over the fact that he could not keep on winning with a team which had just finished a run of 26 consecutive victories," Tener said.

"I do not doubt that he said harsh things, but every friend of baseball who knows the national game will attribute it to the fiery temper of the man who said it. There is nothing to be done from this office."

Tener expressed regret over the fact that so much fuss had been made over a matter that appeared to him to be of very slight importance.

Herrmann insisted he did not see why the national commission should take up the matter.

"There is no case to close, so far as the commission is concerned," he declared. "I don't want to talk about it."

Ban Johnson, president of the American league, did not comment on the occurrence, saying it was not his place to become involved in a controversy in which he did not have any interest at the present time.

McGraw himself could not be located early today, nor could Harry N.

## PUT MEXICO TO WORK IS PLAN

### Mining Men Confer With Joint Commission and Discuss Scheme for Operation of Industries of the Republic

Headquarters American-Mexican Joint Commission, Atlantic City, N. J., Oct. 4.—It may be unwelcome news to certain bandits and Mexicans who have been living off the fat, rather than the fat, of the land, but there is a scheme on to put Mexico to work.

The committee of mining men who conferred with the American-Mexican peace commissioners during the past two days saw the Mexican group again today. These sessions are the basis for the work idea. The mining men are going over the tax situation of Mexico, the railroad problem, and general plans for putting Mexico's working machinery back into order and for substituting use of the pick and shovel for the rifle and sabre as a national pastime.

The American commissioners have served notice that the United States can not guarantee return of Americans to the mining districts until the safety of life and property is assured—which may be interpreted to mean that while Carranza is complaining about withdrawal of American troops, it is up to him to get control of the interior districts, where idle mines are located.

While Carranza is still insisting on early withdrawal of the Pershing forces in any discussion of border patrol, it is denied that he has made any threat to recall his commissioners if there is no compliance.

Hempstead, president of the New York Giants.

McGraw lost his temper early in the game between the Dodgers and Giants, it developed early today. He left the field in the fourth inning, when he became enraged by a wild throw made by Pitcher Perritt. He returned, however, only to leave again in the fifth when a Brooklyn baserunner stole second. McGraw declared Perritt displayed poor judgment and gross carelessness in taking a full wind-up with a baserunner on first. His charge of quitting roused Art Fletcher and Perritt, who gave him the lie and McGraw rushed from the field in a fit of temper. After the game he declared his players had not given him their best efforts and that he was through for the season. He did not directly charge them with playing into Brooklyn's hands, but he said they showed a listlessness and indifference in a crucial game which was shameful in a team which had just captured a completed run of 26 consecutive victories.

Regardless of McGraw, the Giants must be given credit for putting up something of an objection to Brooklyn's running over them rough-shod for a pennant. They hit the ball, ran the bases and fielded most of the time in tip-top fashion. Pitching was the point where they fell hard, and it was on this point that McGraw based his charge.

McGraw has been manager of the Giants since 1902, when he came to New York from the Baltimore club. He has piloted the team to one world's championship in 1905 and to

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## BREACH IN LINES OF GERMAN ARMY FAST MADE WIDER

With the French Armies on the Somme, Oct. 4.—The allies have now widened their breach in the German lines on the Somme front over a forty-five kilometer front (about twenty-five miles) to a maximum depth of 15 kilometers (about eight and one-half miles).

In the early days of the offensive the allied attacks were delivered on a front extending from a point north of the Albert-Bapaume highway to a point north of Chaulnes. The capture last week of Thiepval extended the British attack almost to the Ancre brook. The French reached south of Chaulnes and captured the village of Villy.

A heavy rain that hindered operations for two days ceased falling yesterday noon and artillery began tuning up, particularly south of the river.

North of the Somme the French last night completed the conquest of a German trench between Morval and St. Pierre Vaast wood, taking two hundred prisoners. South of the river there was a violent bombardment in the region of Belloy-en-San Terre, but no important infantry fighting.

## POTATOES ARE SCARCE IN OREGON

Portland, Oct. 4.—We may be wearing potatoes for watch charms and shirt studs before spring if famine predictions made today by Oregon farmers materialize. Market experts forecasted an acute shortage of spuds in the United States as a result of bad eastern crops. California and Idaho abandoned the spud for the beet and the bean this season. The Washington crop is also small. Kansas and Nebraska already are bidding for Oregon tubers. California agents are in the field gunning for big shipments, using caution so as not to start an immediate boom.

## WINDOW WASHER FALLS FROM THIRD STORY

Portland, Oct. 4.—Clutching frantically at crevices in the stonework, Alexander Kovalchuk, 26 years old, a window washer, swayed on a narrow ledge three stories above ground today, while a crowd watched. Finally he toppled and crashed to the sidewalk. The man was taken to a private hospital, evidently terribly hurt. He fell from the third floor of a big department store building on Tenth street, a busy downtown thoroughfare, at noon.

## U. S. NOT ORDERED OUT OF MEXICO

Mexico City, Oct. 4.—Reports published in American newspapers that General Carranza has demanded the immediate withdrawal of American troops from Mexico were declared "absolutely false" by high officials here today. They also denied that General Carranza had threatened to recall the Mexican commissioners at Atlantic City unless the troops are withdrawn at once.

Colonel Juan Barragan, chief of staff to General Carranza, will accompany Ambassador Arredondo back to Washington on a thirty-day leave of absence. It was officially announced today. It is generally believed that Barragan is making more than a vacation trip and that he will confer with United States military officers over an arrangement for a military patrol of the border.

## TERAUCHI IS NEW PRIME MINISTER

### Japanese Field Marshal Succeeds Marquis Okuma At Head of the Cabinet Following Latter's Resignation

Tokio, Oct. 4.—Field Marshal Terauchi has been appointed prime minister, succeeding Marquis Okuma, who resigned yesterday.

Count Marhal Terauchi, the new Japanese premier, holds the highest rank in the Japanese army and, until his appointment to the premiership today, was the governor-general of Korea.

Terauchi, a fighting man, strongly supported by Japanese leaders favoring a strong military policy, is understood to have been the candidate of the upper house of the Japanese parliament. He has been described by writers as the champion of an aggressive expansionist policy, particularly with reference to China. One Japanese newspaper declared recently that if Terauchi ever succeeded Okuma as premier it would not be long before a Japanese army was on the road to Peking.

Washington, Oct. 4.—The appointment of Count Marhal Terauchi premier of Japan, is an effort of the emperor to pick a man who will win the support of the political factions of Japan and put an end to the bitter party strife of the past few years, according to Japanese officials here today.

Terauchi, being a military man, it was said, belongs to no party, and therefore is in a good position to win support to all factions. It is expected that he will name a coalition cabinet. The efforts being made to harmonize the political groups in Japan, is said to be for the purpose of getting the country solidly behind the government on the three big questions of the day: Japan's relations with the United States, her relations with China, and the question of taxation for the maintenance and increase of her army and navy.

Terauchi's attitude toward the eastern issues is not definitely known by Japanese officials here, they say. Speaking of his future stand on the Japanese immigration and land question with the United States, they said, however, that Terauchi had a reputation in Japan for extreme caution regarding international questions, and that they were sure he would do nothing to harm the friendly relations between Japan and the United States. Terauchi was formerly minister of war.

## BRITISH ARE STILL GAINING ON SOMME

London, Oct. 4.—The village of Baucourt-L'Abbaye, three miles from Bapaume, was occupied by the British last night in a resumption of the Somme offensive, General Haig reported this afternoon. The British lines were pushed forward into the village several days ago, but the Germans clung tenaciously to several houses. These were cleared of the enemy in last night's fighting.

After a slight intermission, the heavy downpour of rain was resumed on the Somme front yesterday afternoon, interfering with infantry operations. There was considerable artillery firing south of the Ancre, however.