

# Rogue River Courier

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No Other Town in the World the Size of Grants Pass Has a Paper With Full Leased Wire Telegraph Service.

## MILITIA NOT YET ORDERED TO MOVE

### Guardsmen Are Mobilizing Throughout the Nation, and Movement Toward Mexican Boundary Expected Soon

Washington, June 21.—In view of the incomplete mobilization of the militia, the war department indicated it probably would not issue orders sending new forces to the Mexican border today.

The time of issuance of this order, however, still was in doubt, but officials say they would wait until sufficient mobilization had been accomplished before taking the step.

Secretary of War Baker said his messages of the past 24 hours showed no change in the situation.

San Antonio, June 21.—The majority of the 100,000 additional guardsmen now mobilizing throughout the country will begin to move toward the Mexican border immediately their mobilization is complete. If the railroads are equal to the task of transporting them and their equipment.

The militia, under direct orders of General Funston, will be distributed along the international line from the Gulf of Mexico to California at once. They will be assigned to patrol duty, releasing the entire force of regulars now engaged in that work for actual invasion of Mexico, in case war is declared. A large reserve of militia also will be stationed at Fort Sam Houston. The actual number of guardsmen asked by Funston for immediate service is not known yet, but he indicated today that a large part of their total will be sent to the border as fast as they can be transported. He said the remainder will be called for in the event of hostilities.

All branches of the service will be included in the movement southward. But Funston declined to state just how the various units will be distributed, as such knowledge would give the Mexicans a tactical advantage.

The states from which the first troops will be called are to be chosen by the war department, as Funston expressed no preference in this respect. The biggest factor in any delay to be encountered by the militia will be in equipping them with horses and mules. This leads to the belief that the New York and Illinois regiments will be the first to move, as they already are well supplied with animals.

The war department has wired Funston to recruit four regiments of infantry and two of cavalry at once for regular service. Detailed instructions have been mailed. Recruiting will be started at once.

Reports have been received that Mexicans are assuming a threatening attitude at Ojinaga. Funston says they are "running around in circles, bragging about what they intend to do."

Official announcement was made that General Pershing has found no Mexican detachments moving at any point within touch of his lines of communication. Pershing still has scouting parties out on both sides of the line.

General Parker, at Brownsville, reports he has no confirmation of the rumored massacre of Americans at the Cerebalo mines, in the interior of Mexico.

Several big searchlights have arrived at Fort Sam Houston. Funston refused to say how many.

H. S. Gould and son, Erwin, left this morning for Klamath Falls to visit for some time.

## THE PROGRESSIVE PARTY OF KANSAS GETS OFF THE MAP

Topeka, Kas., June 21.—The progressive party is no more in Kansas. Following a conference between Wm. Allen White, national committeeman, and U. S. Sartin, state chairman, the presidential electors were withdrawn from the nomination records in the secretary of state's office. White and Sartin indicated they would support Hughes.

## DEMOCRATS FOR STATE SUFFRAGE

Washington, June 21.—President Wilson today interpreted the suffrage plank in the democratic platform as being an approval of the suffrage movement, but as recommending that it should have its inception in the individual states.

The president told Mrs. D. E. Hooker, of Richmond, Va., of the Virginia Federation of Labor, sent to Washington to present resolutions urging a constitutional amendment for woman suffrage, that the democratic plank did not necessarily disapprove the federal amendment idea, but recommended the movement be taken up state by state.

The Virginia federation denounced the action of the house judiciary committee in not allowing the suffrage question to reach the floor. The president, however, told Mrs. Hooker he did not feel it proper that he should interfere with the committee's action.

"He believes the wiser course is to convert the states to suffrage first," Mrs. Hooker said, after her conference. "I do not believe he is totally opposed to a federal amendment, however."

The president's interpretation of the platform plank came when Mrs. Hooker told him suffragists thought the plank seemed to be "velled in mystery." The president replied, laughing:

"You would seem to accuse us of insincerity and buncombe," and then proceeded. Mrs. Hooker said to explain what he thought was a proper interpretation of the plank.

Mrs. Hooker said if the democratic congress does not take some action on suffrage at this session, she feels sorry for the democratic party.

She added the suffrage workers are going to get to Hughes and find out where he stands, too.

## ANTONY DREXEL MUST PAY WIFE \$50,000 ANNUALLY

London, June 21.—Antony J. Drexel must pay his wife \$50,000 yearly under a separation agreement, according to the terms of judgement entered by Justice Neville today. Drexel did not defend the action.

Drexel, an American banker, has been living in Paris. When his wife first brought action in London, he fought unsuccessfully to have the suit dismissed on the ground that the court had no jurisdiction, he being a resident of Paris.

## WAR MUNITIONS CAPTURED BY SLAVS

Petrograd, June 21.—General Brusiloff's northern wing has repulsed several persistent German attacks in the region of Verocin, capturing prisoners and nine machine guns. It was announced officially tonight.

Between June 4 and June 20, General Brusiloff's armies have captured 3,256 officers, 169,174 men, 198 guns, 550 machine guns, 189 bomb throwers, 148 artillery limbers and 134 searchlights, the war office announced today.

## GERMANS GO TO RELIEF OF LEMBERG

### Great Army of 120,000 Men Sent Eastward by Kaiser to Aid the Austrians in Checking the Russian Drive

London, June 21.—Six German divisions—120,000 men—have been hurried eastward to check the Russian offensive bearing down upon Lemberg, Geneva dispatches reported today.

Two German divisions are en route to the Lutsk-Kovel front. The Austrians, supported by German troops, are counter-attacking with great vigor on this northern flank of General Brusiloff's armies, and appear to have checked, temporarily at least, the Russian advance. Four German divisions are being rushed into action on the 30-mile front from Brody southward to a point east of Przemyshlan. The Russians have opened a heavy artillery attack on this line, evidently in preparation for a hard smash toward Lemberg.

Dispatches from Berlin and Vienna today admitted that the Austrian right wing, under General Pflanzer, continues a retirement before the Russians in Bukovina. The terrific force of the Russian artillery fire is causing Pflanzer to retire rather than to sacrifice his men, Vienna reported, but it is expected that he will shortly make a stand against the Russians.

Officials themselves today pointed to the note sent Carranza as evidence that President Wilson and Secretary Lansing are finally convinced that some other man than Carranza and some other government than the present de facto structure is needed to bring Mexico out of her 10-year course.

## CARRANZA GOVERNMENT WITHDRAWS N. Y. CASH

New York, June 21.—The Carranza government has withdrawn practically all of the \$4,000,000 which it has had on deposit today for financing the ordinary business of the de facto government, it became known today.

## SENTIMENT IN GERMANY STRONG FOR NEW SUBMARINE WARFARE

By Carl W. Ackerman.  
Berlin, June 21.—Taking advantage of a growing indifference to American opinion, advocates of a strong submarine policy have reopened the campaign for a more effective use of the German U boats.

The German people now realize that hostilities will not end this summer and may drag into next year. Faced with this fact, they are united in the desire to see the war pushed with the utmost vigor until the allies are brought to terms. This feeling, spreading gradually throughout the empire during the past few weeks, has been seized on as a weapon by the men who condemned Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg for yielding to the United States in the recent submarine controversy.

The chancellor, at the present time, has the upper hand. But the recent slackening of the press censorship has been followed by some bold statements regarding the effectiveness of the submarine weapon which Germany still possesses, and by renewed activity on the part of the navy league.

It is impossible to forecast what the result will be if regard for American opinion gives way more and more to the determination for aggressive measures to bring the war to a victorious end.

Europe's unfriendly reception of President Wilson's peace talk before the League to Enforce Peace perhaps caused interest in Germany to veer away from America. At any rate, it

## GOVERNMENT OF CARRANZA NEAR END

### Rule of President of Southern Republic Believed Near An End, and Machinery of State Crumbling

Washington, June 21.—The Carranza government is nearing its end, a high administration official said today. The machinery is crumbling, and only an unexpected, right-about-face in Carranza's method can prevent the government's complete disintegration, this official declared, even long enough for it to be replaced by a government sufficiently strong to prevent near-anarchy in the southern republic.

Such a situation has been predicted for months by some war and state department officials. Because the administration, as repeatedly announced, publicly has insisted on giving the Carranza government every chance to restore Mexico to a real status among nations, such official prophets have been given scant hearing. In some cases administration officials have declared such prophecies have been unconfirmed by official reports, saying unsettled conditions exist only in isolated cases. But today no official could be found who did not admit, privately at least, that "watchful waiting" has run its course.

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## CLASH BETWEEN MEXICANS AND U.S. TROOPS IS RUMOR

El Paso, June 21.—Fighting has taken place between Carranzistas and U. S. troops, according to an unconfirmed report received early today by an immigration officer here.

The advance column of cavalry dispatched south from Namiquipa in pursuit of bandits was attacked by troops of the de facto government, this report stated.

General Bell, commanding the U. S. troops in El Paso, said he has no official information of the report. Bell admitted that he had rumors of such fighting from the Columbus base.

American refugees arriving from Chihuahua said there was a large movement of Mexican forces from Chihuahua City northward. The de facto government is reported to have fully 50,000 troops mobilized in Chihuahua state alone, the majority in close touch with the American expedition.

Mexican sniping is believed to have caused reports of a clash. However, the U. S. forces and the Carranzistas face each other south of Namiquipa and local authorities still believe a battle imminent.

General Trevino is preparing to leave Chihuahua City with his staff, personally to take the field, refugees declared.

Reports received by state department agents indicate the de facto government is making every preparation for war. Troops are being mobilized, recruiting is going on and large forces are being sent to northern points.

Recent arrivals reported anti-American demonstrations in several Mexican states, encouraged by officers of the de facto government.

General Pershing is reported today at Colonia Dublan, where his largest forces are entrenched.

Motor trucks leaving Columbus with ammunition and supplies for the U. S. forces are heavily guarded. Machine guns have been mounted on the wagons. The trucks in the motor trains have been instructed to keep together in order to resist more effectively if attacked.

Practically all trains returning to Columbus reported sniping.

## BANDIT LEADER IN CARRANZA'S ARMY

Brownsville, Texas, June 21.—General Parker has officially reminded General Ricaut, Carranza commander at Matamoros, of Ricaut's promise to round up the bandits who crossed the river and attacked a detachment of American soldiers near here last Friday night.

Parker also furnished Ricaut with the names of bandits known to have participated in the San Benito raid. Anacleto Piscana, bandit leader, has been made a colonel in the Carranza army, and given command of a detachment that will defend the Matamoros plaza in the event of hostilities, it was reported on reliable authority today.

## 500,000 POUNDS OF CORN BEEF ORDERED BY U. S.

Chicago, June 21.—Half a million pounds of cooked corn beef for immediate delivery to San Antonio was ordered by the United States government today at local packing plants.

Other phase of the situation today. Referring to the English losses in the Skagerak engagement, to the French losses at Verdun and the Italian losses in the Trentino, the Lokal Anzeiger declared the allies were using magnifying glasses to convert defeats into victories. The article concluded with the statement that, since the allies fail to realize they are beaten, there is only one thing for Germany to do—fight the war to a finish.

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## PREPARE FOR BLOCKADE OF MEXICO

### Pacific Fleet Is Distributed Along the West Coast, and Closing of Ports by U. S. Navy Would Be Easy

San Diego, June 21.—That Uncle Sam means business was indicated today by the distribution of the Pacific reserve fleet up and down the Mexican coast in such a way that an immediate blockade may be called on every Mexican port from Guaymas to Salinas Cruz. Not even in the days following the landing of U. S. blue-jackets at Vera Cruz were there so many United States ships on duty at the same time south of San Diego as today.

At sunrise the "mosquito" fleet of torpedo destroyers, consisting of the destroyers Hull, Hopkins and Truxton, with Lieutenant W. W. Bradley in command, steamed out of San Diego for the south.

The boats were preceded late yesterday by the armored cruiser Pittsburg, flagship of Rear-Admiral Fullam, and by the armored cruiser Colorado. The armored cruiser South Dakota is under orders to sail from Bremerton for the south tomorrow. She will pick up marines at Puget sound and stop at San Francisco to pick up an added quota of blue-jackets.

With the sailing of the South Dakota every ship in commission in the Pacific reserve fleet will either be in Mexican waters or headed south. The naval collier Mars was to sail from San Diego today. This will empty the harbor of the U. S. fleet that has been anchored here for some time.

The outgoing vessels have been coaled in record time. All hands pitched into the job of filling the bunkers and ships were still black with coal dust as they raced for the south.

According to present plans, the Pacific fleet will be distributed as follows:

At Mazatlan—Cruisers San Diego, Milwaukee and South Dakota; transport Buffalo, gunboat Annapolis.

At Guaymas—Cruiser Cleveland, armored cruiser Maryland and supply ship Glacier.

At Manzanillo—Cruisers Pittsburg, Albany and Colorado.

At Salinas Cruz—Cruisers Denver and Raleigh.

At Acapulco—Cruiser Chattanooga.

At Topolobampo—Gunboat Yorktown and destroyer Truxton.

At San Jose de Cabo—Destroyer Hopkins.

At LaPaz—Destroyer Hull.

The destroyers Whipple, Paul Jones, Preble and Stewart, now undergoing repairs at Mare Island, will be available for service by July 1.

## BRITISH OCCUPY GERMAN EAST AFRICA POSITIONS

London, June 21.—British forces in German East Africa have occupied Hardeni and Altlangenburg. General Smuts reported today. Enemy counter-attacks were repulsed.