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No Other Town in the World the Size of Grants Pass Has a Paper With Full Leased Wire Telegraph Service.

BULL MOOSE AND G. O. P. CONFER

Olive Branch Is Extended by Progressives Late This Afternoon, Nomination of T.R. Being Delayed for Time

Coliseum, Chicago, June 8.—The olive branch resolution asking co-operation with the republicans was delivered to the G. O. P. meeting at 4:30 o'clock. At that time Senator Lodge was reading the platform.

Auditorium, Chicago, June 8.—The bull moose late today took their step toward official conference with the republican party. A resolution authorizing a conference with the republicans was adopted after much acrimonious debate. The resolution makes a time limit for the negotiations. Adoption of the peace resolution came two hours after it seemed the bull moose were determined to nominate Colonel Roosevelt this afternoon at all costs.

The delegates were hammered into pacific attitudes after the belligerency had become so evident that the Auditorium fairly rocked with T. R. spirit.

George W. Perkins moved approval of the progressive platform be postponed until after the result of the conference with the republicans is known.

The sergeant-at-arms of the progressives left at once for the Coliseum to lay the conference resolutions before the republican convention.

CONFIRM SUCCESS OF RUSSIAN ARMY

London, June 8.—Confirmation of Russian successes in the east's gigantic offensive on the Austrian front is contained in the report of the Austro-Hungarian army headquarters, which admits a retreat of five kilometers near Okna, in northeast Bukovina. The artillery attacks of the Russians are described as "tremendous." Greatest concentration is on the section between Brody and the Pruth. The Russians, says the Austrian report, are using shells in unbelievably large numbers.

WISDOM AND MUSIC AT CHAUTAUQUA

"Success Where You Are," was a subject in which Mrs. Harriette Gunn Roberson found great possibilities for the inspiring of her audience to making the most of the opportunity which presented itself. The lady proved herself a speaker of force, and she won her way to the hearts of her audience at once. This lecture, taken in connection with the booster lecture by Ernest J. Sias, on "Home Town Preparedness," Wednesday night, should make those who got the "meat from the coconut" see more reason for boasting and for striving, as it was so clearly proved by the argument of the speakers that success is right at hand for the person who does not look away over its head.

Witpaki's orchestra, undoubtedly the most popular attraction at the Chautauqua last season, is here today, pleasing its audience this afternoon, and will appear for the last time tonight. Mme. Fay Morillius will also appear with the orchestra tonight.

PROGRESSIVES FOR AMERICANISM --PREPAREDNESS

Chicago, June 8.—Declaring for a regular army of 250,000 men, a navy "second in the world in battle efficiency," and a nationalized system of citizen military training, supplied and controlled by the federal government, the progressive platform adopted today makes preparedness and Americanism the keynotes of party policy.

Standing for peace, the progressives declare that an adequate military establishment for defense, sufficient to guarantee American rights on land and sea and to uphold the honor of the nation, is a basic duty of the government to the people.

Linked with their declaration for a stronger military establishment, the progressives assert that individual efficiency, a "passing of prosperity about," and a social justice are imperative. Regulation of industry and a non-partisan tariff commission are declared essential to meet with the mobilized production of Europe following the war.

RADICALS READY TO NAME ROOSEVELT

Auditorium Theater, Chicago, June 8.—Despite Colonel Roosevelt's statement offering to address the republican convention and making another plea for harmony, the radical bull moose announced this afternoon that they were going ahead with their plan to nominate Roosevelt before the close of this afternoon's session of the progressive convention.

When shown Roosevelt's statement by the United Press, Wm. Allen White, Kansas radical leader, left the meeting of the resolutions committee for a conference with Chairman Victor Murdock of the progressive national committee.

"The statement is to the republicans," said White. "It is their funeral. We are going ahead with our plans. I think Roosevelt will be nominated this afternoon."

Murdock, although declining to be quoted, intimated that he felt the same way about it.

As the progressive plans began to trickle into the Auditorium there was a suppressed air of excitement. The radicals had agreed on a do or die program. Some of them were inclined to believe that Roosevelt's statement was secured through the efforts of George W. Perkins, leader of the conservatives, in a final effort to prevent a stampede at the Auditorium today.

PORT OF SALONIKI BLOCKADED BY ALLIES

London, June 8.—The allies have blockaded the port of Saloniki and the Greek island of Milos, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Athens.

ROOSEVELT'S MIND NOT YET MADE UP

Oyster Bay, June 8.—"I have no present intention," was the reply Colonel Roosevelt made today to newspaper men who pressed him for a definite answer to the question, "Are you going to Chicago?"

The colonel said he received the telegraph request of National Committeeman William P. Jackson of Maryland, asking that he come to Chicago and address the republican convention. His reply to it will be made some time today, probably at noon. The colonel was preparing the answer this morning. He would not indicate what its text would be.

SUFFRAGE IS ENDORSED BY G. O. P.

Republican Platform Will Contain Plank Favoring Extending the Ballot to the Women of the Nation

Coliseum, Chicago, June 8.—The republican resolutions committee this afternoon finally adopted the suffrage plank. The vote was 34 to 11, and came after a hard fight, led by Senator Wadsworth of New York. A motion by Delegate Butler to reconsider the committee's initial action of adoption this morning was lost.

Coliseum, Chicago, June 8.—After a lively fight in committee, which may later find its way to the floor of the convention, the republican party platform builders today endorsed woman suffrage.

The vote, taken at the conclusion of extended debate, was 26 to 21. Immediately afterward opponents of the suffrage plank threatened to demand a re-consideration, claiming a number of members of the resolutions committee were absent when the vote was taken.

At 2:05 p. m., however, Senator Borah said the motion to reconsider had not been made, that he did not think it would be, and if it was that he would keep the committee in session all night before permitting re-consideration.

The plank on Americanism was adopted, calling for the vigorous enforcement of all Americans rights, treaty, personal and property.

The committee defeated a plank favoring universal military training. The vote was 33 to 19.

The plank denouncing the democratic administration on its foreign policy and calling for full protection of American rights was adopted.

Congressman Marion Butler offered a resolution at the request of Colonel Richard Bartholdt of Missouri,

REPUBLICAN SPELLBINDERS TALK WHILE PLATFORM BUILDERS WORK

Coliseum, Chicago, June 8.—The republican national convention marked time today, awaiting its platform framers' work. In the marking time process the delegates were treated to a session of oratory by such old time wheelhorses of the party as Chauncey M. Depew and "Uncle Joe" Cannon, with Senator Wm. E. Borah of the newer day thrown in for good measure.

If the plans of the G. O. P. leaders go through, the session beginning at 4 p. m., to which hour the convention adjourned at 1:31, will be a two-hour discussion of the platform. It was first reported all over the convention hall that a scheme was being hatched by a number of the old guard to continue the session right through the afternoon and evening until a candidate was nominated. Chairman Harding, however, gave it as his opinion that there would be no nominating speeches until tomorrow morning.

Colonel Roosevelt's announcement from Oyster Bay that he would come to Chicago if the republican convention invited him to do so did not get a rise out of the republicans. The big leaders read the statement with unexcited interest, but none had any comment to make except Chairman Harding, who said:

FT. VAUX NOW IN HANDS OF GERMANS

French Position Four Miles From Verdun Is Occupied by Kaiser's Army After Days of Battling

Paris, June 8.—The French war office in its official statement today admitted the occupation of Fort Vaux, on the east bank of the Meuse, by the Germans.

The statement said: "After seven days of the fiercest fighting, the garrison of Fort Vaux was absolutely exhausted and could not prevent the occupation of the ruined fort by the Germans. The French still hold positions on the outskirts of the fort and positions on the swells to the right and left. All German attacks against these latter positions have not been successful."

Fort Vaux is about four miles from the shell-scarred city of Verdun. Beyond it are the forts Thiaumont, Souville, Tavannes and Saint Mihiel. Fort Vaux is on a hill 300 feet high, with sharply inclined slopes. For several weeks it has been the scene of some of the fiercest fighting of the war, being alternately ripped by the heaviest of artillery bombardments and then charged by infantry.

urging a world peace court. The resolution read:

"We believe in pacific settlement of international disputes and favor a world court for that purpose."

This resolution was expected to be discussed at length.

The Mexican plank denouncing the Wilson administration for its "meddling course" in that republic will go through with but a few changes in the wording. It adopts a policy for the protection of American personal and property rights in Mexico.

The committee is not expected to complete its work until late this evening.

"Roosevelt is always interesting and a leading American, but the chairman has no authority to invite and recognize him as a speaker except on order of the convention."

From all outward appearances the convention was no nearer its choice of a nominee this afternoon than yesterday.

There was, however, a very noticeable increase in "pep" and there were larger crowds in the gallery and much greater enthusiasm.

Today, however, the convention seemed to find itself. It was like a real old-fashioned republican gathering—the yowls of derision at oratorical pokes aimed at democracy, plenty of good old G. O. P. bombs thrown by good old-fashioned orators and the general settling of other years.

REPUBLICAN CONFEREES

Coliseum, Chicago, June 8.—The following committee was appointed by the republican convention to confer with a similar body from the progressives to act as a peace conference:

Senators Smoot, Borah, Crane, Nicholas Murray Butler, and Congressman Johnson of Ohio.

TEDDY WILLING TO LET REPUBLICANS HEAR HIM TALK

Oyster Bay, June 8.—Colonel Roosevelt replied today to W. P. Jackson, of Maryland, who invited him to address the national republican convention, as follows:

"In answer to your telegram, I can only say the matter lies with the republican convention, and if the republican convention desires me to address it, I shall be glad to do so. I very earnestly hope that the republicans and progressives assembled at Chicago will keep steadily in mind the gravity of this crisis, not only for America but for the world, and the need that their action in dignity, foresight and patriotism shall rise level to the crisis. I hope that the aim will not be merely to nominate a man who can be elected next November but a man of such power, character, steadfast conviction and proved ability that if elected he will again place this nation where it belongs by making it true to itself and therefore true to all mankind.

"President Wilson, however amiable his intentions, has rendered to this people the most evil service that can be rendered to a great democracy by its chosen leader. He has defiled the national conscience and relaxed the spring of lefty, national motives by teaching our people to accept high sounding words as the offset and atonement for shabby deeds, and to use words which mean nothing in order to draw all meaning from those which have a meaning. It will be no easy task to arouse austere self-respect which has been lulled to slumber by these means. To this task we should bend our united energy in the spirit of Washington and Lincoln, the spirit of genuine democratic leadership, the spirit which sets the standard to which the nation ought to rise and then, with confident hope, appeals to the soul of the people so that they may in fact support the standard thus raised.

"The differences that have divided not merely republicans and progressives but good Americans of all shades of political beliefs from one another in the past, sink into nothing when compared with the issues now demanding decision—for the issues are vital to the national life. They are the issues of a unified Americanism and of national preparedness. If we are not all of us Americans and nothing else, scorning to divide along the lines of section, of creed, or of national origin, then the nation itself will crumble into dust.

"If we are not thoroughly prepared, if we have not developed a strength which respects the rights of others but which is also ready to enforce others' respect for their own rights, then sooner or later we shall have to submit to the will of an alien conqueror.

"These questions are not in the realm of abstract thought. They must be taken out of the world of cloudy promise and vague phrasing into the world of performances and fact. They are today in concrete form before you and your fellows for your decision. For two years, in the face of awful world cataclysm, this nation has stood supine and helpless and has not in the smallest degree prepared itself to ward off the danger. No promise, no excuse now made by those responsible for this inaction, is entitled to consideration. It is for you and your assistants to show the people that they have a worthy alternative to which to turn.

"The professional German-Americans, acting through various agencies, including so-called German-American alliances, are at this moment serving notice on the members of your convention that your action must be taken with a view to the interest, not of the United States, but of Germany and of that section of the German vote which is anti-American to the core.

"I believe with all my heart that the actions of these sinister German-Americans will be repudiated with contempt by the great mass of our fellow citizens who are in whole or

DEADLOCK IS PROBABLE AT CHICAGO

Possibility of Republicans and Bull Moosers Getting Together Appeared Remote at a Late Hour Today

Chicago, June 8 (3:15 p. m.)—Every outward sign and every obtainable statement from opposing leaders indicated a hopeless deadlock of the political situation at this hour.

The republican convention, held in perfect control by its leaders, was as far from the selection of a candidate as at the hour of opening yesterday. It had admittedly reached an impasse and was awaiting the next move of the progressives.

The bull moose convention, divided within itself, and apparently entirely out of the control of its leaders, was momentarily expected to break the leash held by George W. Perkins, and to proceed with the nomination of Theodore Roosevelt. At this hour Perkins was still talking hopefully of harmony. The old guard leaders believed no harmony was possible if it existed in accepting Roosevelt.

Justice Hughes still loomed as the most likely nominee of the republicans, but will only hold this place so long as there is a chance of his nomination drawing the progressives back into the ranks. The justice is scarcely more popular with the leaders than T. R. His steadfast refusal to pull the situation out of the fire, as it is figured he might, is causing him to be charged with responsibility for the deadlock.

At the same time Hughes can have the nomination for a nod—if he will only nod so the progressives, as well as the republicans, can see him.

Roosevelt's statement that he is willing to come to Chicago if requested by the republicans, has resulted in no mad summons. The colonel's bid for an invitation is claiming the attention of the leaders this afternoon. That is all it is likely to do. Unless the colonel cares to let it be known before hand what he will say if given the privilege to address the convention, he will not be invited.

ANTI-AMERICAN RIOT AT CHIHUAHUA CITY

El Paso, June 8.—Carranza troops in defense of Americans in Chihuahua City killed three Mexicans during anti-American rioting Tuesday and Wednesday nights, according to reports this afternoon. The American consulate was nearly wrecked. The American residents wired here for a special train to take them to the border.

In part of German blood, and who are, as we all know, unsurpassed in rugged and whole-souled Americanism by other citizens of our land.

"But the professional German-Americans are seeking to terrorize your convention, for they wish to elect next November a man who shall not be in good faith for the American president, but the viceroy of a foreign government. It is for your reputation in emphatic fashion to repudiate them. This can be done in effective manner only if such action is taken as to enable the republicans, progressives, democrats who are true to the principles of Andrew Jackson—and in short, all Americans—to join in the effort to reach the goal we all have in view.

"As far as my own soul is known to me, it is in this same spirit that at this time I make my appeal to the republicans and progressives assembled at Chicago.

"(Signed) Theodore Roosevelt."