

Rogue River Courier

DAILY EDITION

VOL. VI., No. 188.

GRANTS PASS, JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OREGON, FRIDAY, APRIL 21, 1916.

WHOLE NUMBER 1737.

No Other In the World the Size of Grants Pass Has a Paper With Full Leased Wire Telegraph Service.

KAISER GETS AMERICA'S MESSAGE

German Press Terms Demands in Submarine Controversy More of "Wilson's Bluff," and Break Not Feared

Berlin, April 21.—President Wilson's note demanding the end of Germany's present submarine campaign was conveyed to the kaiser and the people today. Newspapers printed it in full.

Because this is Good Friday, it was almost impossible to obtain an expression of opinion from the foreign office. There is little likelihood, however, that a reply will be sent before the end of next week.

It was indicated that there would be no public comment until Imperial Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg returns from his Easter visit to the kaiser and the army on the eastern front.

Since the submarine controversy with the United States began it has been customary to summon into conference heads of the marine department, leading bankers and business men before replying. This will probably be done in the present case and leading members of the reichstag may also be called in.

"Germany will never yield to America because of Wilson's bluff," said the Deutsche Tages Zeitung. "The attitude of the American press is in comical contrast to the really effective power of that country. The best methods of advertisement, of which Wilson is a master, wear thin in time. When the sword of Damocles remains too long suspended we can see it is only a wooden one."

"We have heard enough of silly reproaches leveled at us by America's sea-going citizens," said the Berlin Post. "If Washington gentlemen believe we have nothing more important to do than to investigate whether any cattle driver had a lock of his precious hair ruffled while crossing to Europe on a munitions ship, then the people in the White House are terribly mistaken. Why do Americans choose ships in which they can be hurt? Does the American government deny there are rascals among America's sons? If such rascals are paid with English gold to make dangerous ocean trips, why should Wilson make us responsible for their lives?"

"If Germany should climb down, serious trouble is bound to come from within. Germany's leaders prefer that the trouble should come from without."

The Vossische Zeitung assured its readers that there was no serious danger of a break over President Wilson's personal views, since, it said, there could be no decisive step without the approval of congress, which is "opposed to any action that might lead to war for England's sake."

DRUG STORE ALCOHOL RESPONSIBLE FOR JAGS

Pendleton, April 21.—Purchasers of alcohol hereafter will have their names printed in the local newspapers. Police learned that out of 31 arrests for drunkenness thus far in April, all but three jags were the result of alcohol bought at drug stores.

BATTLESHIPS ORDERED TO PREPARE TO SAIL

Philadelphia, April 21.—Orders have been received at the navy yard for the battleships Connecticut and Kansas to get ready to sail within 24 hours, it was reported today. The collier Brutus, one of the navy's largest, left last night for the Pacific coast.

MAN WHO AIDED IN HOOPER'S ESCAPE GIVEN FREEDOM

Salem, April 21.—Governor Withcombe today conditionally pardoned Tiffin Canteseo and Frank Molino. Canteseo was committed under the name of Joe Conlidge from Josephine county September 8, 1915, to serve from three to ten years for assaulting an officer and aiding prisoners to escape. Molino was committed from Multnomah county. Both will be deported to Italy.

Canteseo, or Conlidge as he gave his name when arrested in Grants Pass, was arrested for an attempted assault upon a six-year-old girl. He later assisted John Austin Hooper in the latter's spectacular escape from the county jail when Sheriff Smith was overpowered and locked up by the two prisoners. The Italian was picked up on the street a few minutes after his escape, but Hooper is still in the open. Conlidge was brought to trial upon the charge of assaulting an officer, and the more serious charge, that of attack upon the six-year-old girl, was never brought to issue. The charge still stands against the man, he having been indicted and a warrant now being out for him.

EXPRESS MESSENGER IS SHOT BY BANDIT

Shreveport, La., April 21.—A masked bandit early today shot L. C. Phillips, an express messenger, and robbed an express car on the Louisiana Railroad & Navigation train No. 2, escaping when the cars reached Alexandria, it was reported here. The account said the bandit remained on the train for an hour.

CHARGE THAT GERMANS INSTIGATED RAID

Washington, April 21.—Investigation of alleged German connection with the Villista raid on Columbus, N. M., is awaiting the return of the American expedition from Mexico, it was learned authoritatively today.

BRYAN TELLS CONGRESS IT HOLDS WHIP HAND

Washington, April 21.—Wm. J. Bryan, in a crowded series of conferences, today told members of congress that they were free to exercise the final decision with regard to a declaration of war.

President Wilson has the power to sever diplomatic relations, but there his power ends, Bryan told the legislators.

Bryan believes a majority in congress is opposed to war. He insists that he is not fighting Wilson.

IDAHO DELEGATION IS ALL FOR BORAH

Twin Falls, Idaho, April 21.—Eight uninstructed delegates to the republican national convention was the slate completed today by the republican state convention here. Senator William E. Borah heads the delegation. All of the other seven delegates and the eight alternates chosen are known as Borah republicans. It is anticipated they will try to start a "Borah for President" boom on the floor of the national convention at Chicago next June. The convention yesterday promptly squelched a resolution evidently intended as a direct slam at Colonel Roosevelt. The resolution demanded that the delegates "vote for and support only republicans." Here is the Idaho delegation:

Senator Borah, Senator Brady, James E. Allshie, of Grangeville; E. R. Wittie, of Coeur d'Alene; Stanley Easton, of Wallace; E. P. Dewey, of Nampa; Fred W. Gooding, of Shoshone, and John W. Hart, of Menan.

FRENCH GAIN ON VERDUN FRONT

German Attack Repulsed and the Allies Advance Their Lines on Both Sides of the Meuse River During Day

Berlin, April 21.—German trenches in Caurette wood were penetrated by the French in a heavy attack, it was officially admitted today. Elsewhere on the Verdun front all attacks were heavily repulsed.

The Germans are hurling strong counter-attacks against the French occupying the Caurette woods and the fighting continues with great ferocity. In the region of Dead Man's hill French assaults were defeated with slaughter.

Paris, April 21.—Following a heavy artillery bombardment, the Germans during the night powerfully attacked on a front of more than one mile between Thiaumont and the lake near Vaux, the French official statement said today. South of Fort Douaumont the Germans entered the French lines, but later were turned out by counter-attacks. The French made prisoners of a number of Teutons and seized two quick-firing guns which had been brought forward in the advance.

Not only were the Germans repulsed heavily, said the war office, but it was said the French advanced their lines on both sides of the Meuse in a renewal of fighting there.

In the region of Dead Man's hill, on the west bank of the Meuse, the French captured a trench at the edge of the Caurette woods, taking prisoners 150 men. On the east bank the French progressed south of Haudremont, rescuing several wounded Frenchmen who were lying on the deadly "no man's land" between the trenches and capturing 20 Germans.

EXHUMED BODY DECLARED NOT THAT OF THE HUNTED BANDIT CHIEFTAIN

Chihuahua City, April 21.—A bandit whose life was spared by his captors has pointed out the lonely grave in the mountains supposed to contain the body of Francisco Villa, it was stated in advices received today, but the corpse when exhumed was declared not to be that of the bandit chief. Other reports to United States Consul Letcher asserted Villa is unaccounted for and is in the state of Durango.

The general in charge of the cartel here announced today that he had received a Carranza order, dated Saturday, prohibiting aviators from flying over cities and barring the American expedition from using telegraphs and telephones.

Carranza soldiers and citizens fired a volley at an army flyer Wednesday. At first he appeared to be attempting to land here, but later he flew toward San Antonio. It was believed he came from Satevo.

Resentment of both soldiers and populace against continued presence of the expedition in Mexico has become so general that the Carranzistas declare they will soon be unable to control the people unless the American troops are withdrawn. Letcher reported that the fight at Parral was not an isolated case. He heard that other attacks upon one detachment of the expedition were believed to have occurred.

"I never did consider the reported

TREACHERY IS FEARED IN MEXICO

American Expedition on Hunt for Villa Is Stalled and Advance Detachment Is Withdrawn to Escape Traps

San Antonio, April 21.—General Pershing withdrew the advanced detachment of the American expedition in order to save it from possible massacre at the hands of Carranzistas, according to staff officers at army headquarters today. The expedition is stalled. Future activities depend upon the conference between Generals Scott and Funston here. The contents of Pershing's reports were not revealed, but it is understood they detailed the Carranzistas' attitude.

Columbus, N. M., April 21.—The lull in the American expedition's Mexican operations extends to the local camp today. Few supplies were sent forward. Only hospital supplies and ambulances came in from El Paso.

A battalion of the 24th infantry detained here today. They are the vanguard of the 2,300 reinforcements which General Funston is sending to strengthen the lines of communications.

Aviators are testing five new military aeroplanes. Only two of the original eight planes which entered Mexico are still in condition. They will be condemned as soon as new machines arrive for the armen.

Portland, April 21.—Easter services will be held on March mountain, one of the largest peaks of the Cascades near the Columbia river. A party of 75 will leave Portland tomorrow night to climb the tortuous path leading up the mountain. Services will be held at sunrise.

REPORT BATTLE OF CARRANZISTAS AND VILLISTAS

El Paso, April 21.—An unconfirmed report from mining sources stated today that 200 Carranzistas had been killed in an attack by Sanuto Reyes and his Villistas upon de facto troops under General Trevino between Torreon and Saltillo. General Gavira discredited the story.

"Mexico for Mexicans," is believed to be the object of again making public the order deporting all foreigners antagonistic to the de facto government.

Consul Garcia today made public a message from General Obregon, Mexican war minister, expressing a hope that "our national and international difficulties will soon be overcome."

Garcia also announced that the government would establish a gold basis in the Juarez customs house May 1. If the importers can not pay gold and sell goods for depreciated silver and paper money, its imports will stop if the order is put into execution.

Some charge that the de facto regime is trying to placate the Mexicans' dissatisfaction with economic and internal conditions by opposing the American expedition. Anti-foreign orders are similarly interpreted. It was reported that famine had caused much recent banditry.

DEMAND RETURN OF VON IGEL'S PAPERS

Washington, April 21.—The seriousness with which the German embassy regards seizure of Wolf von Igel's papers by secret service agents was revealed today when Counsellor Hatzfeldt, accompanied by an attorney, called at the state department and demanded their return. This is the fifth time the documents have been asked for verbally, and there have been three written demands.

The papers are said to throw light on alleged German propaganda work in the United States. They were taken when von Igel, formerly secretary to Captain Franz von Papen, when the latter was a German embassy attaché, was arrested in New York in connection with a government bomb plot probe.

Ambassador von Bernstorff is in New York, presumably in the same connection. Whether the state department's proposal that the papers be submitted to von Bernstorff for him to select those which are property of the embassy will be accepted by the ambassador is not known. He has demanded all the documents and all the photographs and photographic plates which have been made of them by the United States district attorney.

The trap results from von Bernstorff's desire to reclaim the documents as embassy papers and yet not admit officially that they are the property of himself or the embassy. If the embassy refuses papers involving criminal propaganda, the government is free to use them. The documents and the evidence of von der Goltz are believed to show that Captains von Papen and Boy-Ed, recalled embassy attaches, were not the "highest up" men in the alleged propaganda plots. Von der Goltz in his statement declared that von Bernstorff quashed an alleged plan to invade Canada.

MISSISSIPPI TORNADO WORSE THAN SUBMARINE

Debuys, Miss., April 21.—A dozen houses were wrecked and two steamboats sunk by a tornado here today. A cloudburst filled the streets of Yaryan with ten feet of water. Mobile, Ala., reported one woman killed there and another injured when their home was destroyed.

BERNSTORFF MAY BE SENT HOME

Arrest of Former Secretary to von Papen and Seizure of Papers Develops Evidence Bad for Ambassador

Washington, April 21.—German Ambassador von Bernstorff has been caught in a trap from which he can not escape if the interpretation placed here today on the last few days' developments proves correct.

The situation was brought about by the arrest of Wolf von Igel, former secretary to Captain von Papen, recalled German embassy attaché, on bomb plot charges in New York, and the seizure of his papers by secret service agents. Washington has concluded that the German embassy faces the necessity of admitting improper activities or having the facts proved against it. Whether von Bernstorff can show that Washington is wrong remains to be seen.

Von Igel's papers form the principal basis for this belief. The confession of Horst von der Goltz, the kaiser's alleged secret agent, now in custody in this country, is another element. The cabinet has considered the situation. The department of justice and the state department have been considering it for several days. How seriously the German embassy viewed it was shown when eight demands were made for the return of von Igel's papers and for the photographic copies of them taken by the United States district attorney's office.

It was freely predicted that von Bernstorff might be handed his passports for reasons independent of the submarine controversy.

STOP CAMPAIGNING OF SUBMARINES

Washington, April 21.—America in its note to Berlin demands an immediate stop to the present submarine campaign against merchant ships. When this is halted the way will be clear to settle the question of how submarines may proceed against commerce without further endangering friendly relations between the United States and Germany.

This was made clear today in pointing out that the United States will not be satisfied with assurances that Germany will operate within the bounds previously drawn—namely, adequate warning to all doomed ships and assured safety for the passengers.

Germany's present campaign must be discontinued until the two governments can decide what is practicable and legal in the way of conducting submarine operations against enemy commerce. By the term "immediate" in the note the president meant within a time sufficient for the submarine commanders to be notified to cease their activities.

Grave danger now lies in a possible attack upon a neutral vessel, particularly if there chances to be an American on board. In such an event, Germany must show that the submarine commander failed to receive his orders to quit, or a break would be practically automatic.

Kansas City, April 21.—Definite information from Stover county, Missouri, and Bourbon county, Kansas, swept by Wednesday night's cyclones, was lacking today, but it was feared the toll there might be 20 dead. The property loss will run into the millions.

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