UNDER THE NEW LAW

First Month's Receipts of the **Treasury Department.**

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IT WAS LESS THAN LAST YEAR

But It is Estimated, However, That for the Fiscal Year There Will be a Surplus of Between Fifty and Sixty Million Dollars.

WASHINGTON, October 2. - The first month's receipts of the Treasury Department, namely for the month of September, under the operation of the new tar-

iff law were made public yesterday. The aggregate receipts for the month were \$22,621,288, as compared with \$24,-582,758 for September, 1893. As compared with August, 1894, when the receipts from internal revenue assumed abnormal proportions because of the and John L. Sullivan. I dispute your large withdrawals of whisky in anticipation of the increased tax of 20 cents per gallon, there is in round figures a decrease of \$18,000,000. According to the estimates upon which the new tariff bill was based it was to producee, xclu-sive of postal revenue, from sugar \$43,-000,000 a year, and from the income tax placed at a minimum figure \$15,000,000 per year. No revenue from either of those sources is shown in the current re-ceipts of the month of September, for the reason that the income tax does not the trans imported prior to the new law in anticipation of the ad valorem tax placed upon it. Upon the basis of the estimates submitted, and upon which the tariff bill was framed, the revenue from the two principal sources-customs and internal revenue-ach was not pation of the increased tax of 20 cents from the two principal sources-customs and internal revenue—each was put down at \$179,000,000 per year. For the the three months of the present flacal year the receipts have been \$97,848,174, against \$79,379,417 for the corresponding months of 1893. Of the receipts for the current fiscal year to date, \$35,797,243 have been from customs or at the stee of current fiscal year to date, \$35,797,243 have been from customs or at the rate of \$140,000,000 a year, and from internal revenue \$58,944,916 or at the rate of \$232,000,000 a year. These two items alone show an excess of the total esti-mate of \$370,000,000, upon which the tariff bill was based, leaving the mis-cellaneous revenue of \$20,000,000 as a surplus. From present indications, when revenue from sugar and the income tar revenue from sugar and the income tax begin to be received and customs and inbegin to be received and customs and in-ternal revenue receipts assume their normal conditions, as they are now gradually doing, a surplus of between \$50,000,000 and \$60,000,000, at the pres-ent ratio existing between the receipts and expenditures, is indicated. Even as the situation is now shown for the current year to date the expenditures ex-ceed the receipts less than \$1,000,000.

BLOOD OF WOUNDS.

British Naval Officer's Account of the Horrors of Modern War.

LONDON, October 2 .- A British naval officer attached to the Chinese naval squadron which was engaged in the fight off the mouth of Yalu river has written a letter to the Graphic, which is pub-

ter the writer gives additional details of the fighting, and says: "On board the warship Chen Yuen the fighting was awful. The decks and the space around the guns were strewn with human fragments. Three of the five men working a four-ton gun were blown up by a shell from the Japanese warship Naniwa Kan. The fourth gun-ner was shot while trying to escape from the turret, and the fifth stuck to his post. This man fired three rounds at the Naniwa Kan, one shell entering the

THE	PUGILISTS.
	" Indites Fitzsimmons

VOL. 1.

Boston, October 2 .-- Under date of today Corbett wrote Fitzsimmons as fol-

day I desire to state that I am the heavyweight champion of the world. I won that title not by defeating middleweights, but by battling with every heavy-weight that stood between myself right to claim a battle with me at the present time, because, while you are un-

better man than you are, and he will prove it when he meets you. If you ac-cept his challenge and defeat him, then you will not have to worry much about securing a contest with me. You say that O'Donnell is a fourth-rater, and that you are sincere in your desire to be champion of the world. Then you should remove the only obstacle that stands be-tween you and me, especially when he is so easy. I am prepared to post \$5,000 with any reputable man or newspaper in this country, to be paid to you in case I refuse to fight you after you have de-feated O'Donnell. Mr. Brady has posted \$1,000 with the New York Herald in evi-dence of O'Donnell's good faith. You \$1,000 with the New York Herald in evi-dence of O'Donnell's good faith. You do not need to wait thirty days for me to pay any attention to you, for I do not propose to do so. If you are sincere, then you had better arrange a match with O'Donnell at once, for the sooner you do the sooner you will get the chance you seem to desire so much—a meeting."

THE KAISEB'S VIEWS.

What He Thinks That the Modern Bat tle Ship Should Be.

LONDON, October 2.-Edward Reed, M. P., in an interview, to-day gave an outline of a conversation which he recently had with the Emperor of Germany on the subject of war between China and Japan. Mr. Reed said :

"The Emperor expressed clear and pronounced views on the situation, which have been remarkably fulfilled through the results at Yalu. His Majesty recoga letter to the Graphic, which is published in that paper to-day. In this letter the writer gives additional details of the fighting, and says:
"On board the warship Chen Yuen the fighting was awful. The decks and the space around the guns were strewn to sterm. The space around the guns were strewn to sterm.

mission will take up the individual lands, which the Indians desire to sell, that always decide in favor of artillery." Mr. Reed expressed his opinion that and they will be sold under the direction the Yalu battle was remarkable for its of the government. Asked if anything whatever would be done with the conemphasis of the value of speed and ar-mament multiplied by the quick-firing whatever would be done with the chi-tracts, General Armstrong replied: "Nothing. They are invalid. Every-body knows they are of no account. If they are tested in the courts, it will make no difference. When the court dismissed gun.

HILLSBORO, OREGON, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1894.

HE DARE NOT SPEAK.

His Tale Must First be Told to the Brit-

ish Naval Authorities.

Sr. PAUL, October 1.-Captain T. G.

THE PUYALLUP MUDDLE

Manner Now Employed. "In reply to your communication to

> INDIAN BUREAU IS DETERMINED It is finid That Its Officers Want the Contracts Made With the Indians Ruled Out as Invalid-The Commission Doing Good Work.

THE

WASHINGTON, October 1 .- Notwithstanding the hard fight made by Representative Doolittle and other members of the Washington delegation, the probabilities are that there will be no settlement of the Puyallup Indian reservation muddle and sale of the lands except in the manner which is now being employed. The great fight which has been made to have something done which will

give the men who made contracts with the Indians an opportunity to test their validity will probably fail. From the very first there has been a disposition It was in on the part of the Indian office to have these contracts ruled out as invalid and make the men who made the contracts

with the Indians lose what they have paid them. This disposition originated with Agent Eells, who has for so many years been agent for the Puyallups, and permeates the entire Indian office. The permeates the entire indian office. The contracts were probably made in opposi-tion to the wishes of Mr. Eells, and he intends, if he can, to make the contract-ors lose. Ever since Washington was admitted the delegation in Congress has been trying to have the lands opened under some regulations that will give

been trying to have the lands opened under some regulations that will give the contractors an opportunity to get the lands or their money back, but it has always been a failure. The nearest a bill of that kind came to passing was in the Fifty-first Congress, when Repre-sentative Wilson slipped through in a right-of-way bill a clause which would have settled the whole affair. Cockrell of Missouri caught it up in the Senate and made a tremendous bluster, and Allen and Squire, who were not as famil-iar with Senatorial ways as they have since become, allowed the clause to be stricken out, something that would not happen again. Now the difficulty is in getting something through the House. In the last session of Congress Doolittle tried the House and Squire the Senate, but the more that has been done the more opposition is found. This opposi-tion comes from the Indian bureau, which is very much opposed to the set-tlement of the Buraluw lands. which is very much opposed to the set-tlement of the Puyallup lands on any other basis except to eschew all contracts

No Settlement Except in the R. Galesworthy of the British merchantman Kow Shing, which was sunk by the Japanese steamer Naniwa Kan over a month ago while taking Chinese troops to Cores, arrived in this city to-day on the Northern Pacific, and left to-night for London, where the British Admiralty

for London, where the British Admiralty is awaiting his report on the Kow Shing affair. Dr. Franklin Rogers of the naval. hospital at Yokohama, with his wife and daughter, arrived on the same train, and proceeded to Chicago and Washington on his vacation trip. Neither would speak of the Kow Shing episode. Gales-worthy submitted to enough of an inter-view to deny all interviews alleged to have been held with him, asserting he had not until to-day spoken to a news-paper man in America. He said:

paper man in America. He said: "I declined every invitation to make any sort of statement for the press. I spoke to nobody and have nothing to say to you, nor will I speak to any one else un-til I reach England. In due time the full particulars of the affair will be known to the world."

IMPORTANT DECISION.

the Case of Burtwell Against the Government

Bosron, October 1 .- The important decision affecting millions of dollars' worth of claims against the United States government, which was rendered Saturday by Judge Cole of the United States Circuit Court, was in the celebrated case of Joseph Burtwell, an importer, against a former Collector of the Port of Boston. a former Collector of the Port of Boston. The question at issue was on the inter-pretation of sections 3,011 and 2,931 of the Revised Statutes of 1877, regulating the time, manner and nature of the pro-test against the payment of duties. Burt-well filed a written protest with the Col-lector within ten days after liquidation, but the government contended when ar-guing the case that the protest should have been made when Burtwell paid the estimated duties. Judge Cole has now decided that Burtwell was right. The government will take an appeal. This is said to be the first decision ever given on the point in question. on the point in question.

OMAHA, Neb., October 1.-The County Commissioners of Douglas county, in

the results at Yalu. His Majesty recog-nized the value of strong armor, and particularly dwelt upon the efficacy of an armor belt reaching virtually from stem to sterm, but he emphasized his opinion that it was of the utmost im-portance that a vessel in action should be given the greatest possible scope of gun fire." The Emperor at the time of his inter-view with Mr. Reed gave to that gentle-man a portrait of himself with his sig-nature indorsed on its back. Preceding the imperial signature were these words: "In the modern battle ship the dis-tribution of weight necessitates a com-promise between armon and artillery." We have been armon and artillery."

THEIR SINS FORGIVEN

Amnesty and Pardon Granted to the Mormons.

PROCLAMATION OF PRESIDENT.

NO. 28.

LIEUTENANT CASET'S CHARGER.

THEY ARE FAR AWAY.

A Whaling Captain's Condemnation of Alaska Missionaries.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 30 .- Cap-

tain Tilton, of the whaling schooner Nicoline, who has been whaling in

Northern seas for nearly two decades.

does not think much of some of the mis-

sionaries that his themselves to the

Civil Rights Are Restored to All Who Have Complied With the Proclamation of Ex.President Harrison-Satis fied That Polygamy is Stamped Out.

Purchased by Colonel Swayne and Not Shipped to His Fiances. WASHINGTON, September 29.-Through the Department of State to-day Presi-LOS ANGELES, October 1 .- A story was dent Cleveland made a proclamation of amnesty and pardon to all persons who in which it was stated that during the have been convicted of polygamy under battle with the Sioux Indians at Pine Ridge, S. D., Lieutenant Casey was the teachings of the Mormon Church. killed. It was stated that Lieutenant It is as follows:

Casey was engaged to be married to the daughter of Colonel Hunt, U.S. A., now Whereas, Congress by a statute ap-proved March 22, 1882, and for statutes a resident of Los Angeles, and that the handsome black charger, which he rode at the time of his death, was to be sent to his fiances, not a single person having mounted the horse since Lieutenant Cain furtherance and in amendment thereof, defined the crimes of bigamy, polygamy and unlawful cohabitation in the Territories and other places within the exclusive jurisdiction of the United sey's death. There are some radical er-

mounted the horse since Lieutenant Casey scatch. There are some radical errors in the above report. The big black horse that formerly belonged to Lieutenant Casey arrived yesterday at San Pedro, but it was not shipped to "Miss Hunt." In fact, there is no "Colonel Hunt of the United States army" living in or near Los Angeles. The horse was really sent by Colonel Swayne of Fort Keogh, Mont. He is to be retired in January, and will come here to live on his ranch at Los Nietos. He bought the horse when the effects of the late Lieutenant Casey were sold along with some other articles that belonged to the gallant and brave but ill-lated Lieutenant. The horse is now about 17 years old, but is still a magnificent animal. He has been driven in double teams by the Colonel since he was purchased. The horse to Portland in recognition of the colonel during the troubles with the Northern Industrial Armies.

don; and, Whereas, upon the evidence now fur-nished me, I am satisfied that the mem-bers and adherents of said church gen-erally abstain from plural marriages and polygamous cohabitation and are now living in obedience to the laws, and that the time has new arrived when the inliving in obedience to the laws, and that the time has now arrived when the in-terests of public justice and morality will be promoted by the granting of annesty and pardon to all such offenders as have complied with the conditions of said proclamation, including such of said of-ienders as have been convicted under the provisions of said acts. "Now, therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, by virtue of the power in me vested, do hereby de-clare and grant full amnesty and pardon to all persons who have in violation of said acts committed either of the offenses of polygamy, bigamy, adultery of unlaw-

 It is stated that the numerous destroins in state the state of the stated that the numerous destroins in other law kins and multion supplied to the troops. An other law kins as alling through the source as the aptain said: "The missionaries are divided into the power lawses, and there are some good ther law kins as a stated to be the captain said: "The missionaries are divided into the all persons who have in violation of said acts. "The missionaries are divided into the all persons who have in violation of said acts." "The missionaries are divided into the all persons who have in violation of said acts.
 JARN'S NEXT MOYE.
 JARN'S NEXT be the recipients of favors that are not granted to men in an ordinary station of life." FIRE UNDERWRITERS. What President Littlejohn Says of These Forest Fires. CHICAGO, September 30.—President W. J. Littlejohn of the Underwriters' Association of the Northwest, who in an address before the organization declared the recent forest fires were ordered started by the lumber kings in the inte-rior, also stated his charges were based on investigations made under his direc-tion. "Those fires have occurred every year," said Littlejohn. "It was appar-ent there must be some motive for the incendiarism. Our company accordingly sent men up into Michigan and Wiscon-t sin this summer to make investigations, and they received sufficient evidence to statisfy me some big lumber dealers fired the forests in order to hide the evidence to statisfy me some big lumber dealers fired the forests in order to hide the evidence of their timber stealings. The evidence of their timber stealings. The evidence to statisfy me some big lumber dealers fired the forests in order to hide the evidence to statisfy me some big lumber dealers fired the forests in order to hide the evidence to statisfy me some big lumber dealers fired the forests in order to hide the evidence to statisfy me some big lumber dealers fired the forests in order to hide the evidence to statisfy me some big lumber dealers fired the forests in order to hide the evidence to statisfy me some big lumber dealers fired the forests in order to hide the evidence to statisfy me some big lumber dealers fired the forests in order to hide the evidence to statisfy me some big lumber dealers fired the forests in order to hide the evidence to statisfy me some big lumber dealers fired the forests in order to hide the evidence to statisfy me some big lumber dealers fired the forests in order to hide the evidence to for their timber stealings. The evidence to statisfy me some big lumber dealers fired the some the some motive for the statisfy me some big lumber dealers fired the forests i

GIGANTIC WATER POWER. Omaha Wants a Canal Built to the River Platte.

which Omaha is situated, have decided to submit to the people a proposition to vote \$1,000,000 subsidy to a company for the construction of a canal to bring

nasty. LI HUNG CHANG TO TAKE THE FIELD.

ADVANCING ON MOUNDEN.

The Opinion of a Former Director

Chinese Navy.

antages.

Chinese Army at Wiju on Yalu sent from San Francisco a few days ago, **River Mutinies.** CHINA IS PERFECTLY HELPLESS

PEKING IS IN A PANIC

ARGUS.

Troops Throw Away Their Arms Becaus They Have No Ammunition and Can Get None -- Rebellion Against the Manchurian Dynasty.

NEW YORK, September 30.-A special from Shanghai says that the Chinese army at Wiju on the Yalu river, which is opposing the advance of the main Japanese army, has mutinied. The men are throwing away their arms, because they have no ammunition, being cut off from supplies. The Chinese defenses have completely collapsed, and are now only a farce. There is a panic in Peking, and the very name of Japan inspires

terror everywhere. China is perfectly helpless. REBELLION REPORTED.

LONDON, September 30.-A dispatch from Vienna says a semi-official telegram from St. Petersburg announces that the Russian government has learned of a rebellion against the Manchurian dy-

LI HUNG CHANG TO TAKE THE FIELD. SHANGHAI, September 30.—It is re-ported that the Emperor has granted Li Hung Chang's request to be allowed to take the field in person, and that Chang will make his headquarters at Lu Tai, near Tien Tsin, the present headquar-ters of the provisional commander-in-chief of Chi Li. It is also reported that the Chinese troops have evacuated Corea the Chinese troops have evacuated Cores and are now massed at Chiu Lies Chang, and are now massed at Chiu Lies Chang, thirty miles westward of the Yalu river. It is stated that the numerous descritions from the Chinese army of late is because of the faulty condition of the arms and ammunition supplied to the troops. An-other junk that was sailing through the North Channel in order to evade the guard boats struck a torpedo, and was blown to pieces. Several men were drowned.

engine-room of the Japanese ship and another smashing her forward bridge. The Naniwa Kan then hauled off. The The Naniwa Kan then hauled off. The Chinese Admiral rewarded the surviving gunner with a present of 1,000 taels. A shell glanced from the steel deck of the Chen Yuen and went through her tower, shattering everything within. A Lieu-tenant, who was in the act of speaking through the tube leading to the engine-

through the tube leading to the engine-room, was blown into atoms, and his head was left hanging to the speaking pipes. Huge fragments of armor and the teak backing thereof were driven inboard by the shot, crushing a large number of sailors into a shapeless mass. A European engineer, who was in the act of groping about in an endeavor to repair a steam pipe, was drenched from head to foot with the blood of an assistant, who was disemboweled while stand-ing by his side by a shot from the ene-Sitiesto and San Domingo. At Sagua the water is from eighteen to forty-five feet deep, and 3,000 families are home-less. The inhabitants have sought salmy's ship. The Chen Yuen arrived at Wei Hai Wei the day after the fight in the same condition in which she left the battle. No attempt had been made to wash the blood from her or to remove less. The inhabitants have sought sal-vation on the roofs of the two story buildings, which alone are not under water. The loss of life is estimated at 200, while the damage of property will reach \$4,000,000. Some seventy houses have been destroyed, and 200 more are badly damaged. Most of the furniture and merchandise has been swept away, and many head of cattle have been drowned. The electric plant and the gas works have suffered heavily. Many sug-ar-houses and cane fields are under water. The sugar crop is seriously the corpses which strewed her decks.'

The writer expresses the opinion that, if the European rulers could have seen the decks of the Chen Yuen, they would have foresworn war henceforth and forever.

AUSTRALIAN BUSINESS.

Another Line of Steamers Between Syd ney and San Francisco Advocated.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 2 .- Joseph Howard Witheford, who arrived on the Monowai last Saturday, is according to his own account visiting the United States upon a very peculiar mission. He comes to advocate the establishment of another line of steamers between Syd

ney and San Francisco. At present the Oceanic Steamship Company is running three steamers regularly between these points via Apia and Honolulu, and so is the Canadian Pacific Steamship Company. At one time the government of New South Wales paid a subsidy to the Oceanic Company, but about three years ago withdrew it. Then the Canadian Pacific came into the field and the subsidy was paid to it, and it is still aiding in keeping the opposition alive. The steamers that make British Columbia their headquarters receive \$500,000 a year from the Canadian, Anstralian and British governments, while the Oceanic Company has to struggle along unaided, with the exception of a few thousands a year paid it by the government of New Zealand. Mr. Witheford says he is confident that, if American capital will put on a fine line of steamers to the colonies, it will reap a large income from the outlay.

Shrewd English Yachtsmen. NEW YORK, October 2 .- Captain Haff of the Vigilant arrived from Europe this morning. He said that during his sojourn abroad he and the crew were treated with great courtesy. The English, he said, were shrewd fellows, and while himself and crew had nothing to com-plain of, they were granted no conces-sions. Regarding the center-board acci-dent, Haff said that the pilot did the very best he could. Even the best pilots abroad, he declared, didn't known of the existence of all the sheals on the vacht existence of all the shoals on the yacht

MANY LIVES LOST.

Much of the Island of Cubs is Now Under Water.

the injunction against the commission that settled the contracts. They will have no standing in court. Why would HAVANA, October 2 .-- Owing to the ex these fellows be trying to secure legisla-tion to legalize them if they did not know they were worthless without such legislation?" It will be seen that the Indian office is dead act argingt the man with the cessive rains, with a fall of 167 the 23d and 242 the 24th, the rivers Sagua, Yabu, Yabusito and Mayaneys have flooded the surrounding country and inundated is dead set against the men with the the towns of Sagua, Crences, La Jas,

contracts. CHINESE TREATY.

It Has Been Formally Ratified by th Celestial Government.

would

WASHINGTON, October 1.-Notification has been given the government in an informal way of the ratification by the Chinese government of the treaty between the United States and China negotiated

by Secretary Gresham and Chinese Minister Yang Yu and ratified by the Senate on the part of the United States. Only a formal exchange of ratification between the Department of State and the the two powers, and this ceremony will doubtless take place within a month. Minister Yang Yu called upon Secretary

Longest in the World.

water. The sugar crop is seriously compromised. Forty-seven houses have been destroyed at Santa Cruz del Sur, and a pier there was also wrecked. Com-

munications have been interrupted for four days. Subscriptions for the relief of the sufferers by the flood are being

organized.

NEW YORK, October 2.-The power an mining department of the General Electric Company has just closed a contract with the Sacramento Electric Light and Power Company that calls for the transrower company that can be for the trans-mission by electricity from a water power at Folsom, Cal., of several thou-sand electrical horse power to the city of Sacramento to supply light, heat, power, etc., to an extent that will practically etc., to an extent that will practically supersede all the present steam plants now in operation. This will make the longest transmission by electricity of power in large amounts installed in the

The Anrachists Active.

Yang Yu's communication to the Secre-tary of State was not made known until LONDON, October 2 .- A dispatch to the Gresham's attention was called to the speculation afloat here concerning the apparently slow course of the Chinese Chronicle from Vienna says that an Italian anarchist has been arrested at Cairo, government in taking action. Then Secretary Gresham gave to the press the charged with an attempt to murder the charged with an attempt to murder the Khedive. It is alleged that he went from Italy to Cairo for that purpose, and that the Italian police authorities warned the Italian Consul at Cairo of his com-ing. A dagger was found in the posses-sion of the man when he was arrested. status of the matter, and said the reports that there was any cause for dis-satisfaction over the way China was pro-ceeding toward the consummation of the treaty were entirely groundless.

An Italian Society.

New York's New Constitution. PARIS, October 2.-Eight anarchists ALBANY, N. Y., October 1 .- The Conwere arrested at Marseilles to-day on a stitutional Convention has adopted the charge of plotting the murder of Signor Charge of plotting the murder of Signor Durando, the Italian Consul, and an at-tempt to blow up the Italian consulate. Letters found in the lodgings of the pris-oners showed that they were connected with an Italian brotherhood, having ramifications in London, Trieste, Genos and other European centers. new constitution as reported from the committee of the whole by a vote of 95 committee of the whole by a vote of so to 45, two Republican members voting with the minority. It was first decided to admit the canal article and the ap-portionment article separately and the rest of the document as a whole.

THE CZAR'S DEATH.

Its Probable Effect Upon the Situation in Europe.

LONDON, October 1.-Advices received by great financial houses in London are understood to confirm the worst news regarding the condition of the Czar of Russia. His Majesty's condition is said to be hopeless, and his death can be de-layed only a few months. The general opinion in this city coincides with that expressed in Paris and Berlin that the accession to the throne of the Czarowitz accession to the throne of the Czarowitz will result in depriving France of a friend. Persons closely associated with the Czarowitz believe that when he as-cends the throne he will materially alter the policy pursued by his father and will cultivate cordial relations with England and Germany and hold aloof from France. The fluctuations in the price of France

The fluctuations in the price of French rentes during the week are attributed to the impression that the Czar's death would cause a tremendous fall in prices.

Fortifications on the Gulf. PENSACOLA, October 1.-At its last set sion Congress appropriated \$400,000 to day in regard to the Chinese reverses : begin the work of fortifying four ports on the Gulf Coast and the Atlantic, to be designated by the Secretary of War. Secretary Lamont in accordance with matter of fact the Cninese never expect-ed to have to fight, and their supreme contempt of Japan is a predominant trait with them. Their seamen are as brave as could be wished, but they have Minister is to be transacted to make the the recommendation of engineers con-treaty a law governing the relations of stituting the Board of Fortifications has stituting the Board of Fortifications has designated Pensacola as one of the ports. The engineer in charge in this harbor has been notified that the sum of \$100,-000 has been placed to the credit of Pen-sacola, and has been instructed to begin the surveys for a site upon which to erect a battery of heavy Armstrong guns and a battery of monter. The site has and a battery of mortars. The site has been selected on Santa Rosa Island, one mile east of Fort Pickens.

His Wife Has Disappeared.

WASHINGTON, October 1 .- Mrs. Ella G. Olberg, wife of John G. Olberg, disappeared from her home Saturday morning, and detectives have been unable to find her. She was to have been the principal witness in the prosecution to-morrow by her husband of Major Alex Russell of the pension bureau, who is said to have forged Olberg's name to deeds of trust, under which his property was sold, and to have induced Mrs. Ol-berg to sign them. It is thought she went away of her own will or under coercion to avoid the trial. Mr. Olberg thinks she is insane.

Loss to the Government.

BALTIMORE, October 1. - There are 3.000.000 pounds of tin plate in bond at this port, the importers having allowed the stock to accumulate and remain in bond until the new tariff law, which reduces the duty 1 cent a pound, went into effect. Under Secretary Carlisle's ruling the new tariff provision becomes effective to-day, and the customs officials expect the greater part of the 8,000,000 pounds to be taken out of bond this week. The reduction in the tariff will result in a loss to the government of \$80,000.

occupy Formosa, and a descent upon the place is certainly among the immediate possibilities. Japan seeks territorial ex-pansion, and Formosa offers obvious ad-

LONDON, September 30.—A dispatch from Shanghal says it is reported the Japanese have succeeded in entering the Chinese province of Manchuris and the Chinese province of Manchuris and are advancing upon the capital of Mouk-den. It is also said fighting has taken place between the invaders and Chinese at a town between that city and the frontier. The engagement is said to have ended in a decisive victory for the Japanese, who established themselves in the noniting meruinals accuried her the the position previously occupied by the Chinese troops. No details of this re-port are given, and the Chinese at Shanghai discredit the report. THINKS THE CHINESE VICTORS.

LONDON, September 30.-Captain Lang, a former director in the Chinese navy

and supervisor of the erection of many insurance organizations will do nothing. There is a possibility, however, in the event of the failure of these commis-Chinese forts, said in an interview to-"The inherent conservatism and apasions to develop the matter that some insurance unions will take up the prosethy concerning everything outside of China and the want of ceprit du corps have had their natural results. As a cution themselves. I am confident the State authorities can secure all the evi-

dence necessary, if they try." DENIED BY MRS. PEARY.

Her Husband Sat at the Same Table With His Men.

brave as could be wished, but they have not the slightest patriotism. Their offi-cers are regardless of almost everything but personal advantage, and have always wanted to evade drill and remain schore. They have hated Europeans and Euro-pean ideas, and are insufferably obsti-nate and conceited. There are admitted WASHINGTON, October 1.-Mrs. Peary, the wife of the Arctic explorer, denies emphatically the stories of some of the members of her husband's party of their alleged treatment. These charges exceptions to this rule, however, espe-cially in the case of Admiral Ting, whe is conspicuously a brave and capable of-ficer, whose lead could safely be followed in brief are that Engineer Peary's auto-cratic methods were offensive to his as-sociates; that he was inconsiderate of sociates; that he was inconsiderate of their comfort and ungentlemanly in his treatment of them; that they were nearly starved to death, and that they would have fared better had Mrs. Peary not been a member of the party. Mrs. Peary said that her husband was un-usually considerate of his men, and added: "As to the men, he gave them the best if was possible to obtain. No partianywhere. I cannot understand the al-leged superiority of the Japanese quick-firing guns. The four vessels of the Ching Yuen class were admirably equipped, and I am not disposed in the light of the present information to give the Japanese the credit they claim." Captain Lang ascribes the defeat of the

"As to the men, he gave them the best it was possible to obtain. No parti-ality was shown. Engineer Peary, all reports to the contrary notwithstand-ing, sat at the table with his men and shared their hardships in every way. I could not go to the public table on ac-count of my baby. Some of the table delicacies given me by friands were used by me, but my husband declined to share them with me, saying that he pre-ferred to have only what was given to the rest of the party." Chinese, if they have been defeated, to the fact of their having lapsed from their high standard of efficiency since 1890. The only Europeans now in service in the Chinese fleet, he said, are acting in subordinate capacities. In conclusion he reaffirmed his belief that the Chinese had been the victors.

Want the Law Modified.

BUDA-PESTH, October 1. - At the Bishops' conference to-day the Primate of Hungary read a letter from the Pope

To Take the Field. LONDON, October 1.—A dispatch from Delegos Bay says that the Governor at the head of 300 white and 6,000 native allies will take the field against the Kaffirs surrounding Lourenso Marques.

of their timber stealings. The evidence is not sufficiently strong to warrant charging any particular man with the deeds. However, I am informed the States of Michigan and Wisconsin have that he believes that Slater merely saw appointed commissions to investigate him on the streets of Boston and recog-the fires. Until we know the results the insurance organizations will do nothing. done. Tynan says he does not believe in Spiritualiam

Local Option Question.

LONDON, September 29.-Chamberlain said to-day with reference to the stand taken by Gladstone upon the local option question that the ex-Premier's position would free many members of the Liberal party who have hitherto been coerced into voting for local veto power. He predicted if the veto bill was brought up at the next session of Parliament it would cause a split in the party. Cham-bia and Gleducards lain said Gladstone's personal friend-ship for him had not lessened. He vis-ited Gladstone recently.

Royalists and the Vatican.

Ronz, September 29 .- The Pope has summoned Monsignore Hulst, the spiritual adviser of the late Comte de Paris, to the Vatican for the purpose of im-parting to him instructions in regard to the royalists. In clerical circles this action is believed to be a fatal blow to the pretensions of the French monarch-

Opposed to Lady Clerks.

LONDON, September 29 .- The clerks of the Bank of England held a meeting today to protest against the recent admis-sion into the bank as employes of two batches of lady clerks.

Space In the Center of a Room, Don't use a table lamp of herculean proportions on a small table or in a small room. Give the eye space as well as the sungs. Space in the center of the room is as precious as the most costly piece of furniture, for it enriches all the furnishngs. - Decorator and Furnisher.

He Told Her.

Mother (putting the boy out of the pan-try)—How many more times will I have to tell you to keep out of that preserve jarf Small Boy (sobbing)—No more, mamma, They're all gone.--Detroit Free Press,

To Demand Amnesty. Rows, October 1.- A movement com prising members of all parties has been organized in Sicily to demand amnesty for all prisoners condemned to imprison-ment by the recent military tribunals sitting on that island.

To Take the Field.

Minister Yang Yu called upon Secretary Gresham last week and said he received word from his government that it had ratified the treaty; that the document had been forwarded to him; also that he had received instructions to exchange ratifications with the United States as oon as it was delivered to him. The soon as it was delivered to him. The treaty with the Chinese seal and signa-tures was sent from Peking several weeks ago. In the course of communication six weeks will be required for its transaix weeks will be required for its trans-mission to Washington, so it is not ex-pected at the legation for two weeks. This is the first authentic information received in this city regarding the treaty. As the diplomatic business of the gov-ernment is naturally transacted secretly,