

Hillsboro Independent

Issued Friday of Each Week HILLSBORO, OREGON

NEWS OF THE WEEK

In a Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

A Notable of the Less Important but Not Less Interesting Events of the Past Week.

Another negro has been killed in Arkansas.

Ohio has succeeded in breaking up the bridge trust.

Many bold robberies are occurring daily in San Francisco.

The political campaign in New York is becoming a very warm one.

Newfoundland will make a hard fight for fisheries awarded to America.

Black Hundreds of Russia are spreading terror, especially in Odessa.

The big British battleship Dreadnought has developed a speed of 22 1/2 knots.

The second tube of the Pennsylvania railroad tunnel under the Hudson river at New York has been completed.

An east bound Union Pacific passenger train was wrecked near Evanston, Wyoming. No one was seriously hurt.

The Mexican government has arranged to have the United States mint at San Francisco coin 2,500,000 Mexican half dollars.

Recent floods in the states of Colima and Jalisco, Mexico, have resulted in great destruction of property and the loss of at least 123 lives.

Some British papers accuse the government of making a complete surrender to the United States in the Newfoundland fisheries question.

The trial of the Standard Oil in Ohio has commenced.

Radicals are again in control of the Russian Democrats.

Snow has fallen for the first time this year at Minneapolis.

Taft will head old funds in Cuba before proclaiming amnesty.

General Funston will use considerable numbers of mounted infantry in Cuba.

The triple alliance between Germany, Austria and Italy is to be revived.

Sealing schooners returning to Victoria, B. C., all report the seal catch as light.

San Francisco police have captured the man who is believed to have been the leader in the Japanese bank robbery.

The Philadelphia manager of Armour's packing house has been arrested for the illegal use of boracic acid in hams.

Plans are on foot for the organization by various railroad companies of a gigantic refrigerator and stock car company.

The Columbus, Ohio, board of education has decided to adopt the simplified spelling so far as it is practicable in the schools of the city.

Frauds in the construction of warships have been discovered.

The negro race war continues in a small way in many Southern cities.

J. J. Hill has sounded a warning against the waste of national resources.

Mexican guides have murdered a number of prospectors in the mountains.

Governor Magoon will rule in Cuba under the terms of the constitution of that republic.

Cuban rebels have refused to give up their arms until the government troops are all disbanded.

It is said Mrs. Howard Gould will go to South Dakota and establish a residence when she will sue for a divorce.

A marriage has been arranged between the Grand Duke Michael, only brother of the czar, and Princess Patricia, niece of King Edward.

The new and powerful armored cruiser North Carolina has been successfully launched at Newport News. Exclusive of armor and armament the vessel cost \$3,575,000.

Read Snowout declares he is neither ashamed of his religion or his state. He appeals to Mormons to concentrate their efforts to obtain land in preference to other forms of investment.

Panama and Colombia are quarrelling about their foreign debts.

Hill has leased large tracts of Minnesota coal lands to the steel trust.

Forest fires are causing great damage to forests in Southern California.

Four cars on the Overland Limited, No. 101, were thrown from the track by a broken rail, and the wreckage is strewn over a distance of a quarter of a mile. The train was high speed and was running at high rate at the time of the accident. The engine, tender, baggage and mail cars, together with smoker, did not leave the track.

Hilling Has Lost Much Revenue. Springfield, Ill., Oct. 10.—The assertion was made today before the railroad committee of the state board of equalization by W. B. Fleming and J. M. Duffy, representing Colonel James Hamilton Lewis, corporation counsel of Chicago, that by errors in method of assessing railroad property by the state board of equalization, the state of Illinois has lost revenue in the past 30 years which would amount to hundreds of millions of dollars.

Opens Another Reservation. Washington, Oct. 10.—The president issued a proclamation today fixing 12 o'clock noon on October 29 as the date for opening the Walker river Indian reservation, in Nevada, to settlement. There are 268,000 acres of land to be disposed of and the law permits its acquisition under the general land laws. The reservation is in the Carson City land district.

Western Telephone System. backed by the Western Union Telegraph company, is being organized to fight the American Telephone and Telegraph company.

Roosevelt says the enlargement of the powers of the national government is the only remedy for the trust evils.

MAGOON ARRIVES.

Will Take Charge of Cuba as Provisional Governor.

Havana, Oct. 10.—Charles E. Magoon, the newly appointed provisional governor of Cuba, arrived here this afternoon. Coinciding with his coming, Governor Taft gave out a general decree proclaiming amnesty not only to the rebels, but to all persons charged with political offenses or crimes in any way connected with the revolution.

The steamer Mascotte, with Mr. Magoon, General J. Franklin Bell, Mrs. Taft and Mrs. Bacon, entered Havana harbor at 4 o'clock this afternoon. In the wake of the Mascotte came the battleship Texas with a detachment of 300 marines from Norfolk.

A launch carrying Mr. Taft, Assistant Secretary of State Bacon and Captains McCoy and Martin, aides to Mr. Taft, hurried out to the Mascotte. There followed another launch with General Funston and his aide, and a third with a committee of Cuban newspapermen, who carried huge bouquets of flowers which were delivered to Mrs. Taft and Mrs. Bacon with a brief address of welcome.

After the presentations to the mayor and the city council the party entered the palace, where Mr. Taft and Mr. Bacon and Mr. Magoon had a long conference in the governor's office.

Following this conference Mr. Magoon received the members of the press. He declined to discuss his plans for the future. He said he had expected, upon arriving at Washington, to have 30 days' leave of absence prior to his departure for the Philippines. He did not regret, however, the change in program and he declared himself gratified with being in Cuba. He said he would take up his residence with Minister Morgan as the minister's guest pending the departure of Mr. Taft.

General Bell will reside at the army headquarters at Mariacao. General Funston will make his headquarters at Camp Columbia.

BID TO DIG CANAL.

Commission Invites Proposals to Complete Work on Isthmus.

Washington, Oct. 10.—Invitations for proposals to complete the Panama canal were issued today by the canal commission and the form of contract under which the work is to be done was also made public by Chairman Shonts, who also gave out a letter written to the secretary of war giving the commission's reasons for contracting the work.

The contract provides that each bidder must undertake the entire work of construction. No bar will be offered to corporations associating in the undertaking, but they must be legally organized into a single body with which the government can deal. Bidders will not be considered who do not have available capital of \$5,000,000. A certified check for \$200,000 is required with each proposal, and a bond of \$250,000 must be furnished. The bidding is not limited to American contractors. All proposals are to be in before noon of December 12, when they will be opened.

Proposals are to be expressed in terms of percentage upon the estimated cost of construction, which is to be fixed by a board of five engineers, three representing the government and two the contractor. The chief engineer of the canal commission is to be chairman of the engineering board.

In support of the commission's position that the canal can be contracted to greater advantage than it can be built by the government, Mr. Shonts' predecessor and greatly extended industrial activity of the time and the consequent violent competition for all classes of superintendents, foremen, sub-contractors, skilled mechanics and even ordinary laborers will take the commission years to secure men to build up departmental construction organizations which would equal in efficiency those now controlled by the leading contractors of the United States.

Hope of Annexation High.

Havana, Oct. 10.—President Roosevelt's statement at Washington yesterday to Nicholas M. Riviero, the Havana editor, that "the means taken by the United States to prevent disorder in Cuba must always be determined by the existing conditions and with reference to our solemn obligations to the people of Cuba," is causing considerable gratification here. This is not because the words indicate any definite change in his intentions, but because he did not say anything about the early restoration of sovereignty.

Wrecked by Broken Rail.

Topeka, Kas., Oct. 10.—Seven persons were injured seriously and many more slightly in a wreck which occurred at 8:30 tonight two miles east of Wamego, on the Union Pacific railroad. Four cars on the Overland Limited, No. 101, were thrown from the track by a broken rail, and the wreckage is strewn over a distance of a quarter of a mile. The train was high speed and was running at high rate at the time of the accident. The engine, tender, baggage and mail cars, together with smoker, did not leave the track.

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WILL LET CONTRACT

Roosevelt and Shonts Agree on Method of Digging Canal.

WILL SOON MAKE PUBLIC TERMS

Chinese To Be Turned Over to Contractors—Taft to Have Hand in Contract.

Washington, Oct. 9.—It has been finally decided that the Panama canal will be completed by contract. In a few days the commission will make public a statement setting forth its reasons for favoring the contract system, and at that time a form of contract will also be published showing exactly the sort of document believed by the commissioners to be necessary for safeguarding the work.

President Roosevelt is known to support the commission in its position that the work can be done more satisfactorily by contractors than by the government. He had a long conference with Chairman Shonts today on the subject and the various arguments in favor of the contract system were discussed fully.

This change in building the canal will in no way affect the employment of Chinese labor. Proposals for furnishing the Chinese labor were made under such conditions that they can be fulfilled in such a manner that the government can give the coolies just as much protection as it could if the government were the direct employer. It is likely that no disposition will be made of the bids for supplying Chinese labor until after the return of Secretary Taft from Cuba, as he is assisting in drawing the specifications under which proposals were offered and is much interested in the conditions under which the Chinese are to be taken to the isthmus.

The president still intends to visit the isthmus this fall and, unless there be some change for the worse in the Cuban situation, will probably leave for Colon a short time after the election.

BRITAIN ACCEPTS TERMS.

Real Fishermen of Newfoundland Concede American Rights.

Washington, Oct. 9.—The news that the motus vivendi between the United States and Great Britain regarding the Newfoundland fisheries had finally been signed was conveyed to Secretary Root in a cablegram from Ambassador Reid today, advising him that the British government had accepted the terms of the proposed agreement.

Some facts in relation to the Newfoundland government and the fisheries were stated, in which it appears that the British government has been very much embarrassed during the negotiations on account of the demands of Newfoundland. The Newfoundland government is under the control of the merchant fishermen of the island, those who buy, cure and sell the fishing products. They oppose any American fishing rights, including those guaranteed by the treaty of 1818, and are dissatisfied with any arrangement that the British government makes to carry out the terms of that treaty.

The real fishermen of the island are not in harmony with the restrictions of the Newfoundland government, such as denying the privilege of selling bait and allowing the fishermen to take employment on the American fishing vessels. The Newfoundland government has no real responsibility in the way of carrying out obligations. That devolves upon the British government.

Joint Salmon Fishery Regulations.

Victoria, B. C., Oct. 9.—An Ottawa dispatch says communications for amendments to the fishery regulations have been made by the joint fishery commission of British Columbia and Washington. The Americans asked that fishing be prohibited in the Fraser river above New Westminster, but the Canadian commission did not agree to this. The American commissioners will recommend to the Washington legislature a series of resolutions with the object of protecting certain salmon schools.

Objects to Japanese Grab.

Pekin, Oct. 9.—China has protested to the International Bureau of Telegraphic Administrations at Bern, Switzerland, against Japan's continued control of telegraphic lines in Manchuria. Representatives of China recently visited Japan and attempted to obtain the restoration of the Chinese lines or an agreement regarding their future working. Since then Japan has filed with the bureau a schedule of rates to be the principal Manchurian towns, giving them Japanese names, and also has filed cable rates from Dalny to Japan.

Hard on Veal Shippers.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—Commission men in this city today prepared a petition to the government that the time for the use of a new quality of paper on shipments of veal be extended from October 1 to November 1, the date by which the stockyards packers are to change the labels. The express companies are refusing to pick up shipments and the loss to the Chicago market alone is thousands of dollars.

Plot to Destroy Nome.

Tacoma, Wash., Oct. 9.—A report reached this city today to the effect that a plot was discovered to destroy the city of Nome by fire September 24. One fire was started, but timely efforts prevented its spread. It is understood that important arrests are to be made.

GERMANY GOING OUT.

Establishment of Part of Game to Get Control of Persia.

Berlin, Oct. 9.—Efforts of Germany to establish a game being played now for the control of Persia for the German government. The statement is that this game will be purely a game of chance, and that it causes amusement in Europe, where the foreign office will take energetic steps to prevent its being established.

German influence in Persia is very strong and cautious policy surely Germany is pushing. The German First came to the Gulf, and the intrigue that has been taking place to secure the permission to make a railway line through the Gulf, and only a month ago came the establishment of the German game of steamships to the Gulf, a line heavily subsidized by the German government.

LEAGUE FOR BETTAVANA.

Promoting of State Government is Given Subject.

Havana, Oct. 9.—The preliminaries of an organization to be called the Good Government League of Cuba were begun this afternoon at a meeting of Americans, Cubans and others, at which resolutions were passed to the effect that the purpose of the association should be the promoting of all legitimate means, the establishment of a permanent, stable, lawful government, competent to administer justice, insure democratic tranquility, promote the general welfare and insure the blessing of liberty to all the inhabitants of the island.

It was declared by the league in its end to adopt whatever means to this end were deemed wise by a majority of the membership, such is intended to be representative of all nationalities and sections, and not to be committed to any line of action until it is decided what is most conducive to the objects named.

FOURTEEN OFFICERS LET OUT.

Result of 4,596 Courts Martial During Past Year.

Washington, Oct. 9.—During the last fiscal year, according to the annual report of General George B. Davis, judge advocate general of the army, issued today, 4,596 courts martial trials were conducted by general officers, 42 of whom were convicted and eight acquitted. Fourteen officers were dismissed by sentence. In four cases the sentences were commuted to loss of rank; in two cases resignations, "for the good of the service," were accepted in lieu of confirming the sentences, and in one case the sentence was disapproved.

About 50 per cent of the enlisted men convicted by general court martial received sentences involving dishonorable discharge and about 5 per cent of these sentences were awarded in view of previous convictions.

The trials by general court martial during the year showed a decrease of 204, as compared with the previous year.

Rebels Waving Machetes.

Havana, Oct. 9.—Rebels received here late tonight from Guines and Alquízar declare that disbanded rebels are riding about these towns and waving their machetes in a threatening manner. General Funston will go to Guines tomorrow. The members of the disarming commission for Santa Clara, accompanied by José Miguel Gomez, the house representative, and others arrived at Casilda, the port of entry to Trinidad, this evening. They were met by a large crowd.

Japanese to Control Railroad.

London, Oct. 9.—Despatches from Tokio declare that the bonds of the South Manchurian railroad have been oversubscribed many times, but that there were no Chinese applications. Explaining this fact, the Pekin correspondent of the Times says that, although China was invited to participate, she did not do so because there were no funds and none could be had without a foreign loan. The railroad, therefore, the correspondent says, will be exclusively Japanese.

Steeds From the Desert.

New York, Oct. 9.—Twenty-seven Arabian horses landed today from the steamship Italia. They have been on the way from Syria since August 14. This importation is said to be the largest of the kind ever made and is the result of the only trade ever issued to an American. Homer Davenport negotiated the purchase. The animals, he says, represent the only strictly desert bred thoroughbreds ever brought to this country.

Ministry to Resign in Protest.

St. Johns, N. F., Oct. 9.—It was reported today that the ministry, following the recent example of the national cabinet, intend to resign as a protest against the temporary arrangement of Great Britain and the United States, by the provision of which American herring fishermen were privileged contrary to the laws of Newfoundland.

Accepts China's Word.

Shanghai, Oct. 9.—Sir Robert Hart, director general of the Chinese imperial customs, has issued a circular to the foreign colony here saying that he has received assurances that his status with regard to Chinese customs will not be changed and that he is satisfied there will be no undue interference with foreign control of the customs.

TORNADOES GALORE

Sweeping Through New Orleans and Vicinity.

SIX KILLED; NINE MORE WILL DIE

Total Damage is Over \$1,000,000—Crops Ruined and Hundreds of Buildings Destroyed.

New Orleans, Oct. 6.—This region was the center of cyclonic disturbances, at least three of which were tornadoes and caused the loss of six lives, with nine persons fatally injured.

The first tornado struck west Baton Rouge Parish about 6 o'clock, killing Mrs. T. Forel and her daughter, Mrs. White. Mrs. Forel's body was found in a field near her demolished house. Two children in Mrs. Forel's house were fatally injured and five more were injured in the collapse of a sugar refinery.

In St. James Parish one woman was killed and Mrs. F. Rebber and daughter, Mrs. John Meyer, and a negro were fatally injured. Fifteen buildings were blown completely down in this parish.

At Point Chautau, George Hawes and son and daughter were killed by the collapse of their house, and another child of the family was fatally injured. A negro was also fatally injured there, besides injuries to a dozen other persons.

The third tornado struck New Orleans about 8 o'clock. Although no lives were lost, property damage reached \$500,000 and about fifty persons were injured. Fully 800 buildings were damaged, about 75 being blown flat. Most of the demolished buildings were negro cabins and it was here that nearly all the injuries occurred.

The path of the tornado through the city was about eight miles long. The tornado here appeared at a distance as a cloud sweeping the surface of the earth. Its course was undulating, some buildings being skipped entirely as it bounded skyward. Frequently it demolished verandas and fences on one side of the street, while not an object on the other side was disturbed. The cloud occupied several minutes in crossing the city and hundreds of persons who saw and heard it approaching had time to run out of its pathing.

One exciting race was made by a street car which was loaded with passengers on their way to work. At Marengo street the motorman threw on full power. The flying car was less than half a block past the roller skating rink when that structure went ruffled.

ANOTHER BIG MINE FIRE.

Fifteen Men Entombed by Gas Exploding in New Mexico.

Denver, Colo., Oct. 6.—According to a special to the News, 15 men are believed to have been entombed in the Dutchman mine at Blossburg, N. M., at 2:30 o'clock this morning, by an explosion which wrecked the walls and roof of the tunnel in which they were working. Only six men are positively known to have been in the tunnel at the time of the explosion, but the usual night shift numbers 15, and none of them have been located outside of the mine.

Rescue parties have taken out four dead bodies, one of which has been identified as Jan Jenks, 40 years old. All but one of the night shift were American, the exception being an Austrian.

Firedamp has settled in the tunnel, making rescue work difficult. It is not thought that any of the entombed men can live with this condition prevailing. As yet no fire has been reported.

Another Storm Near Mobile.

Mobile, Ala., Oct. 6.—At 11:10 this morning a tornado passed near Kushla, about 12 miles north of Mobile. No loss of life has been reported, and owing to the thinly populated country, it is hardly probable that there will be any. The tornado cut a swath 100 feet wide and felled much timber. The Western Union Telegraph Company lost its wires along the Mobile & Ohio, Louisville & Nashville and Southern Railways. Mobile felt no effects of the tornado.

Palma Enriches a Rough Rider.

Wichita, Kan., Oct. 6.—C. A. Mosher, of Wichita, received a commission as a General in the Cuban Army and the next day he was asked to resign. His commission came directly from President Palma. He had in mind to raise a regiment of Rough Riders. Mr. Palma sent him a commission as a general, stating the commission back three months.

When Secretary Taft arrived in Havana, Mosher was asked to resign and a draft was sent to him for his salary since the date of his commission.

Dead May Total Seventy.

Bluefield, W. Va., Oct. 6.—Twenty-nine bodies have been recovered from the West Park of the Pocahontas Collieries Company mine at Pocahontas, Va., and a conservative estimate places the total number of the dead at 70. The rescuing party reached the scene of the explosion, but the immense amount of debris and wreckage has hampered the search for bodies. There is no evidence thus far of fire.

Rebels Capture \$125,000.

Uta, Russia, Oct. 6.—An armed band numbering 40 men held up a mail train near the bridge over the Biela river last night. After killing a soldier and wounding three others who were in charge of the mail the robbers decamped with \$125,000.

ST. JOHN SET FREE.

Not Sufficient Evidence to Hold Great Miners' Leader.

Grand Junction, Colo., Oct. 8.—Vincent St. John, ex-president of the Telluride Miners' union and prominently identified with the Western Federation of Miners, is again a free man, all charges against him having been dropped by the state.

"We were unable to verify certain evidence against St. John, and rather than go to trial with a weak case we decided to abandon further prosecution," is the way District Attorney Selig put it. District Judge Stevens promptly ordered St. John released.

St. John had been out on bonds under the charge of being responsible for the strike riot of 1900 at Telluride, when a man named Barnham was killed. St. John, after leaving Telluride, went to Idaho. He was arrested there by the state.

Three weeks later the evidence did not appear to be so strong and he was released on a \$10,000 bond. His case dragged along until at this time of court the prosecuting attorney announced that he had no evidence upon which to hold him, and he was released.

LOSES MILLIONS ANNUALLY.

Congress Must Reform Second Class Mail Rate Law.

New York, Oct. 8.—The congressional committee which has been investigating the carrying of second class mail matter by the Postoffice department decided today to adjourn the hearing to Washington, where representatives of the Periodical Publishers' association will be heard on November 26. F. C. Madden, third assistant postmaster general, said:

"I think that beyond question the Postoffice department has established its case—namely, that the present law regulating second class matter are out of date and practically nullified by present practices beyond the control of the department and now equipped, and that a real and effective enforcement would be injurious to the publishing interests. There are now many persons enjoying the privileges of the second class rates in violation of the intent and purpose of the statutes to the detriment of the postal revenues amounting to millions annually.

"From the hearings, the correctness of this is specially conceded by the publishers themselves. They seem to be substantially agreed that a reformation of the laws is imperative. Just what view the committee will take or what action it will propose, if any, no one at this time can say."

POLICE AT LOGGERSHEADS.

Criminals Allowed to Go Unpunished in San Francisco.

San Francisco, Oct. 8.—It is charged by newspapers here that politics in the Police department is seriously handicapping the efforts of the force to apprehend the two murderous thugs who looted the Japanese Golden Gate bank, slew the vice president and pounded the cashier over the head with an iron bludgeon until he was almost dead. The department seemed demoralized over the struggle now progressing as to who shall lead the detectives, and within 12 hours not an arrest has been made, nor is there the shadow of a clue to promise one.

Ed Wren, whom Chief Dinan wants to make inspector of police, appears to be unable to handle the situation, and matters in the upper office are at a standstill, with Acting Mayor Gallagher demanding Captain Duke to take command and infuse a mild solution of brains into the work, while Dinan is equally determined not to accept the program.

Will Withdraw Coal Land.

Washington, Oct. 8.—It is understood that the president has finally made up his mind to withdraw all coal lands now already taken up under the land laws of the United States. The expectation is that he will, by a special message, request congress to change the statutes, but that meanwhile he will himself temporarily withdraw the coal lands from further entry. It is stated, however, that before the withdrawal can take place the Geological survey must determine exactly which are the coal lands, as a basis for the order.

Moran Bros.' Bid Exorbitant.

Washington, Oct. 8.—The Department of Commerce and Labor today rejected the bid of Moran Bros. for the construction of a steel steam single propeller light vessel to be stationed at the mouth of the Columbia river. Theirs was the only bid received and the price asked was considered exorbitant. The department is willing to award this contract to Pacific coast shipyards, providing a satisfactory bid is received. Plans will be immediately advertised in the hope that other coast builders will compete.

Has Found Cancer Cure.

Paris, Oct. 8.—Promise of a cure for cancer in extreme cases was held out to physicians and surgeons attending the surgical congress here by Dr. Doyen, the expert on that disease, in an address. Dr. Doyen spoke at some length on his serum treatment of the disease. He announced that of the 19 cases he has treated during the first year of his tests, death resulted in only three cases and these were of the most desperate character.

Rumor Platt Will Resign.

Washington, Oct. 8.—It is reported in Washington that Senator Platt intends to resign his seat in the senate, partly because of failing health, but more particularly on account of the unpleasant account he recently received on account of domestic troubles.

Channel to Stranded Vessels.

Pensacola, Fla., Oct. 8.—The Navy department will make an effort to save the war vessels stranded at the navy yard during the recent hurricane by dredging channels from deep water.

INSURGENTS DISARM

Pacification of Cuba Proceeds Without a Hitch.

MARINES GUARD LARGE CITIES

Guerrera's Troops Being Sent Home by Trainloads—Fighting Was Mostly by Gamecocks.

Havana, Oct. 4.—The alacrity with which the rebels are laying down their arms to the commission appointed to superintend that important phase of the termination of the revolution is the greatest surprise the provisional has yet encountered in the smoothly working program. This operation is now well under way in the vicinity of Havana, 700 of Guerrera's men with their horses having already been entrained for Pinar del Rio, while one brigade marched to Guanajay today without a sign of disorder.

Hundreds of persons from Havana went out to Santiago de las Vegas and Rincon today to view the disarmament. They were disappointed at not seeing the rebels actually surrender their guns, but nevertheless witnessed an interesting sight. As a concession to the men General Funston and Major Ladd permitted them to take their arms to the Pinar del Rio, where most of the men joined the insurgent army. The rifles, however, were first counted by officers of marines under the direction of Major Ladd and the men will be required to surrender them before leaving the train at Pinar del Rio.

It is reported that some of Del Castillo's followers were reluctant to disarm, but all the brigade commanders have informed Major Ladd that all their men will disarm and disband when ordered to do so by General Del Castillo. Wednesday afternoon General Castillo gave Major Ladd an order directed to all his subordinate commanders and telling them to comply with every request made by the American officers. Major Ladd will work tonight to carry out the disbanding arrangements.

According to the testimony of an American named Harvey, a former Roosevelt rough rider, who has been with the insurgents, the amount of actual fighting during this revolution was really very small. Harvey says that most of the fighting he had seen was between game cocks. About 10 per cent of Guerrera's men carried fighting cocks tied to their saddles.

YELLOW JACK IN HAV