

Hillsboro Independent.

Vol. XXIX.

HILLSBORO, WASHINGTON COUNTY, OREGON, FRIDAY, MAY 16, 1902.

No. 52

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

THOS. H. & E. B. TONGUE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
HILLSBORO, OREGON.
OFFICE: Rooms 3, 4, & 5, Morgan block.

W. N. BARRETT,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
HILLSBORO, OREGON.

OFFICE: Central Block, Rooms 6 and 7.

BENTON BOWMAN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
HILLSBORO, OREGON.

OFFICE: Rooms 6 and 7, Morgan block.

JOHN M. WALL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
HILLSBORO, OREGON.

OFFICE: Bailey-Morgan Block, Rooms 1 & 2.

S. T. LINKLATER, M. D. C. M.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
HILLSBORO, OREGON.

OFFICE: at residence, east of court house, where he will be found at all hours when not visiting patients.

J. P. TAMESIE,
S. P. R. R. SURGEON,
HILLSBORO, REG. N.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE: corner Third and Main Streets. Office hours, 9:30 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 and 7 to 9 p. m. Telephone to residence from Block 3, 5th Street. Druggists at all hours. All calls promptly attended, night or day.

F. A. BAILEY, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
HILLSBORO, OREGON.

Office: Morgan Bailey Block, up stairs, rooms 12, 13 and 15. Residence, S. W. Cor. Base Line and Second streets. Both 'Phones.

J. E. ADKINS,
DENTIST,
HILLSBORO, OREGON.

OFFICE HOURS: 9 a. m. to 4:30 p. m.

Office in Union block over Pharmacy.

R. NIXON,
DENTIST,
FOREST GROVE, OREGON.

Best work—flat teeth \$3.50 per set. Cement and Amalgam fillings to cents each. Gold fillings from \$1 up. Vitalized air for painless extraction.

Office: three doors north of brick store. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

Easiest of access among all the canons of Colorado, being situated on the main line of the Denver & Rio Grande between Canon City and Salida in the front range of the Rockies, is the most spectacular, awe-inspiring and magnificent. Down this mighty cleft in the heart of the granite rock-barrier rush the raging waters of the Arkansas River, lashed into foaming fury and dashed into spurning spray by its swift descent through the tortuous defile. So narrow is the passage at one point that there was no room for both the road and river, and therefore a curiously constructed bridge of steel had to be thrown lengthwise of the stream, suspended from iron supports mortised into the canon walls on each side to the right and left. And right here can be seen the climax of all the canon's grandeur, that which has been aptly called "The Royal Gorge." For two thousand six hundred feet the solid monoliths soar upward—five times as lofty as the Washington Monument, the highest permanent structure reared by the hand of man. No words can adequately describe the magnificence of the scene. Only those who have beheld its glories can appreciate them.

This is but one of the many wonders of nature revealed to the traveler on the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad, "The Scenic Line of the World."

For detailed information about this most delightful trip to the East, Address J. D. Mansfield, Gen'l Agt, Rio Grande System, Portland, Oregon.

Neglect Means Danger.

Don't neglect biliousness and constipation. Your health will suffer permanently if you do. De Witt's Little Early Risers cure such cases. M. B. Smith, Butte, Mich., says "De Witt's Little Early Risers are the most satisfactory pills I ever took. Never gripe or cause nausea." Delta drug store.

WHERE WE STAND

Platform Adopted by Republicans of Oregon

WE WILL KEEP THE PHILIPPINES

The President Endorsed in His Stand Against Capital

The republican party of Oregon, in state convention assembled, proud of its record and past history, its devotion to the principles of human liberty and human rights, its great and imperishable names which lend honor and glory to the nation of the earth, and as an assurance of its continued fidelity to the great principles for which it has contended in the past in state and national affairs, does hereby make and affirm the following declaration of its principles.

The events of the late war with Spain carried us into the Philippine Islands. We hold it to be consistent with the principles of liberty and of our National life that the sovereignty of the United States should be maintained in the islands, under such local self-government as the people may be, or may become, fitted to participate in. We therefore declare against all proposals looking to the retirement of the United States from the Philippine Islands.

That in the war which President Roosevelt has inaugurated against the gigantic combinations of incorporated capital he has the united and enthusiastic support of the Republican party of Oregon.

We demand and insist upon the passage of the bill now pending in Congress for the exclusion of Chinese, known as the Mitchell-Kahn exclusion bill.

We reaffirm our allegiance to the principles of protection in necessary cases of industries still in their infancy or unable to compete with foreign productions.

We recognize the right of labor to organize and combine for mutual protection under the law, and we recommend that the legislature enact all necessary legislation to protect labor in all its rights and privileges. In the interests of American labor and the upbuilding of the workingman as the corner-stone of the prosperity of our country, we recommend that Congress create a Department of Labor in charge of a Secretary, with a seat in the Cabinet.

We demand that the law be passed by the next Legislature placing all public officers of this state upon reasonable salaries, which shall not be increased during the incumbent's term of office, and beyond such salary they shall receive no compensation as fees or otherwise.

In order to promote the development of the mineral resources of the state, we are in favor of the creation of and the maintenance of a mining bureau by the state.

We declare our approval and support of the suggestions of President Roosevelt for the irrigation of the arid lands of the country. This work should be undertaken by the United States as soon as possible, and carried forward on a consistent plan, under direction of the General Government.

We urge our Representatives in Congress and Senators to use every effort to secure the speedy opening of the Columbia River between The Dalles and Celilo, and for clearing the river of all obstructions to navigation from its mouth to head of navigation. We urge also renewed and continued effort for improvement of our Coast harbors and streams within the state, and the speedy construction of an isthmian canal.

That the public lands are the heritage of the common people and should be held in trust for the use and benefit of all the people under the homestead laws. We are therefore unalterably opposed to all plans, schemes or propositions for leasing public domains, either to individuals or corporations.

We favor a policy by the state and the United States which shall further foster and support our fisheries, and we request the Legislature to enact such further laws as may be found by experience necessary to obtain this result.

We demand and insist upon the immediate passage by Congress of the United States of the "Oleomargarine" bill, known as the New Groat bill, now pending in the Senate.

That we favor the proposed amendment to the state constitution providing for the initiative and referendum, and recommend its adoption by the people of the state.

We declare our approval of the principles of the primary law enacted by the Legislature at the session of 1901, and we ask the Legislature to extend this law so that in its main features it may apply to primary elections in all election precincts throughout the state. And we further recommend the election of United States Senators by popular vote.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

The Story of a Soldier's Struggle

Ten Years' Trial

By Brig. General Charles King

Not once have I fallen below the plane of their fellow men and cannot climb back seek to restore their social equilibrium by pulling others down. Captain Nathan got back to Pawnee to find himself in bad odor. Torrance, who would gladly have done a soldier's duty had he been permitted, was involved, through his intimacy with Nathan, in Nathan's growing unpopularity. Santley, who had had to serve as Nathan's adjutant, now had unjustly to shoulder a portion of Nathan's obloquy. Woodrow escaped because Nathan accused him of rank insubordination, and the youngest, with Rodney May and others to back him, as much as told Nathan he hoped he would prefer charges and have him tried by court martial. A most unhappy state of affairs was springing on the batteries at Pawnee, and the policy of the company of the cavalry was something that made the gunners sweat. Two or three troops under Channing and Stryker had done tip-top service during the riots. Infantry from Omaha and Leavenworth had saved hundreds of thousands of dollars in property and covered themselves with credit for cool, even temper, fortitude and readiness. Everywhere had the regulars won unqualified praise from all law-abiding citizens except that one unhandful little battalion at Brentwood, and nothing prevented a court of inquiry but the feeling that, for the sake of the cloth, the whole thing were best ignored or forgotten. "An error of judgment" was laid at Nathan's door, but nothing more serious. And old "Cat," who was secretly sympathetic with Woodrow, was instructed to release the lad from arrest, with the caution to hold his tongue and temper in the future. Then Melville was sent south at the urgent advice of the doctors, and by tacit consent Pawnee ceased discussion of Nathan's failure.

But great was the glorification among the guardsmen of Nebraska, and widespread was the glory of Mr. Langdon's prowess, and keen was the ridicule at the expense of the Brentwood rifles and the rejoicing over the triumph of the Grays. Great was the applause that greeted Langdon's soldier pupils when they bore away the prize and Langdon on their shoulders and greater still the grief with which, a few weeks later, it was learned that the Big Horn had held that gentleman accountable for the robbery of its safe at Brentwood and discharged him from the service of the road.

And this takes us back to "hearers" at Pawnee. "I heard," said Captain Nathan confidentially to the new post commander six months after the riots and not six days after the receipt of the latest news from Nebraska—"I heard from a source that can't be questioned that the real reason was that he had been peculating for months, and the robbery was to conceal his own stealings." "I heard," whispered Torrance in the confidence of the big sergeant of the Grays, "that he had blown in over \$2,000 in a bucket shop in Chicago, and detectives had been on to him for weeks."

All manner of things detrimental to Langdon had Nathan and his few satellites heard in the same way, and all they did hear and much more they did not was duly communicated to such as would listen, who were, fortunately, few. It was Nathan's insidious stories that turned the local shopmen against the absent and the exile and incidentally a pretty penny for their informant, as the tradesmen sold their claims to him for 50 cents on the dollar, and as confessed to Melville long weeks later.

"I heard," said Torrance, "that old Sharp ordered Langdon away from Sheridan and sent the sergeant of the Guard to see him off the reservation." "I heard," said Nathan, "that Dr. Armstrong gave him warning that if he wasn't off the post before morning gunfire he'd give the whole story of his misdeeds to his wife to the papers, and that's what started him." And now there was no Melville to stand his friend at Pawnee, for the major was succumbing at the seashore, slowly regaining health and strength, and his little Rodney May and Woodrow had neither rank nor years sufficient to carry influence. And now, worse luck, there was none to befriend him at Chicago, for Channing, a sorely stricken man, had been taken to a sanitarium in the mountains. Summoned to the offices of the general manager and banished up before a new king who knew not Joseph, Langdon could only sadly say he could throw no light on the robbery whatever. Two clerks,

Continued on Fourth Page.

AN ANALYSIS OF CHAMBERLAIN'S HILLSBORO SPEECH.

Hillsboro, May 12, 1902.

Editor Independent:— I was an attentive listener on Saturday last to a "hot air" speech by Mr. Chamberlain and was surprised beyond measure at the weakness thereof. I had heard he was an excellent campaigner, a good orator and a logical thinker, a prince of good fellows, and so was necessarily expecting to hear an able exposition of democratic ideas and principles and to say that I was disappointed is to put it mildly, when I heard nothing but abuse of his opponent and praise for himself.

Mr. Chamberlain devoted considerable of his time to the "record of my opponent." Mr. Chamberlain claims to be a high minded gentleman. His friends make the claim for him. If this estimate is correct he ought to make his campaign on a higher plane. He is not doing this. I notice he said in speaking of Mr. Furnish, "he at one time served as a democrat as deputy U. S. Marshall, and on two occasions was elected on the 'democratic' ticket as sheriff of Umatilla county, and if he made any record in either of these positions calculated to draw public attention to him as a man who was bent upon saving the tax payers, either of the United States or of Umatilla county, I have yet to read to be pointed out to me. On the contrary it has been a record that while serving in these capacities he laid the foundation of a fortune which has enabled him to become a part owner of a large banking institution, and its president and manager." Further along he made the statement, "if the charges there made against him by a portion of the local press of his country, and by highly esteemed people who opposed his candidacy in the primaries and in the convention be true, he intends indeed by the use of money to make such a campaign as will subvert the politics of Oregon and bring them to a standard of degradation only equaled by that of Hannu, Platt, Quay and Crocker."

Mr. Chamberlain claims to be a good lawyer. If he means to charge either that Mr. Furnish while an official received fees unlawfully, and more than he was entitled to, or that he is conducting his campaign by the use of money corruptly, he ought to be MANLY enough enough to come out in the open, make the charges definitely, and specify the acts and conduct particularly of which he claims Mr. Furnish is guilty. As an honorable man, he ought not to shrink or skulk behind "it has been charged" or "if the charges which are made against him," etc. He ought not to indulge in these insinuations. If he wants to make these claims and use them, he should do so on his own responsibility. It seems to me he should be called down and called down hard. He should be forced to either withdraw this miserable insinuation, or else must assume the responsibility of making the charge, and in that case, should be compelled to specify the particulars, and produce the proof. If he can do neither he should be branded as a slanderer by honest men.

Mr. Chamberlain wants his opponent to specify in what way his record has placed him in the light of a sinner of taxes. Mr. Furnish has held no position except that of an executive officer. He was in no way responsible for the sale of fees, or the official emoluments attached to his office. He held offices under which he had no discretion except to perform the duties, and receive the compensation fixed by law. The only thing for which Mr. Furnish could be held responsible was whether or not he performed the duties properly, and whether he charged only such fees as the law allows. Presumably his charges and fees collected were correct. They were evidently audited by DEMOCRATIC officers, and paid by DEMOCRATIC officials.

Mr. Chamberlain charges that state officials are collecting compensation in the form of salary and fees contrary to the provisions of the constitution. Mr. Chamberlain doubtless knows that a very large portion of this legislation was passed during the administration of Governor Penney, and received the sanction of that gentleman. He doubtless knows that a large portion, if not all, of the very legislation under which the officials are now drawing their compensation, was upon the

PEOPLES PARTY.

Practically Starving.

"After using a few bottles of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure my wife received perfect and permanent relief from a severe and chronic case of stomach trouble," says J. R. Holly, real estate insurance and loan agent, of Macomb, Ill. "Before using Kodol Dyspepsia Cure she could not eat an ordinary meal without intense suffering."

Saved Many a Time.

Don't neglect coughs and colds even if it is spring. Such cases often result seriously at this season just because people are careless. A dose of One Minute Cough Cure will remove all danger. Absolutely safe. Acts at once. Sure cure for coughs, cold, croup, bronchitis and other throat and lung troubles. "I have used One Minute Cough Cure several years," says Postmaster C. O. Dawson, Barr, Ill. "It is the very best cough medicine on the market. It has saved me many a severe spell of sickness and I warmly recommend it." The children's favorite. Delta drug store.

Wants To Help Others.

"I had stomach trouble all my life," says Edw. Mehler, proprietor of the Union Bottling Works, Erie, Pa., "and tried all kinds of remedies, went to several doctors and spent considerable money trying to get a moment's peace. Finally I read of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure and I have been taking it to my great satisfaction. I never found its equal for stomach trouble and gladly recommend it in hope that I may help other sufferers." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures all stomach troubles. You don't have to diet. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. Delta drug store.

Continued on Second Page.

A POPULIST CANNOT DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

Laurel, May 8.

To the editor:— I have been studying the platform on which the union party in this county are making their campaign, hoping to get into office and thereby help the dear people, to see if I could find any of the true principles of the peoples party. Their platform leads off by declaring allegiance to the principles of democracy as proclaimed by its founder Thomas Jefferson. Did the Omaha platform lead off with any such declaration? In this county the primaries and county convention was called in the name of the union party but when our delegates got to Portland the issue and now ask us to support the democratic platform. Does this contain any of those fundamental principles which some 10 years ago the peoples party in their first national convention, adopted and upon which they invoked the blessing of Almighty God. And now must we interpret this blessing to be the democratic party? The people were at that time, as we thought, demoralized, our homes mortgaged, labor impoverished and the government conditions fast breeding two great classes—tramps and millionaires. We demanded postal saving banks, the holding of public lands for actual settlers only, graduated income tax, free coinage of silver, government ownership of railroads, telegraphs and telephones, initiative and referendum, an increase of circulatory medium, etc. Now I fail to find any mention of these reforms that are so honestly contended for. Is not the credit for giving the voters of the state an opportunity to vote on the initiative and referendum, due to the republican party of the state? Has not the circulatory medium been steadily increasing under republican administration? It seems to me that while the peoples party has never had a chance to carry out what they started out to accomplish, the republican party have in a small measure at least caught the idea and stole our thunder. We possibly are mistaken in some of our principles but we are honestly so, and it looks now that the democratic party is attempting to swallow up the voters of the peoples party without giving anything in return. Many are possibly in doubt where they shall cast their lot and many in my precinct have joined the prohibitionists, hoping thus to find an easy way in which to set their indignation, but would it not be more effective to strike straight from the shoulder? As for me, I say let us make our votes more effective by voting the straight republican ticket.

It is often asked how such startling cures that puzzle the best physicians are affected by Dr. Kings New Discovery for consumption. Here's the secret. It cuts out the phlegm and germ infected mucus, and lets the life giving oxygen enrich and vitalize the blood. It heals the inflamed, cough-worn throat and lungs. Hard colds and stubborn coughs soon yield to Dr. Kings New Discovery, the most infallible remedy for all throat and lung diseases. Guaranteed bottles 50c and \$1. Trial bottles free at Bailey's Pharmacy.

He was taking a cabinet bath. In a cabinet bath the bather, with all but head inside an air-tight vessel, sits over a basin of water under which there is an alcohol lamp. The steam from the heating water does the bathing, and is accounted a remedy for various ailments. He had a cold and as stated above, was sitting over the steam works, awaiting developments. They came finally in a way that raised Ned. The alcohol in the lamp gave out before enough steam was raised, and the wife attempted to put in a new supply while he sat in the cabinet. She spilled a quantity of alcohol and it caught fire. The flames leaped high and raised a commotion to startle the dead. The cabinet was suddenly elevated, and the man with it around his neck, between rubbing burned spots and keeping the house from burning up, put in a mighty busy period of a few brief minutes. His cold is better.—Corvallis Times.

Ladies wishing Battenburg material will find it at the Racket Store.

Shot in His Leg.

For all kinds of sores, burns, bruises or other wounds, DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is a sure cure. Skin diseases yield to it at once. Never fails in cases of piles. Cooling and healing. None genuine but DeWitt's. Beware of counterfeits. "I suffered for many years from a sore caused by a gun shot wound in my left leg," says A. S. Fuller, English, Ind. "It would not heal and gave me much trouble. I used all kinds of remedies to no purpose until I tried DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. A few boxes completely cured me." Delta drug store.

Boy your campaign cigars at H. A. Palmer's.

TO KILL THE BEEF TRUST.

The New York Press is daily publishing receipts for killing the "beef trust." Here are two that are good ones and will do the work:

Here is a good, wholesome, one-course dinner for six persons, without beef, which will cost, with butter, bread and seasoning, \$1.33 or 22 cents each:

Roast Loin of Jersey Pork.
Potatoes, Roasted Round Meat.
Boiled Onions.
Rhubarb Pie.
Apple Sauce.

Coffee.
Five pounds of Jersey pork, at 14 cents a pound, will cost 70 cents. Apples for the sauce will cost 20 cents; potatoes 5 cents; onions 8 cents. All necessary material for large rhubarb pie will cost 15 cents. Bread, butter and coffee will amount to 15 cents. Prices of all vegetables are reasonable, and the best butter is selling at 25 cents a pound. In most of these dinners suggested in The Press there will probably be something left over which may be utilized on the next day, either for soup or in some made dish.

Here is a shad dinner, with the accompanying vegetables and a light dessert, which will be enough for six persons and will cost \$1.18, or 19 cents each, including bread, butter and seasonings:

Panned Shad.
Boiled Potatoes.
Lettuce Salad.
Toasted Wafers.
Cottage Cheese.
Sliced Bananas.
Oranges.
Coffee.

A fine big roe shad will cost 50 cents; potatoes 8 cents; material for cornbread 10 cents; strips of bacon to lay over the fish in cooking 5 cents; lettuce 8 cents; wafers 5 cents; cottage cheese 10 cents; fruit 12 cents; coffee, butter, etc., 10 cents.

This gives a liberal price for everything—prices that are charged up town. These things could be bought for less in the big downtown markets or in the lower East Side.

Reveals a Great Secret.

It is often asked how such startling cures that puzzle the best physicians are affected by Dr. Kings New Discovery for consumption. Here's the secret. It cuts out the phlegm and germ infected mucus, and lets the life giving oxygen enrich and vitalize the blood. It heals the inflamed, cough-worn throat and lungs. Hard colds and stubborn coughs soon yield to Dr. Kings New Discovery, the most infallible remedy for all throat and lung diseases. Guaranteed bottles 50c and \$1. Trial bottles free at Bailey's Pharmacy.

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NEWS OF THE STATE.

Ashland has refused to vote bonds on which to raise money to put in a sewerage system.

Salem, Marion county, will raise \$2000 for expense incurred in the Fourth of July celebration at that town.

The run of salmon that has been light at the mouth of the Columbia is improving both in number and size of fish.

A British steamship from Calcutta, Asia, has just finished discharging a cargo of grain bags in Portland. The freighter loads back with lumber.

A rich strike has been made in a Bohemian quartz mine in the Cascade mountains eastward from Eugene. The ore yields \$2000 per ton.

August Campbell and wife died in Portland last week within a few hours of each other and were buried the same day. Death resulted from paralysis of quite long standing.

The Dalles, Portland and Astoria Navigation Co. has sold the majority of its stock to a new railroad company that is building a line down the Columbia. The stock brought a premium of \$125, that is, a share of the par value of \$100 sold for \$225.

William Mau, foreman of Corbett Felling & Co., Portland, claims to have found a gold mine on his tract of land two miles south of Mount Scott near Portland. He has dug a 50-foot tunnel and found such fine specimens that he has sent an expert east to get machinery to mine the land.

There is reported to be an epidemic among dogs in Astoria. Several fine ones are sick and a number have died. It was thought that it was poison at first, but as several are affected that have had no opportunity to get poison, it has been declared an epidemic. Unfortunately good dogs so far have been victims of the disease.—Astorian.

Sunday evening last in Portland one Williams shot and instantly killed a longshoreman known as "Cockey George." The men had been drinking and quarreling but a kind of truce was observed till George used more offensive epithets when the other took a cavalry carbine from its corner and shot his victim through the heart. The murderer hid himself but it is thought he cannot escape.

Dalles people are beginning to get a little nervous about high water this season. The river is only about 12 feet above low water mark whereas it should be 20 feet above at this time. There is not an unusual amount of snow in the mountains, but there is enough there to make pretty high water should an extreme warm spell occur in the upper country. What is wanted is warm weather now that will send the water down early and allow it to get out of the way before the hot weather comes.

The action for libel brought recently by county commissioner Mack, of Multnomah, against the Oregonian Pub. Co., was tried last week. The jury considered their verdict just 8 minutes. It was for the defendant. The Oregonian proved the allegation so there was no libel. A motion was made for a new trial but was denied. The plaintiff has till July 1, to perfect his appeal to the supreme court. The Oregonian had charged that county commissioner Mack had sold through a third party supplies contrary to the law which forbids members of the county court to be interested in contracts to furnish supplies to the county.

The 59th anniversary of the declaration for American sovereignty in Oregon was celebrated Friday, May 2, at the site of the monument erected where the historical meeting was held May 2, 1843. The exercises were under the auspices of F. X. Matthieu Cabin of Native Sons of Butteville. About 300 people participated in the picnic, which was also attended by the Newberg brass band. Gov. Geer, president of the day, made an address. Other speakers were Geo. H. Hines of Portland, F. X. Matthieu of Butteville, E. M. Croisan, Frank Davey and John A. Jeffrey of Salem. A picnic dinner was served at noon by the pioneers. F. X. Matthieu was one of the 52 who voted for American sovereignty and is the only surviving member of that important meeting of 102 persons.—Woodburn Independent.