

HILLSBORO INDEPENDENT

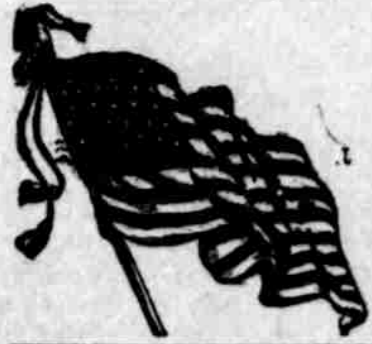
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D. M. C. GAULT, Editor.

FRIDAY, APRIL 18, 1902.



REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE.

For Governor, W. J. FURNISH, of Umatilla County. For Supreme Judge R. S. BEAM, of Lane County. For Secretary of State F. I. DUNBAR, of Clatsop County. For State Treasurer C. S. MOORE, of Klamath County. For State Printer J. R. WHITNEY, of Linn County. For Sup't Public Instruction J. H. ACKERMAN, of Multnomah County.

DISTRICT.

For Congress, 1st District THOS. H. TONGUE, of Washington County.

COUNTY.

For Representatives D. M. C. GAULT, of South Hillsboro. B. F. PURDY, of Gaston. DR. CHARLES HINES, of Forest Grove. For County Judge THURSTON BUXTON, of Buxton. For County Clerk, E. J. GODMAN, of East Butte. For Sheriff, SAMUEL GALBREATH, of West Cedar Creek. For Recorder, E. I. KURATLI, of Washington. For Commissioner, W. J. BUTNER, of Beaverton. For Treasurer, W. M. JACKSON, of Dilley. For Assessor, G. H. WILCOX, of South Hillsboro. For Surveyor, A. A. MORRILL, of North Hillsboro. For Coroner, E. C. BROWN, of North Hillsboro.

REPUBLICAN CLUBS TAKE NOTICE

The County Central Committee has recommended the reorganization of the republican clubs of the county preparatory to active work in the coming campaign. We wish to urge this matter upon the club officers and ask their hearty co-operation. The State Central Committee will provide speakers whenever wanted and we desire that the campaign work be done through the various clubs of the county. Any request for speakers will be cheerfully complied with.

BENTON BOWMAN, Chairman. J. A. THORNBURGH, Secretary.

No better analysis of the democratic nominee for governor has been given than the following from the Corvallis Gazette: "Then with their usual glaring inconsistency they nominate for chief executive, not a trained business man, not one who has shown any great force of character, not one who knows the people because he is of them, knows them and believes in them, but a lawyer, a well-dressed, suave and cultured gentleman of good standing in kid-gloved society, but who has never accomplished any of those things which are compassed through energy great activity, persevering purpose and unflinching courage. Mr. Chamberlain is an eminently decent and respectable gentleman, with kindly, somewhat willowy disposition who has yet to learn to say 'no' with all its force and meaning."

RAISE OF SALARY.

"We condemn the autocratic prohibitive order of the president denying the constitutional right of mail-carriers and others engaged in the public service to petition for an increase of salaries, or for other purposes."—Democratic platform. Did the democratic convention know what it was talking about, or if it did, does it want it understood that the party aids professional lobbyists? The order of the President, dated January 31, 1902, does not forbid classified civil service employees "to solicit an increase of pay through the heads of departments in or under which they serve," but it does forbid them individually or through associations, directly or indirectly, to influence or attempt to influence in their own interest legislation either before Congress or its committees for an increase of salaries. President Roosevelt does not object to employees getting more salary but he does object to a paid lobby. Does the democratic party?

How the interested were working can be graphically illustrated by an example at home. A short time ago a citizen of Washington county was a classified civil service employee. He as such received a letter from a Washington, D. C., association proposing that for a monthly assessment of \$1.00 an increase of \$15.00 per month to his salary would be secured. The employee did not approve the method and let the opportunity pass. But a little figuring. The official Congressional Directory, January 1901, the latest at hand, page 261 reports that the employees of the classified civil service number 80,000. If each contributes one dollar there would be a fund of \$80,000 per month created or \$960,000 per year. That amount of money for a lobby fund is quite respectable in size. It is against the corrupting influence of money that the President directs such orders. The democrats however raise the matter to the dignity of a platform plank. It is not believed that the people will join them.

The big packing companies of Omaha and Chicago are opposing the oleomargarine bill now in Congress, and charge that it is the creature of the creamery trust. They declare that if there is any people poor or otherwise who, on account of economy wish to consume oleomargarine they should be permitted to do so. Well, if there is a more arbitrary trust than the meat packers of those cities let them come to the front. Up to this time the little creameries working with plants that cost only from \$600 to \$3000 have not been able to form a trust. And in the very nature of business they cannot. Milk is a necessary raw material, and it cannot be produced except over large territory and delivered at neighboring centers in comparatively small quantities, wherefore large manufacturing plants cannot be installed. Again the proposed legislation does not prohibit the manufacture of oleomargarine, only prohibits its coloring so far as to resemble butter. It would seem therefore that dealers depend upon the reputation of butter to insure the sale of the other. It is fraud that they want to practice, and it is fraud that farmers and creamery men propose to prohibit. The House is more favorably disposed toward the proposed legislation than the Senate. It is the senators who favor the beef trust. Then let them have oleomargarine for their bread.

The Oregonian puts Washington county in the doubtful list with Benton. Benton politics are not familiar, but the Independent thinks that Washington county will throw a respectable plurality for the republican candidate for governor. Gov. Geer in 1898 had 624 votes more than King. In the off year of 1900 Wolvertson for Judge had 309 votes more than Green, democrat, wherefore notwithstanding the county went fusion for some of the county officers it seems that for state officers it has uniformly been reliably republican. In 1898 the democrats polled 1219 votes, and in 1900 the fusion increased only to 1258. The stump from the 500 plurality was due to the 200 republicans who did not record their votes in 1900. This year Chamberlain is no more a favorite than was King in 1900, and the same question, sound money with an intelligent business administration and expansion of territory and trade, will justify a heavier vote than in 1898 when 1743 republicans put themselves on record.

The democratic party at its state convention not only ignored Mr. Bryan and free silver but nominated Mr. C. E. S. Wood for United States Senator. Mr. Wood is a very pleasant gentleman of good ability who spends about three months out of the year in Oregon and the balance of his time in New York. Like Mr. Furnish and others he bolted the democratic ticket in 1896 on the silver question and was a delegate from Oregon to the Indianapolis convention which nominated Palmer and

Beckner as the nominees of the gold democrats. It seems a little singular for the democrats who have been so radical for free silver to drop it so suddenly and endorse a radical gold man for United States Senator, but we suppose that they will "about face" on this question without much trouble. We doubt, however, whether the populists can be "dipped" so easily. They went in with the democrats because they agreed upon the silver question, and now to ask them to vote for a legislative ticket which is pledged to support a gold man for United States Senator is asking a good deal, and we doubt whether they will all swallow the dose gracefully.

The Argus has kept standing for years at the head of its editorial column a statement to the effect that it is opposed to gold monometalism. We suggest to brother Long that he revise that by adding: "but we are in favor of a radical gold standard man for United States Senator."

Malven, the remaining Philippine leader in the north of Luzon island, surrendered to Gen. Bell on the 16. This ends armed resistance in that section.

Administrator's Sale.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of the County Court for Multnomah County, made on the 18th day of March A. D. 1902, in the matter of the estate of John Bartok, deceased, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, subject to confirmation by the said court, all the following described real estate, viz: All of lots numbered eight (8) and nine (9) of "Gray Oak" as the said tract appears on the maps and plats in the Recorder's office of Washington County, being in section five (5) T 18 R 1 W, W 1/2, and also the following tract, viz: Beginning on the section line 10.57 chs west from the intersection of sections 16, 17, 20 and 21 T 18 R 1 W, thence west to west line of Spencer's donation claim 14.40 chs; thence south to the south-west corner of Spencer's donation claim; thence east on the line of said claim to point 10.57 chs west of the section line between sections 20 and 21 thence north 10.58 chs to the place of beginning, all in Washington County, State of Oregon. That said sale will be made on the 21st day of April, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the front door of the Court House of said Washington County, at Hillsboro, Oregon.

Dated this 18th day of March, A. D. 1902. D. GERMANNS, Administrator of the estate of John Bartok, deceased.

Administrator's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed by the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Washington County, administrator of the estate of Solomon Wismer, deceased, therefore, all persons having claims against said estate are hereby requested to present them to the undersigned duly verified at his residence at Bethany, Oregon, within six months from this date. Administrator of the estate of Solomon Wismer, deceased. Dated March 25, 1902.

Practically Starving.

"After using a few bottles of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure my wife received perfect and permanent relief from a severe and chronic case of stomach trouble," says J. R. Holly, real estate insurance and loan agent, of Macomb, Ill. "Before using Kodol Dyspepsia Cure she could not eat an ordinary meal without intense suffering."

Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure, no pay. Price 25 cents.

A Doctor's Bad Flight.

"Two years ago, as a result of a severe cold, I lost my voice," writes Dr. M. L. Scarbrough, of Hebron, Ohio, "then began an obstinate cough. Every remedy known to me as a practicing physician for 35 years, failed, and I daily grew worse. Being urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, I found quick relief, and for last ten days have felt better than for two years." Positively guaranteed for Throat and Lung troubles by Delta Drug store, 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. It prevents formation of gas on the stomach, relieving all distress after eating. Disting unnecessary. Pleasant to take.

It can't help but do you good Prepared only by E. C. Dewey & Co., Chicago. The 21c bottle contains 25 times as much.

Advertisement for Castoria, featuring the signature of Dr. J. C. H. H. H. and the text "The Kind You Have Always Bought".

Advertisement for Candy Cathartics, featuring the text "BEST FOR THE White Collar Line. BOWELS" and "CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets".

Advertisement for Ferry's Seeds, featuring the text "FERRY'S SEEDS For The Farmer The Gardener and The Housewife".

Advertisement for Portland Markets, listing various goods and prices such as "Wheat—Walla Walla, nominal 50c" and "Butter—Fancy creamery, 25c".

Advertisement for United States Fire Insurance Company, including the text "Notice of Intention to Withdraw Insurance by the United States Fire Insurance Company."

Advertisement for Delta Drug Store, featuring the text "WE MAKE The best Cough Remedy on the market, and if YOU NEED A Cough Remedy, our's will do the work." and "WE KNOW It contains nothing injurious and gives speedy relief."

Advertisement for Hamilton-Brown Shoe Co., featuring the text "A Neat Shoe For The Children" and "YOU WANT A neat shoe for your children, as well as a servicable one. A good many neat shoes are not made of good stock—mine are. If you want A SERVICABLE SHOE For your children, as well as a neat one, you will make a mistake if you do not get a pair of JOHN DENNIS Mens' Gloves A Full Line of Hose".

Advertisement for Hillsboro Pharmacy, featuring the text "Just a Little Cough" and "The Hillsboro Pharmacy."

Advertisement for Hillsboro Pharmacy, featuring the text "DEADLY NARCOTICS" and "The Hillsboro Pharmacy."

Advertisement for St. Charles Hotel, featuring the text "St. Charles Hotel" and "DAVIS & BELCHER, Managers."

Advertisement for Lovelace 32741 Prince, featuring the text "LOVELACE 32741 PRINCE" and "2-year-old record 2:29" and "3-year-old record 2:20."

Advertisement for Bright's Disease, featuring the text "BRIGHT'S DISEASE" and "The largest sum ever paid for a prescription, changed hands in San Francisco, Aug. 23, 1901."