

Hillsboro Independent.

Vol. XXIX.

HILLSBORO, WASHINGTON COUNTY, OREGON, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1901

No. 22

GENERAL DIRECTORY.

STATE OFFICERS.

Governor..... T. T. Gear
Secretary of State..... F. I. Dunbar
Treasurer..... Chas. S. Moore
Comptroller..... J. H. Adkinson
State Printer..... W. H. Loebe
Supreme Court..... Chas. E. Wolfson
H. S. Bean
F. A. Moran
T. A. McBride
Attorney Fifth District..... Harrison Allen

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Judge..... I. A. Hood
Commissioners..... J. A. Young
E. J. Ward
Clerk..... Geo. A. Morgan
Sheriff..... Ralph L. Wann
Recorder..... H. C. Brown
Assessor..... Geo. H. Ball
School Superintendent..... T. S. Wilkes
Surveyor..... W. P. Via
Coroner..... W. P. Via

OREGON CITY LAND OFFICE.

Chas. H. Moore, Registrar
Wm. Galloway, Receiver

CITY OFFICERS.

F. A. Bailey, Mayor
John Northrup
J. P. Tamiesle
Board of Trustees..... J. P. Tamiesle
E. C. Brown
John Milne
Wm. Johnson
Mayor..... Sam'l Everitt
Marshal..... W. F. Atkinson
Justice of Peace..... J. P. Randall

POST OFFICE INFORMATION.

The mails close at the Hillsboro Post Office, daily, at 4 o'clock, for Union, Bethany and Cedar Mills, at 7:30 a. m. Going South, at 8:30 a. m. Going to Portland and way-offices, 6:55 a. m. and 4 p. m. For Farmington and Laurel, daily at 12

CHURCH AND SOCIETY NOTICES.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, corner Fifth and Fifth streets. Preaching every Sabbath, morning and evening, 8 o'clock. Sunday school at 10 o'clock a. m. S. S. C. E. meeting Thursday evening, 7:30 p. m. All services will be short, bright, interesting and helpful. Everyone cordially welcome.
EVAN F. HUGHES, Pastor

EVANGELICAL CHURCH, corner Fifth and Fifth streets. Preaching every Sunday evening at 8 p. m. every Sunday evening at 11 a. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m. prayer meeting every Wednesday evening, Christian Endeavor at 7:50 p. m. (Rev.) Hartman, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH, H. Oberg, pastor. Preaching every Sabbath morning and evening, Sabbath school every Sabbath at 10 a. m. Lesson meeting every Sunday at 10:30 p. m. general prayer meeting every Thursday evening. Leaders and Steward's meeting the third Tuesday evening of each month.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH, Preaching at 24th and 4th Streets in each month at 11 a. m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening, Christian Endeavor at 7:30 p. m.
K. H. STICKHOUSE, Pastor.

Daughters of Rebekah.

HILLSBORO REBEKAH LODGE NO. 54, I. O. O. F. meets in Odd Fellows Hall every Saturday evening.

M. W. A.

HILLSBORO CAMP NO. 430, MEETS every 2nd and 4th Saturday night, at Wehrung's hall.

A. O. U. W.

HILLSBORO LODGE NO. 61, A. O. U. W. meets every first and third Friday evening each month.

P. of H.

HILLSBORO GRANGE, NO. 23, MEETS 2nd and 4th Saturdays of each month.

I. O. O. F.

MONTEZUMA LODGE, NO. 50, MEETS Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in I. O. F. Hall. Visitors made welcome.

Degree of Honor.

THE DEGREE OF HONOR, A. O. U. W. meets in Wehrung's hall every first and third Friday evening of each month.

Bathhouse Sisters.

PHENICIA TEMPLE NO. 10, B. S. meets every 2nd and 4th Friday in each month at 7:00 o'clock in Wehrung's hall.

K. of P.

PHENIX LODGE, NO. 34, K. OF P. meets in Masonic Hall on Monday evening of each week. Sojourning brethren welcomed to lodge meetings.

A. F. and A. M.

TOTALITY LODGE NO. 6, A. F. and A. M. meets every Saturday night on or after full moon of each month.

O. E. S.

TOTALITY CHAPTER, NO. 8, O. E. S. meets at Masonic Temple on the 2nd and 4th Tuesday of each month.

GEN. RANSOM

MEETS IN ODD FELLOWS HALL ON the first and third Fridays of each month, at 2:00 o'clock, p. m.

GEN. RANSOM POST, NO. 69, G. A. R.

MEETS IN ODD FELLOWS HALL ON the first and third Saturdays of each month, at 2:00 o'clock, p. m.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

THOS. H. & E. R. TONGUE, Notary Public.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
HILLSBORO, OREGON.
Office: Rooms 4, 5, Morgan Block.

W. N. BARETT, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, HILLSBORO, OREGON.

Office: Central Block, Rooms 6 and 7.

BESTON BOWMAN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, HILLSBORO, OREGON.

Office: Rooms 6 and 7, Morgan block.

H. T. BAGLEY, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW, HILLSBORO, OREGON.

Office: Over Delta Drug Store.

JOHN M. WALL, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, HILLSBORO, OREGON.

Office: Bailey-Morgan Block, Rooms 1 & 2.

S. T. LINKLATER, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, HILLSBORO, OREGON.

Office: at residence, east of court house, where he will be found at all hours when not visiting patients.

J. P. TAMIESE, D. D. S. P. R. SURGEON, HILLSBORO, OREGON.

Office and Residence: corner Third and Main Streets. Office hours, 9:30 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 and 7 to 9 p. m. Telephone to residence from Block & Sell's Drugstore at all hours. All calls promptly attended, night or day.

F. A. BAILEY, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, HILLSBORO, OREGON.

Office Morgan-Bailey Block, up stairs, rooms 12, 13 and 14, Residence, S. W. Cor. Base Line and Second streets. Both 'Phones.

J. E. ADKINS, DENTIST, HILLSBORO, OREGON.

Office hours: 9 a. m. to 4:30 p. m. Office in Union block over Pharmacy.

R. NIXON, DENTIST, FOREST GROVE, OREGON.

Restart. -34 teeth \$3.00 per set. Cement and Amalgam fillings 50 cents each. Gold fillings from \$1 up. Vitrified air for painless extraction. Office: three doors north of brick store. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 10 p. m.

THROUGH UTAH AND COLORADO.

The ideal trip to the east during the heat of summer is via the Rio Grande Western and Denver & Rio Grande Railroads, the far-famed "Scenic Line of the World." The extremes of temperature are never met, and passengers are sure of having a delightfully cool ride through the heart of the Rocky Mountains, and a view by daylight of scenery which is nowhere surpassed.

If desired, a stop enroute may be made at quaint and picturesque Salt Lake City, the "City of the Saints," Glenwood Springs, Leadville, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Denver, or any intermediate point. There are three daily trains leaving Salt Lake City for all points east, which have close connections from the Northwest via either O. R. & N. Co., or the Southern Pacific Co. These trains are equipped with Through Sleepers (Standard and Tourist), Free Reclining Chair Cars and a perfect Dining Car Service. Personally Conducted Excursions, in charge of competent and courteous managers, are run several times a week without change of cars to Denver, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago, Buffalo, New York, Boston and all eastern cities. Tickets are on sale at all Railroad Ticket offices. For further information and cheapest rates, apply to J. D. MANSFIELD, General Agent, 124 Third St., Portland, Oregon.

67 Hours

This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.** The remedy that cures a cold in one day.

A BELLE OF... CANADA CITY

BY... BRET HARTE

Copyright, 1901, by Bret Harte.

Only one man in the world, to reach her own mind, to any one should meet her, and that man was Clay. For the least intelligent man had had the same idea of the beauty of the young girl, and this was still ringing in her ears, as she sat in the hidden snugness of all this new and stirring life, as that had with childish indignation. She kept on with unmoved face, however, and at last turned into the planked side terrace, a part of her father's residence, and reached the symmetrical garden beds and gravelled walk. She ran up the steps of the veranda and entered the drawing room through the open French window. Glancing around the familiar room, at her father's closed desk at the open piano, with the piece of music she had been practicing that morning, the whole walk seemed only a foolish dream that had frightened her. She was Clary Trisit, the daughter of the richest man in the town. This was her father's house, the wonder of Canada City.

A ring at the front door bell startled her. Without waiting for the servant to knock, she stepped out on the veranda and saw a boy whom she recognized as a waiter at the hotel kept by Pliny's father. He was holding a note in his hand and staring intently at the house and garden. Seeing Clary, he transferred his stare to her. Snatching the note from him, she tore it open and read in Pliny's well known scrawl, "I had just let me come to you now, dear, but I'll try to be back to-night." Why should she want to come? He had said nothing about coming now, and why should her father prevent her? Clary crushed the note between her fingers and faced the boy.

"What are you staring at, idiot?" The boy grinned hysterically, a little frightened at Clary's straightened brows and snapping eyes.

"Get away. There's no answer." The boy ran off, and Clary returned to the drawing room. Then it occurred to her that the servant had not answered the bell. She rang again furiously. There was no response. She called down the basement staircase and heard only the echo of her voice in the depths. How still the house was! Were they all out—Susan, Nora, the cook, the Chinaman and the gardener? She ran down into the kitchen. The back door was open, the fire was burning, dishes were upon the table, but the kitchen was empty. Upon the floor lay a damp copy of the "extra." She picked it up quickly. Four black headlines stared her in the face—"Enormous Defalcation!—Montagu Trisit Absconded!—\$500,000 Missing!" "Run on the Bank!"

She threw the paper through the open door as she hurried back, and she had just reached the door when she heard a voice from the kitchen. "What a fine fellow that waiter was! He had a good eye for a fellow!"

Clary's face whitened in proportion as her eyes grew darker, but she said nothing. "I shall stay here till my popper tells me to go."

"And you're a wicked, wicked liar!" said Clary, clinching her little fist at her side and edging toward him with a sidelong, bantamlike movement as she advanced her freckled cheek close to his with an effrontery so like her abounding father that he recoiled before it. "And a mean, double faced hypocrite too! Didn't you always praise him? Didn't you call him a Napoleon and a Moses? Didn't you say he was the making of Canada City? Didn't you get him to raise your salary, and start a subscription for your new house? Oh, you—you—beast!"

Here the stranger on the veranda, still gazing abstractedly at the landscape, gave a low and apparently unconscious murmur, as if enraptured with the view. Mr. Windbrook, recalled to an attempt at dignity, took up his hat and handkerchief. "When you have remembered yourself and your position, Miss Trisit," he said loftily, "I depend it I'd sooner stay in the woods with the grizzlies and rattlesnakes!" said Clary puntingly. "Go and leave me alone. Do you hear?" She stamped her little foot. "Are you listening?" Go!

Mr. Windbrook promptly retreated through the door and down the steps into the garden, at which the stranger on the veranda refructantly tore himself away from the landscape and slowly entered the parlor through the open French window. Here, however, he became equally absorbed and abstracted in the condition of his beard, carefully stroking his shaven cheek and lips and pulling his goatee.

After a pause he turned to the angry Clary, standing by the piano, radiant with glowing cheeks and flashing eyes, and said slowly, "I reckon you gave the parson as good as he sent. It kinder settles a man to hear the frozen truth entered with a pale face, straightened

He paused, rubbed his chin thoughtfully and then said slowly and with great deliberation: "Er there's any little thing here, miss—any keepsake of yours that you keep for in particular, things you wouldn't like strangers to have—you just make a little pile of 'em and drop 'em down somewhere down, and eyes that glimmer like clouds of rebellion. However, it was late to change his attitude. "Ah my young friend," he said a little awfully, "we must not give way to our emotions, but try to recognize in our trials the benefits of a great lesson. But," he added, hurriedly, "seeing her stand still silent but erect before him, "I see that you do!" He paused, coughed slightly, cast a glance at the veranda—where Clary now for the first time observed a man standing in an obviously assumed attitude of neglectful abstraction—moved toward the back room and in a lower voice said, "A word with you in private."

Without replying Clary followed him. "If," said Mr. Windbrook, with a sickly smile, "you are questioned regarding your father's affairs, you may remember his peculiar and utterly uncollected gift of a certain sum toward a new organ, to which I alluded today. You can say that he always expressed great liberality toward the church, and it was no surprise to you."

Clary only stared at him with dangerous eyes.

"Mrs. Windbrook," continued the reverend gentleman in his highest, heartiest voice, albeit a little hurried, "I wish me to say to you that until you heard from—your friends—she wanted you to come and stay with her. Do come!"

Clary, with her bright eyes fixed upon her visitor, said, "I shall stay here."

"But," said Mr. Windbrook impatiently, "you cannot. That man you see on the veranda is the sheriff's officer. The house and all that it contains are in the hands of the law."

Clary's face whitened in proportion as her eyes grew darker, but she said nothing. "I shall stay here till my popper tells me to go."

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NEW CANAL TREATY.

The Chicago Herald of October 7, printed the following from Walter Wellman, its Washington correspondent:

The United States and Great Britain have reached an agreement concerning the isthmian canal question, and the new treaty will be presented to the Senate for its ratification early in the coming session. I am now able to give the substance of this treaty. It provides:

1. For abrogation of the old Clayton-Bulwer treaty in toto.
2. For a neutral isthmian canal, in case one be constructed by the United States, open in time of peace to the ships of all nations upon equal terms.
3. This neutrality is guaranteed by the United States alone, and other maritime powers are not invited to participate in such guarantee. Great Britain is inferentially one of the guarantors, because she is a party to this treaty.
4. In case of war the United States reserves the right to take such steps for its own protection as it may deem proper.

It will be seen that the new treaty meets the principal objections which were offered to the old Hay-Pauncefote convention which led to its rejection by the Senate.

While the principle of neutrality is asserted, the United States alone guarantees that neutrality, and no European powers are invited to give their assent to it.

It was this feature more than any other which led to the defeat of the former treaty. Many senators were willing to join with Great Britain in a guarantee of the neutrality of the proposed new waterway, because England already enjoyed certain treaty rights upon the isthmus. But they were decidedly unwilling to invite other European nations to give their assent. Those nations had no standing in the case, and it was deemed most unwise to invite them to participate in a purely American enterprise with which they had no direct concern.

By the terms of the new treaty the United States may in time of war deal with the canal as it deems best for its own interests. It may close the canal to the ships of its enemies, and could, if it were thought advisable (which no one believes it ever will be,) fortify the channel of its terminus.

In the broad sense the isthmian waterway is to be "All-American." The United States is to build it and to have complete control of it, unhampered by onerous restrictions.

The government of Great Britain has met this question in a liberal spirit. It has assumed that it was its duty to place no unnecessary obstacles in the way of a work promising so much of importance and value to the commercial world.

It has proceeded upon the principle that the canal is built for commerce, not for war, and that a guarantee of nondiscrimination is, after all, the most important desideratum. On this point the United States and Great Britain were able to agree, because the United States has never sought the right to a preferential tolls in favor of American commerce.

Not even the senator who defeated the Hay-Pauncefote treaty contended for that.

They were willing the canal should be thrown open to commerce on equal terms, realizing that the economic advantages must necessarily accrue principally to the geographical situation.

The British statesman who had to deal with this problem quickly perceived that any insistence upon an internationally guaranteed neutrality in time of war must surely come to nothing, as it was a concession which the people of the United States would never assent to. If England insisted upon that, the chances were the canal would be built without reference to her treaty rights in any way. By standing out for everything she would gain nothing and lose all.

Ambassador Choate will bring to the United States a draft of the new treaty and President Roosevelt will soon have it in his hands. The President will be able to discuss it in his forthcoming message to Congress. He warmly approves of it. It meets almost exactly the principles for which he contended a year ago. He never opposed neutrality, providing it did not bind the hands of the United States in time of war. He never insisted upon fortifications. He never advocated preferential tar-

NEWS OF THE STATE.

There can be little or no doubt that the new treaty will be approved by the American press and people, and that it will be confirmed by the Senate. During the first sixty days of the coming session all treaty obstacles to the passage of an isthmian canal bill should be removed. This is the result for which Secretary of State Hay long has labored. He did not succeed a year ago because of unexpected opposition to certain features of the treaty which he had negotiated.

Instead of sulking in his tent, he cheerfully accepted the popular judgment and went on with his work, showing no narrow pride of opinion, but, to the contrary, the breadth and strength of a public servant who was sincerely anxious to serve his country. In this sense the outcome now seemingly so well assured will be a personal victory for him. His name will be linked to one of the greatest treaties of modern times.

Great Britain has met the United States more than half way in these negotiations, without any pledge or understanding whatsoever as to the Alaskan boundary or any other question in dispute between the two nations. The canal problem was considered and solved solely upon its own merits.

For sprains, swellings and lameness there is nothing so good as Chamberlain's Pain Balm. Try it. For sale by the Delta drug store.

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.
Something New Under The Sun.

All Doctors have tried to cure catarrh by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of catarrh, has at last perfected a treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures catarrh, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the afflicted parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "Snuffles," the guaranteed catarrh cure, and is sold at the extremely low price of one dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect cure.

"Snuffles" is the only perfect catarrh cure ever made and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve hay fever or cold in the head.

Catarrh when neglected often leads to consumption—"Snuffles" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure catarrh in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once and write full particulars as to your condition and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "Snuffles" the "guaranteed catarrh cure."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of one dollar. Address Dept. E 750, Edwin B. Giles & Company, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Don't forget that Schulmerliker Bros., carry a complete line of hardware.

When you cannot sleep for coughing, it is hardly necessary that any one should tell you that you need a few doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to allay the irritation of the throat and make sleep possible. It is good. Try it. For sale by the Delta drug store.

If a newspaper seeks to breed discontent in you cast it aside; 'tis but a play upon passions in order to reap a subscription. No upright editor will endeavor to discourage a poor man and make his burden harder than ever to bear. There are already too many dark pictures. More bright colors are needed in the paintings.

When you have no appetite, do not relish your food and feel dull after eating, you may know that you need a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at the Delta drug store.

The slope is now down over 1200 feet at the Beaver Hill mine; says the Marshfield News.

R. C. Edwards' big log drive of 3,500,000 feet for the Harrisburg saw mill has reached its destination.

The Empire Gold Mining Company, of Portland, will station \$75,000 gold dredger on the John Day River.

Through the kindness of Charles Martin, the citizens of Hubbard have access to over 1500 books, which he has placed in the room over the postoffice.

William Allen had the largest potatoes of the season on exhibition last week, says the Lostine Leader. Among them were three that averaged three pounds and six ounces each.

Approximately 1,750,000 bushels of wheat are stored in the warehouses of the Washington & Columbia River railroad in Umatilla county. This is evenly distributed among the various stations.

The Astorian reports that the Northern Pacific Railroad Company has offered \$5,500,000 for the Astoria and Columbia River railroad. Hammond has not sold at the date the report was made public.

Thomas McIlwain has received a telegram from Milwaukee capitalists stating that a representative will arrive soon to negotiate with the incorporators of the projected electric railway between Sumpter and Bourne, says a Sumpter paper.

The oil fields above Vale, Malheur County, are creating an excitement next to the famous Big Bend gold fever a few weeks ago. More than 12,000 acres are now located and a half dozen surveying parties are in the field. The hotels at Vale are crowded.

Strawberries of home product have again appeared on the local market at Walla Walla after an absence of over three months. They came from the foothills, high up, and are fairly plentiful, retailing at 15 cents a box. The quality is good and size, quite large.—Milton Eagle.

W. H. Butler brought in a sample of ore from the Daniel Boone claim in Quartz Gulch that will assay \$2000 to the ton, says the Canyon City News. He says they have taken out 500 pounds of rock that is as rich as this sample and that the ledge from which this was taken pans out rich from the very grass roots.

So far this season steelhead salmon have not made their appearance in the streams of the Lostine country. Herebefore at this time of the year they were very plentiful in both the South Fork and Wallawa Rivers. It is said that a dam has been placed at the mouth of Salmon River which prevents them from going up into those streams.

The latest news from the Malheur oil fields is to the effect that locations and locators have become so thick that the County Recorder is obliged to insist that the applicants be in line and take their turn when they come to file their applications. Very little land remains to be taken up as oil land, all that is valuable having been taken.

Mr. Peck, in charge of the party surveying a line for the Northern Pacific from Scappoose to Tillamook, has informed the Tillamook Herald that he will probably reach Tillamook October 20. The route is a rough one but a railroad can be constructed cheaply. The summit will be tunneled for a distance of 700 feet, and the crossing of the South Fork of the Nehalem will be made at Vine Maple postoffice. The party is now just beyond Foley postoffice.

Clarence Miller, of Aurora, met with a serious accident Saturday that came near being fatal. He was working at a steam wood saw. Someone threw a stick of wood against the saw, causing it to break in two and fly off the mandrel. One part struck Clarence on the lower part of the chest and made a turn upward, the teeth cutting through the clothing and deep into the flesh, inflicting a dozen wounds. The main force of the blow was spent directly against the chest and a tooth had gone deep into the breast-bone.

The first wound was in the abdomen and had it been just a trifle deeper it would have caused internal hemorrhage. The last was on the side of the neck and directly over the jugular vein, but fortunately not deep enough to injure it.

Continued on Fourth Page.