

Hillsboro Independent.

Vol. XXVIII.

HILLSBORO, WASHINGTON COUNTY, OREGON, FRIDAY, JANUARY 11, 1901

No. 34

GENERAL DIRECTORY.

STATE OFFICERS.
Governor.....T. T. Gatzert
Secretary of State.....F. I. Dunbar
Treasurer.....Chas. S. Moore
Supt. Public Instruction.....J. H. A. Smith
State Printer.....W. H. Leeds
Supreme Court.....Chas. E. Wolverton
Justices.....R. S. Bean
.....F. A. Moore
.....T. A. Molbrede
Attorney Fifth District.....Harrison Allen

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Judge.....L. A. Wood
Commissioners.....E. J. Ward
.....Geo. A. Morgan
.....John W. Sewell
Sheriff.....Ralph L. Wann
Recorder.....Geo. H. Wilcox
School Superintendent.....H. A. Wood
Surveyor.....T. S. Wilcox
Coroner.....W. P. Via

OREGON CITY LAND OFFICE.

Chas. B. Moore.....Register
Wm. Galloway.....Receiver

CITY OFFICERS.

Mayor.....Geo. Wilcox
City Clerk.....J. M. Green
Board of Trustees.....John D. Davis
.....R. Wagner
.....John Miller
.....Wm. Benson
Recorder.....Benton Bowman
Treasurer.....Sam'l Everett
Marshal.....E. C. Green
Justice of Peace.....J. P. Randall

POST OFFICE INFORMATION.

The mails close at the Hillsboro Post Office, daily:
Glasgow, West Union, Bethany and Cedar Hill, at 7:30 a. m.
Going South, 8:30 a. m.
Going to Portland and way-offices, 6:55 a. m. and 4 p. m.
For Farmington and Laurel, daily at 12

CHURCH AND SOCIETY NOTICES.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH. Corner Main and Fifth streets. Preaching every Sabbath, morning and evening. Sabbath school at 10 o'clock a. m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening, 7 p. m. S. C. H. Sunday at 10:30 p. m. All services will be short, bright, interesting and helpful. Everyone cordially welcome.
EVAN P. HUGHES, Pastor.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH. Corner Fifth and Fir. Preaching every Sunday evening at 8 p. m. every Sunday at 11 a. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening, 7:30 p. m. Christian Endeavor at 7:30 p. m. Benj. Hartman, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH. H. Over, pastor. Preaching every Sabbath morning and evening. Sabbath school every Sabbath at 10 a. m. League meeting every Sunday at 5:30 p. m. General prayer meeting every Thursday evening. Leaders and Steward's meeting the third Tuesday evening of each month.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH. Preaching at 12 and 4:30 Sundays in each month at 11 a. m. Prayer meeting Tuesday evening, Christian Endeavor at 7 p. m.
K. H. S. K. A. FOSTER, Pastor.

Daughters of Rebekah.
HILLSBORO REBEKAH LODGE NO. 24, I. O. O. F. meets in Odd Fellows' Hall every Saturday evening.

M. W. A.
HILLSBORO CAMP NO. 543, MEETS every 2nd and 4th Thursday night, at Wehrung's hall.

A. O. U. W.
HILLSBORO LODGE NO. 14, A. O. U. W. meets every 2nd and 4th Friday evening, at Wehrung's hall.

P. O. U.
HILLSBORO GRANGE, NO. 73, meets 2nd and 4th Monday days of each month.

I. O. O. F.
MONTEZUMA LODGE, NO. 50, meets Wednesday evenings at 8 o'clock in I. O. F. Hall. Visitors made welcome.

Degree of Honor.
THE DEGREE OF HONOR, A. O. U. W. meets in Odd Fellows' hall every first and third Friday evening of each month.

Rathbone Sisters.
PHOENIX TEMPLE NO. 10, R. S. meets every 2nd and 4th Friday in each month at 7:30 o'clock in Wehrung's hall.

K. of P.
HAGEN LODGE, NO. 34, K. of P. meets in Masonic Hall on Monday evening of each week. Sejourning brethren welcome to lodge meetings.

A. F. and A. M.
QUALITY LODGE NO. 6, A. F. & A. M. meets every Saturday night on or after 1st moon of each month.

O. E. S.
TUALATIN CHAPTER, NO. 31, O. E. S. meets in Masonic Temple on the 2nd and 4th Tuesday of each month.

K. O. T. M.
VIOLA TENT, NO. 18, K. O. T. M. meets in Odd Fellows' hall, on second and fourth Thursday evenings of each month.

WASHINGTON ENCAMPMENT NO. 24.
I. O. O. F. meets on first and third Tuesdays of each month.

GEN. RANSOM CORPS NO. 47, W. R. C.
MEETS IN ODD FELLOWS' HALL, Hillsboro, on the 1st, 3rd, 5th, 7th, 9th, 11th, 13th, 15th, 17th, 19th, 21st, 23rd, 25th, 27th, 29th, 31st, of each month at 2:30 p. m.

GEN. RANSOM POST, NO. 69, G. A. R.
MEETS IN ODD FELLOWS' HALL, on the first and third Saturdays of each month, at 12:00 o'clock, P. M.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

THOS. H. TONGUE, Notary Public.

THOS. H. & E. B. TONGUE, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

HILLSBORO, OREGON.

Office: Rooms 4 & 5, Morgan Block.

W. N. BARRITT, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

HILLSBORO, OREGON.

Office: Central Block, Rooms 6 and 7.

BENTON HOWMAN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

HILLSBORO, OREGON.

Office: Rooms 5 and 7, Morgan block.

H. T. BAGLEY, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

HILLSBORO, OREGON.

Office: Over Delta Drug Store.

JOHN M. WALL, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

HILLSBORO, OREGON.

Office: Over Delta Drug Store.

JOHN M. WALL, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

HILLSBORO, OREGON.

Office: Morgan Block, Rooms 1 & 2.

S. T. LINKLATER, M. D. C. M. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

HILLSBORO, OREGON.

Office: at residence, east of court house, where he will be found at all hours when not visiting patients.

J. P. TAMMIE, M. D. S. P. R. R. SURGEON.

HILLSBORO, OREGON.

Office and Residence: corner Third and Main streets. Office hours, 8:30 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 and 7 to 9 p. m. Telephone to residence from Brook & Sel's Drugstore at all hours. All calls promptly attended, night or day.

F. A. BAILEY, M. D. PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR.

HILLSBORO, OREGON.

Office: in Pharmacy, Union Block. Calls attended to, night or day. Residence, S. W. Cor. Base Line and Second streets.

R. NIXON, DENTIST.

FOREST GROVE, OREGON.

Restarts, dental teeth \$3.50 per set. Cement and Amalgam fillings 50 cents each. Gold fillings from \$1 up. Vitalized air for painless extraction. Office: three doors north of brick store. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

J. E. ADKINS, DENTIST.

HILLSBORO, OREGON.

Office Hours: 9 a. m. to 4:30 p. m. Office in Union block over Pharmacy.

Moki Tea positively cures Sick Headache, indigestion and constipation. A delicate herb drink. Removes all eruptions of the skin, producing a perfect complexion, or money refunded, 25 cts. and 50 cts. The Delta Drug Store.

WANTED—ACTIVE MAN OF GOOD CHARACTER, to deliver and collect in Oregon for old established manufacturing wholesale house, \$90 a year, sure pay. Home money more than experience required. Our reference, any bank in any city. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manufacturers, Third Floor, 333 Dearborn St., Chicago.

SUMMER RESORTS.

"To the mountains our people in increasing numbers yearly look for those days of relaxation and recreation necessary to maintain the human machine in fair working condition. The languorous sloth of the seashore proves very seductive while it lasts, but many have decided that the annual outing should provide not only radical change of air and surroundings, but also such stimulation of flagging energies as will provide brawn and vigor for the return to labor. For this they urge the mountain climb and ramble, the balsam of the mountain pines, and the clear, unadulterated mountain air."

"In this direction the Shasta Route now affords a wealth of attractions. The entire line of road from Ashland to Redding is studded with charming and accessible hotels and camps, where are cheer and comfort and healing at reasonable cost, and where you can hunt, fish, ride, loaf, or play with equal facility."

"Or if you look for healing waters, none better can be found, hot or cold, than the springs of Ashland, Colliest, Anderson, Bartlett, Byron and Paso Robles."

"Before visiting Europe, the people of the Northwest should see the glories of Yosemite Valley, and the wondrous groves of Mariposa and Calaveras; the Parisians are likely to make inquiries concerning these attractive resorts."

Send to Mr. C. H. Markham, General Passenger Agent, Portland, for new booklets on Cautie Craig, Shasta Springs, McCloud River, Yosemite, and excursion rates thereto.

DAIRYING FOR PROFIT

Paper Read by Wm. Schulmerich Before the State Dairy Association

"The principal obstacle to successful dairying in this state, and the United States as well, is keeping cows that do not pay for the food they consume. Not many men will keep a horse 10 or 12 years that has not been able to earn his feed. Yet there are many who keep cows which draw on their owners' pocket-book annually and the owner never knows it. Why farmers and dairymen keep such cows, when we have all the facilities of knowing exactly what each yields the owner in dollars and cents, is beyond comprehension."

"I will answer some of the arguments of men who advocate the keeping of 'dual-purpose cows.' A cow weighing 1000 pounds when in full flow of milk requires from two to three pounds digestible protein, 10 to 14 pounds digestible carbohydrates and one-half to one pound of ether extract. About 60 per cent of this ration is used as fuel for the cow's system, and the remainder for the production of milk. If a cow is worth keeping at all, she will pay a keep for a milking period of 10 or 12 years. One weighing 800 pounds would require one-fifth less food for fuel than the 1000 pound animal. At the end of 12 years we find the extra amount of food consumed by the large cow is worth at least five times as much as the extra 200 pounds of old cow beef she produces."

"The next argument is large veals. A veal weighing 90 pounds at the age of 30 days requires 10 pounds more milk daily than one of 60 pounds weight at the same age. The average value of milk being one cent per pound, we find the large veal has consumed \$3 worth more milk than the small one. Credit to large veal with 30 pounds extra weight at 8 cents per pound would be \$2.40, leaving a balance of 60 cents in the small veal's favor."

"The next argument is most important and applies to a community where there is no market for veals, as is the case in some of our coast counties. Shall we sacrifice an animal of the dairy type that produces at least 75 pounds more butter annually for an animal of the beef type, giving the latter the credit of producing a steer worth \$10 more than one from the former? My experience with dual-purpose cows leads me to classify them with patent medicines that are claimed to be good for everything, and when tried are found to be good for nothing. A representative of Hoard's Dairyman has recently taken a census of 100 dairies in a community in Iowa. His report gave the number of cows in each dairy, the cost of food consumed by each, the number of pounds milk and butter produced, and the amount of money received for butter. Forty-two of the 100 dairies produced less than \$1 worth of butter for every \$1 worth of food consumed. The stock on every one of the 42 dairies were either dual-purpose or high-grade Durham and Polled-Angus cows. Those classed as dual purpose were native and Durham grades. The dairy having the lowest returns was 43 cents for butter for every \$1 worth of food consumed. As the old saying is, 'This was losing money on the goods.'"

"The object to be attained by practical dairymen is to supply themselves with cows of the dairy type. This is an animal with lean head, wide between the eyes, strong jaw, rather long thin neck, sharp withers, shoulders a distinct wedge shape, ribs well sprung, large stomach, showing large food capacity, high arching flank, incurving thigh, hind legs well apart giving plenty of room for large udder. As no up-to-date dairyman will sell his best cow, the proper and best way is to raise them. Select a bull with a distinct dairy form, whose ancestors were cows and producers of cows with large milk and butter records, as many generations back as possible. Test each cow by weighing her milk, and test it with a Babcock test, multiply the milk by the test and add one-sixth to the product, which gives the amount of butter the cow produces. Raise the heifer calves from the best cows. Give them three quarts of whole milk twice daily the first week. The second week take away

half of the whole milk, and add three quarts of skim milk instead. The third week skim milk can be fed entirely. Always feed the skim milk at a temperature of about 90 degrees. If it is not convenient to warm the milk on a stove, add boiling water with a tablespoonful of oil meal stirred in. Be careful not to feed too much skim milk—and never cold, for the result would be indigestion and scours. For a remedy for the above complaint give two tablespoonfuls of castor oil. Repeat in 12 hours if necessary. A little ground oats is an excellent food when the calves are old enough to eat. Keep them in a growing condition all the time, but not too fat, and breed them when 12 or 15 months old."

"Cows are quieter and many accidents can be prevented if their horns are removed. Dehorn them when the calves are one week old. Take shears and cut the hair from the head around the horn, dip your finger in vasoline and wet the horn, then rub it with a stick of caustic potash. One application is generally sufficient."

"The next object for successful dairying is comfortable and well-ventilated barns, with plenty of windows, especially on the south side of the building, as sunlight is a great destroyer of disease germs. No stanchions should be used for fastening cattle, for cows must be comfortable to do their best. Imagine how we would feel with our heads held in one position for 16 hours at a time. If a cow could speak, she would object to treatment of this kind just as soon as we would. I use what is known as the model cow stall, in which cows can be kept clean and comfortable, which is absolutely necessary. Cows should never stand in a barn facing each other unless there is at least 12 feet of space between them. Neither should there be a solid wall immediately in front of them, so that foul air that has been expelled from their lungs will be breathed again. Never leave the cows out in cold or rainy weather any longer than necessary to let them drink and to clean the stables, for if they become chilled it will require extra feed to supply animal heat. We should always feed a balanced ration. As there are many who do not understand what a balanced ration means, I will advise them to procure Professor Henry's book, entitled 'Feeds and Feeding,' or read the dairy papers."

"Every farmer that has cattle should have a silo, for there is no other food that can be procured as cheaply as ensilage. I have had four years' experience feeding ensilage. I have ensiled peas, oats, corn and clover. I find clover ensilage the best, and also less expensive, than any I have used. Five acres of good clover will fill a 60-ton silo. It should be cut when the first blossom begins to turn brown, and then run through a cutter. No water need be used, as some people advocate, for too much moisture in ensilage makes it too sour. Ensilage should be thoroughly tramped while the silo is being filled. The round circular silo is best, and one 12 feet in diameter is large enough for 25 cows. If the silo is built too large it can not be fed fast enough and will mold when exposed too long to the air. When there are no pumpkins, roots or ensilage at hand, cows in full flow of milk will do fairly well with the following rations: Five pounds bran, five pounds country shorts or 10 pounds city shorts; or eight pounds bran and two pounds oil meal; or eight pounds finely ground barley and two pounds oil meal. With the rations named the cows should be fed all the clover hay they will eat. 15-20 pounds of roots or ensilage are fed with the rations named, cows will do much better, for a succulent food aids the digestion of the concentrated food. If vetch or alfalfa or hay are fed, both containing a large amount of protein, eight pounds ground barley or corn will balance the ration. A ration is that which is fed to a cow for a period of 24 hours."

"A small boy on a horse is a very poor motor to drive cows to and from the pasture, for he generally wants to see if the cows can run as fast as the horse. Equally as bad is a dog that persists in bringing in one at a time as fast as she can run. All treatment of this kind results in a lesser flow of milk and much less per cent of butter fat. Milk and feed your dairy cows as nearly as possible at regular hours."

VALUE OF SILOS.

George W. Weeks, a Salem dairy man, read the following paper on "What I Know About a Silo."

"The silo has long since passed its experimental stage, and is going to be one of the main factors in bringing about the solution of the feed problem of the Willamette valley. It will also solve the much vexed question of 'what to do with our corn crop.' It has been proven to my satisfaction that we can raise, with wise selection of seed and proper tillage, a crop of corn that might average fairly well with our middle western states, but the preservation of the same has been an obstacle in our damp fall and winter climate. The advent of the silo solves the problem."

"In the latter part of the '80's there was a great amount written on the subject of the silo. I always scanned the Oregonian for information on the subject. In the summer of 1889 I constructed a frame silo, 14 feet 4 inches square, inside measurement, boarding it double with matched lumber, with tar paper between 20 feet high. My first crop was put in whole, cutting it up as it was taken out for the cattle. The second year I cut the corn in the silo. The result was better in every respect. I was troubled more or less by elevation of the crop until this year, I had a cutter with a blower attached, which has solved the problem of elevating the corn into the silo."

"I also used the corn harvester this year, which is a great step forward. My next silo was built by going into a tall fir grove and peeling long saplings, setting them into the ground about two feet and about two feet apart, using double boards and tar paper, as in the first one, 30 feet high. A third silo I built 26x26 feet high, dressed all around, 11 feet in diameter, and consisting of 72 staves, 2x6 feet. A fourth silo I constructed the same as the third. It consists of 72 staves, 26 feet long, with nine hoops. There are 20 silos in my neighborhood now, and more contemplated. Several of my neighbors have adopted the Page wire fence for hoops, and a continuous door. One has tried lumber rough from the saw. The Page wire fence is giving general satisfaction, and in my judgment is the coming hoop, as it is much cheaper than any other."

"My 11 years' experience with the silo have proven to me the following facts: That you can double your herd; that you can furnish a succulent food the year around; that you can utilize vegetation of all descriptions; that it enables the farmer to build up his soil, and keep that machine we call 'the cow' in constant use."

Cuba wants to be free and independent, but does not want to bear the burdens of independence, for through Gov. Wood, the island asks for a tariff rebate. This can hardly be since a rebate to Cuba Libre would be a "Most Favored Nation" treaty clause, and would be what the Open Door in the Orient is not. We do not own Cuba, hence the privilege of free trade is not a part of the purchase price. The only way Cuba can secure free trade with the United States is to vote to come in and be one of us."

In a letter to friends in Cleveland a few days ago, Mr. Bryan said that "all who believe in the principles set forth in the Kansas City platform must take a hearty part in the fight somewhere." Notice is thus served that the platform is an imperative condition and that it will be taken up by another Bryan party if the democrats drop it."

Lands in Dooley county, Georgia are worth \$8.00 to \$10.00 per acre more now than the same lands were worth a year ago. That shows what South Georgia is doing."

"The hotels are full of lobbyists," says a dispatch from Jefferson City. The same old party, the same old lobby, and the same old results in prospect."

Mr. Billings—Ah! my dear, I wish I might be like a knight of old and perform some deed of daring for you. Miss Lovyplips—Oh, George! Now that you're worked up to it, suppose you speak to papa.—Philadelphia Press.

THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD Or Our Saviour in Art.

Cost nearly \$100,000 to produce. Contains nearly 100 full-page engravings of our Saviour and His Mother by the world's greatest painters. True copies of the greatest Masterpieces in the art galleries of Europe. Every picture is as beautiful as a sunrise over the hilltops. Contains descriptions of the paintings, biographies of the painters, the names and locations of the galleries in Europe where the originals may be seen. Also contains a Child's Department, including a Child's Story of the Christ and His Mother, beautifully written, to fit each picture. This wonderful book, matchless in its purity and beauty, appeals to every mother's heart, and in every Christian home where there are children the book sells itself. Christian men and women are making money rapidly taking orders. A Christian man or woman can in this community soon make \$1,000 taking orders for Christmas presents. Mrs. Waite, our agent in Massachusetts, has sold over \$3,000 worth of the books in a very short time. Mrs. Sackett, our agent in New York, has sold over \$1,500 worth of the books in a very short time. The book is printed on velvet-finished paper, beautifully bound in Cardinal Red and gold, and adorned with Golden Roses and Lilies. It is, without doubt, the most beautiful book of this century. Write for terms quickly and get the management of that territory. You can work on salary or commission, and when you prove your success we will promote you to the position of Manager and Correspondent, at a permanent salary, to devote your time to attending to agents and the correspondence. Wanted also a State Manager to have charge of office in leading city of the State and manage all the State. Send for terms. Address—THE BRITISH-AMERICAN CO., Corneran Building, Opposite U. S. Treasury, Washington, D. C.

A Prominent Chicago Woman Speaks: Prof. Roxa Tyler, of Chicago, Vice-President Illinois Woman's Alliance, in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, says: "I suffered with a severe cold this winter which threatened to run into pneumonia. I tried different remedies but I seemed to grow worse and the medicine upset my stomach. A friend advised me to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and I found it was pleasant to take and it relieved me at once. I am now entirely recovered, saved a doctor's bill, time and suffering, and I will never be without this splendid medicine again." For sale by the Delta Drug Store.

The Mother's Favorite. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the mother's favorite. It is pleasant and safe for children to take and always cures. It is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, and is the best medicine made for these diseases. There is not the least danger in giving it to children for it contains no opium or other injurious drug and may be given as confidently to a babe as to an adult. For sale by the Delta Drug Store.

Beat Out of an Increase of His Pension. A Mexican war veteran and prominent editor writes: "Seeing the advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, I am reminded that as a soldier in Mexico in '47 and '48, I contracted Mexican diarrhoea and this remedy has kept me from getting an increase in my pension for on every renewal a dose of it restores me." It is unequalled as a quick cure for diarrhoea and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by the Delta Drug Store.

Cut this out and take it to Delta Drug Store and get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, the best physic. They also cure disorders of the stomach, biliousness and headache.

If troubled with a weak digestion, belching, sour stomach, or if you feel dull after eating, try Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Samples free at the Delta Drug Store.

Uncle Sam has expanded more rapidly than he anticipated, but begins the new century with a stout heart and an unblotted record.

NEWS OF THE STATE.

The salary of the superintendent of the Baker City water office has been fixed at \$1200 per year.

The Baker City Republican has been sold to the Republican Publishing Company. J. J. Miller has assumed management.

Lebanon has on hand \$701.44. The receipts last year were \$2960.81, and the expenditures \$2259.37. Delinquent taxes amount to \$409.78.

The Pendleton Fire Department has six hose companies and one hook and ladder company. There is also one independent hose company.

A. J. Johnson, of Selo, will donate to the city four lots in front of the school house, if the city and school district will improve and maintain them as a city park.

The Dalles Chronicle says that a stout German of that city held up three highwaymen Thursday night by means of a horseshoe and gave them a sound drubbing.

Some one put poison into the carcass of a dead horse near Westfall, Malheur county, a few days ago, with the result that a number of valuable dogs were killed.

Frank Stewart left Baker City Wednesday with provisions and tools for Killamenee Lake. He will start a tunnel for an irrigation canal, the project of Powder river valley farmers, which, when carried out, will reclaim a large acreage.

The St. Helen's Mist says that road supervisor Plank intends to put a force of men to work on the Nehalem road as soon as the weather will permit. He will corduroy the road for a distance of about a mile in the vicinity of the Sixteen-Mile Hill.

J. A. Fitzgibbon has bought the Cook and Miller ledge on Foot's creek, Southern Oregon. This is a ledge in which two feet of \$50 rock has been developed. Three weeks ago 10 tons of ore were milled from this ledge which yielded \$1100.

A piece of country called The Meadows, 16 miles from Gold Hill, Jackson county, is causing considerable excitement at present, and many locations have been taken up. This section seems to abound in asbestos, cinnabar, isinglass, gold and copper, says the Grant's Pass Journal.

James Williams, of Junction City, had a close call the other day, says the Times. He and his brother Frank were butchering hogs. Frank had the butcher knife in his hip pocket, and James had the pig by the tail. In some way Jim fell forward and the knife entered his neck.

The lifeless body of Bill Anderson, better known as "Blue Mountain Bill," was found recently at the head of Jennison Gulch, between Bridgeport and Eldorado. The deceased had resided in the neighborhood of the scene of his death for many years and he subsisted on scanty rations for a long time. His age was about 55 years.

Last year the Columbia County Clerk received for record 472 deeds, 128 mortgages, 113 releases of mortgage, 20 assignments of mortgages, 9 leases and 2 wills. Marriage license were issued to the number of 36. There were 59 suits filed in the Circuit Court and Judge McBride granted 22 divorces. The clerk issued 115 land redemption certificates. Fees collected in the office in December amounted to \$256.70.

The Dalles Council has passed a special ordinance granting to the Wasco Warehouse Company the right to erect buildings upon that portion of what is known as Tenth street, in Lughlin's addition. The ordinance provides that the grant is made with the understanding and proviso that the Wasco Warehouse Company commence the construction of the flouring mill within three months, and that it be completed within one year.

Two dogs got among Mike Weisner's sheep, in Mike Donnelly's pasture, Tuesday night, and seriously injured 15 of them, says the Lebanon Express-Advance. Two died the next morning from their injuries. Mr. Donnelly killed one of the dogs. The dog that was killed proved to be one of H. K. Arnold's, and there was evidence that the other dog was also Mr. Arnold's. Mr. Weisner and Mr. Arnold agreed to refer the matter to disinterested parties for settlement, and the arbitrators decided that Mr. Arnold should take 14 of the crippled sheep and pay \$3.50 per head for them.