

OUR OFFER

INDEPENDENT and Weekly Oregonian, both for \$2.00 per year. INDEPENDENT and the Twice-a-Week Courier-Journal both for only \$1.60 per year.

Vol. XXVIII.

Hillsboro Independent.

HILLSBORO, WASHINGTON COUNTY, OREGON, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1900

JOB PRINTING

Our Job Printing Department Surpasses any in the County for neatness, quickness and cheapness. Call and be convinced.

GENERAL DIRECTORY.

STATE OFFICERS. Governor, T. T. Geer; Secretary of State, F. J. Douglas; Treasurer, Chas. S. Moore; State Printer, J. H. Ackerman; State Auditor, W. H. Lewis; State Engineer, C. E. Peterson; State Geologist, W. A. Mearns; State Surveyor, T. A. McElroy; State Game Warden, W. A. Mearns; State Forester, W. A. Mearns.

COUNTY OFFICERS. Sheriff, L. A. Hood; Auditor, J. L. Wainwright; Clerk, Geo. A. Morgan; Assessor, John W. Sewell; Treasurer, John W. Sewell; Surveyor, W. A. Mearns; Game Warden, W. A. Mearns; Forester, W. A. Mearns; Ranger, W. A. Mearns.

OREGON CITY LAND OFFICE. Registrar, Chas. B. Moore; Receiver, Wm. Galloway.

CITY OFFICERS. Mayor, Geo. Wilcox; Council, Chas. B. Moore, Wm. Galloway, J. L. Wainwright, J. H. Ackerman, T. A. McElroy, W. A. Mearns.

PORT OFFICE INFORMATION. The mails close at the Hillsboro Post Office, daily, at 7:30 a. m.

CHURCH AND SOCIETY NOTICES. METHODIST CHURCH. Morning service at 10 a. m., Sunday school at 10:30 a. m., evening service at 8 p. m.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH. Morning service at 10 a. m., Sunday school at 10:30 a. m., evening service at 8 p. m.

M. E. CHURCH. Morning service at 10 a. m., Sunday school at 10:30 a. m., evening service at 8 p. m.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH. Morning service at 10 a. m., Sunday school at 10:30 a. m., evening service at 8 p. m.

A. O. U. W. HILLSBORO LODGE NO. 61, A. O. U. W. Meets every Saturday night at 8 p. m.

Daughters of Rebekah. HILLSBORO REBEKAH LODGE NO. 154, D. O. R. Meets every Saturday night at 8 p. m.

P. O. H. HILLSBORO GRANGE, NO. 73, Meets every Saturday night at 8 p. m.

W. O. O. F. MONTZUMA LODGE, NO. 80, Meets every Saturday night at 8 p. m.

Degree of Honor. THE DEGREE OF HONOR, A. O. U. W. Meets every Saturday night at 8 p. m.

Rathbone Sisters. RATHBONE SISTERS. Meets every Saturday night at 8 p. m.

K. of P. THOMAS LODGE, NO. 34, K. of P. Meets every Saturday night at 8 p. m.

QUALITY LODGE, NO. 5, F. A. M. Meets every Saturday night at 8 p. m.

O. E. S. OVALA CHAPTER, NO. 31, O. E. S. Meets every Saturday night at 8 p. m.

K. O. T. M. VIOLA TENT, NO. 18, K. O. T. M. Meets every Saturday night at 8 p. m.

WASHINGTON ENCAMPMENT NO. 24, K. O. T. M. Meets every Saturday night at 8 p. m.

GEN. RANSOM CORPS NO. 47, W. R. C. MEETS IN ODD FELLOWS HALL.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

THOS. H. & E. B. TONGUE, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. HILLSBORO, OREGON. Office: Rooms 3, 4, 5, Morgan Block.

W. N. BARRETT, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. HILLSBORO, OREGON. Office: Central Block, Rooms 3 and 4.

BENTON BOWMAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW. HILLSBORO, OREGON. Office: Rooms 1 and 7, Morgan Block.

H. T. BAGLEY, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR-AT-LAW. HILLSBORO, OREGON. Office: Over Delta Drug Store.

JOHN M. WALL, ATTORNEY AT LAW. HILLSBORO, OREGON. Bailey Morgan Block, Rooms 1 & 2.

S. T. LINKLATER, M. D. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. HILLSBORO, OREGON. Office: at residence, east of town.

J. P. TAMIENE, D. D. S. P. R. R. SURGEON. HILLSBORO, OREGON. Office: at residence, east of town.

F. A. BAILEY, M. D. PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR. HILLSBORO, OREGON. Office in Pharmacy, Union Block.

JA. M. THOMPSON, NOTARY PUBLIC. THOMPSON & SOY, 20 years experience in all legal business.

R. NIXON, DENTIST. FOREST GROVE, OREGON. Best art. and teeth \$3.00 per set.

WANTED—ACTIVE MAN OF GOOD CHARACTER. To deliver and collect on for 90-day established manufacturing wholesale house.

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REPUBLICAN PLATFORM

PHILADELPHIA.—Following is the full text of the platform adopted by the Republican National convention:

The Republicans of the United States, through their chosen representatives, met in national convention, looking back upon an unsurpassed record of achievement, and looking forward into a great field of duty and opportunity and appealing to the judgment of their countrymen, make these declarations:

The expectation in which the American people, turning from the Democratic party, intrusted power four years ago to a Republican chief magistrate and a Republican congress, has been met and satisfied. When the people then assembled at the polls after a term of Democratic legislation and administration, business was dead, industry paralyzed and the national credit disastrously impaired.

The people by their own action, in the election of a Republican chief magistrate and a Republican congress, have shown their confidence in the Republican party. They have shown their confidence in the Republican party. They have shown their confidence in the Republican party.

The Republican party, denouncing this plan as sure to produce conditions even worse than those from which relief was sought, promised to restore prosperity by means of legislative measures—a protective tariff and a law making gold the standard of value.

The people by their great majorities issued to the Republican party a commission to execute these laws. This commission has been executed and the Republican promise is redeemed. Prosperity more general and more abundant than we have ever known has followed these enactments.

There is no longer any controversy as to the value of the gold dollar. Every American dollar is a gold dollar and its assured equivalent, and American credit stands higher than that of any other nation. Capital is fully employed and everywhere labor is probably occupied.

No single fact can more strikingly tell the story of what the Republican means to the country than this: that while during the whole period from 1891 to 1897 there was an excess of exports over imports of only \$83,024,497, there has been in the short three years of the present Republican administration an excess of exports over imports in the amount of \$1,488,788,084.

While the American people, sustained by this Republican legislation, have been achieving these splendid triumphs in their business and commerce, they have conducted and in victory concluded a war for liberty and human rights.

War for Liberty Not Aggrandizement. No thought of national aggrandizement entered the high purpose with which American standards were unfolded. It was a war unthought and patiently resisted, but which the government was ready, its fleets were cleared for action, its armies were in the field, and the quick and signal triumph of its forces on land and sea has equal tribute to the skill and foresight of Republican statesmanship.

To 10,000,000 of the human race there was given "a new birth of freedom," and to the American people a new and noble responsibility.

Independence of President McKinley. We endorse the administration of William McKinley. His acts have been established in wisdom and in patriotism, and at home and abroad it has distinctly elevated and extended the influence of the American nation. Walking elevated paths and facing noble responsibilities, President McKinley has been in every situation the true American patriot and upright statesman, clear in vision, strong in judgment, firm in action, always inspiring and deserving the confidence of his countrymen.

In asking the American people to endorse this Republican record and to renew their commission to the Republican party, we remind them of the fact that the men to whose leadership they have always resided in Democratic principles and no less in the general incapacity of the Democratic party to conduct public affairs.

The primary essential of business prosperity is public confidence in the good sense of the government and its ability to deal intelligently with all new problems of administration and legislation. That confidence the Democratic party has never given, and it is hopelessly inadequate, and the country's prosperity, when Democratic success at the polls is announced, halts and ceases in mere anticipation of Democratic blunders and failures.

Declaration for the Gold Standard. We renew our allegiance to the principle of the gold standard, and declare our confidence in the wisdom of the legislation of the Fifty-sixth congress by which the parity of all our money and the stability of our currency on a gold basis has been secured. We recognize that interest rates are a test factor in production and business activity and for the purpose of further equalizing and of further lowering the rates of interest we favor such monetary legislation as will enable the variety of needs of the season and of all sections to be properly met in order that trade may be evenly sustained, labor steadily employed and commerce enlarged. The volume of money in circulation was never so great per capita as it is today.

We declare our steadfast opposition to the free and unlimited coinage of silver. No measure to that end could be considered which was without the support of the leading commercial countries of the world. However strong Republican legislation may seem to have secured the country against the peril of base and depreciated currency, the election of a Democratic president could not fail to impair the country's credit and to bring once more into question the intention of the American people to maintain upon the gold standard the parity of their money circulation.

The Democratic party must be convinced that the American people will never tolerate the Chicago platform.

On the Question of Trusts. We recognize the necessity and propriety of the honest co-operation of capital to meet new business conditions, and especially to extend our rapidly increasing foreign trade, but we condemn all conspiracies and combinations intended to restrict business, to create monopolies, to limit production, to control prices and to keep up high prices.

President McKinley has conducted the foreign affairs of the United States

with distinguished credit to the American people.

In releasing us from the vexatious European alliance for the Government of Samoa, his course is especially to be commended. By securing our undivided control of the most important island of the Samoan group, and the best harbor in the southern Pacific, every American interest has been safeguarded.

We approve the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands to the United States. We commend the part taken by our government in the peace conference at the Monroe doctrine.

On the South African War. The provisions of the Hague convention were wisely regarded when President McKinley tendered his friendly offices in the interest of peace between Great Britain and the South African republics.

The American government's maintenance of law and order, and for the establishment of good government and for the performance of international obligations. Our authority could not be less than our responsibility, and wherever sovereign rights were extended, it became the duty of the government to maintain its authority.

Liberal Pension Laws Favored. The nation owes a debt of profound gratitude to the soldiers and sailors who have fought its battles, and it is the government's duty to provide for the survivors and for the widows and orphans of those who have fallen in the country's wars.

Republicans and the Civil Service. We commend the policy of the Republican party in maintaining the efficiency of the civil service. The administration has acted wisely in its efforts to secure for public service in Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines only those whose fitness has been determined by training and experience.

ALL ABOUT CALIFORNIA. California is the natural paradise of the home-maker. Its resources are inexhaustible, its invitation universal, and its resorts and attractions among the most noted of the world.

Resorts and Attractions along the Coast Line. California is the natural paradise of the home-maker. Its resources are inexhaustible, its invitation universal, and its resorts and attractions among the most noted of the world.

California South of Tehachapi. California is the natural paradise of the home-maker. Its resources are inexhaustible, its invitation universal, and its resorts and attractions among the most noted of the world.

A handsome map of California, complete in detail, reliable, skillfully indexed, and full of information about the State's resources. It is the only publication of kind folded for pocket use.

"Summer Outings" is a 32-page folder devoted to the camping retreats in the Shasta Region and Santa Cruz mountains. It appeals more directly to that large and growing class of recreation seekers who prefer this popular form of outing.

"Pacific Grove" is the Chautauquus of the west, and this folder not only describes the pretty place itself, but gives a program of the religious and educational meetings, conventions, schools, etc., to be held there this summer.

One Thing and Another. It is expected that 75 per cent of the prune growers of Oregon, Washington and Idaho will combine to handle the crop in the Pacific northwest.

There probably is no variety of sweet corn superior to Stowell's Evergreen for table use. It is as early as some varieties, and something else should be planted for use till it comes, but from that time until frost repeated plantings of the Evergreen give a desirable table corn as could be wanted, says A. A. Agee in National Stockman.

A German investigator is of opinion that the benefit which theoretical grounds would be expected from the application of soluble salts to the soil is not as a rule realized in practice because, for one reason, in dry weather, when the moisture of the soil is of little importance, the soil solutions are liable to become so concentrated by evaporation as to be partially or completely prevented from reaching the roots of the plants.

The prospects for winter wheat are reported as good except for Michigan, Indiana and Ohio, where dry or insufficient winter protection have brought about

SOME VERY GOOD REASONS

Mr. Huston Repudiates Bryan Democracy and will vote for McKinley

Interview as Published by Evening Telegram of Oct. 11th

"Because the present day Democracy is nothing more than a hotbed of revolutionary, radical principles. Because the election of Bryan would mean a financial panic. Because the stand taken by the Bryanites encourages and prolongs the Philippine war. Because Bryan is no longer the frank, open man he was, but a quibbler."

These are some of the reasons given by State Senator S. B. Huston, of Hillsboro, for turning his back upon the Democratic party and becoming a McKinley Republican. Mr. Huston passed the day in this city. He said he had no assignment from the Republican central committee to speak in the interest of McKinley, and did not know whether he could find the time to speak. Mr. Huston was one of the leading Democrats of the state, and is a recognized power in politics. His refusal of Democratic principles will cut considerable of a figure in state politics.

"My intimate friends were not taken by surprise," said Mr. Huston, at the Perkins, "when I took this stand." "I have always been a standard man. I told them in '96 that if they tried to force another such case down me I would fight. I said I would keep still that time for the sake of the party, hoping that the silver craze to which they seemed wilder was afad that would wear away. I never for a moment doubted that the old conservative Democratic principles would reassert themselves and that the craze would die. I looked upon it as a sort of political debacle, in which the conservative element was intoxicated with radical Populistic ideas, and that its effects would not be lasting. Therefore, I swallowed the great aversion I felt to such revolutionary principles injected into Democracy by Populism, and agreed to 'keep quiet.'"

The Senator passed as though trying to find words properly to express his next thought. "But," he continued, "when the Democratic party reaffirmed its former principles and in addition gave aid and encouragement to Aguinaldo, would result in prolonging the war—well, I couldn't stand it, that's all."

The speaker made a swift gesture, a gesture that implied more than words spoken. "The election of Bryan," he continued, "would mean a financial panic. The signs are just as plain as though written in letters of fire. In such an event, I do not want my friends and the people in my section to point at me the finger of scorn and say I advised them to encourage their own ruin."

"There is no longer any Democratic party. It is composed of a ragged following of radical Populists, who completely subjuncted the old conservatism that made the party dear to all true Democrats. We trade and bartered away our sound principles for revolutionary ideas that can almost be termed anarchy, in the shape of Populism. In gaining its support we have ruined ourselves. My advice to all true Democrats is to leave such bad company and not serve to bolster up a radical party that has usurped their power and sacrificed their good name."

"I wish I had the power to express just how I feel upon this question. In one way I feel my position keenly—feel like a man who is leaving home to cast his lot among strangers. But I feel that I am doing right and could not consistently disagree with principles which I believe to be a menace to the very thing upon which our government rests."

The Senator made a long pause, intently studying the floor, and then continued: "Bryan is not the man he was. Even though I was opposed to his free-silver ideas, I could not help but admire the man for his frank, open manner. He was consistent and held to what he believed to be right. But he is no longer such a person. He knows as well as other thinkers that the free-silver question is a dead issue, and not in keeping with the needs of our people, yet he adheres to it, possibly because he was afraid to turn his back upon a cause which he so ardently supported and because he was afraid of being called inconsistent and of losing the Populist following. He is wading through a sea of deceit and hypocrisy, which must prove a great struggle to his inner consciousness. In other words, he has been influenced against his better judgment, in the hope of catching votes, something which can-

NEWS OF THE STATE.

The Douglas county soldiers' monument fund is being returned to its subscribers.

Two carloads of dried prunes and eight carloads of wheat were shipped from Corvallis to Portland Tuesday.

Cosco county's net indebtedness is \$63,424. In the past six months the county's expenses have been \$25,214.15.

There is complaint that rural mail boxes are being tampered with in Polk county. One box was completely riddled by shot.

A new gravel walk through the college grounds at Corvallis will be covered with a surface of Southern Oregon decomposed granite.

The cranberry crop in Tillamook county has been harvested in good shape and mostly marketed at good prices. The crop represents about \$1000.

Dr. Lamberson, of Lebanon, has ordered a new static electric machine with X-ray attachments. It will be the second machine of the kind in Linn county.

For the six months prior to Oct. 1, Klamath county paid out \$6762.63. Its total indebtedness, including interest on outstanding warrants, is \$81,551.42.

Dr. L. H. Starr, of Albany, has a tomato vine growing in his garden which measures 11 feet 8 inches across. It is of the yellow variety and is laden with tomatoes.

M. D. Mitchell, who has a drier near Bethel schoolhouse, has sold 2800 bushels of prunes to Chicago buyers. He received 43 cents ungraded for his Italian prunes, and 4 cents for his silver.

It is reported that the Sumpter Valley Railroad Company has concluded to build a first-class wagon road from its new town of Whitney across the mountains to Granite, a distance of seven miles.

E. C. Goddard, D. H. Cheney and Ivan Humason have bought 320 acres just east of Gold Hill, in the Willow Springs district, and have a gang of men doing development work on several fine looking ledges located on this tract.

The circuit court of Lake county convened Oct. 8th. Judge H. L. Benson presiding. A cattle-stealing case, several water rights and numerous minor matters come up, and the term is in no wise a common one.

Large bands of cattle are being sold in Lake county at prices ranging from 51 to 7 cents per pound. One stockman sold his cows for \$25 per head and received \$12.50 for a large number of calves ranging in age from six weeks to six months.

Frank Brown, of Tenmile, Cosco county, reports a great many fish, including trout and eels, dying in North Lake and drifting ashore. No other reason for the phenomenon is given except that poisonous vegetation may have found its way into the lake.

There is talk of permanently improving the Roseburg-Winchester wagon road. It is said that if the citizens of Roseburg will subscribe a reasonable amount of money the Water & Light Company will duplicate the sum, and thereby induce the county board to assist. The company's articles of incorporation include construction of an electric railroad, and this will probably come in the due course of time.

The State Convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union was in session at Moro last week. An address of welcome was delivered by Rev. Mr. Elder, on behalf of the churches of the city, and Miss Eaton, on behalf of Sherman county. Mrs. Steele, president of Marion county, responded in a neat address. The annual address of the state president, Mrs. Helen D. Harford, was well received. Reports show the work to be in fine condition.

Sleep poisoning got 49 more victims out of a band of 900 fine Merino bucks belonging to Hugh Fields, up Hinton Creek, last Sunday, says the Hepper Times. When our informant, John Bosick, came by there Monday morning he saw 40 of the animals lying dead in the corral. About 200 head out of the band had been poisoned, and others were dying right along, so that it is probable the whole bunch will be lost. The sheep were undoubtedly poisoned from licking a certain mineral substance which appears on some of the rocks throughout the country when the hot sun comes out just after a heavy rain. This substance is very poisonous and makes quick work of its victims. Two years ago Mr. McCarrigan, on Butter Creek, lost 596 head of sheep from the same cause; five years ago 31 head belonging to Ed Day were destroyed in a similar manner; two years ago John Bosick lost 112 head, and many others have lost smaller numbers from time to time, but know not what caused it.

WHY, OH, WHY?

"Why is it," demands Mr. Bryan, in his finest high tragedy, "herald of horror and cross of gold" manner, "why is it that the R-publican party allows the trusts to grow?" We do not know that he expected any answer to be given, save that which he presently supplied in his own inimitably illogical way. If he did not it was most kind of him, because it might be a trifle difficult for any one else, especially for a Republican, to give an answer that would be satisfactory to Mr. Bryan. I was always a trifle jarring to sensitive nerves to be required to respond, categorically and courteously, to the interrogation "Where did you get that hat?"

Neverthless, it is the indefatigable birthright of the Yankee to answer one question with another. Wherefore, if Mr. Bryan should press his conundrum too strenuously for an answer, some desperate Republican might be moved to ask in reply why the great statesmen of the Democratic party, in framing the late Democratic tariff law, were so unaccountably regardless of the welfare and of the desires of the sugar trust. Or, coming down to the present moment, it might be asked how the foremost leaders of the Democratic party in the chief city of the chief state of the union come to be so particularly interested in the trust and how the chairman of the Democratic National Committee happens to be so intimately connected with the cotton braid trust. It might further be asked if any trust exists which more directly affect the comfort and welfare of the people than these, and if ever any trust more wantonly and wickedly oppressed the people than the one organized and maintained by Mr. Bryan's most earnest supporters. Or yet again, seeing that Mr. Bryan and his friends charge that trusts are an outgrowth of the Republican policy of protection, and would be abolished if the Bryanite policy of free trade were adopted, it might be asked how it is that Great Britain, the birthplace and home of free trade, is also the birthplace and home of trusts, and is "plastered all over with trusts" years before Mr. Bryan and his friends ever look to hunting the dreadful octopus.

Such inquiries might, however, be deemed frivolous, not to say flippant, and therefore unworthy of so grave a theme. Wherefore it might be better to propound at once to Mr. Bryan this answering question: Why does the Democratic party allow so many of its members to have careers—N. Y. Tribune.

A jocular farmer of Oakville saves the heads of the Denny pheasants he kills and mounts them in his stubble field near the road. To enhance the effect of his jest he has decorated his fence with trespass notices. However, he has not found it necessary to prosecute offenders.

While Mr. Bryan was telling the people down east that the traveling men were deserting the republican party by the hundreds, members of the fraternity were organizing a club in his home town of Lincoln, with 107 members as a starter. The "shadow of possible danger" from the trusts does not frighten this level-headed class of men half as much as the real danger of a repetition of the business conditions of four years ago.—Minneapolis Tribune.

Bryan started in on tariff as the paramount issue. Then it was silver. Now it is imperialism. The country has been successively doomed to the dogs or to the devil under each and every one. Next time he will turn up with some new paramount issue, on which the country must take his advice or go to the dogs or to the devil some more. Paramount issues while you wait.—Portland Oregonian.

CASTORIA. The Old Reliable. Signature: Chas. H. Peltier