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D. M. C. Gault, Editor.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY
FRIDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1899.

It now is known that the 11 guns lost by Buller at the time of his defeat were not recovered. And a further wonder is, did the Boers get any lydlite shells with those guns?
Because they had smallpox in a mild form, varioloid, in King's valley, Benton county, the people were careless. Now they have enough to go around the whole neighborhood and some to spare for outside parties.

The English in South Africa have been defeated in four engagements, owing to a lack of knowledge of the position of the enemy which might have been learned by employing a modern system of scouts. It is the old story over again. In 1755, Braddock was attacked, defeated and killed all because he refused to employ scouts whose services were offered by Washington.

D. L. Moody, one of the bright stars in the religious world for twenty years and more died in Chicago last week. Moody was a strong man made so, not by academics but by a tremendous earnestness that arrested men's attention. The world will miss him, but it is more satisfying that he lay down his evangelistic work thus, than to imitate that other lesser man, B. Fay Mills, who changes his creed somewhat and becomes a settled pastor.

Gen. Harrison some years ago, in response to a complaint that the government's expenses had increased to an enormous sum replied: "Well, this is a billion dollar country." From the reports of our foreign trade, it seems that the United States is a billion dollar country in fact and truth. For the eleven months ending November 30 our combined imports and exports aggregated \$1,853,990,407; and if December keeps up the average the total will reach \$2,033,370,000 for the full year.

The failures in New York and the pinching of Wall street operators that has so exercised the free silver press are only the first disintegrations of some of the trusts that in their day so worried those same free silver or gas. The independent months ago predicted that the elements of weakness within their own organizations would be the destruction of the trusts. Republicans can stand to see that wild cat trust stock write. If passing gold standard bills causes it, more will be brought forward.

The slayers of Lawton have been further punished in the most considerable battle that has been fought since the present campaign has opened. The insurgents to the number of 1000 had entrenched themselves on a mountain side near the place where Lawton was slain. There were attacked Dec. 27, by Col. Leckett with a force of 2500 and driven out of the ditches. Many were killed, others wounded and a few prisoners. Our loss was 4 wounded. The nature of the ground, a steep hillside prevented flanking movements.

For the United States to offer mediation between England and the Transvaal without being asked to use our good offices would probably mean war with Great Britain, and while we could probably conquer a peace, it is just as well for us not to mix in the quarrel. Had England or France attempted to force mediation between us and Spain in 1898, it would have made us angry. We felt able to bring about a satisfactory peace without outside assistance. The Transvaal and England probably feel the same now. Interference is not a good game for us to play.

The reason why the Oregonian supported Lincoln and his administration is that its editor was young and had good digestion. Now he is older and things seem not as they did. Last Monday his editor had a sumptuous Christmas dinner. It did not assimilate well, wherefore the old soldier who saved the nation, and his friends are roundly berated. All due to bad digestion. Oliver Wendell Holmes has described the symptoms. They are distressing but not really alarming. Greely had them in Lincoln's day and was Jeff Davis' bondsman. Bryan needs no bondsman yet, but he could get one should the emergency arise.

The Oregon congressional delegation has been well treated in the matter of committee assignments. Before and at the time of the assembling of congress there was active rivalry between California and Oregon for a place on the River and Harbor Committee. The plan came to Oregon and Mr. Tongue was placed at the head of the list of new members. He is chairman of committee of Arid lands, a very important place for Oregon just at this time. This place was secured, too, over the heads of older men. As memory serves Mr. Herman did not secure the chairmanship of committee till he had been in Congress about ten years.

FALSE AS BRYAN DEMOCRACY.

The statement made by the Corvallis Times that Congressman Tongue sacrificed the interests of his constituents in Lincoln county is false. He never by word or hint suggested to the board of engineers to report unfavorably on the proposition to improve Yaquina Bay. If he had been permitted to make any suggestions touching the findings it would have been along the line of a favorable report. The venomous attack of the Times proves this. The Times is trying to poison the minds of the electors in the first district solely for the purpose of making votes for its own free silver candidate for congress. That paper never supported Mr. Tongue, or any republican candidate for congress before him. It will support no republican candidate at the next or any succeeding election. Had the Times own favorite candidate, Vanderburg, been in congress he would not or could not have done as much as Mr. Tongue. If any man can get an appropriation for Yaquina Tongue can. But what the engineers say of the resources of Lincoln county are true unless later on coal deposits be found. The sooner the Times and its friends recognize this the better it will be for Benton county and the whole Willamette Valley.

The Yaquina Bay is valuable as another outlet for the entire Willamette valley. The interests of this valley are sufficient to justify the improvement of the harbor. That is the ground on which Mr. Tongue works, has worked ever since he has been in congress. He has for three years been gathering statistics to strengthen that line of argument. The Times ought to help. But it does not. Rather it attacks a public servant and hopes to tie his hands so that he cannot serve his immediate neighbors. Votes for its free silver candidate is of more importance to it than the material prosperity of the citizens of Benton, Linn, Lane and Polk counties not to enumerate others further away. Tongue's client is the First District of Oregon. He never was known to corruptly or any other way surrender the interests of his client. He has not done so in this instance. The charge of the Times is false.

THE PAPER TRUST.

The paper trust has been in business nearly a year, and the effect of its manipulations are felt in every village and hamlet, as well as in the big newspaper offices with high towers. A large number of the people thus affected are necessarily republicans, for the real trust is no respecter of politics. These republicans can now plainly see what their democratic brothers have been trying for years to get them to see, and that is that the tariff fosters trusts. The international company, the name the paper trust goes by, now has control of 30 mills and fully four-fifths of the output. The publishing interests of the country, great and small, are at the mercy of the trust, which is capitalized at four times the value of the property it controls, and to pay dividends on this inflated capitalization has found it necessary to advance prices. If there had been no advance in prices the republican papers of the country would still be asleep. At the present time the trust is in a practically impregnable position, safeguarded in its monopoly by a tariff that is prohibitory—\$6.00 per ton on paper that is suitable for books and newspapers and \$1.67 per ton on woodpulp. The company owns 1,000,000 acres of woodland in Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont and New York, accessible to its mills, together with 2,000 square miles of timber limits in Canada. Laying aside all party considerations the representatives of some 157 daily papers in the United States, constituting the American Newspaper Publishers' association, have ascertained facts and formulated arguments that it is hoped will influence the present congress to so modify tariff regulations as to afford relief to the great news paper interests of this country, representing a capitalization at least twenty times that actually invested in paper mills, as well as a force of employees fully forty times in number that engaged in paper making. The duty on paper stops cheap books and newspapers. It is a tax on intelligence. Pulverize the trust.—Telephone Register.

The above is reproduced as an example of the writings of the opposition press. The evils of the paper trust are all that are painted. Subscription prices of newspapers are fixed, and any advances in the price of paper cuts into the publishers net income. Paper is high and still soaring, but the tariff is a factor so infinitesimal, that it should not disturb one. Last year we of the country paid \$1.05 per ream of 480 sheets. The duty taken off would not have reduced the price for at that time and now Oregon mills are exporting paper, showing that paper is cheaper here than in foreign countries. But it is not the tariff that enables the trust to form, but the trade combination of paper makers of England and America. The trust is international not only in name but in fact. That fact is admitted in the Telephone Register article above, where it states the company has holdings in Canada. If the tariff was taken off entirely we would get paper no cheaper for the same trust controls the output in both Europe and America. The INDEPENDENT is printed on 35 pound paper. The McMinville paper is printed on the same. The tariff is a half cent a pound or 17

cents on one ream weighing 35 pounds. In a ream there are 480 sheets, enough for over 9 copies of the paper for a year. The cost to one subscriber if the tariff were added to the price is less than 2 cents a year. But the tariff has often been shown not added to the price, but the trust, the international trust, does add to the price both in America and Europe. The INDEPENDENT would like to pulverize the trust but it does not see how it can do it by tariff tinkering.

STATE PRESS.

It is with considerable pride that we read in an article in the Patent Record on the construction of the Chinese Eastern Railroad, a cut-off of the Trans-Siberian. This article shows that American tools, steel, sleepers, etc., are used exclusively on the line, and the American hand is also in evidence. Also an American engineer has the contract for building the road, and owing to his untiring energy, the display of which astounds the Manchus, the line is going up as if by magic and is expected to be completed by next year. In addition to the pride just spoken of, we swell a little more in realizing that Sherman county wheat figures largely in the construction of the Chinese Eastern, the North Pacific mills having sent a shipment of flour to that part of the Orient early this year. It is said that European competition was frozen out entirely, from both the quickness and cheapness of the Yankee producers.—Wasco News.

The gold standard doesn't seem able to do a thing for wheat!—East Oregonian.

The standard seems equally unable to do a thing for cattle, fruit, hay, tobacco, cotton, iron, copper, quicksilver, and a thousand other articles. The standard leaves the value of commodities to be determined by supply and demand. Many of the products of the country are "up" in price at present; some of them are "down"; part of those that are "down" now have been up within recent years, and probably we shall see as great shifting in the next decade as in the past; but persons with knowledge of economics expect nothing from the standard, save that it shall furnish stable means of comparison for market values and afford producer and consumer the confidence that comes from faith in the steadiness of the common measure.—Portland Oregonian.

It is plainly evident that the weight of responsibility for coming republican campaign in Oregon will fall upon the shoulders of the country press. The combined harmonious pulling together of the rural publications will be just as effective as if they were backed in their loyalty by the metropolitan journals. The republican press will prove equal to the emergency, as will be fully proven when the campaign of 1900 in all its entirety has drawn to a close. It will require energy to accomplish the necessary results but we believe the country press fully equal to the emergency.—Eugene Register.

The price of wool is now nearing the mark it should reach under the present tariff laws. The supply that was rushed in by the manufacturers under free trade has at last been exhausted. Wool that was worth 6 to 8 cents under the Wilson law, will be worth 17 to 19 cents under the Dingley law.—Wellowa Chieftain.

A cynical free silver organ essayed to make capital at Congressman Tongue's expense by stating that the two Washington Congressmen spoke in favor of the gold standard currency bill while the Oregon delegation sat silent in their seats. The organ spoke too soon, before the Congressional Record could be printed. The Record of Dec. 20th which reached Oregon Dec. 26th has a full report of Mr. Tongue's speech made Dec. 15th. It occupies four and a quarter pages of the Record, and one reading it will know what Mr. Tongue's views are. By the way, it is history to state that Mr. Tongue made the first anti free silver speech delivered in Oregon. He opposed unlimited silver coinage and advocated the gold standard then, and has never changed his position. He is a consistent gold standard man to-day.

In 1861, a U. S. war ship took Mason and Slidel from the English mail steamer Trent. We were glad to close the event by giving up the men, disavowing the act and making apologies. An English cruiser has captured several cargoes of American flour just off Delagoa Bay, a Portuguese port. Will England give that flour back and spoilage, or will she feed it to her soldiers? Flour has not heretofore been listed with the contrabands of war. If this flour was consigned for a continuous voyage from New York to Pretoria, the English would doubtless have a right to confiscate it, but if the flour is going to merchants at Delagoa Bay the English have no right to seize it even though it might afterward be sold to Boers. See, Hay has ordered an investigation that the facts may be made to appear.

There is evidence of the existence of a demo-populist press bureau. The free silver presses are ringing the changes on the wheat market completely ignoring the demand for cattle, wool, mutton, pork, hay, potatoes, apples, onions, butter and eggs.

"Governments that are run with the view of making business good are not governments, but are simply the implements of the few to get dollars out of the pockets of the many. Government and business should be divorced."
"The government at Washington, under the new gold standard finance bill, will cease issuing paper money, and when that bill becomes a law, and when national banks will fall heir to the great privilege, by act of a republican congress."
The above paragraphs from the East Oregonian, same column, though separated by other matter, are reproduced here not for the purpose of endorsing the sentiment of either but to acquire how the contradictory statements can be reconciled.

The British have broken down in the transportation department in South Africa and are compelled to confine themselves to territory reached by the railroads. England is not strong in the manufacture of wagons, and is too stubborn to buy of us, which fact is pointed out in the London Chronicle, in a paragraph that reads: "Plenty of wagons could be obtained from the United States, but the government, with very indelicate patriotism, have refused to avail themselves of the opportunity. It would have been better if the authorities had followed Lord Kitchener's example at Albara bridge. Will they even now apply to the American factories?"

A French authority quoted by the Oregonian, states that in 1883, 29 per cent of gold sustained the currency which served to facilitate the commercial transactions of the day. The percentage of gold has quickly increased since, till in 1897 it stood at 57 per cent, wherefore it does not seem that we should be now alarmed for the welfare of exchanges, considering 33 per cent is considered ample for a protecting reserve.

The Louisville Courier-Journal pithily remarks and asks: "The result in Nebraska was heralded as one of the bright democratic victories of the November elections. And yet within but little over a month we see a populist going to the United States senate from Nebraska. Is this the sort of fruit born by modern democratic victories?"

Bryan's influence in Nebraska secured the appointment of Allen, populist, to the U. S. Senate. Hitchcock, democrat, wanted the place and his wing of the fusion party support him. Trouble is brewing and while fusion may be secured for the 1900 campaign, it looks now like Hitchcock will not pull off his coat as he did in 1896.

In athletics the west stands even with the east. The result of the football game between Berkeley and Carlisle Indians, at San Francisco last Monday places the Californians in the charmed circle of the Big Four that hitherto has never admitted players from colleges west of the Alleghenys.

An Irish revolutionary society in New York is harboring the insane that of belligerently invading Canada from the United States. Our government can never permit that and ought not to do so and if Irishmen are responsible for the movement they are abusing the right of asylum.

Late reports state that the production of the gold mines the past few years is greater than that of both silver and gold before. As almost the entire gold output is thrown into circulation, it is not by any means clear where the gain would be to mine silver and coin it and leave the gold in the ground.

The democrats are making great claims that Tammany and its influence will be for Bryan next year. But was it not Tammany democrats, nine of them, who voted for the House currency reform bill last week? Anyway 9 democratic congressmen from New York voted for the gold standard bill.

The remains of the sailors recovered from the wreck of the Maine that were buried in a Havana cemetery, have been exhumed and brought to the United States. Capt. Slesbe commanding the battleship Texas brought them from Cuba to Newport News.

Stockholders Meeting.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the First National Bank of Hillsboro, Oregon, will be held at the bank of Shute & Foote on the 14th day of January, 1900 for the purpose of electing a board of directors for the ensuing year and for transaction of such other business as may come before said meeting. J. W. SHUTE, President.

Notice to Stationers.

Sealed bids will be received at the county court room in Hillsboro, Washington county, Oregon, on January 3, 1900, at 2 o'clock p. m., to furnish stationery for Washington county for the period of one year in such quantities as may be required. Samples must accompany each bid. All necessary information can be obtained at the county clerk's office. The commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids. By order of commissioners' court this notice is published and dated at Hillsboro, Oregon this 14th day of December, 1899. L. A. ROOD, Judge.

Sick Women Advised to Seek Advice of Mrs. Pinkham.

"I had inflammation and falling of the womb, and inflammation of the ovaries, and was in great pain. I took medicine prescribed by a physician, but it did me no good. At last I heard of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and after using it faithfully I am thankful to say I am well woman. I would advise all suffering women to seek advice of Mrs. Pinkham."—Mrs. G. H. CHAFFELL, GRANT PARK, ILL.

"For several years my health was miserable. I suffered the most dreadful pains, and was almost on the verge of insanity. I consulted one of the best physicians in New York, and he pronounced my disease a fibroid tumor, advising an operation without delay, saying that it was my only chance for life. Other doctors prescribed strong and violent medicine, and one said I was incurable, another told me my only salvation was galvanic batteries. I tried it all, but nothing relieved me. One day a friend called and begged me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I began its use and took several bottles. From the very first bottle there was a wonderful change for the better. The tumor has disappeared entirely and my old ailments have returned. I heartily recommend your medicine to all suffering women."—Mrs. VAN CLEFT, 416 SAUNDERS AVE., JERSEY CITY HEIGHTS, N. J.

Stockholder's Meeting.
The annual meeting of the Hillsboro Light & Water Co. will be held at the office of the company on the third Monday in January, to-wit: January 14th, 1900, at 1 p. m. G. W. FULTON, Secretary.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the following named settler has first claim to the section to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Washington County, at Hillsboro, Ore., on Jan. 24, 1899, viz: H. E. No. 1822 for the S 1/4 of Sec. 20, T. 2 S. R. 2 W. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Chas. Brickman, of Dixie, Ore.; Ed. Nelson, of " " " Ed. Nelson, of " " " James Ryckman, of " " " CHAS. E. MOORES, Register.

Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold on a positive guarantee.

Cures heartburn, indigestion, flatulency, gas, acidity, or any form of dyspepsia. One little tablet gives immediate relief. 25 cts. and 50 cts. The Delta Drug Store.

SUBMONS.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE State of Oregon, for the County of Washington.

Loey Buchanan, Plaintiff, vs. Walter S. Buchanan, Defendant.

To Walter S. Buchanan, the above named defendant, in the above entitled case, you are hereby required to appear in the above entitled Court, and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit, within six weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons against you, which first publication will be made on Friday, the first day of December, 1899. And if you fail to answer, I warrant thereof, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief prayed for and demanded in the complaint, to-wit: That the marriage and marriage contract now existing between the plaintiff and the defendant be annulled and dissolved and the defendant void from the date of the decree of said Court. That the custody and control of Edward Buchanan the minor child of plaintiff and defendant be awarded to the plaintiff. That the plaintiff be adjudged and decreed to be the owner of the one-third of the real property described in plaintiff's complaint to-wit: Being lots numbered twenty-four (24) and twenty-five (25) in block numbered twenty-three (23) Tremont place, Portland, Multnomah County, Oregon, and that she have judgment for the sum of \$5000 damages for the support of herself and minor child, together with the costs and disbursements of this suit, and that such other and further decree be made as may be equitable.

This Summons is published against you by order of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Washington County, made and entered on the 27th day of November, 1899, and duly signed by T. A. McBride, Judge of said Court. THOS. H. A. E. B. TONGUE, 28 3/4 Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Your Face.

Shows the state of your feelings and the state of your health as well. Impure blood makes itself apparent in a pale and sallow complexion, Pimples and Skin Eruptions. If you are feeling weak and worn out and do not have a healthy appearance, you should try Acker's Blood Purifier. It cures all blood diseases where there is impure blood and no other purifier will. Knows that we sell every bottle on a positive guarantee. The Delta Drug Store.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

with local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and as a rare prescription. If the next condition known to you is combined with the best blood purifier, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect restoration of the two injured entities is at process such wonderful result in cure of Catarrh. Send for testimonials. Address, E. J. CHENEY & Co., 210 So. 3rd St., St. Louis, Mo. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

WISDOM'S ROBERTINE

Wisdom's Robertine corrects all blemishes of the face and makes a beautiful complexion. Delta Drug Store.

Acker's English Remedy will stop a cough at any time, and will cure the worst cold in twelve hours, or money refunded.

25 and 50 cent bottles at Delta Drug Store.

KIDNEY TEA.

Oregon Kidney Tea cures back-ache, kidney and bladder trouble, and constipation. Delta Drug Store.

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

STATE OF OREGON, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, Salem, November 27, 1899. I, J. DUNBAR, Secretary of State, in accordance with an Act entitled "An Act submitting to the electors of the State of Oregon at the general election, to be held on the first Monday in June 1900 the pending proposed constitutional amendments," approved February 18, 1899, I, T. GEER, Governor of the State of Oregon, do hereby cause the following proposed amendments to the constitution of the State of Oregon, as certified to by the Secretary of State, to be published for five consecutive weeks in the Hillsboro Independent, a newspaper published in the First Judicial District, of the State of Oregon.

Done at the Capitol, at Salem, Oregon, this 27th day of November, 1899. J. DUNBAR, Secretary of State.

Senate Joint Resolution No. 4.

Be it resolved by the Senate, the House concurring, that the following amendment to the Constitution of the State of Oregon be and the same is hereby proposed.

That section 10 of Article XI of the Constitution of the State of Oregon be and the same is hereby amended; and in lieu thereof Section 10 of Article XI shall be as follows: Article XI. Section 10. No county, city, town, school district or other municipal corporation shall be allowed to become indebted in any manner or for any purpose to an amount including present existing indebtedness in the aggregate, exceeding five per centum on the value of taxable property therein to be ascertained by the last assessment for State and County taxes previous to the incurring of such indebtedness. Adopted by the Senate Jan. 30, 1893. C. W. Fulton, President of the Senate.

Concurred in by the House Feb. 2, 1893.

W. F. Keedy, Speaker of the House.

Adopted by the Senate Jan. 31, 1895.

Joseph Simon, President of the Senate.

Concurred in by the House Feb. 4, 1895.

Chas. B. Moore, Speaker of the House.

Senate Joint Resolution No. 13.

Be it resolved by the Senate, the House concurring, that the following amendment to the Constitution of the State of Oregon, in lieu of Section Ten of Article Section (7) and the same is hereby proposed, to-wit: Section 10. The Legislative Assembly may provide for the election of Supreme and Circuit Judges in distinct classes, one of which classes shall consist of five Judges of the Supreme Court, who shall sit in rotation circuit duty; and the other class shall consist of as many Circuit Judges as may be deemed necessary, who shall hold full terms without allowance, and who shall have same oath as the Supreme Judges. The Legislative Assembly may or may not make any change in the number of the Judges of the Supreme Court. Adopted by the Senate Feb. 12, 1893. C. W. Fulton, President of the Senate.

Concurred in by the House, Feb. 15, 1893.

W. F. Keedy, Speaker of the House.

Adopted by the Senate, Jan. 31, 1895.

Joseph Simon, President of the Senate.

Concurred in by the House, Feb. 4, 1895.

Chas. B. Moore, Speaker of the House.

House Joint Resolution No. 19.

Resolved by the House, the Senate concurring, that the following amendment to the Constitution of the State of Oregon be and the same is hereby proposed: That the Constitution be amended by adding Article 19 as follows, to-wit: Article XIX. Section 1. The necessary use of lands for the construction of reservoirs or storage basins for the purpose of irrigation or for other uses, and for the construction of canals, ditches, flumes or pipes to convey water to the place of use for any useful, beneficial or necessary purpose, or for drainage, or for drainage of mines or the workings thereof, by means of roads, railroads, tramways, cuts, tunnels, or other means, shall not be deemed to constitute a taking of private property for public use, and shall not be subject to the regulation and control of the State.

Section 2. The right to appropriate the unappropriated waters of any natural stream for beneficial uses shall never be denied.

Section 3. The use of all waters now appropriated for sale, rental or distribution, also of all waters originally appropriated for private use, but which, after such appropriation, has heretofore been or is being declared to be a public use, and subject to the regulation and control of the State in the manner prescribed by law. But the right to use and appropriate such waters shall be subject to such provisions of law for the taking of private property for public or private use as provided in Section 18, Article 1 of the Constitution of the State of Oregon.

Section 4. The right to collect taxes or compensation for the use of water supplied to any county, city, town or water district or inhabitant thereof, is a franchise, and cannot be exercised except by authority of and in a manner prescribed by law. Adopted by the House, Feb. 15, 1893. W. F. Keedy, Speaker of the House.

(Signed Mar. 7, 1893.) C. W. Fulton, President of the Senate.

Adopted by the House, Feb. 12, 1893.

Chas. B. Moore, Speaker of the House.

House Joint Resolution No. 2.

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Oregon by repealing Section 25 of Article I.

Resolved by the House, the Senate concurring, that Section 25 of Article I of the Constitution be and is hereby repealed. Adopted by the House, Jan. 11, 1893. W. F. Keedy, Speaker of the House.

Concurred in by the Senate, Jan. 29, 1893.

C. W. Fulton, President of the Senate.

Adopted by the House, Jan. 30, 1893.

Chas. B. Moore, Speaker of the House.

House Joint Resolution No. 7.

Be it resolved by the Senate, the House concurring, that the following amendment to the Constitution of the State of Oregon be and is hereby proposed: Article I. The elective franchise in this State shall not hereafter be prohibited to any citizen on account of race.

Adopted by the Senate Feb. 6, 1895.

Joseph Simon, President of the Senate.

Adopted by the House, Feb. 6, 1895.

Chas. B. Moore, Speaker of the House.

Adopted by the Senate Jan. 31, 1899.

E. C. Taylor, President of the Senate.

W. F. Keedy, Speaker of the House.

Be sure to keep your eye on this space as we are too Busy to tell you of all the Bargains you can find at the Delta Drug Store.

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CLASSICAL, SCIENTIFIC, LITERARY
The Academy prepares for College and gives a thorough English Education, the best preparation for teaching or business. All expenses very low. Board and rooms at the Ladies' Hall \$3 to \$4 per week, including electric light and heat.
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