HILLSBORO INDEPENDENT

Entered in the postoffice at Hillsboro, Ore. as second-class mail matter.

Subscription, in advance, per year, $1.50.

HILLSBORO PUBLISHING Co. Props.

D. M. C. GAULT, Editor.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

FRIDAY, JANUARY 13, 1898.

The state tax levy for this year has been fixed at 5 7-10 mills. Last year it was 3½ yet there were those who two years ago asserted that the populist hold up of the legislature was in the interest of economy.

Mr. Geo L Hutchin the gentleman who rumor announces will commence the publication of a new morning daily in Portland, on or about February first next is now in Oregon. He comes from Illinoise and is said to have ample means for his enterprise. The politics of the new venture is not stated, though it will probably be democratic as that was the politics of Mr. Hutchin's Illinoise paper.

The Portland Chamber of Commerce has taken up the subject of the sailor boarding house abuses. The report of the committee charges that there is a syndicate of "crimps" as they are called, who entice sailors from one ship that they may have them in reserve to ship with another foreign bound freighter. Some of us in the country have known for a long time that those sailor boarding houses are dens of wickedness. They ought to be abolished by all means and if a law can be framed that will accomplish that end, it ought to be enacted.

A resolution has passed both houses of the legislature requiring the appropriations to be made in two bills, the first to contain all items for the administration of the state government such as salaries fixed by law, and the other to contain the items of appropriation for general purposes. This division seems to be proper and will allow the second bill to be rejected by either house or vetoed by the governor without blocking the wheels of the state. Now only one more thing is necessary to insure economical appropriations and that is that the bills be introduced and published two weeks before the end of the session so that the people may discuss the necessity of the items. The public consideration by the press of the state will be potent to defeat the steals that may creap into the bill during the last hour.

A bill is before the legislature forbidding school districts to insure school houses with the fire insurance companies. It provides that when a school house burns, a certain per cent of the loss shall be paid from the interest arrising from the irreducible school fund before it is apportioned to the counties. This is a great innovation and now it is not favored by the INDEPENDENT. It is not the province of the state to go into the insurance business. It is better that districts care for themselves just as it is better for individuals to do so. It really seems out of place for a little district over on the mountainside to be compelled to pay for the rebuilding of one of Portland's big school houses that cost $50,000 or $75,000. There may be good reasons for adopting the proposed plan, but they do not appear.

Senator Hoar made an ant-iexpansion speech in the Senate this week which, while it may represent the thought of Massachusetts, does not voice the people of America or give expressions to their aims. We took the Philippine Islands in self protection. Spain was threatening to bombard our Pacific coast ports—San Francisco, Portland, Puget Sound—Our government found it easier to defend our coast by attacking Spain in Asia than to wait till her ships struck American coasts. Having taken the Philippines we are under the same obligations to maintain good order there as we are in Arizona or Dokotas. The Indians have to be governed in those states and teritories and so will the savage natives in the Philippines whether they "consent" peacably or at the point of a bayonet. The American Indians "consent" at the sight of a Krag-Jorgensen.

The expected has happened. The democratic minority in the House through their representatives on the committee on military affairs, define their position on the proposed increase of the regular army. They oppose any increase whatever. Their plan is to keep the regular army at the old figure of about 30,000 and to add 50,000 volunteers from the various states for a period of two years. They follow the usual democratic line of reasoning that a larger regular army would be a menace to the liberties of the people, adding a new charge that the corporate interests want the army increased in order to enforce their demands through "a president nominated by such interests." The democrats in the House see the trusts even behind the army bills. Not long ago they were howling about army inexperience and incompetence. Now they want to return to a miniature army for fear of corporate interests. The prediction that they would oppose any improvement of the army has been quickly verified.—Globe Democrat.

GOV. GEER INAUGURATED.

Gov. Geer's Inaugural address is a good one rather lengthy, but just such an one as his supporters at the polls last June supposed he would deliver. He takes up some legislative practices and points out where reforms, along the line of good taste and economy, may appropriately be made. The governor has opponents in the legislature—some of them being in his own party. These gentlemen have worked themselves into a fine frenzy and declare that the executive is encroaching upon the prerogative of the legislature. They say he had no right to utter the words he did. They will not be advised especially when the matter of employing committee clerks is concerned. The governor takes the matter coolly and in a talk with a correspondent says:

"I knew in advance," he said "that I was touching on a matter relating to the privileges of a co-ordinate branch of the government, and I feel no surprise that there are some who feel aggrieved. But the constitution makes it a duty of the governor, which cannot be shirked, to make such suggestions to the legislature as in his judgment will subserve the best interests of the people. Now, any proceeding on the part of the legislature that involves the paying of money out of the state treasury is a matter that vitally affects taxpayers. When it can be shown conclusively from the record, as I showed it yesterday, that there has been a heedless expenditure of public money in the matter of unnecessary clerk hire, it was just as much my duty to call attention to the evil as it was to direct attention to the necessity of economy in other directions. I firmly believe that I was entirely within my rights and duty in protesting against this expenditure, in the interest of the taxpayers. Unless some member can justify this expenditure, I shall continue to believe that I was right in what I said about it, and I certainly do not feel hurt by any criticism anybody may make with reference to my position."

STATE FINANCES.

State Treasurer Metschan has made his biennial report. His recapitulation shows:

Total receipts into state treasury during biennial term ended Dec. 31, 1898, including balances on hand as per last report	$2,777,031 50
Disbursements out of the several funds	2,013,332 27
Balance in treasury	$ 763,699 23

The statement of resources and liabilities is shown by these words and figures:

Gen fund	$ 191,236 62
Com school fund prin	444,898 17
Com school fund in	70,747 02
Agri college fund, prin	9,508 63
Agri sollege fund, in	938 07
Univ fund, prin	3,093 27
Univ fund, in	2,661 54
Swamp land fund	2,687 45
Tide land fund	19,201 57
Salmon industry fund	1,246 08
Thurston monu fund in	14 44
Univ tax fund	15,919 34
Military tax fund	1,747 03
Total	$ 763,699 23

LIABILITIES

Bonds bearing 7 per cent int.—	
Soldiers' bounty bonds	$ 50 00
Soldiers' relief bonds	761 10
Modoc war bonds	317 75
Indian war bonds	700 94
Total	$1892 79
Warrants bearing 10 per cent interest on outstanding warrant fund, but by act of Feb. 25, 1889 made payable out of general fund	$ 476 91
Accrued int thereon	193 04
Totsl	$ 669 95

Provision has long since been made for the payment of all the above warrants and bonds, and interest thereon has ceased.

Thirty-eight soldier bounty bonds of $50 each (exclusive of interest) still remain uncalled for; the same having been issued under date of January 1, 1866.

Outstanding state warrants payable from the swamp land fund, amount to with interest, $34,925,38.

In the case of the bonds above enumerated, it is possible that they will never be presented. It is hardly possible that they have been deliberately thrown away or destroyed but they may have been put in a safe place for keeping and that place destroyed, but more probably they have been burned in some fire that has within the past thirty-five years destroyed many residences and a few business houses.

INDIAN WAR VETERANS.

Washington D. C. Jan. 4, 1899

A. H. Garrison, Esq.

My dear sir:—Yours of a recent date in reference to the Indian War Pension Bill, now pending before congress has just been received. This is but one of quite a large number of letters on this subject, the particular object of which at this time, I do not exactly understand. These letters certainly are not needed in order to spur myself or the other members of the Oregon delegation to energetic action in behalf of this bill. We are each doing everything that it is possible. The bill twice passed the Senate, in a previous congress, received the favorable report of the house committee, but in this congress the committee so far has neglected to make any report. I feel quite confident that this is at the request of the speaker of the house, who for some unexplained reason or other, seems to oppose the bill. We shall continue to do everything possible to urge action, and so far as I am concerned shall give the committee no peace during the remainder of this session of congress, or the next, until it acts upon this matter. I am sending out now a letter to each member of the committee urging the injustice of their action in producing this delay. The continued neglect to pass some measure giving a suitable recognition to the Indian war veterans is a flagrant injustice unworthy of a great government. The government committed almost a crime in not furnishing the necesrry assistance to the early settlers in the west to protect themselves and their neighbors against Indian aggression. It seems to me the present, as well as previous congresses, have continued to approve and condone this crime. I sincerely hope that justice will yet be done, and I shall labor in every way possible to secure it. Certainly no class of people who ever rendered service to this government in any of its wars, deserved better treatment at the hands of the people than the Indian war veterans. I certainly shall do everything in my power to secure them justice.

Permit me to say that on this question of a pension to the Indian war veterans, no other party has done any better for you than the republicans have done. The democrats had control of the house, but failed to pass the bill. I think it was a democratic congress who pensioned the other Indian war veterans and left you out. This is not a question of political parties. It is largely a question of ignorance of the east of the conditions and merits of the people of the west.

I agree with you in the statement when you say "Uncle Sam has treated us shamefully." But it has not been by any one party rather than another. I should be glad if there was any way to make Mr. Reed to come out of the way, but I know of none until the western republicans are strong enough to organize the house. Truly and sincerely yours,

THOS. H. TONGUE.

THOSE WHO WILL SEE US.

The committee of arrangements having in charge the preparations for the reception and entertainment of the National Editorial association next summer held a meeting in Portland last Monday evening and notwithstanding the unfavorable weather conditions it was well attended. The committee on hotel accomodations have secured rates ranging from $1.00 to $2.50 per day. Taking the service into account this is considered fully as good a rate as any heretofore given the association tho' the committee had hoped to have done ever better.

Messrs A. P. Tiffth, A. N. Fisher, and E. L. E. White were appointed a committee on entertainment and excursions. Any of the outside cities or resorts that may want a visit of the excursionists should correspond with these gentlemen.

The time for the meeting next summer will be fixed by the association's executive committee which meets in St Louis Feb. 14th. The Portland committee will suggest a date which though not fully determined is now made July 10th. June 20 was discussed but the fear of high water is in mind. A date later than July is liable to be smoky. While July 10th may not be chosen, yet the time will be not many days from that date either way.

Another meeting of the committee will be held next Monday evening.

The legislature met in regular session and promptly organized last Monday. The same officers who presided at the special session are retained, though a few changes on committees have been made. Notable is the change of McCulloch from the chairmanship of enrolled bills to a place on the Bank and Insurance committee and the substitution of E. H. Flagg to the vacant chairmanship. Flagg claims that at the special session it was agreed that he should be permitted to name two of the clerks for enrolled bills but that McCulloch when seated would not allow him to do so. Hence he desired the change. It was made. Mc. is mad and considers that his face has been slapped. Notwithstanding what has been said in the press touching the bad taste displayed in employing committee clerks, the questionable policy is continued and even in worse shape since there seems to be a general increase of salaries. No great interest seems to be taken in the proceedings of the legislature outside of the body itself and it is feared by the INDEPENDENT that the appathy shown by the public will be taken advantage of by designing interests for the purpose of jobbery. Much has been said about burdening the legislature with the duty of electing U. S. Senators. This session is relieved of that task yet it may be seen after adjournment that it would have been better had the senatorial election been an issue so as to focus public attention to the acts of the law makers. This by all previously conceived notions ought to be an industrious and economical business session, but some how the beginning does not give reasons for such a hope.

Lakeview has increased the salaries of its city officers to the following amounts: Recorder, $300; marshal, $96; treasurer, $72. The town is in good financial condition, and before long will issue bonds for a water system and an electric light plant.

DEFENDS AMERICAN MANHOOD.

At the opening of the Clark summer school last July senator Hoar of Massachusetts made an address on "Americanism and American Honor." In the course of the address he made a short reply to the recent criticisms of Professor Charles Eliot Norton, of Harvard college, regarding the war with Spain. Mr. Hoar spoke of the reconciliation of north and south brought about by the war, and of the sympathy for the United States displayed by England, and expressed his gratification at the possibility of closer bonds of union with the mother country. He said:

"In strange contrast with these tokens of respect are a few discordant and jarring notes which are heard at home. I see that Professor Norton, of Harvard, is quoted as telling the youth of the university: 'It is characteristic of the American people to be trifling. They have acquired the varnish of civilized life, but their natures have not been refined. The Americans are 70,000,000 good-natured people, gifted with a fatal optimism, and with no serious thought of the grave duties of life. They have no fine sense of honor. They cannot distinguish between what is honest and what is dishonest. I feel with Horace Walpole that I could be proud of my country if it were not for my countrymen.' Professor Norton, a little later, gives us his opinion that the war is unjust, dishonest, and advises the young men who look to him for counsel that it is not their duty to enter into it.

"The trouble with Professor Norton, who thinks his countrymen lacking in a sense of honor, is that there are two things he cannot in the least comprehend. He cannot comprehend his countrymen, and he cannot comprehend honor. In true philosophy the sense of honor and the sense of duty are one. Wordsworth says that 'honor is but the finer sense of justice.' There never was a people on earth, who, in regard to the great subject of public conduct, were actuated by a finer, by a profounder sense of duty and a clearer sense of justice than the people of the United States in this generation and at this hour.

"Poor Professor Norton, 'color blind and music deaf,' at this day when north and south are coming together, when Mother England is learning to know her daughter and to love her again, says that it is characteristic of the American people to be trifling, and that he feels, with Horace Walpole, that he should be proud of his country if it were not for his countrymen. Heaven knows that I do not say this from any desire to inflict pain. But it is due to the youth of this country, it is due to Harvard, that somebody shall say this. If such utterances are to go unreproved from our foremost university, manhood and courage and honor will follow athletics to Yale, or will follow classical learning to the English Cambridge.

"I have just seen a mother who has given her first-born son to this war. He died before Santiago. The boy went to West Point from under the roof where I dwell. The dwelling and the grove which shadows it will be evermore sacred and holy for the presence of that beautiful and pure shade. The memory of young Benchley and Grant and Spurr and Haven is evermore to be one of the priceless possessions of Worcester. They will seem forever to be walking our streets in their beauty and immortal youth. The passing of their beautiful feet gladdens the pavements of the streets.

"What right has any man to tell that mother that her son died in a base cause, or gave up his life for an unworthy motive? There can be no worse lesson, and it is a lesson which never will be taught in Clark university, than to tell the youth of this country that their country is base. The feeling of dislike and contempt for us in England, which the utterances of Professor Norton and men like him have done so much to foster, is giving way to a better knowledge. I do not believe it can be raised again by such utterances as these. The best instruction which the youth of a country like ours can have is its own history, and the best result of that instruction is a zeal to hope and strive for the best. If any man attempt to tarnish or destroy either, if it be due to ignoranne, it is pitiable; if it be due to arrogance of conceit, it is criminal."

THE PROPOSED BONUS FOR SUGAR BEETS.

There is a general demand for economy in the administration of public affairs and the probability is that the legislature will adopt several measures that will greatly reduce the expenses of conducting the state government. In view of this fact it would seem rather inconsistent to oppose upon the tax-payers of Oregon the duty of paying a subsidy—for four years or any other length of time—to sugar beet growers of one dollar per ton or any other amount. If such a subsidy is paid, then the promoters of any other infant industry can with equally good reason ask for a bonus from the legislature. While it is true that other states have subsidized the beet sugar industry, it does not follow that it is the correct thing to do with the money of the taxpayers. It is establishing a dangerous precedent. It strikes us that men who are able to expend $500,000 in a sugar factory ought to be able to pay the farmers sufficient for the raising of the raw material for the operation of the establishment to make the growing of beets fairly profitable. The complaint of the beet growers is that the price paid by the factory company for beets is not enough to give them any profit—in fact so far they have been losers by the venture. And now the legislature is to be asked to make good this deficiency. It looks more like a move to subsidize the factory than to help the farmer. It is a measure that ought to be adopted or rejected by the vote of the people of the state. That is the safest way to handle a matter of that kind.

In this connection it may not be out of place to add, on the authority of the Oregonian, that "Senator Reed of Douglas county, says he is preparing a bill to authorize the payment of a bounty for every animal raised on the farm. He also says he has not yet determined whether it would be better to yoke it up with the sugar beet bounty bill or with Young's bill to protect clams, but he wants it to be known as a measure in the interest of farmers."—Portland Times.

STATE NEWS.

John S. Gurdane tells the Pendleton East Oregonian that the winter came earlier this season than he had ever before known. Nearly all the stockmen are feeding their stock, and the weather, although bringing much snow and considerable storms, has not done any damage to the stock. The presence of a foot of snow, says Mr. Gurdane, is better than an inch, because the stock eat the feed given them much cleaner than when they can pick some grass, when they spoil the feed partly and then go out and browse on the grass under the thin covering of snow.

A few days since, the children of Mr. Robinson, who lives near Lakeview, discovered a coyote in the barn where he had been attracted by the scent of a freshly killed beef. The youngsters, the eldest being 16 years of age, stopped the hole where the varment entered and then proceeded to annihilate him with pitchforks and shovels.

The Pendleton Saving bank had deposits amounting to $427,214.39 on December 31, 1898. The deposits nearly doubled during the last six months of the year.

Coyotes have killed 100 head of sheep for C. A. Buckley, a Sherman county stockraiser, so far this season.

The bond of E. M. Brattain as register of the United States land office at Lakeview has been filed. The bond is for $40,000.

The Warner Valley Stock Company, of Warner, pays more taxes than any firm or individual in Lake county. It is assessed for $77,198.

Bah, gush! Gov. Geer has commissioned a Miss Lyle Watson to be a notary public for Oregon. Some one snatches the pen used in signing the commission and sends it to the young lady as a keepsake. The INDEPENDENT indulges the prediction that Miss Watson will perform the duties of notary no more efficiently than the men who have heretofore been appointed, yet none of them ever got a pen.

There is no occasion for maintaining the organization of the insurgeant army in Cuba unless it is for the purpose of waging war on the United States. The army was recruited in the first place to oppose the Spanish, and now that the latter are removed, the end for which the insurgeants organized has been accomplished, and there is no further need for a military organization that is without a civil government to maintain.

There are some indications that the Oregonian will not support the administration of Gov. Geer.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION decree and order of sale issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Washington County, in favor of Solomon Hirschl N Fleischner, Samuel Simon, Max Fleischner and M A Mayer, partners doing business under the firm name of Fleischner, Mayer & Co. and against J G Boos, and A T Boos, R L Sabin as assignee for the benefit of the creditors of J G Boos and A T Boos, E H Heitzhausen and Celia Heitzhausen, Insolvent debtors, Maud I Harrison, Standard Oil Company L Stiner, S Strauss, and I Hyman partners as Stiner, Strauss & Hyman and Honeyman DeHart & Co a corporation for the sum of $18 costs and for the further sum of $1200.60, U. S. gold coin, with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from the 12th day of Dec., 1898, and for the cost and expenses of sale and of said writ.

Now, therefore, by virtue and in persuance of said judgment, decree and order of sale, I will, on Monday, the 30th day of Jan. 1899, at the south door of the Court House, in Hillsboro, Washington County, Oregon, at the hour of 10 o'clock a m of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following described real property to-wit:

Lying being and situate in the county of Washington State of Oregon and in the city of Forest Grove and being also part of block No 1 in Walkers add to the town of Forest Grove according to the plat recorded on page 94 of book K of records of deeds of said Washington county and more fully bounded and described as beginning 126 feet north of the south west corner of said block No 1 running thence north 50 feet thence east 100 feet thence south 50 feet and thence west 100 feet to place of begining to satisfy the hereinbefore named sums, and for the costs and expenses of said sale.

Said property will be sold subject to redemption as per statute of Oregon.

Witness my hand this 29th day of Dec. 1898.

W. D. BRADFORD,
Sheriff of Washington County, Oregon.
W N Barrett
Attorney for Plaintiff. 32-36

Notice of Final Settlement.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned has filed his final account as administrator of the estate of Emma L. Beach deceased in the county court of the state of Oregon for Washington Co. and that said court has appointed Monday, the 13th day of February, 1899 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day as the time for hearing of objections to such final account and the settlement thereof.

J. H. DILLBERGER,
Administrator of the estate of Emma L. Beach deceased. 34-37.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION decree and order of sale issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Washington County, in favor of John Lowery and against G. J. Saunders S. E. Saunders and J. B. Moore, for the sum of $16 costs and for the further sum of $2332.12 with interest thereon at the rate of 8 percent per annum from the 29th day of December 1898, and the further sum of $250 attorneys fees with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from the 29th day of December 1898, and the further sum of $5 costs and the further sum of $4653 00 with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from the 29th day of December 1898 and the further sum of $300 attorney's fee with interest thereon at the rate of 6 percent per annum from the 29th day of December 1898 and for the costs and expenses of sale and of said writ:

Now, therefore, by virtue and in persuance of said judgment, decree and order of sale, I will, on Monday the 6th day of Ferbuary, 1899, at the south door of the Court House, in Hillsboro, Washington County, Oregon, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., of said day sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real property, to-wit: The S ½ of the N E ¼ of Sec 14, also the E ½ of the S E ¼ of Sec 14 T 2 S R 3 W Will Mer containing 160 acres all situate in Washington County, Oregon, to satisfy the hereinbefore named sums, and for the costs and expenses of said sale.

Said property will be sold subject to redemption as per statute of Oregon.

Witness my hand this 5th day of Jan. 1899.

W. D. BRADFORD,
Sheriff of Washington County, Oregon.
S B Huston,
Atty for Pl'ff,
33-37

CITATION.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE State of Oregon, for Washington county.

In the matter of the Estate of U. G. Jackson, deceased.

To Sarah Jackson, Margaret A. Dorland, and John Dorland, Amanda S. Newell and Robert Newell, Ellen L. Johnson and Samuel J. Johnson, Lucy E. Barnes intermarried with — — McMahon, Sarah N. Barnes, intermarried with — — Pruitt, greeting:

In the name of the State of Oregon,

You are hereby cited and required to appear in the County Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Washington at the Court Room thereof, at Hillsboro, in the county of Washington on Monday, the 6th day of February 1899, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to show cause why an order of either public or private sale of the following described real estate situate in Washington County, Oregon, as follows:

Commencing at the N E cor of the D L C of John B. Jackson and wife in Sec 28 T 2 N R 2 W and running thence W 4 chs thence S 20 chs, thence E 18 chs, thence N 2 chs. thence E 10 chs, thence S 2 chs, thence E 12 chs, thence N 20 chs to the place of beginnin, containing 76 acres more or less, should not be made as prayed for in the petition of the administrator herein filed.

WITNESS, the Hon. L. A. Rood, Judge of the County Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Washington with the Seal of said Court affixed this 30th day December, A. D., 1898.

[SEAL]

ATTEST:
J. A. IMBRIE,
33-37. Clerk.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the undersigned, executor of the last will and testament of Mary Rooney, deceased, by virtue of an order of the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Washington County, made and dated on the 19th day of December, 1898, will sell at public auction at the south door of the Court House, in Hillsboro, on Monday, the 30th day of January, 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, that certain peace parcel and tract of land lying, being and situated in Washington County, Oregon, and being designated as the W ½ of the S E ¼ section 33, T 3 N R 2 W of the Will. Mer., containing 80 acres.

That said sale will be made for cash and the expenses of the transfer to be paid by the purchaser.

Witness my hand hereunto set on this 23d day of December, 1898.

OSCAR C. VOIGT,
Executor of the last will and testament of Mary Rooney, deceased.
Manning & McCulloch and Geo. R. Bagley, attys for Executor.

SUMMONS.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE State of Oregon, for Washington county.

John Fisher Plaintiff
v
Minnie Fisher Defendant

To Minnie Fisher, defendant. Greeting:

You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before Monday the 27th day of February, 1899, which date is the time prescribed in the order of Court for the publication of this summons and if you fail to appear and answer on or before said date the plaintiff will apply to this court for the relief prayed for in said complaint: For a decree of divorce forever dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between the plaintiff and defendant herein, and for such further and different relief as to the court may seem just and equitable.

This summons is published in the HILLSBORO INDEPENDENT six consecutive weeks by order of the Honorable Thos A. McBride, Judge of said Court, made on the 9th day of January 1899, the first publication hereof being made on the 13th day of January 1899.

G. W. ALLEN,
34-40 Attorney for Plaintiff.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

LAND OFFICE AT OREGON CITY, OR.
January 7, 1899

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of Court of Washington County, Oregon, on February 18, 1899, viz:

Frank Bernard.

H. E. 9226 for the N ½ of S E ¼, S W ¼ of S E ¼ and S E ¼ of S W ¼ sec 14 tp 1 N R 5 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land. viz:

John E. Woell of Gales Creek Oregon
Morrius Hansen " " "
James Martin " " "
Antipas Thomas " " "

CHAS. B MOORES
34-39 Register.

Notice of Final Settlement.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, executor of the last will and testament of J R Shepley, deceased, has filed his final account as such executor in the County Court of the State of Oregon for Washington county; and that said court has set Monday the 13th day of February 1899, at the hour of 10 o'clock a m of said day as the time and the county court room as the place, for hearing objections to said final account and the final settlement of said estate.

Dated January 9, 1899.

S. W. SEELYE,
Executor of the estate of J. R. Shepley, deceased. 34-38

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Money Saved is Money Earned

This is one thing you get as well as fresh goods at

J. M. Brown's GROCERY

He never cheapens quality to Lower prices.

We are not The only House

In Oregon that sell Paints and Oils; however, we do keep a few of these rare articles occasionally—but as a side line only.

We are Pharmacists

And we sell Drugs first and foremost. Good, pure drugs at reasonable prices.

Our Prescription Department is our Specialty.

THE DELTA DRUG STORE.

More Room.

Having secured more store room for Furniture and Undertaker's goods can supply the trade better than before.

A Good Hearse

In connection with the business.
Prices very low.

P. O. BROWN.

Hillsboro Pharmacy UNION BLOCK MAIN STREET, Dr. F. A. Bailey, Prop

Pure fresh drugs, Brushes, Paints, Oils, Sponges and all Druggists Sundries, Fine first-class cutlery a specialty.

Extra Care in Compounding Prescriptions.

Played Out.

Dull headache, pains in various parts of the body, sinking at the pit of the stomach. Loss of appetite, feverishness, pimples or sores are all positive evidence of impure blood. No matter how it became so it must be purified in order to obtain good health. Acker's Blood Elexir has never failed to cure Scrofulous or Syphilitic poisons or any other blood diseases. It is certainly a wonderful remedy and we sell every bottle on a positive guarantee

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this p[illegible] to learn that there is at [illegible] disease that science has b[illegible] in all its stages and that is [illegible] Catarrh Cure is the only posi[illegible] known to the medical fraternit[illegible] being a constitutional disease, [illegible] constitutional treatment. Hall's [illegible] Cure is taken internally, acting direc[illegible] on the blood and mucous surfaces [illegible] system, thereby destroying the founda[illegible] of the disease, and giving the patie[illegible] strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in it curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F.J CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Stockholders Meeting

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the First National Bank of Hillsboro Oregon, will be held at the bank of Shute & Foote on the 10th day of January 1899 for the purpose of electing a board of directors for the ensuing year and for transaction of such other business as may come before said meeting.

JOHN SHUTE,
29-32 President

Your Face

Shows the state of your feelings, and the state of your health as well. Impure blood makes itself apparent in a pale and sallow complexion, pimples and skin Eruptions. If you are feeling weak and [illegible] and do not have a healthy [illegible] you should try Acker's Blood Elixir. It cures all blood diseases, where [illegible] sarsaparillas and so called purifiers [illegible] is we will sell every bottle on a [illegible] guarantee. Delta Drug Store.

A[illegible] Dy[illegible] on a positive g[illegible] raising of the food, distress after eating or any form dyspepsia. One little tablet gives immediate relief. 25 and 50 cents at Delta Drug store.

Acker's English Remedy will stop a cough at any time, and will cure the worst cold in twelve hours, or money refunded. 25 and 50 cents at Delta Drug Store.