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Vol. XXVI.

HILLSBORO, WASHINGTON COUNTY, OREGON, FRIDAY, JANUARY 13, 1899.

No. 34

## WE DON'T BORE

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## ROYAL Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

### Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

### The Companion's New Calendar.

The calendars given by the Companion in former years to all subscribers have been remarkable for their delicacy of design and richness of coloring. But the Calendar for 1899 far surpasses any of those. The publishers have endeavored to make it the finest calendar of the century, and readers of the Companion will not be disappointed in it. Those who subscribe now will receive not only the gift of the calendar but also all the issues of November and December, from the time of subscription free. The new volume will be published. Among the contributions already engaged are "The Little Demons of war," by Hon. John D. Long; "Opportunities for Young Explorers," Sir Clements Markham. Fine illustrated announcements and sample copies will be sent to any one addressing

The Youth's Companion, 211 Columbus Ave., Boston, Mass.

## Is Your Business Dull?

Then this is the time to improve it. Don't wait until "something turns up," but turn it up yourself. Remember this—the purpose of advertising is to bring business. The wise business man will advertise as much as in any season. A good and time-honored way of advertising is through the Hillsboro Independent. Whether you want to get out something new to send through the mails or something cheap to throw around, come and see us.

## Rush Work

is a problem in most job offices. Not so with the Hillsboro Independent Printer. We have a large force of men at work all the time and can "rush" a job for you without any trouble. When you want work done quickly give the Hillsboro Independent Job Office a trial.

## If You Were He

Yes, if you were the creditor and saw the merchant sitting idly in his shop accumulating more dust, cobwebs and out-of-style goods than cash, you would probably feel like asking, "Why don't you

## Wake Up

use the advertising columns of the Hillsboro Independent and exchange your stock for legal tender? What say you?

## FERRY'S Seeds

A big yield of both profit and satisfaction will result if you plant

They are always the best. Do not accept any seed unless they come from FERRY'S. Write for the best seed catalog.

O. M. FERRY & CO., Detroit, Mich.

### How to Prevent Pneumonia.

You are perhaps aware that pneumonia always results from a cold or from an attack of a gripe. During the epidemic of a gripe a few years ago when so many cases resulted in pneumonia, it was observed that the attack was never followed by that disease when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy was used. It counteracts any tendency of a cold or a gripe to result in that dangerous disease. It is the best remedy in the world for had colds and a gripe. Every bottle warranted. For sale by Delta Drug Store.

## ST. JACOBS OIL.

It is the easiest thing in the world to have LUMBAGO OR LAME BACK. And it is just as easy to get rid of it.

No remedy has made such quick and easier cures than

IT IS THE ONLY OIL THAT STRENGTHENS MUSCLES.

## THE UNDOING OF A DOUBLE BY HUGO ST. FINISTERRE, MD.

AUTHOR OF "WHO'S WHO" ETC., ETC.

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CHAPTER III.  
Amid the fright of that moment the feeling was strong upon me that a grotesque mistake had been made. Why should these people wish to do me bodily harm? I had committed no crime since my entrance into the state of Mississippi, and men could not be stirred to such violence by any cause other than an outrageous violation of law.

But the party was imminent, and I had scarcely time to draw my weapon and back against the wall when the mob swarmed in after the landlord. As the foremost were making for me I leveled my weapon and called out:

"Halt; the first one lays a hand on me will be a dead man!"

The bravest persons do not rush to certain death. There was a pause, although the men in the door kept pushing forward until there was danger of the leaders being forced against me. The countenances were like those of the cattle during the commotion. Anger, fierce resolve and an almost irresistible yearning to clutch my throat were stamped on the faces, some of which were bearded, some clean shaven, while among the average group were several who were not yet out of their teens. Their attire was coarse and slovenly. Most of them were in slouch hats, without coat or vest, with trousers tucked in their boots. Two had rifles in their hands, three carried revolvers, while as many more grasped shot, thick clubs, and a fourth gripped a fence paling.

If a hand to hand contest opened, I might shoot down a number, but I could not hold out against a determined attack.

Three persons in the group attracted my attention. Asst. Meg had fled before the mob, but her husband and Squire Gager remained. They were powerfully excited, like the others, but less demonstrative. The landlord was straggling and kept back the rush and begging his friends not to be too hasty. He was particularly anxious in reminding them that the third man had come through the door and moved a couple of paces aside, where he stood with his back against the wall, silent, but intently scrutinizing me. His face was smooth, shaven, and he had dark hair and eyes. The peculiarity of the situation was the feeling that I had seen him before, but I could not recall the time or place, and the terrifying circumstances prevented my giving the matter further thought.

I fixed my eyes on the foremost man as the leader, and when something like a hush had been restored, so that nothing but the hurried breathing and an occasional muttered imprecation were heard, I said, addressing him:

"From your look and actions you mean no harm. I demand to know the cause for such treatment."

The savage face broke into sneering grins, and one or two guffawed. The man to whom I spoke and who held a Winchester in his grasp replied:

"Hank Beyer, you've got cheek. We've all known you for a rogue ever since you was a boy, but we never got it dead to rights on you till today."

"Got what dead to rights on me?" I asked, a glimmering of light beginning to break through my muddled brain.

"The horse you stole from Colonel Mansley is in Tom Bullfinch's barn. You've kept clear of the law so long that you thought you was in no danger. You rid the animal here and had Tom put him in his stable. He was stole from Colonel Mansley last night. I don't suppose you've ever heard of this before; of course not."

The truth flashed upon me. The animal which I had bought that afternoon from the crooked dealer at the fair had been stolen by him. I had ridden the horse to Aldine without a suspicion of the truth and in my stupidity had helped on the fearful blunder by allowing myself to be addressed by his name without protest. As if that instant were the first of my life, I remembered that I had admitted that my name was Hank Beyer in my conversation with Landlord Bullfinch and Squire Gager. Beyer was my double, and the resemblance between us was so perfect that our own mothers might have been puzzled.

It would be idle for me to attempt to bluff it through. I was in the gravest peril. Many an innocent man has been hanged by a mob, and unless these headlong youths could be convinced of their blunder my life was likely to pay the forfeit.

With this conviction upon me another startling truth became manifest. The real thief was in the room. He was the young man standing near the door, with his back against the wall, silently and intently watching me. He had slaved off his mustache since our meeting and his dress had been changed. He had still a respectable appearance, but unquestionably he was the criminal. No wonder that he had not been in my mind.

"My friends," I said, speaking earnestly, and instantly the hush became profound. "You have made a great mistake. You take me for a man when you call Hank Beyer, but I assure you I am not he."

At that moment it seemed as if bedlam had broken loose. The whole crowd, numbering fully 15, broke into uproarious laughter. Some slapped others on their shoulders, one man bent nearly double, and flinging his hat on the floor, stamped on it, while all thought it the best joke of the season. Landlord Bullfinch may have had a sympathy for me, as he had proved at first, but he made matters still worse by calling out:

"Don't show the white feather, Hank! Try some other tack!"

"This strikes you as very funny," I added, when partial quiet had been restored. "But if you will give me time I'll prove it, and—"

"That won't do, Hank," interrupted the man whom I had fixed upon as the leader and whose name I afterward found to be Jim Dungan. "If you ain't Hank Beyer, who are you?"

"I am Edward Keenore, and my home is in New York city. I reached

## THE AMERICAN SCHOOL.

An American school will soon be opened in Havana, where the pupils will be tutored by American methods and exclusively in the English tongue. Miss Frances Molina, who has the honor of founding the school, is a Cuban-born girl, but was educated in this country and is a graduate of the New York Normal College. She has for some years been a teacher of Spanish in this city in the public and private schools. She sailed for Havana today on the City of Washington.

Miss Molina said that thirty-six pupils have already been entered in the school and applications have been received from several hundred others among them Spanish residents of the Cuban capital, who are eager to have their children tutored by American methods. In reply to inquiries, Miss Molina stated that her desire was to have the school become as public as possible and with the large enrollment now assured, she hoped to see the cost of tuition reduced to a minimum. Several assistants are associated with her in the work, and as fast as they are needed others will be engaged. Each must be thoroughly familiar with Cuban character and speech, and of duly accredited standing in American educational work.

A large quantity of American textbooks and modern school supplies was shipped several days ago to Havana, where such articles are not easily obtained.

## CARPET BAGGERS OFF COLOR.

No carpet-baggers need apply. The policy of this government will be to put natives in offices in Porto Rico, Cuba and the Philippines. A Cabinet meeting of extraordinary length was held last week in December. It began at the usual time, 11 o'clock and lasted nearly three hours. The protracted session gave rise to an impression that the conditions in Cuba and the Philippines had increased in gravity. But after the meeting members explained that the time had been given to an exhaustive discussion of policies of the administration rather than to the possibilities of immediate trouble.

The keynote of the conclusion was that in the new government to take the place of Spanish rule the positions shall be filled by the inhabitants. The fewest possible Americans will be sent from this country to hold offices in the islands. It will be necessary to send some experts from the United States to instruct in American methods and to supervise the work of some departments. But these will not be many, and they will be for the most part men taken from similar lines of official duty in this country.

In the course of the discussion by the Cabinet it was made clear that this administration will not do anything to encourage carpet-bagging. There will be no patronage to distribute in the reorganization of government in these islands. Experts will be sent in barely necessary numbers to show the native office-holders the new ways, to insure efficiency and honesty. This applies to the customs and to the mail services especially. The work of the offices will be done and the salaries will be drawn by appointees from among the residents of each locality. Home rule with the absolutely essential American leaves will be the policy.

A. K. Handy is missing, and is supposed to be lost in the mountains in the vicinity of his home on the head waters of Rock creek, 12 miles southwest of Fall city, Polk county, with a companion named Fano. He went hunting Friday morning and was seen by Fano at 1 o'clock in the afternoon. Handy was then about two miles from home. That night he failed to return. The newly-fallen snow probably obliterated all tracks. Fano hunted for him all the following day, but without success. Sunday, all the neighboring mountaineers joined in the search, which has since been prosecuted in vain. Relatives in Corvallis have sent out additional searchers from Falls City, but have found no trace of the lost hunter.

A petition is in circulation at Corvallis asking congress to survey the Willamette a considerable distance up and down the river in the vicinity of the Stahlschub Island. The particular part of the river on which action is desired is a channel known to steamboat men as Hog's creek, which is becoming destructive to farms along which it flows.

A part of a janitor's duties in a neighboring town is to look after any necessary articles which may chance to get strayed away. A few mornings since as that public servant was wandering about the rooms of a school house he was not a little mystified and perplexed at the following sentence written in large characters on one of the black-boards: "Find the greatest common divisor," "what," said he, "is that blomed thing lost again?"

## McKINLEY'S PROCLAMATION

Issued to the Filipinos at Manila through Gen. Otis

ON JANUARY FIFTH, 1899

### Taxes and Duties are now Payable to the United States not Spain.

### TEXT OF PROCLAMATION

All Ports and Places in the Philippine Islands will be open to Commerce.

MANILA, Jan. 5.—President McKinley's proclamation to the Filipinos, cabled to Otis from Washington has been issued here.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—The text of the instructions sent to General Otis at Manila to be proclaimed to the Filipinos as to their future treatment by the United States has been made public. After citing the destruction of the Spanish fleet in Manila harbor, the success of the American arms and the signature of the treaty of peace, and mentioning the fact of the United States' acquisition of sovereignty over the entire Philippine group, the president continues: "It will be the duty of the commander of the forces of occupation to proclaim in the most public manner that we come, not as invaders or conquerors, but as friends, to protect the natives in their homes, in their employments and in their personal and religious rights. All persons who either by active aid or honest submission co-operate with the government of the United States to give effect to these beneficent purposes will receive the reward of its support and protection. All others will be brought within the lawful rule we have resumed with firmness if need be, but without severity, so far as may be possible.

"Within the absolute domain of military authority, which necessarily is and must remain supreme in the ceded territory until legislation of the United States shall otherwise provide, municipal laws of territory in respect to private rights and property and repression of crime are to be considered as continuing in force and to be administered by the ordinary tribunals as far as possible. The operations of the civil and municipal government are to be performed by such officers as may accept the supremacy of the United States by taking the oath of allegiance or by officers chosen so far as may be practicable from the inhabitants of the islands. "While the control of all public property and revenues passes with cession, and while use and management of all public means of transportation are necessarily reserved to the authority of the United States, private property, which belongs to individuals or corporations, is to be respected except for cause fully established.

"Taxes and duties heretofore payable by the inhabitants to the late government become payable to the authorities of the United States unless it be seen fit to substitute for them other reasonable rates or modes of contribution to the expenses of the government, whether general or local.

"If private property be taken for military use it shall be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation, and when payment in cash is not practicable receipts are to be given. "All ports and places in the Philippine islands in actual possession of the land and naval forces of the United States will be opened to the commerce of all friendly nations. All goods and wares, not prohibited for military reasons by due announcement of military authorities, will be admitted upon payment of such duties and other charges shall be in force at the time of their importation. "Finally it shall be the earnest and paramount aim of military administration to win the confidence, respect and affection of the inhabitants of the Philippines by assuring to them in every possible way the full measure of individual rights and liberty which is the heritage of a free people and by providing to them that the mission of the United States is benevolent, substituting the mild way of justice and of right for arbitrary rule. A strong arm of authority must prevail to repress disturbance and to overcome all obstacles to the best of all blessings.

WILLIAM McKINLEY.

## THE NEXT SENATE.

Not one straight democrat from the Northern states will be a member of the next senate whose term begins March 4. Thirty senators end their period of service on that day, and in filling the seats the democrats of the north will be entirely unrepresented. It is an extraordinary fact in American politics. The senators from Utah and Montana, will be elected by fusion legislatures and are as much populist as democratic. A close estimate of the next senate is fifty-four republicans, 26 democrats and 10 pops and silverites, a republican majority over all of eighteen. The 26 democratic senators are from the south, but that section is no longer solid. It sends 19 republicans to the next senate. In five years the republicans have gained eighteen seats in the senate. They have been strengthened most in the branch where stability is the greatest, a matter of unusual political significance. The democrats in the next senate will number less than one-third of the whole body, while the republicans will lack but six votes of two-thirds. A remarkable change has occurred in the senate, but it has been spread over several years and its full importance has hardly been realized.

There is still, in a technical sense, a democratic party in the north. It claims the name and is in possession of the machinery. But the democratic party as it was passed away. The situation in the next senate proves it. Gorman, of Maryland, is among the missing. Murphy of New York, Smith of New Jersey, Gray of Delaware, Mitchell of Wisconsin, White of California, Turpie of Indiana and Faulkner of West Virginia are in his company. There are republican gains over the populists in the transmississippi region. The passing of the democratic party occurred there some time ago. All that remains of it is a minor element available for nothing except fusion combinations. Here is the remnant of the fusion democracy and populism in the next senate: One member from Colorado, one from Idaho, one from Kansas, one from Montana, two from Nevada, two from South Dakota, two from Utah and one from Washington. To this total of eleven senators, of all shades of opinion, is the opposition reduced in the north. As far as the senate is concerned, the northern democrats are virtually extinguished. So much for the Chicago platform experiment.

Looking over the whole field, there is no encouragement whatever for another debased money campaign. The senate blocks the way for a long period. Even if the tide could set in that direction during the next two years, the Fifty-sixth Congress will be in full accord with the president, and will put up the legislative bars against every form of tampering with the 1000 dollar. Mr. Bryan's friends may insist on his renomination, but they can not restore the conditions of 1896. Their opportunities for mischief in 1900 will be infinitely less than in the "first battle." Then they had the senate, which will now be against them. Sound money legislation was then impossible. For the next two years it will be easy. The fusionists two years ago had a programme, which they could have enforced, the moment they came into power. All that is changed. Their chance to upset the currency of the country has petered out.—Globe Democrat.

The life saving service is credited with having rescued over 3,000 persons, whose lives would have been lost but for their efforts, in the terrific storm which swept the North Atlantic coast recently. Those heroes who readily risk their lives in the effort to save others from a watery grave are seldom thought of by the public. Every day deeds are performed which rival the bravest performance of the warrior, yet the heroes of peace are soon forgotten. The Jim Bludsoes of the world are noticed by few and are soon out of mind, while the deeds of the Hotensons shine with undimmed splendor for generations.

An exchange wisely remarks that there ought to be no need for curfew laws. Every home should be wisely ordered that the children would have neither the opportunity nor the inclination to roam the streets after night. A boy's home should be the most attractive place on earth to him. A girl should love the company and rejoice in the confidence of her mother. The best citizens during the coming year will be those who have recognized the existence of law, and felt constrained to obey it at the beginning of their careers.

Alaska remained under military government for fifteen years after it was ceded to the United States by Russia now it is not governed as our New Mexico, Arizona and Oklahoma but is a class by itself. Nevertheless the constitution has survived the event and is in a fair condition of vigor.