HILLSBORO INDEPENDENT.

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D. M. C. GAULT, Editor.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

FRIDAY, MARCH 5, 1897.

Ungrateful—The Davis rump has not yet adjourned, and will not for a time. It charges blame to the Simon senate and charges that its members ran because the outsiders threatened to go back in a body. Simon had 13 members and wanted more, but when 17 proposed to go back he was paralyzed.

The republican legislators were given a public reception at Roseburg last week when they reached that city after adjourning the Benson house. The speeches were vociferously applauded and shows that the people denounce the Lold-up and endorse the action of their representatives when they refused to sell out to the free silver combine of Bourne, Barkley U'Ren and Oregonian factions.

The Davis rump is feverishly anxious to effect an organization of the house at Salem. This they could have done with much less trouble at any time within the fourteen days from the assembling of the legislature and the organization of the Benson house. Then all the republicans were in their seats and inviting the followers of Simon, Barkley and Bourne to occupy their seats, but would not.

On the 22d inst. Senator Mitchell asked the republicans in conference assembled to unite on any republican in the state and he, Mitchell, would do what he could towards his election. The Simon republicans, as we know, refused, which is further testimony that they would not help organize the house unless Bourne was made speaker so that the committees could be organized on a free silver, flat money basis.

Representative Marsh was in Hillsboro on Tuesday, waiting to be arrested and taken back to Salem, but he could not find the sergeant-at-arms. He received the hearty congratulations of his party supporters. Mr. Marsh thinks that the house could have been organized by agreeing not to go into a joint convention to elect a senator, by electing Jonathan Bourne speaker and by agreeing to pass Simon's amendments to the Portland charter. The free silver committees, fixed up by Bourne, would have done the rest.

The statements made by the Oregonian touching the arrest of members by the Davis rump was almost without foundation. A deputy went in a passenger coach just before the O. R. & N. train pulled out for Eastern Oregon and put a hands on a member of the Benson house and said, "You may consider yourself under arrest; you will go back to Salem." The member did not "consider" it that way, but went to a magistrate and made oath to information charging the pretended sergeant-at-arms with an assault. The worthy had to put up $100 bail to gain his liberty, and the end is not yet.

Dubois gave notice a few days ago that the same kind of a combination would be made to oppose sound money and the protective tariff as existed in the last congress. Then free silver democrats, populists and free silver republicans united to hold up tariff legislation till a free silver coinage bill was adopted. Then Senator Mitchell was there to vote with his party and defeat the monstrous alliance. Now the Oregonian unites with the free silver party to defeat Mitchell, who is perfectly reliable in a contest where the republican party is on one side and the free silver fusionists on the other. He has been tried.

The INDEPENDENT has thought from the beginning that the weak point in the case of the Benson house was that it did not send officers after absentees and compel their attendance. True, the Oregonian and its side of the controversy held that they had no authority. But it is what the Davis rump has now done and the same organs applaud. There is abundant evidence—official, too, that the members composing the Davis rump belonged to the legislature. They answered roll call two or three times, which was assuming office, and having gone so far, they should have been compelled to go further, or else been expelled for contempt.

This (the adjournment of the Benson house) leaves the senate and the Davis house in posession of the field and the latter can go ahead and perfect the its organization.—Reporter. Let's see what that means. The Davis rump will organize if it can make Jonathan Bourne speaker and not otherwise. If it can do that and have a quorum of 40, it could have organized on the first day of the session in January, when 30 republicans were in their seats. There never was a time when Jonathan Bourne could be elected speaker, and that is the very reason why he and and his free silver supporters deserted the legislative halls. None of the 30 republicans who were in the Benson house will desert the principles of protection and sound money to espouse the cause of free silver and free trade. Mind that.

PREDICTION VERIFIED.

On the 5th of February the INDEPENDENT pointed out some of the evils that would follow if the legislature should fail to organize and enact laws. The failure to enact an appropriation bill was shown to be revolutionary. That would effect the state. But the neglect to choose a republican U. S. senator would go further. The whole nation would be embarassed, since the majority in the U. S. Senate was known to be very narrow. The friends and advisors of the free silver obstructionists chief among whom is the Oregonian, made light of the matter and claimed that the failure to pass an apppopriation bill would cause but little inconvenience.

A different tune is now warbled. The secretary of state semi-officially causes it to be announced that be cannot and will not draw warrents with out an appropriation to draw against. That he will not issue certificates of claimes filed, so that ties up a million dollars while the state government goes to rack, or is run on funds furnished by men who have idle money and are willing to plunge for the prospect of reaping large commissions. The Milton Eagle is another paper that has become rattled and thinks the government can be carried on with out an appropriation. Great complaint of extravagance was made last year, but if the state government cost too much in '95 and '96 what will be the expense of 1897-8? This the Oregonian sees and acknowledges now and tries to lay the blame to the Benson house, but the people know better.

The governor does not talk of calling an extra session, for the reason there is little prospect of securing organization, and he is right. The same tactics would again be employed to appoint committees on a free silver basis, and the evils to result would be great. No one can tell what the end will be. It is not yet.

IS NO MORE.

The Simon senate was disolved last Tuesday and the Davis rump house was left alone. The reason for the dissolution that has been assigned is that the Davis house could not organize, hence there was no use for the senate to remain. Now that is exactly the conclusion arrived at by the republicans of both senate and house after they had been trying for forty days to effect an organization.

It is held by the Simon authorities that the Davis rump had power to send for absent members and compel their attendance, an authority which they denied when the Benson house was studying the question. The only reason why the Davis sergeant-at-arms did not use force was the fear that he would be resisted. The Oregonian has an editorial on the subject in which this paragraph occurs:

"It was evident that a display of force would be resisted by a superior force. The Mitchell 'push,' which active in storming the county convention in Portland last spring, is raported to have been on hand, ready to inaugurate similar methods if the sergeant-at-arms tried to drag the members away."

Display of force resisted by superior force! Let us see. A legal state officer had a warrant to serve. If he could not do it alone, he had a right and it was his duty to call upon the bystanders for assistance. If this was not enough he had a good, strong, well-officered and well-armed national guard to call in. If that was not enough, he had the U. S. army for backing. It was not "superior force" that hindered, for there was no superior force. It was vastly different last spring when two contending factions were striving. If that sergeant-at-arms was a legal officer, it was a case of executing law or cowardly backing down. The truth of the matter is the Davis people investigated the subject till they found that the Benson house had a legal standing and would be recognized by the courts, and themselves left out. That is reason enough for calling the sergeant-at-arms home. "Superior force" was not necessary.

THE EAST LOOKS THIS WAY.

Dispatches from the East indicate that republicans are somewhat uneasy as to the condition in which the United States senate may be in the next congress. It appears to be universally conceded that the failure to elect republicans will make doubtful, at least, the control of the senate. There will be vacancies in several delegations that should have been filled by the republicans, and there is strong probability that the incoming republican administration will be under the necessity of looking to the opposition for help in enacting the necessary legislation. It is very questionable whether this help will forthcoming unless this legislation avaids party lines. Will such legislation, especially on the tariff, give the relief demanded, and such as was promised by the republicane in the presidential canvass? It certainly is a matter of doubt. That leading republicans of the East so feel is apparent from the uneasiness expressed by many of them at the failure so far to elect a senator in Oregon.

The governor of Kentucky, after a long consultation with the president-elect and his intimate counselors, has determined to sacrifice his own political aspirations and appoint a a senator without waiting for the slower and more remote chance of securing one by the legislature when elected.

The anxiety in this matter probably accounts for the wishes expressed by many leading republicans in the East with regard to the election of a senator from Oregon. They recognize the failure to elect in this state will be very unfortunate. Dispatches in the Oregonian show that Mr. Hanna, than whom no man is more earnest ineffort to secure the success of McKinley's adminisrration, has been having considerable telegraphic correspondence with republicans in Oregon. This interest manifested by him does not appear to be taken in good part by the Portland organ of the legislative hold-up, which accuses him of intermeddling and seizes the opportunity to cast some reflection on the ability of the manager of the last great national campaign to attend to his own affairs, since he only "got 47,000 plurality out of the great state of Ohio." Well, 47,000 is not anything great, but it answered the purpose, and republicans were satisfied. The republicans of the United States, in all probability would accept Mark Hanna's leadership in preference to the professed republicans who used their best efforts in Oregon at the June election to defeat the election of important candidates on the regular republican ticket, and upon failure to do that have made fusion with demo-pops and silver republicans to hold up the legislature and defeat the election of a United States senator. The pretense that this is done because the republicans of Oregon, that this fusion of demo-pop-silverite bolters claim to represent, wished to prevent the election of free coinage men is estimated in Oregon at what it is worth. The standing, politically, of the men engaged in the hold-up gives the lie to the declaration, and if anything more were needed to place the seal of condemnation on this hypocritical pretense it would be found in the boastsul statement made by the mouthpiece of these fusionists that the opposition to the organization of the legislature was for the purpose of defeating J. H. Mitchell in revenge for his imagined interferance or non-interference in the last senatorial contest in this state. "The thirty years of unexampled corruption through methods which have debauched the moral and political life of Oregon" could have been, in the estimation of these bolters, condemned by his taking an active part in the senatorial contest two years since. Senator McBride comes in for his share of the abuse that is heaped upon every one that objects to the revolutionary plan adopted by this disgraceful political fusion, organized for the purpose of defeating the well-known wishes of an overwhelming majority of the republicans of the state. J. H. Mitchell is today the choice of the republicans of Oregon for senator. None are more aware of that fact than the Oregonian and those persons of which it is the mouthpiece, and the knowledge of this fact is the reason why, after securing a willing tool for temporary chairman, they refused to allow an organization unless on a pledge that Mitchell should not be voted for at all, and on the further pledge to vote for a speaker who would organize the committees of the house on a free silver and free trade basis.

A vote on the senatorial question insured Mitchell's election, and, therefore, these men who prate about republican principles determined no election should be held, and to that end prevented permanent organization. It is not to be wondered at that republicans in the East are uneasy as to the effect this will have on the national politics and national legislation. This uneasiness is not confined to the East. Oregonians look with shame on such an exhibition of dishonest political juggling—such reckless jeopardizing of important questions that effect not only the republican party but the nation itself.

It is idle to claim that the Oregonian has no influence in the state. It has. But the influence is exercised for evil purposes. The Oregonian may not be wholly responsible for the failure to legislate, but if it had patriotically opposed the factional fight of Simon and Bourne, an organization could have been effected, a sound money republican would have been elected senator and Duboise could not have boasted as he did the other day in the senate, that the free silver junta will be in the saddle to prevent sound financial legislation.

The legislature of Washington which is overwhelmingly populist refuses to pass the "referendum bill." Evidently the populists of that state are of a different mould from ours of Oregon who hold that a representative government is a failure.

Tom Watson says of Bryan and his first battle that "he fused, fought and fizzled."

M'KINLEY'S ADVISERS.

The complete list of names composing the cabinet of the McKinley administration will be submitted to the senate today. It bears the following names:

Secretary of state, John Sherman of Ohio.

Secretary of the treasury, Lyman J. Gage, of Illinois.

Secretary of war, Russel A. Alger, of Michigan.

Attorney-general, Joseph McKenna, of California.

Postmaster-general, James A. Gary, of Margland.

Secretary of the navy, John D. Long, of Massachusetts.

Secretary of the interior, Cornelius N. Bliss, of New York.

Secretary of agriculture, James A. Wilson, of Iowa.

WHAT THE OTHERS SAY.

The farce at Salem is still on. The Benson house and its protege, the joint convention, have adjourned, but the senate and the Davis house hold on.—Roseburg Review, Dem.

The state is greatly in need of remedial legislation and there is no better time for it than the present. Organize and get to work.—Milton Eagle, Rep. But not having the power to compell the attendauce of absentees the Simon senate and Davis rump flunked.

Look at the record.—We take space to give the record of the 19th biennial session of the Oregon legislature. It follows:

—Eugene Guard, Dem.

The Oregonian congratulates the people of Oregon on the result of the meeting(?) of the Oregon legislature. It says the political power of Mitchell is broken in Oregon, and declares that fact will offset the lack of needed legislation. How any benefit is to be derived from the passing of Mitchell, who was at least a sincere and indefatigable advocate of the best interests of Oregon, and an apparent victory for Simon, Scott, et al., is a problem too deep for the average webfoot mind. The fight on the part of certain republicans against Mitchell was actuated simply by personal spite and greed for office, and was not founded on any sentiment of patriotism whatever. The policy of the populists and democrats in refusing to assist in the organization of the lower house, until assurances were given that remedial legislation would be enacted—that which the people were clamoring for—was quite right and proper, and their constituents applaud their actions. Otherwise they had nothing to gain by assisting either faction of the republicans to organize. The blame of the fiasco is entirely with the dominant party, as it had a clear majority in each house, and the people will hold it strictly accountable at the next election.—Jacksonville Times, Dem. The dominant party is that one having enough votes to accomplish its purpose. In this instance it is a combined of populists, democrats, Simon and the Oregonian.

The Times Mountaineer thinks the Benson house should have tested its organization in the Courts to which opinion the INDEPENDENT subscribes.

That is a good bill introduced by Mr. Hoar in the United States senate and should become a law, although it is hardly probable that our patriotic and hard working congressmen will allow it to pass. Its object is to punish obstruction of the exercise of constitutional power of either house of congress by a member thereof by imposing a fine of $1000 for willful absence. It also makes the seat vacant upon a failure to qualify. Such a law would have soon settled the Oregon legislative imbroglio.—East Oregonian.

If there be any among Oregon citizens who feel inclined to censure the republican members of the legislature who were in their seats ready and anxious for honest work for forty-five days; but who now refuse to go back at the beck of renegade Davis, at the head of his illegal, fraudulent and revolutionary cabal, let them consider for a moment what would be the result, if the entire membership should go back again. Simply a scattering out of the Simon-Bourne populistic contingent for another term of days. That is all.—Albany Herald, Rep.

A highly esteemed suscriber in renewing his subscription to the Albany Herald, makes the following pertinent observation: Oregon is now about like the United States would have been had Buchanan been continued president after March 4, 1861, in a state of anarchy. Had we a governor at the helm, with backbone to declare the cowards places vacant, and order a special election to fill vacancy and then call a special session of the legislature, our state could pe set right before the world again. Now rampant secession stalks abroad and finds favor in his high places.

Now that the 40 days have elapsed those members who have been trying to organize, without success, wish to end the farce and go home. This is what Simon and Bourne do not wish to have them do. Simon sees a good chance, with Bournes aid to get absolute control of Multnomah county politics, and he will make a desperate effort to do so. When Mitchell threw Bourne aside or Benson he defeated himself for U. S senator, for that act caused the Simon-Bourne combination, which proved too strong to be broken. It will prove a costly experience for both the state and the members of the legislature, for few of the latter will ever again be chosen to represent the people of Oregon. There is remote possibility, should the ruling of Simon be sustained, of an organization being effected and the general appropriation bill passed which would save thousands of dollars to the state, but there is no probability of a senator being elected. Nor do we see how a special session could help the matter. A comparison of our congressional representation of three years ago with that of today make the people tired: We had the reputation then of having the best working delegation of any state in the union. Now we have—what?—Jefferson Review, Populist.

PARTY ADVANTAGE THE CONTROLLING THOUGHT.

The following communication has been placed upon the table of the Albany Herald by a leading populist of Albany:

Albany, Feb. 25, 1897.

To the Editor of the Herald:

While I do not endorse the action of the populist representatives in assisting in the legislative hold-up, I cannot concur in your diatribes against them.

The poulist theory, as is well known, is that representative government is a failure and that the government must be returned into the hands of the people.

Such being the case, I fail to see why the populists are so very much to blame for taking advantage of the anarchy in the republican ranks and giving the whole United States the most impressive object lesson it has ever received, in the failure of representative government. Such a chance might never occur again.

It is true the state suffers in many ways, and will have only one senator for a time, but what is that compared with party advantage?

The paper above quoted makes this comment: The writer of the above while not concurring in what we have said in regard to the holdup at Salem, and the part that the populists in the legislature took in that hold-up, very frankly admits the truth of every word we have said upon the subject.

The main thing with them was to take advantage of the situation to gain a hoped for party advantage no matter how dangerous or disreputable the course, and no matter how much the state was caused to suffer, or what burdens it continued upon the people, or what new burdens it entailed in the future. That fact the writer of the above admits, also the further one that the populists were the responsible parties in the matter, as they took advantage of the so called anarchy in the republican ranks to force the situation.

It is remarkably pertinent suggestion, that they secognized that anarchy at sight, and took to it like ducks do to their natural element in water.

THE CALF IS DEAD.

In another column is mentioned the purpose of O. A. C. to experiment on feeding wild parsnips. Well the calf ate the new root and is dead. The Corvallis Times describes the experment as follows:

The root of wild parsnip is a deadly poison. It will kill cattle that eat it. They fed some to a calf out at the college Thursday morning and the calf is as dead as a dornick. It lived less than thiee hours after the plant was administered, and died almost before the experimenters had time to administer remedies. Yesterday morning anothar test was made. All the favorite antidotes were in readiness, and as soon as the effects of the poison were manifest, the remedies were applied. They did no good and the calf, a second sacrifice to science, expired in a little over two and a half hours after swallowing the bulb.

In each case a bulb the shape of an apple and the size of an ordinary door knob was fed. The root was a dark reddish brown, brittle and with a strong smell of parsnip. A third of the botton of each bulb was covered with fleshy rootlets.

The first calf was fed at 8 o'clock in the morning, and at 10:45 the animal was dead. The root was subsequently found in the first and second stomachs. The second animal ate the root at ten minutes past nine in the morning. Evidences of the poison became manifest at 10:40 and the animal died at 11:45. The symtoms closely resembled the effects or strychnine poisoning. The calf staggered about and ran backwards, the eyes rolled, the ears twitched, and the muscles of the neck were rigid. The body swelled and foam issued from the mouth. A tro-car inserted in the stomach allowed the escape of gas that smelled strongly of the parsnip. Among the antidotes applied in the latter case were a drenching of milk and turpentine, a hypodermic injection of nitro-glycerine and a dose of aconite.

The tests were made to determine the question of whether or not wild parsnip bulbs were poisonous. They were thoroughly and scientifically successful, and dissipate any doubts that may existed. The bulbs came from the western portion of the county, where a number of cattle that tried the diet, promptly died. It is the purpose of the college authorities to experiment further with the bulbs in the hope of finding the best antidote, but no more calves will be sacrificed. Future tests will probably be made with tom cats, or friendless and homeless Corvallis canines.

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Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the undersigned has been appointed by the Honorable County Court of the State of Oregon, for Washington County, administrator of the estate of William Guthrie, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby requested to present the same to the undersigned at his residence in said County and State within six months from the date of this notice. JOHN MAINLAND,
Administrator of the estate of William Guthrie, deceased. 41 45

Notice of Final Settlement.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the undersigned has filed her final account and report as administratrix of the estate of William C. Downing, deceased, in the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Washington County, and that said Court has appointed Monday, the 5th day of April, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day as the time for hearing objections to such final account and the settlement thereof.

ANNA C. DOWNING,
Administratrix of the estate of William C. Downing, deceased. 41 45

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the will of Christiana Hall, deceased, late of Washington County, Oregon, and appointing the undersigned executor thereof, has been duly admitted to probate in the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Washidgton County, and letters testamentary thereon issued to the undersigned, and that I have duly qualified and entered upon the discharge of my duties.

All persons, therefore, having claims against said estate are hereby requested and required to present them, with proper vouchers to me at my residence in Hillsboro, Washington County, Oregon, within six months from the date hereof.

RODOLPH GRANDALL,
Executor of the last will and testament of Christiana Hall, deceased.
Dated at Hillsboro, Oregon, this 25th day of February, 1897. 41 45

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REALITY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT in pursuance of an order of the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Washington County made and entered on the 27th day of February A. D. 1897, in the matter of the estate of Sarah J. Mull, deceased, the undersigned was authorized and directed to sell at private sale certain real estate belonging to aforesaid estate and in said order and hereinafter particularly described, I will on and after Monday, the 5th of April, 1897, offer at private sale, at my office, in Hillsboro, all of the interest of aforesaid Sarah J. Mull, deceased, at the time of her death or since acquired by her estate in the following described real estate, to-wit Situate in Washington County, Oregon, and being a part of the donation land claim of A. J. Masters and Sarah J. Masters, described thus:

Commencing at a point n 1° 30' e 43.28 chs and 4 11 chs e from the s w corner of the n ½ of said don land claim thence n 12.12 chains thence e to a line of railroad thence s 81° 40' e to the n w corner of land now owned by Hansen in said claim thence s 1° 30' w 9.30 chs to n line of James Rasmussen land in said claim thence wes erly on said n line of James Rasmussen land to the place of beginning, containing 18¾ acres.

Terms of sale: Gold coin; one-half of perchase price in hand on day of sale; the balance not to exceed six months time; for deferred payment purchaser giving note with mortgage on premises sold; interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from date of sale. Purchaser to be at expense of deed and mortgage.

THOS. D. HUMPHREYS,
Executor of the last Will and Testament of Sarah J. Mull, deceased. 41 45
March 15, 1897.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

PURSUANT TO AN EXECUTION issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Washington County, dated February 18th, 1897, upon a decree of foreclosure duly rendered in said court in the case of The Dundee Mortgage & Trust Investment Company Limited, plaintiff v Richard William and Clara J Williams, Van B DeLashmutt, and Maria C Delashmutt and Geo Pallen, defendants, on December 31, 1895, in favor of plaintiff and against defendants, I will at 10 o'clock in the forenoon on the 19th day of March 1897, at the front door of the court house, in the town of Hilisboro, Oregon sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand, the premises described in the decree of foreclosure, being situate in Washington County Oregon towit:

Commencing at the South East corner of the donation land claim of Patrick Kelly and being in section 14 and 15, Township 1 North Range 4 West of the Willamette Meridian and running thenc North along the East line of said D L C, 20 chains thence West 20 chains and running thence North 20 chains to the North line of the Kelly claim, thence West along said claim line 20 chains thence South 40 chains along the West line of said claim, thence east 40 chains to the place of beginning, containing 120 acres

Also the North half of a certain Donation Land Claim situated in sections 14, 15, 22 and 23, Township 1 North Range 4 West of the Willamette Meredian and known as the Donation Land Claim of George Teeling the same being notification No. 7804 said north half including lot two of section 15 lots 3, 4 and 5 of section 14 and a strip off the North side of the Southeast quarter of the South East quarter of section 15 and southwest quarter of southwest quarter of section fourteen all in said township and range, to satisfy the sum of $2200 with interest thereon from June the 14th 1894 at the rate of 10 per cent per annum, all in U S gold coin, and the further sum of $52 costs and disbursements and the costs of and upon said writ.

Dated February 18th 1897.

W. D. BRADFORD,
Sheriff of Washington County, Oregon.
Bronough, McArthur, Fenton, & Bronough
Attorney for Plaintiff. 39 43

Notice of Final Settlement.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the undersigned has filed his final account as administrator of the estate of Ira Lyon deceased, in the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Washington County, and that said Court has appointed Monday, the 22d day of March, 1897, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day as the time for hearing objections to such final account and for the settlement thereof.

R. B. GOODIN,
Administrator of the estate of Ira Lyon deceased. 39 43

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Annual Stockholders' Meeting.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the annual stockholders' meeting of the Hillsboro Co-Operative Co. will be held in Grange Hall on Saturday, March 27, 1897, at the hour of 1 o'clock.

J. A. IMBRIE,
Secretary.
J. H. Sewell,
President. 40:44

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Returning on the days following. Special attention given to the execution of small orders. Leave orders

Notice of Final Settlement.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned has filed his final account as administrator of the estate of R. A. Carpenter, deceased, in the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Washington County, and that the said Court has appointed Monday, the 15 h day of March, 1897, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, as the time for hearing objections to such final account and report and for the settlement thereof. 38 42 JAMES WITHYCOMBE,
Administrator of the estate of R. A. Carpenter, deceased.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION, decree and order of sale, issued out of the Circuit Court, of the State of Oregon for Washington County, in favor of Emma J Mariner and against Mary C Davis and R A Britton, for the sum of $20 costs, and for the further sum of $200.00 U S gold coin with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from the 6th day of February 1897, and for the costs and expenses of sale and of said writ.

Now, therefore, by virtue and in pursuance of said judgment, decree and order of sale, I will, on Saturday the 13th day of March, 1897, at the south door of the Court House, in Hillsboro, Washington County, Oregon, at the hour of 10 o'clock a m of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following described real property towit:

Lying being and situate in Washington County Oregon and bounded by commencing 12 chs E of the S W corner of Sec eight (8) T 1 S R 3 W Will Mer and running thence E 27 chs to the south west corner of a tract of land owned by Mrs T J Thorp thence N 20 chs more or less to the northwest corner of said land of Mrs Thorp thenes westward to the southeast corner of the donation land claim of William Yates and wife thence W about 15 chs to a point which is one chain E of the line running N through the center of the spring near the barn thence south 3.50 chs thence W to the middle of the channel of the Tualatin river thence up the middle of said channel of said river to the east line of the donation land claim of A F Smith thence southwestward along said donation line until it again crosses the center of said river thence up said river and along the center thereof to a point due N of the place of beginning and being the N E corner of the land of Michael Boyd thence south to the place of beginning containing 120 acres more or less to satisfy the hereinbefore named sums and for the costs and expenses of said sale.

Said property will be sold subject to redemption as per statute of Oregon.

Witness my hand this 11th day of February 1897.

W. D. BRADFORD,
Sheriff of Washington County, State of Oregon.
By E. B. Sippington, deputy.
Thos. H. Tongue, Atty for Pff. 38—42

The U. S. Gov't Reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.