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THE
Independent and Oregonian
ONE YEAR FOR
Two Dollars.

Hillsboro Independent.

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Two Dollars.

Vol. XXIII. HILLSBORO, WASHINGTON COUNTY, OREGON, FRIDAY, MAY 1, 1896. No. 49.

GENERAL DIRECTORY.

STATE OFFICERS.

Governor ..... Wm. P. Lord
Secretary of State ..... Harrison R. Kincaid
Treasurer ..... Phillip Metschan
Supt. Public Instruction ..... G. M. Irwin
State Printer ..... W. H. Leeds
Supreme Court ..... Chas. E. Wolverton, R. S. Bean, F. A. Moore
Judge Fifth District ..... T. A. McBride
Attorney Fifth District ..... W. N. Barrett

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Judge ..... B. F. Cornelius
Commissioners ..... D. B. Reasoner, T. G. Todd
Clerk ..... R. B. Goodin
Sheriff ..... H. P. Ford
Recorder ..... E. L. McCormick
Treasurer ..... J. W. Sappington
Assessor ..... George H. Wilcox
School Superintendent ..... W. A. Bond
Surveyor ..... L. E. Wilkes
Coroner ..... W. D. Wood

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Recorder ..... Benton Bowman
Treasurer ..... F. G. Mitchell
Marshal ..... W. Redmond
Justice of Peace ..... J. I. Knight

POST OFFICE INFORMATION.

The mails close at the Hillsboro Post Office, daily:
Glencoe, West Union, Bethany and Cedar Mill, at 11:20 a. m.
Going South, 8:20 a. m.
Going to Portland and way-offices, 6:55 a. m. and 4 p. m.
For Farmington and Laurel, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10:30 a. m.

OREGON CITY LAND OFFICE.

Robert A. Miller ..... Register
Peter Paquet ..... Receiver

CHURCH AND SOCIETY NOTICES.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, corner Main and Fifth streets. Preaching every Sabbath, morning and evening. Sabbath school at 10 o'clock a. m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening. Y. P. S. C. E. Sunday at 6:30 p. m. All services will be short, bright, interesting and helpful. Everyone cordially welcome.
EVAN P. HUGHES, Pastor.

CORNELIUS CHURCH—Services first and third Sunday at 7 P. M.; second and fourth Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Young Peoples' Society of Christian Endeavor every Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Sunday school at 10 A. M. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. Preaching at Glencoe on first and third Sunday of each month at 11 A. M.
D. S. WIGSTEAD, Pastor.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH.—Corner Fifth and Fir. Preaching every Sunday evening at 8 p. m.; second and fourth Sunday at 11 a. m.; Sunday school at 10 a. m.; prayer meeting every Wednesday evening; teachers meeting every Sunday evening. H. L. Pratt, pastor.

FIRST Christian Church, R. L. Shelley pastor, Baseline and Third. Preaching every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. SundaySchool, 10 a. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday, 8:00 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E., Sunday, 7:00 p. m.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH OF HILLSboro, corner Third and Fir. Preaching second and fourth Sabbath, morning and evening; Sunday school every Sunday at 10 A. M. REV. SCHOFIELD, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH, J. M. McDonald, pastor. Preaching every Sabbath morning and evening. Sabbath school every Sabbath at 10 A. M. League meeting every Sunday at 6:30 P. M. General prayer meeting every Thursday evening. Leaders' and Steward's meeting the second Tuesday evening of each month.

A. O. U. W.

HILLSBORO LODGE NO. 61, A. O. U. W., meets every first and third Friday evening in the month.
P. H. BAUGHMAN, M. W.
J. I. KNIGHT, Recorder.

HILLSBORO LODGE NO. 17, I. O. G. T. meets in Grange Hall every Saturday evening. All sojourning members in good standing are invited to visit with the lodge.
JAMES ADAMS, C. T.
W. H. GAULT, Secretary.

Daughters of Rebekah.

HILLSBORO REBEKAH LODGE NO. 54, I. O. O. F., meets in Odd Fellows' Hall every Saturday evening.
MRS. MAY GREER, N. G.
MRS. JANE WILLIAMS, Sec'y.

P. of H.

HILLSBORO GRANGE, NO. 73, meets 2nd and 4th Saturdays of each month.
BENJ. SCHOFIELD, Master.
ASBIE INMAN, Sec.

I. O. O. F.

MONTEZUMA LODGE, NO. 50, meets Wednesday evenings at 8 o'clock, in I. O. O. F. Hall. Visitors made welcome.
S. B. HUSTON, N. G.
D. M. C. GAULT, Sec'y.

Y. P. S. C. E.

MEETS every Sunday evening at 7 o'clock in the Christian church. You are cordially invited to attend its meetings.
EDA ADAMS, Pres't.

Rathbone Sisters.

PHŒNICIA TEMPLE NO. 10, R. S., meets every 2nd and 4th Friday in each month at 7:30 o'clock in I. O. O. F. Hall.
MRS SUSIE STANLEY, M. E. C.
MRS. M. A. HOUSE, M. of R. and C.

K. of P.

PHŒNIX LODGE, NO. 34, K. OF P., meets in Odd Fellows' Hall on Monday evening of each week. Sojourning brethren welcomed to lodge meetings.
J. M. WALL, C. C.
L. A. LONG, K. of R. & S.

A. F. and A. M.

TUALITY LODGE NO. 6, A. F. & A. M., meets every Saturday night on or after full moon of each month.
W. D. WOOD, W. M.
R. CRANDALL, Secretary.

O. E. S.

TUALATIN CHAPTER, NO. 31, O. E. S., meets at Masonic Temple on the 2nd and 4th Tuesday of each month.
MRS. W. D. HARE, W. M.
GRACE CRONKITE, Secretary.

TUALATIN PLAINS PRESBYTERIAN Church.—Regular preaching, Sundays 11 o'clock A. M; Sunday school, 10 o'clock A. M.
W. H. DIERDORFF, Pastor.

K. O. T. M.

VIOLA TENT, NO. 18, K. O. T. M., meets in Odd Fellows' Hall, on second fourth Thursday evenings of each month.
L. A. LONG, Com.
BENJOY BOWMAN, R. K.

WASHINGTON ENCAMPMENT No. 24, I. O. O. F., meets on first and third Tuesdays of each month.
D. M. C. GAULT, Scribe.

GEN. RANSOM POST, NO. 69, G. A. R. MEETS IN GRANGE HALL ON THE first and third Saturdays of each month, at 1:30 o'clock, P. M.
A. M. COLLINS, Adjutant. R. CRANDALL, A. M., P. C.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

THOMAS H. TONGUE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
HILLSBORO, OREGON.
OFFICE: Morgan Block.

BARRETT & ADAMS,
W. N. BARRETT, L. K. ADAMS
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
HILLSBORO, OREGON.
OFFICE: Central Block, Rooms 6 and 7.

SMITH & BOWMAN,
BENTON BOWMAN, Notary Public. W. D. SMITH.
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
HILLSBORO, OREGON.
OFFICE: Rooms 6 and 7, Morgan block.

C. E. KINDT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
ROOM: No. 3, Portland Savings Bank Building, Second and Washington Streets.

GEO. R. BAGLEY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
HILLSBORO, OREGON.
Resident agent for Royal Insurance Co.
ROOM: No. 13, Morgan Block.

S. T. LINKLATER, M. D. C. M.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
HILLSBORO, OREGON.
OFFICE: at residence, east of Court House, where he will be found at all times when not visiting patients.

J. P. TAMIESIE, M. D.,
S. P. R. R. SURGEON,
HILLSBORO, OREGON.
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE: corner Third and Main Streets. Office hours, 8:30 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 and 7 to 8 p. m. Telephone to residence from Brock & Sels' Drugstore at all hours. All calls promptly attended, night or day.

W. D. WOOD, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
HILLSBORO, OREGON.
OFFICE: in Chenette Row. RESIDENCE: corner First and Main streets.

DRS. F. A. & F. J. BAILEY.
F. A. BAILEY, M. D. F. J. BAILEY, D. S., M. D.
PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS AND ACCOUCHEURS.
HILLSBORO, OREGON.
OFFICE: in Pharmacy, Union Block. Calls attended to, night or day. Residence, S. W. Cor. Base Line and Second streets.

R. NIXON,
DENTIST,
FOREST GROVE, OREGON.
Is now making teeth for $5.00 and $7.50 per set; best of material and workmanship. Will compare with sets costing $25. Teeth extracted without pain. Fillings at the lowest prices. All work warranted.
OFFICE: three doors north of Brick store. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

C. B. BROWN,
DENTIST,
HILLSBORO, OREGON.
GOLD CROWN and BRIDGE work a specialty. All work Guaranteed.
Rooms 1 and 2 Morgan Block.
OFFICE HOURS: From 8 a. M. to 4 P. M.

WILKES BROS.
ABSTRACTORS AND SURVEYORS.
LLSBORO, OREGON.
Agents for Bar Lock Type Writer. Two doors of Postoffice.

THOS. D. HUMPHREYS.
CONVEYANCING AND ABSTRACTING OF TITLES.
HILLSBORO, OREGON.
Legal papers drawn and Loans on Real Estate negotiated. Business attended to with promptness and dispatch.
OFFICE: Main Street, opposite the Court House.

WM. BENSON,
PRACTICAL MACHINIST,
HILLSBORO, OREGON.
All kinds of repairing on Steam Engines and Boilers, Mill Work, Threshing Machines Mowers, Feed Cutters, Sewing Machines Washing Machines, Wringers, Pumps, Scales, Scissors ground, Gun and Locks smithing, Saws ground and filed; and have a large number of second-hand engines and boilers for sale. All work warranted.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

RIBBONS AND . . .
. . . CARBON PAPER
FOR
TYPEWRITERS
AT
INDEPENDENT OFFICE

REPUBLICAN STATE PLATFORM.

"The representatives of the republicans of the state of Oregon, in convention assembled, call attention to the condition of industry and business throughout the country, as a proof of the necessity of returning to the policy of the republican party, under which there was general prosperity during 30 years.

"We reaffirm the principles of the republican national platform of 1892, and assert that the results that have followed the change decreed by the election of that year have justified our protest against the national policy adopted by the democratic party.

"Protection—We believe that the government should have ample revenue, with a sufficient surplus over ordinary expenditures to provide for coast defenses, for the steady building up of the navy, and for the constant reduction of the public debt. We believe that the present tariff, with its lowered rates and its destructive and dishonest system of undervaluations, and discrimination as to localities, should be replaced by one framed on protective principles, similar to that of the McKinley bill and arranged to give ample protection to American wages and American industry, and to restore the reciprocity of James G. Blaine.

"We have always given protection to our ship builders. In late years we have neglected to protect our shipowners. We believe the time has come to return to the policy of Washington and Hamilton, which, by discriminating duties in favor of American bottoms, secured 90 per cent of our carrying trade to American ships, and which, if now restored would again revive our shipping and cause American freights to be paid to Americans.

"Finance—The American people, from tradition and interest, favor bimetalism, and the republican party demands the use of both gold and silver as standard money, with such restrictions and under such provisions, to be determined by legislation, as will secure the maintenance of the parity of values of the two metals, so that the purchasing and debt-paying power of the dollar, whether of silver, gold or paper, shall at all times be equal.

"The interest of the producers of the country—its farms and its workingmen—demand that every dollar, paper or coin, issued by the government shall be as good as any other dollar.

"Elections of Senators—Resolved, that we earnestly endorse the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the United States providing for the election of United States senators by popular vote, recently reported from the committee on privilege and elections by Senator Mitchell and now pending legislation in the United States senate.

"Cascade Reserve—Resolved, That the application of the Oregon delegation in congress to the president of the United States and now pending before him, praying a modification of his proclamation creating the Cascade Forest Reserve, is hereby earnestly approved, and we appeal to the president to grant the prayer of our delegation in congress.

"Fishing—We realize the importance and magnitude of the fishing industry on the Columbia river, and would recommend that some provision be made for a state hatchery for artificial propogation, and that the laws regulating the close season be rigidly enforced.

"Rebate to Settlers—That we endorse the efforts of our representatives in congress to secure repayment to settlers of Oregon of the excess of $1.25 per acre wrongfully collected by the government on lands located in the limits of the unearned Northern Pacific railroad land grant now forfeited.

"Canal—The construction of the Nicaragua canal is of the highest importance to the American people, both as a measure of national defense and to build up and maintain American commerce. It is moreover of special importance to our Pacific states, and we demand its completion as speedily as possible by the government of the United States.

"Pensions—We hereby endorse the action of our senators and representatives in congress in their endeavor to secure grants of pensions to Indian war veterans.

"Retrenchment—We pledge the republican party to rigid economy in the expenditure of public money to the reduction of excessive salaries, and the abolishment of the fee system wherever possible, and of all useless commissions; and believe that no appropriation should be made to any school or charitable institution not under the control of the state; and oppose the incorporation into the general appropriation bill of items for the expenditure of public money not authorized by law.

"Immigration—We demand enactment of rigid restrictions on foreign immigration both for protection of our country against illiterate and vicious classes from foreign classes from foreign lands, and for protection of our labor and preservation to our own people of the remainder of our national domain.

"Internal Improvements—We commend the policy of the republican party in relation to internal improvements, and, in particular, in opening our waterways to commerce, and we denounce the illiberality of of the democratic party in these matters."

We might tell you more about One Minute Cough Cure, but you probably know that it cures a cough. Every one does who has used it. It is a perfect remedy for coughs, colds, hoarseness. It is an especial favorite, for children, being pleasant to take and quick in curing. W. E. Brock, druggist.

Diseased blood, constipation, and kidney, liver and bowel troubles are cured by Karl's Clover Root Tea. For sale by the Delta Drug Store.

ENGLAND'S NAVAL POWER DECRIED.

In view of the bellicose attitude of the French Governmen and press at the present moment, it is of some importance to note that the war preparations which were begun with such eclat in England just after the Jameson raid seem to have utterly failed to make an impression outside of Great Britain. The English papers claim almost unanimously that the Flying Squadron has proved to the world England's readiness to engage in a life-and-death struggle with any combination of pewers. The Continental press at first reserved its judgments, but watched the fitting out of the squadron with much interest. The verdict is now that it showed England's unreadiness, and her prestige has certainly lost in consequence. Among the articles on the subject that are most worthy of attention is one in the Revue de Paris, said to be written by an official of high rank in France. His remaaks have received much attention in England. He argues as follows:

"It is more likely that our next war will be with England rather than Germany. Single-handed, Engand is powerless against France. Our maritime trade has already declined much, our colonies supply us neither with revenue nor food, and the utmost England can do is to ravage a few miles of our seaboard. England, by her arrogance, insolence, and disregard of justice, has become a danger to the world. There is not a single pewer that has not been deceived by England, or which she is not prepared to deceive. A conflict between France and England can take only one of two shapes: a coalition against England in which France takes a part, or a duel between France and England.

"England has a very fine and numerically strong navy, too strong, in fact, for it is impossible for her to man it, and, if manned, to trust to the experience of the crews. Great Britian must adopt universal service regulations if she does not wish to see the smoke rising from a foreign camp before London. England argues that she has ample time to gather reserves, if she can beat an enemy's fleet at the start. But this assumption is erroneous. This has been proved by the manner in which the Flying Squadron was fitted out. All these ships belonged to the first reserve, and ought to have been ready in forty-eight houos. They were not ready. It took more than a week to get them out of port. There were numerous mishaps, and they have been returning one by one to the docks for repairs. The object seems to have been chiefly to intimidate by the show of wealth and the resources of British industry. But even England can no stand uncontrolled expenditure, and money is not everything."

The London Times thinks the writer shows much knowledge of the subject on which he writes, and The St. James's Gazette, which, in its "leaders," joined the host of papers declaring that Germany had been taught a lesson, remarks in an unobtrusive note that "this French observer has not been deceived any more than the German journalists about the fitting out of the Flying Squadron."—The Literary Digest.

Burns are absolutely painless when DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is applied. This statement is true. A perfect remedy for chapped hands and lips, and never fails to cure piles. W. E. Brock, druggist.

Ask your physician, your druggist and your friends about Shiloh's Cure for Consumption. They will recommend it. For sale by the Delta Drug Store.

PHYSICAL CONFORMATION AS A GUIDE IN SELECTING PROFITABLE DAIRY COWS.

Read before the State Dairy Association, at Hillsboro, April 23, 1896, by James Withycomb, V. S.:

Though kings may exclaim "My kingdom! for a horse," the queens of household will say, "My heritage for a cow."

No domestic animal bears a closer relationship to the human family than the cow, as she is probably the wet nurse for fully 50 per cent of our infantile population in the present age. How careful then we should be in selecting a dairy animal when we know our families are depending on this noble creature for strength and sustenance, and that the very foundation upon which is built a strong and vigorous manhood or womanhood, practically depends on the purity of the milk supply for a delicate cow harboring an insidious disease can unsuspectingly bring misery and death into the home. In the face of the Babcock test, it might seem presumptious to even refer to physical conformation as a guide in selecting cows. The author does not desire to detract an iota from this method so valuable and indispensible to all practical dairymen, but does claim that it is impossible to decide by the test all the essential points of a profitable dairy cow; also dairymen quite frequently are compelled, by force of circumstances, to select without an opportunity to make the test; and seldom, if ever, animals intended for private families are tested.

The first requisite of a model dairy cow is a good constitution, without which she is a menace to the health of the family or the herd. An animal without a reasonable amount of muscular development does not ordinarily possess the proper circulation of blood so conducive to a powerful digestion, and the vital force necessary for the resistance of disease.

The beefy type indicates vigor, but where to draw the line between the beef animal and the dairy cow is the problem.

The greatest production of meat and dairy products cannot be combined in an individual, but it is possible, through breeding and selections to evolve a general purpose cow. The author realizes the fact that many practical dairymen criticise the general purpose cow believing only in specialized animals.

The special cow too frequently lacks constitution for the simple reason that they rarely possess a physical development that insures disease-resisting powers; and in case those animals are placed in dairies, where only ordinary care is bestowed on them, that subtle and insidious malady, tuberculosis, is prone to play sad havoc with the herd. It is not merely the value of the additional beef that the general purpose cow may possess over the special cow at the time of slaughter, but a stronger assurance of continued health under unfavorable euvironments, that makes the former most desirable.

As for other requisites, the model dairy cow should be medium in size, as large cows are not usually economical feeders; while those comparatively small in their proportions frequently lack capacity.

She should be square in hind quarters, and straight in top and under lines, as an angular form rather indicates a lack of constution, small capacity for food, and weak digestion which would necessarily effect the general health, as well as the milk supply. Ribs should be tolerably well sprung, especially so as they approach the hips, which insures a large abdominal development. Shoulders not too prominent, not too thick over the chine, as thick shoulders and chine denotes a tendency to lay on flesh, rather than be good at the pail. Chest deep so as to give a large thoracic space in depth rather than in width. Neck a trifle long, but inclined to be a little thin, tapering nicely from the breast to the throat. Head a little long and slightly broad between the eyes, while a short, thick head denotes constitutional vigor, yet it is usually indicative of a tendency to lay on flesh. Prominent orbits so as to cause a slight indentation between the eyes, which should set pretty well up toward the horn, and be prominent, good sized and bright, as these points frequently accompany a high order of intelligence and vivacity. The horns should be medium in length and size, and waxy in appearance. The face should taper nicely from the eyes to the muzzle. The hips should be fairly broad and long, which indicates pelvic space, and renders parturition comparatively easy. The thighs should be broad but rather thin, and the hind legs set well apart, so as to give room for a well developed udder. The udder should be capacious, the quarters of nearly uniform size, extending well forward and running well up behind. The teats should be medium in size and length, standing well apart, and the ends on a level, and parallel with the lower line of the cow.

The whole frame should be enveloped by a mellow hide, moderately thin, which denotes quality and a good circulation.

The external appearance of the ideal cow should be pleasing to the eye, symetrical in form, while presenting a bright and intelligent expression of the eye, depicting the greatest degree of docility and contentment.

It's just as easy to try One Minute Cough Cure as anything else. It's easier to cure a severe cough or cold with it. Let your next purchase for a cough be One Minute Cough Cure. Better medicine; better results; better try it. W. E. Brock, druggist.

For dyspepsia and liver complaint you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. For sale by the Delta Drug Store.

PROTECTING HONEST DEBTORS.

There were 171,389 business failures in this country from 1879 to 1895, inclusive, according to the report of the judiciary committee on the Torrey bankruptcy bill made to the house today. The total liabilities of these 171,389 individuals and firms reaches the enormous aggregate of $2,611,521,704.

"There is no doubt," says the report, "that the passage of the bill we recommend would tend to restore confidence to the members of the commercial and industrial world in their dealings with each other, and thereby prevent great numbers of failures which are now made by men who are in reality solvent, and who, if tided over their present difficulties, would be spared to lives of financial usefulness, instead of being relegated to the army of insolvents.

"The bill we recommend does not contain any provision for the making of contracts, the measure of damages for contracts broken, or for torts, or in relation to the rights or responsibilities of such persons. In other words, it is not a measure for the commencement or conducting of business or of enterprise, or of employing labor, but one simply for the winding up the financial affairs of debtors who are silly enough to act dishonestly, or unfortunate enough to become insolvent and unable to meet matured obligations."

The provisions of the Torrey bill are briefly compared with those of the last and former bankruptcy laws of the country and the conclusion is that it is superior to any one of them. In reference to it the committee says:

"No bankruptcy bill can be or ought to be framed for the benefit of thieves and scoundrels, but for honest creditors and honest debtors. The bill contains such wise and just provisions as will secure to the creditors of an insolvent and dishonest debtor the speediest and cheapest possible distribution of his assets, and allow the honest debtor to arise speedily from a hopeless load of debt and reenter with renewed courage the field of active and useful work."

It is stated by the committee that the subject of bankruptcy legislation is not political nor sectional. The names of eminent republicans and eminent democrats are given who have supported the bill from the time since it was first introduced.

A comparison of the expenses of administering the last law with those of the proposed law is made, from which it appears that expenses under the former laws were not only excessive, but were paid in a way which encouraged delays. The reverse is true under this proposed law; that is, the expenses are small, and they are to be paid only when services have been rendered. The committee reaches the conclusion that the result must be prompt and inexpensive in administration.—Washington News Report.

It is not a miracle. It won't cure everything, but it will cure piles. That's what DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve will do, because it has done it in hundreds of cases. W. E. Brock, druggist.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phœbe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in coughs and colds. Free trial bottles at Hillsboro Pharmacy. Regular size 50c. and $1.

DeWitt's Sarsaparilla is prepared for cleansing the blood. It builds up and strengthens constitutions impaired by disease. W. E. Brock, druggist.

Karl's Clover Root Tea purifies the blood and gives a clear and beautiful complexion. For sale by the Delta Drug Store.

OVER THE STATE.

The democrats of Jackson county are not fusing with populists this year, but will run a party ticket.

From Florence last Wednesday the schooner Mayflower sailed with 120,000 feet of lumber, and the Danielson with 150,000 feet.

The semi-annual statement of the financial condition of Jackson county shows liabilities amounting to $175,121.39, and recources, exclusive of public property, of $124,440 84.

John T. Flynn at one time a resident of Portland is under arrest in San Francisco charged with the murder of a bench child that was found in a satchel in a vacant lot.

Wild geese in large numbers are now feeding on Sauvies island and the Columbia bottom in general. Thousands may be seen any day at one glance, and the festive hunter is once more in his glory.

Wool has begun to arrive at the Pendleton warehouses. The quality is pronounced, as a general thing, very good. The scouring-mill proposes to increase its capital stock by $30,000 at its annual meeting, the 5th prox.

Not one in ten of the hopyards of last year about Independence are being cultivated and poled. A gentleman in one day counted 250 acers between Independence and Salem that have either been plowed up or are being allowed to go uncultivated.

Jack Lake, conductor on the Heppner branch of the O. R. N. Co., when in Pendleton reported that of 500 sheep and lambs which had been shorn a few days ago at Heppner, all the lambs, over two hundred in number, had died from cold.

E. Boettcher, the Umatilla sheep man, expects soon to commence his summer's drive to the East. He will take the usual number, about 12,000. Severe weather and snow in the mountains will prevent Mr. Boettcher from starting for some time yet.

Jode Moore has kept an account of the amount of snow that has fallen at the Lucky Boy claim, in the Blue River district since January 4, 1896, and the following is the result: January, 12½ inches; February, 32½; March, 46; April, 44; total 138 inches.

The Republican Central Committee of Marion county has levied a campaign fund on the candidates amounting to $500. The democrats have assessed their standard bearers $250. The populists don't say how much they will extort, probably ten cents per capita.

Carl Albrecht, who murdered his wife in a cold-blooded manner in Marshfield about two months ago, escaped from the jail at Empire City last Sunday, but was intercepted in the woods by John Lennon and brought back. Albrecht had his pockets full of food when caught.

Not many days ago, while M. Grant, Silas Hart and D. Grant were out hunting for grouse, near Dallas, in Polk county, their dogs made a big bear run up a tree. It took six rifle shots to destroy bruin. He would not give up the ghost until after he had crippled one of Mr. Hart's fine bear dogs.

Portland at last is without any gambling houses, and the prospects are that there will be none allowed to run this spring. The police department took the initiative in the closing, ordering Cahill and Erickson to suspend operations; but Sheriff Sears promptly extended the order to all the houses in the city, and now there is a reign of peace.

The recent high waters have caused the Willamette river to cut a new channel nearly a mile long in the vicinity of the mouth of the McKenzie, says the Eugene Guard. The new channel is yet full of snags and has never been navigated. By reason of the change in the river the old channel has been rendered unnavigable and the steamer Gypsy has not been to Eugene since last Saturday.

More than 25 years ago a gambler named Tom Taylor dropped a $20 piece in a cesspool on a lot on Oregon street belonging to George Brown of Eagle Point, says the Jacksonville Times. On Tuesday last the latter, who is serving on the jury, employed some of the leisure time at his disposal to ascertain wheather Taylor really lost the coin. He had not proceeded far before the money was discovered where it had laid so long and in good condition.

Mention was made a short time ago of the finding of some remains in Grant county that led to the belief that G. A. Scott, book agent in the employ of the J. K. Gill Company had been murdered last fall. Further investigations have confirmed the suspicion and Wm. Baer has been arrested and held without bail on a charge of being Scott's murderer. Richard Hinkle was also arrested on the same charge, but was discharged by the examining magistrate.

The Klamath shipping season was officially opened one day last week, when the Lottie C. was sighted steaming up the river, toward Klamath Fall. She arrived at the wharf late in the afternoon and after giving a few citizens a ride on the lake, tied up for the night. She left the next day for Brownell, at the southern extremity of Lower Klamath lake. In connection with this it is proper to state that there is as much water navigation in Lake county as there is in the Willamette. The Klamath lakes are fine bodies of water.

The State Board of Education is about to put in an electric light plant for the reform school. Tax payer however objects and declares if contracts are drawn he will bring an injunction suit. At the last session of the legislature the sum of $4,700 was appropriated to carry out the contract before that time entered into with the Salem Light and Power company. The Light and Power people have never run a wire to the school from their works for the reason as they say, they have never been notified in writing to do so by the state officials. That seems to be a trivial reason. The real reason no doubt, is that the Reform School is 5 miles from Salem and the company does not find as much profit in the contract as it likes.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby alding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price, 50c. and $1 per bottle at Hillsboro Pharmacy.

Busy people have no time, and sensible people have no inclination to use a slow remedy. One Minute Cough Cure acts promptly and gives permanent results. W. E. Brock, druggist.

A SIGNIFICANT CONTRAST.

The speech of Sir Michael Hicks-Beach introducing the budget in the House of Commons is not very pleasant reading for the people of the United States. He gives figures to prove that the past year was one of the most prosperous that has ever been known in England. The receipts of the Government exceeded the estimates, showing an increase of £7,290,000 in revenue over the preceding year, and making a surplus of £5,812,000. The public debt was reduced £8,134,000. Business of all kinds reached an unprecedented volume; the deposits in the savings banks increased largely; and the condition of the working classes was in every way satisfactory. The disagreeable aspect of this exhibit from our point of view is the striking contrast which it presents to the experience of our country. Instead of being able to boast of a year of remarkable prosperity, we are obliged to confess that it was a year of hard times for us. Our revenue was not equal to the expenditures, our public debt was increased, our commercial and industrial interests were depressed, and our laboring population could not find sufficient employment. In short, it was such a year with us as did not furnish any reason for rejvicting, but only causes of regret, perplexity and solicitude. It might have been worse, to be sure, but the fact remains that it was not in any sence satisfactory.

When we come to look at the sources of England's prosperity, we can readily see that much of it was gained at our expence. The tariff law passed by our Democratic Congress did more for her than it did for this country. It gave her certain advantages which set many of her idle wheels of manufacture in profitable motion, and enabled her to dispose of increased quantities of her products in our markets without any reciprocal benefit to us in her markets or in the markets of any other foreign country. It is easy to understand, therefore, why the author of that measure was banqueted by the business men of London, and why the Embassador sent over there by the present Administration has been so popular with the English bankers and traders. The Prosperity of England is not wholly attributable to the Wilson law, of course, but that has been one prominent influence in her favor, and her gain on that account represents so much direct loss to the United States. Democratic rule has operated, in other words, to diminish our prosperity in the interest of another nation; and that is certainly a conclusive argument against it. The people are not blind to things of this kind. They know where the responsibility rests for the misfortunes of recent years. It is useless to tell them that a policy which helps to promote the welfare of England by discriminating against that of their own country is anything else than a monstrous wrong; and they will put an end to it forever at the next November election.—Globe-Democrat.

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