

HILLSBORO INDEPENDENT.

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D. M. C. GAULT, Editor.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

FRIDAY, APRIL 10.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION

A republican convention for the county of Washington is called to meet in the city of Hillsboro, on Thursday, the 30th day of April, 1896, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating one senator, three representatives, one county clerk, one county recorder, one county sheriff, one county treasurer, one county assessor, one county commissioner, to serve for four years; one county school superintendent, one county surveyor, one county coroner, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the convention. The convention will consist of 118 delegates, chosen by the several precincts, as follows:

- N. Forest Grove 5 Wapato 7
S. Forest Grove 8 Gales Creek 7
Buxton 3 Dairy 6
Cornelius 6 Columbia 6
Washington 5 S. Tuatlati 5
East Butte 6 West Butte 5
E. Cedar Creek 7 Dilly 3
W. Cedar Creek 7 Beaverdam 3
Beaverton 8 Mountain 2
S. Hillsboro 8 Reedville 5
N. Hillsboro 6

The same being one delegate-at-large from each precinct and one delegate for every twenty votes, and one for every fraction of twelve and over thereof cast for Gov. W. P. Lord at the June election, 1894.

The primaries to be held in the several precincts on Wednesday, April 23d, at 1 o'clock p. m.

By order of the Central Committee, Dated April 2, 1896.

G. W. PATTERSON, Chairman. J. C. COLEBY, Secretary.

Democrats are becoming as scarce in Rhode Island as they are in Pennsylvania. Indeed, the deficit and free coinage frosts causes the Louisville Commercial to remark that the crop seems to be killed for this year.

A call is out for the formation of a new party in Yamhill county, on a free silver platform flanked with protection, postal savings banks, and more bonds. Thus it appears Yamhill county is to have four tickets in the field. Some one is going to get left.

If Mr. Simon and his gang shall not be able to eat the taxes in Multnomah county next year, which now seems very likely, they will have the satisfaction of knowing that the Hume mob will be hungry. It is Penoyer and his crowd who are likely to come out sleek in the spring of '98.

The senate has appointed a commission to make a preliminary survey for building a ship canal between Lake Michigan and the Washburn river. Between the necessity for a canal to drain the accumulating filth from Chicago and for those required to enrich political contractors, it is probable that all the great lakes may be drained dry in the next half century.

The prevention of freshets is the object of a bill which has passed the New York assembly, and is likely to go through the other house. It creates a board of commissioners empowered to erect a dam or dams at the outlet of Pisco Lake to retain and discharge the water as may be desired, with the object of improving the navigation of the Champlain Canal and of the Hudson River. This branch of engineering is attracting much attention. It is plainly one of great future importance and seems ought to be effective for those rivers which have their source in a lake, or where there is a considerable bottom that could be used for storing for the overflow.

Its as was said last week. The populists realize that Weaver is out here to disband the organization. This is the comment of the Searchlight on the visit of this Iowa priest: "In after years when the people's party of the state of Oregon realize the position they have been placed in through the influence of James B. Weaver, there will be 'weeping and gnashing of teeth.' I shall not sulk in my tent, but I see in the near future a more secure binding of the chains of slavery upon the American people than any ever experienced before, and here, and now, I want to register my objections to the political methods adopted by the gentleman from Iowa. In time to come, brothers, remember that G. A. Sanford used every means in his power to prevent the fate that is sure to overtake the people's party. The destinies of the people's party has passed from the hands of honest men into those of political wireworkers and spoils hunters." But the organ is not entirely consistent, as these paragraphs, clipped from separate columns, will verify. "We have a good ticket and a good platform." This apparent hearty sentence is nullified by this other sentence: "If the people's party delegates at St. Louis are foolish enough to listen to the siren song of the silver singers and eliminate one or more of the demands of the Omaha platform, they will march through a slaughter house to the open grave of their party."

HON. THOS. H. TONGUE.

All Washington county is swinging his hat in rejoicing over the fact that the representative of the republican party in convention assembled at Albany, after mature and deliberate consideration, named Hon. Thos. H. Tongue for congress from the first district. An anxious crowd waited for news at the telephone station Tuesday night till the operator could stay no longer. By half past six Wednesday morning interested friends were again listening. The news came. Then the shout rang from block to block, "Tongue got it on the 34th ballot." No one stopped to enquire what "it" meant. All knew.



Hon. Thos. H. Tongue came with his father's family to Washington county in 1859, being then 14 years of age. He is now about 51 years old. He worked on the farm till he commenced attending school at Forest Grove. He graduated from Pacific University in the 1868 class, having completed the classical course, then requiring six years of hard work. Indeed, for Mr. Tongue they were years of drudgery, for his family had but meager resources in those years. His Latin and Greek and calculus and science were conned while he was grubbing stumps or sawing wood for his board and room rent. Most men have boyhood incidents, but not so Tongue. Not a single romantic thing happened to him during his whole school life. It was work, work from Monday morning till Saturday night. There was no baseball nor football, nor vaulting, nor wrestling. But the life told on him. A splendid physical frame, tough and vigorous, carried a mind disciplined to a drudgery that never neglects details, and that always calls success to him who thus deserves it.

As soon as he was out of college he commenced reading law in Hon. W. D. Hare's office. In due time he was admitted to practice in the supreme court of the state. In December, 1868, he wedded Miss Emily Eagleton, third daughter of Mr. G. Eagleton, who is yet at the head of the house and able to rejoice at this presentment that has come to her husband.

During the years when Mr. Tongue's practice was small, he used the spare time on a liberal course of literary reading. History and biography were devoured, book after book. A few of the standard poets gave up their wealth of diction to this industrious student. It is this reading that surprises the college men when Mr. Tongue goes into their halls to speak on subjects which they suppose receive no consideration at the hands of the successful lawyer and politician.

Mr. Tongue served in two sessions of the legislature as senator from this county. He was antagonized by the Portland influence which beat him for president of the senate, but he had the satisfaction of thwarting several of the cherished schemes of the metropolis. And, if Mr. Tongue's idea had been adopted as the policy of municipal government, that city would not now be groaning as it is. In the legislature, Mr. Tongue was the champion of all the rural interests, and, while he was friendly to the towns, such good will had to be claimed through honesty and justice.

Mr. Tongue is a good debater and a forceful orator. He never wins his points by story-telling, but by logic clothed in such simple Anglo-Saxon that the merest rustic can understand. For the past eight or ten years, Mr. Tongue has been a leader in state politics, but, as such leader, he has not found it necessary to use the methods of the machine. There has been no great political revulsion in this district, and there is no reason why the republicans should not increase the majority over what it was in 1894, when Mr. Hermann had a plurality of 9,644.

THE ALBANY CONVENTION.

The convention at Albany was a typical gathering of representatives of the republican party. The leading public men of the district were there, earnest and dignified. There was a conspicuous absence of any bluster, and a disposition shown by every one to do what is the best for the district first, and then for the party. The little city of Albany, a beautiful place of about 5,000 inhabitants, was full of strangers and scarcely able to care for the visitors, as no systematic effort was made to that end. However, the hotel proprietors did not lose their heads and advance the price of rooms. The republican club of Albany ought to have systematically taken the matter of entertainment in hand and seen that all visitors, especially those arriving in the night, were provided with rooms. Albany could have accommodated 200 people more as conveniently as the number that did attend the convention.

It was not long after the delegates got to Albany on Monday, before it

was seen that the opposition to Mr. Hermann's renomination was in a large majority. It was also seen that Mr. Tongue was the choice of those who opposed the present congressman, however they might vote for "favorite sons" at first. Even many of the Hermann men said, "If we can't have our man, give us Tongue." At his home here in Hillsboro, an enthusiastic crowd gathered in the telephone office to devour the result of each ballot as it was announced. The contest was a long one and stubborn, yet it was not provocative of bitter hatreds, and the supporters of all the aspirants will go home and commence work for the largest majorities.

Perhaps no more interesting paragraph can be given than this table, giving in detail the result of several of the ballots, as the same is clipped from the Oregonian:

Table with columns: BALLOT, Tongue, Hermann, Ford, Miller, Ellis, and other candidates with their respective vote counts.

The delegates to the national convention from the first district are Judge Moore, of Klamath county, and J. F. Calbreath, of Yamhill county. The congressional committee for the several counties are—Benton, S. L. Kline; Coos, I. M. Hocker; Curry, A. H. Crook; Clackamas, G. F. Horton; Josephine, H. B. Miller; Jackson, H. E. Ankeny; Douglas, L. Loughary; Klamath, George S. Nickerson; Lane, H. L. Rand; Lake, A. J. Snyder; Lincoln, F. M. Carter; Linn, J. A. Wilson; Marion, Jasper Mintz; Polk, R. D. Cooper; Tillamook, Lester B. Smith; Washington, James Withycombe; Yamhill, J. W. Hobbs. The committee organized by choosing R. J. Hendricks, of Marion, for chairman, and J. A. Wilson, of Linn, for secretary.

As the convention was about to adjourn, short speeches were made by Hons. Harry Miller, Warren Truitt, Tilman Ford and several others. Mr. Ford's remarks are spoken of in the highest terms. He made many friends in the few minutes he was on the rostrum.

No convention has adjourned in recent years where the ending has been as happy as that at Albany, held April 7, 1896.

THE DUTY OF THE HOUR.

On taking the chair as temporary presiding officer of the Republican District Convention in the second district, Hon. Chas. Fulton uttered these eloquent words, which are suitable for the perusal of republicans any where:

"Gentlemen of the convention: I thank you most earnestly, most sincerely, for the distinguished honor you have shown me. In this year of 1896 it is an honor to be a republican. It is a double honor to be in a republican convention, and it is the highest of all honors to be called to preside over a republican convention. At no time in the history of our country has a man had a greater right to compliment himself on the fact of his being a republican. Four years ago the democratic party gained control of the government. It possessed every executive branch, and, as a result, today we enjoy the prosperity that the democratic party has given to us. Then the country was a humming beehive of industry. The democratic party started where it had left off in 1860, and almost the first thing it did was to haul down the American flag which had been raised at Honolulu. This done, came the Wilson bill, and with it the funeral of hope and prosperity. The workshops were shut up. Every American industry was prostrated, and since then we have enjoyed in its fullest sense democratic prosperity. In this time of profound peace, we are called upon to witness a secretary of the treasury calling for bonds to meet the expenses of government, and today our indebtedness has increased in this democratic administration nearly \$200,000,000, and this in a time of peace. There is a wave of protection rising, starting from the grand old state of Ohio. (Cheers.) It is sweeping east and west, north and south, and on the foremost wave, on the topmost crest, is inscribed, 'McKinley and Protection.' (Great cheers.)"

"Let us, all of us, join in insuring a lusty republican victory. Let us march under one banner, with one purpose in view—to give to the people the grandest government on earth. "We must rise above all factional feeling, all factional strife, and a man who cannot do so is unworthy the name of a republican. Let us start the ball rolling toward victory; let us unite all our forces in one grand effort, not to fight among ourselves, but the enemy."

It appears that the single state of Georgia now has more manufacturers than the whole South had in 1860. This is an illustration of the remarkable change that has been taking place in Southern industries during the past thirty years. That section is no longer giving all its attention to agriculture, but is reaching out for additional means of prosperity, in imitation of the North.

STATE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

The state republican convention met yesterday and was organized temporarily by choosing Ex-Army Gen. Williams for chairman. Committees to prepare for permanent organizations were appointed, and were considering their report at a late hour last night. The contest of the Multnomah county delegates was on in vigorous fight. It was reported that Hume refused to listen to any proposition looking to a compromise. He would "have the whole hog or none." The proper thing to do is to let him go without any pork. Visitors report that the delegations in this joint senatorial district had agreed upon Mr. G. W. Patterson for joint senator, and upon Hon. W. N. Barrett for prosecuting attorney in this judicial district, though the nominations had not been officially published.

TONGUE AT SALEM.

The news report in the Oregonian gives this account of the reception of Mr. Tongue at Salem:

A delegation of Salem citizens was at the railroad station when the Southern Pacific special arrived, bearing the returning delegates from the Albany convention, and delegates and visitors to the state convention in Portland to-morrow. Dr. J. M. Keene was greeted with cheers in recognition of the effective work he did for the successful candidate for the nomination at Albany. Hon. Thos. H. Tongue, the republican candidate for congress in the first district, was called for, and from the platform of the car delivered a very neat speech, expressing gratitude to the people of Marion county, whose friendship had been a source of supreme pleasure, which he hoped to maintain in the future.

THE NEWS AT OREGON CITY.

The nomination of Mr. Tongue for congress causes general satisfaction here, and there is no criticism of the delegates for not confining themselves to the instructions put through the county convention.

The congressional convention in the second district seated half the Simon delegation from Multnomah county and half the Hirsch delegation. This seems to have been a compromise urged by Geo. H. Wik Hans, supposed to be friendly to the Simon ring. The committee on credentials brought in their reports— one signed by four committee members recommended the seating of the Simon delegation, the second signed by two members recommended the seating of the Hirsch delegation, while the third, signed by Judge Taylor, of Clatsop county, declared that both factions are to blame for the condition in Multnomah county, but not standing this, he favored the seating of one-half of each delegation. In the debate which followed, Judge Williams supported Taylor's report. It was adopted by a vote of 37 yeas to 29 nays. The delegates being thus arranged, Hon. W. R. Ellis was nominated on the third ballot, to succeed himself. Mr. Ellis has served his district two terms in congress, and has been a very efficient representative. He is said to favor free silver coinage, but he does not go to the extreme as do some of the 16 to 1 crowd. Ellis will always vote for protection and sound money. The second district is to be congratulated in having so safe a man for representative.

There is nothing attenuated about anything Chicago attempts. The board of election commissioners has just declared 45,000 votes out of a registration of 370,000 for the spring election to be fraudulent. The number thus stricken from the list is greater than the total vote cast in the states of Montana, North Dakota, Delaware, Florida and Nevada. The next move ought to be the conviction and punishment of the rascals

who committed the frauds. Doubtless they are some of the gentlemen pardoned out of the penitentiary by that prince of democratic reformers, Gov. Altgeld.

Trusts and combines are not creatures of the protective tariff policy. In witness whereof, the whisky trust, the type trust and the American Book Company may be mentioned, not to say anything about sugar and lumber, which latter has just been organized on the Pacific coast in the face of free trade.

The first and second districts have chosen sound money delegates to the St. Louis convention. Two more are to be selected from the state at large, and as the state convention is composed of many delegates who were in the district convention, it is safe to guess that the Oregon delegation will oppose the free coinage of silver.

The Young Women's Christian Association, which was organized in New York City twenty-five years ago, is now a vigorous and growing institution. It owns two buildings, has a library of 25,000 volumes, conducts classes for the instruction of 2,000 young women, and found employment last year for over 2,000 persons.

The American missionaries are about to be driven out of Armenia. One, Rev. Knapp, has already been arrested and thrown into prison. Reports are rife that our Mediterranean squadron has been ordered to rendezvous on the Armenian coast. It would be entirely satisfactory to Americans if Commodore Selfridge would exercise his guns a little on those Turkish prisons. The American missionaries are not the only ones who are interdicted. English Protestants and French Catholics may see the inside of a Turkish dungeon.

What was done in the congressional election in 1894 may be of interest to others as well as the politicians. At the 1894 election Hermann, republican, received 22,204 votes; Weatherford, democratic, 10,799; Miller, populist, 12,629; Hurst, prohibition, 1,089; Hermann's plurality, 9,644. Kincaid's plurality for secretary of state in the counties constituting the first district, was 5165. The vote on congressman in the second district was Ellis, republican, 18,875; Raley, democratic, 9,613; Waldrop, populist, 10,749; Miller, prohibitionist, 775; Ellis' plurality, 8,126. These figures show that the first district contains a larger voting population than the second, notwithstanding the fact that Multnomah county is in the second district.

After studying the surging of the riots at the primaries in Portland last week, one can form some kind of an idea of the election riots in Rome during the time of Julius Caesar. Portland is, however, more favorably situated than Rome was at that time. Then the suffrage was confined to the citizens of the city, whereas Portland has the country, that can always be depended upon to do right. After the disgraceful scenes which were enacted last week in the metropolis, the country will more clearly see its duty toward Portland. A great mistake was made in 1893 when the legislature passed the charter bill incorporating greater Portland. The municipal salaries were too high, but Mr. Simon and his people said it was a local measure and they wanted it, and the country members let them have what is now a consuming fire.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

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CUBAN RESOLUTIONS.

After repeated conferences, long debates and, sometimes, acrimonious, the American congress has passed these resolutions, officially announcing what was before known, that a cruel barbaric war is raging in Cuba.

"Resolved, That, in the opinion of congress, a condition of public war exists between the government of Spain and the government proclaimed and for some time maintained by force of arms by the people of Cuba; and that the United States of America should maintain a strict neutrality between the contending powers, according to each, all the rights of belligerents in ports and territory of the United States.

"Resolved, further, That the friendly offices of the United States should be offered by the president to the Spanish government for the recognition of the Independence of Cuba."

A report comes through European bankers that England has concluded a treaty with Spain whereby assistance has been promised for subjugating the Cuban insurgents. In recognition of this help, Spain puts at the disposal of England several of her splendid Mediterranean harbors. It will be kept in mind that France and Russia are not in the best of humor over the English Sudan expedition, and, seeing that she has no good harbors in the Mediterranean, Britain is no doubt anxious for the privileges of using some of Spain's land-locked bays. But the existence of such a treaty may be denied. England may have only desired to see what an effect would be produced upon her neighbors. She may have desired to influence the American congress, which, at the time the rumors of the treaty gained publicity, the recognition of belligerency of the Cuban insurgents was discussing at Washington. If it was intended to scare the Americans, the scheme failed. The report may never be confirmed.

The republican victory in Rhode Island is a good starter in a foregone series of such occurrences, and they will grow larger as they increase in number.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer one Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CROSBY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Crosby for the last fifteen years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRISK, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WELBING, KINNAS & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c per bottle, Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free. Hall's family pills are the best.

Treasurer's Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT all County warrants endorsed prior to October 3, 1895, are now redeemable at the office of the county treasurer, and interest will cease on the same after April 9, 1896. Dated at Hillsboro, Or., this 31 day of April, 1896. J. W. SAPPINGTON, County Treasurer.

The U. S. Gov't Reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

RATIFICATION MEETING!

HILLSBORO REPUBLICAN CLUB.

At its next Regular Meeting, which occurs

TUESDAY, APRIL 14, 1896

Will Ratify the Nomination of Hon. THOS. H. TONGUE. Clubs and Citizens are invited to join with the Hillsboro Club in making this the most

STRIKING AND UNIQUE DEMONSTRATION

That has ever occurred in this County. The exercises will be held on the streets and in the Court House yard and Building. Some striking features will be announced later by hand bills.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

NEW BUSINESS

Having rented the Warehouse at East end of Madison Street Bridge and Railroad Track, East Portland, for a term of years, I am prepared to handle Flour, Grain, Mill Feed, Hay, &c.

I WILL DO A COMMISSION BUSINESS.

Also Buy and Sell. Cheap Storage. Side-track to building, 1700-foot floor space. I Load and Unload Cars. Truck to any part of the City on short notice. I have as good a stand as there is in the City for Business. I will have a Chop mill in connection. I solicit a share of your orders.

P. S.—When Farmers put their load of Grain, Feed or Hay in my hands to sell, I will keep their horses over night free of charge. No Feed Free. Thanking you for past Patronage. I remain yours. A. S. DUDLEY, 314 Hawthorn Avenue. EAST PORTLAND, OREGON.

THE DELTA DRUG STORE.

... MAIN STREET, HILLSBORO, OREGON ...

SPECIAL ATTENTION to Quality and Accuracy in Dispensing. AT LOWEST PRICES. A Fine Line of Toilet Articles, Patent Medicines, School Books, &c.

PACIFIC UNIVERSITY

THREE COLLEGE COURSES CLASSICAL, SCIENTIFIC, LITERARY

The Academy prepares for College and gives a thorough English Education, the best preparation for teaching or business. All expenses very low. Board and rooms at the Ladies' Hall \$3 to \$4 per week, including electric light and heat.

THE COLLEGE DORMITORY

Under excellent management, furnishes board and room at \$2.25 per week. Many students rent rooms and board themselves at a total cost not to exceed \$1.50 per week. For full particulars, address PRESIDENT McCLELLAND, Forest Grove, Oregon.

Fortunes are lost annually.

directly and indirectly, by people who cannot do their own figuring, write their own letters, or keep their own books; and who do not know when business and legal papers which they must handle every day are made out correctly. All these things, and much more, we teach thoroughly. Hundreds of our graduates are in good positions, and there will be openings for hundreds more when times improve. Now is the time to prepare for them. Besides, a business education is worth all it costs, for one's own use. Send for our catalogue, to learn what and how we teach. Stated free to any address.

Portland Business College.

A. P. Armstrong, Prin. Portland, Oregon. J. A. Weaco, Secretary.

THE LEADING DRUG HOUSE

HILLSBORO PHARMACY

Careful supervision by experienced physicians! Accurate dispensing by competent and painstaking pharmacists! The Hillsboro Pharmacy orders its drugs from the most reliable manufacturers only, and is thoroughly supplied with every requisite necessary for properly conducting a first-class prescription business. The proprietors are ever watchful that the most approved latest remedies are continually being added to the stock as the sciences of medicine and pharmacy advance. Being possessed of peculiar advantages in purchasing its supplies, owing to its business rule of taking trade discounts for cash from the best houses, the retail prices are consequently lower than those of most dispensing drug stores.

All the leading articles of DRUGGISTS' SUPPLIES, including the FINEST PERFUMS, TOILET ARTICLES, BRUSHES, SPONGES, ETC., are on display. A large and excellent assortment of SPECTACLES and EYE-GLASSES also on hand. PATENT MEDICINES of all popular kinds always in stock. The finest WINES and LIQUORS supplied in cases of sickness on prescription.

THE HILLSBORO PHARMACY,

L. V. BERCKMOES, WATCHMAKER

Second St., Near P. O., Hillsboro, .. WATCHES, CLOCKS .. JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, ETC. Fine and Complicated Watch Repairing. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

IF YOU WANT TO HIRE A GOOD LIVERY TEAM GO TO THE

City Livery Stable

Where you will find the Best Teams that can be had IN HILLSBORO.

EVERYTHING FIRST-CLASS.

Good Teams, Good Buggies and Good Drivers. Cor. Second and Washington Sts.