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D. M. C. GAULT, Editor.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

FRIDAY, MAY 3.

It is estimated that the British would collect the $75,000 idemnity at Corinto in thirty days' time. But then there is no Wilson bill in force down there.

Spain has done the handsome in the Alliance affair. She apologizes, and directs the Spanish gunboats not to fire at American ships sailing or steaming outside the three-mile limit.

We have another war ship, the Minneapolis, that has just been proven and found to be without fault. England will soon have to jump on us if she expects to find us unprepared.

Hatch, who was banished from Bluefields, Nicaragua, and who is the occasion of so much attention, was a saloon keeper at Bluefields, being proprietor of a joint known as "The Cactus." England may be proud of such a bloat.

Durant, charged with the assassination of two women, in a San Francisco church, has had his examination before the magistrate, and has been held without bail to await the action of the grand jury. He is in a fair position to pull hemp.

There has been an unexpected flurry in the Chicago wheat market, and prices have had an upward tendency, but here in Oregon there is no change. Indeed, there is no reason given for the eastern rise, unless it is caused by the gamblers.

They have a good many free silver democrats in Illinois, but some democrats are not for free silver. For instance, the Iroquoise Club passed anti-silver resolutions a few evenings ago, by a vote of two to one. Is there an opportunity for an unpleasantness in the party in that state?

When our mariners were shot down in a Chilian port where English preferences largely predominated, England thought the United States government was too hasty in demanding redress—that a powerful nation might properly bear patiently the irregular acts of a weak nation. Now, when weaker Nicaragua is a party and England the strong power an ultimatum is pronounced and a chief town captured, all because $75,000 "smart money" is not paid on demand.

The Chicago Times-Herald states that "the entire silver wing of the democratic party in Illinois is preparing to go over into the populist camp, boots, breeches and baggage." If that wing is really for free silver they have gone to a party that will not assist such wing to fly. The populists are not in favor of coin, but must have paper issued by the government at $50 per capita or as much more as they want. Instead of being for unlimited silver coinage they are for unlimited paper currency.

England has her warships in Corinto harbor and her marines quartered on the land, but Nicaragua has come near evening up by abandoning the town and declaring that it is not a port of entry. The polite way for Nicaragua to have rid herself of Hatch would have been to notify England that he is a person not agreeable and requested his withdrawal. That would have ended the matter, but Nicaragua is not advanced in the social ways of nations, and directly did what should have been accomplished by a round-about method.

The London St. James Gazette is out of its reckoning when it says that the Monroe doctrine has been a theory sixty-two years, but has never been acted on. At the close of the civil war an army of the United States assembled in Texas would have moved upon the French in Mexico if the Maximilian fraud had not been ended by other means. The most prominent fact about the Monroe doctrine is that it has never been more successfully disputed. Further. The English government recognizes the binding effect of the doctrine whether the press does or not. Before Uncle Sam would allow the blockade of Corinto England had to agree that no territory would be annexed.

The statement of the foreign trade for March shows that the merchandise balance has turned against this country. Reports showing exports by railroad in March, 1895, show a balance of exports over imports to the amount of $5,151,875. For the nine months of the current fiscal year, the excess of exports has been $87,234,745, against $228,457,354 in the same time of the previous year. The discrepancy may be attributable to conditions for which the democratic party is not to blame; but the people are disposed to think otherwise. And it is interesting to enquire how long this thing can run without seriously crippling the country. And admitting that the imported merchandise is cheaper than domestic, it is proper to note the number of men who have been deprived of the privilege of making the articles that have been replaced by foreign imports. Are those laborers better able to buy the cheap foreign goods?

FARM RAILROAD.

The paragraph of last week on the subject of a motor line to Forest Grove has caused some thought and even agitation that looks to organization. But of more value as a means of developing the country would be another line running north from Hillsboro to or near Glencoe, then turn westward to West Dairy creek north of Greenville. The value of such a line can hardly be estimated. All that new country in the foothills about the Dairy creeks can send tons of products to market that now but tardily reach trade centers because of the long haul over bad roads in the winter and spring. It is true, the passenger traffic might not be of great volume, but the freight would keep the transportation people busy.

How much will it cost? That depends upon the kind of a road. Suppose what is known as 56-pound iron is used. At present prices that can be laid down here for $32 per ton, and for a mile of track about 43 tons will be required, costing approximately $1,400. For a narrow guage road the grading and ties would be a minimum, and would, perhaps, cost as much more. For $3,000 per mile a road could be built from here to a point high up on West Dairy creek and stocked with engines. Let the farmers own their own freight cars to be housed in their own barns and run out to the main track on wooden ways or on 12-pound iron pulled there by a horse, when the locomotive can pick it up. The farmer could market in the rainy season quite as well as in fair weather. The farm teams would be released for farm work.

There is another advantage. Merchants at trade centers, knowing that the farms tapped by this road can be reached at all times, will place their orders there and think of going nowhere else. The best of the market will be reserved for the farmers, who thus would be placed in position to realize.

Then the timber—and the things beyond. But let us wait before dreaming further.

HOW GREAT A THING A LITTLE FIRE KINDLETH.

Some months ago a disturbance arose between the government and its native tribes at Bluefields, a province with its port, on the gulf side of Nicaragua. Riots occurred, agged on by the whites—traders looking out for the main chance. Some of these foreigners were citizens of the United States, and at least one, Hatch, a subject of Great Britain. They all alike fomented the mob and were alike expelled by the Nicaraguan government. The trader, Hatch, also united with his other duties that of performing those of English consul. He evidently is one of those dignified individuals whom we have met, and allowed himself to think that gross insults had been heaped upon him and, through him, upon his government. The Americans ate a good sized piece of humble pie, and upon promise of good behavior were permitted to go back and attend to their legitimate business. Not so, Hatch. It was too good an opportunity to mulct the little weak government. The English government fixed its own damages to its wounded honor at the sum of $75,000. No English property had been destroyed, no money had been confiscated, no lives had been taken; only a disorderly subject had been sent out of the country, wherefore, the great English nation has a wounded pride that can be bound up and restored by the application of a $75,000 plaster. Nicaragua wanted to submit the controversy to a national court that the damages, if any, might be determined by an unprejudiced jury. This England refused, but found a word that sounded sonorous and gave promise of maintaining dignity. "Ultimatum" is the word. The case stands like this: Suppose Robertson is temporarily camped on a corner of Johnson's farm and begins to girdle his timber, and do other acts tending to injure Johnson and his property. The proprietor comes down and kicks Robertson off. Robertson assumes that he is insulted, and demands damages. The land-holder proposes to go into court and submit the case to a jury. No. Nothing but the unadjusted claim will satisfy the cowardly bully. He belts on a six-shooter or two, shoulders a Winchester and sits himself down at the front gate. That's England. But when the national demand of $75,000 has been paid there is the personal claim of Hatch for damages to be adjusted.

SECRETARY KINCAIDS REPLY.

Secretary of State Kincaid has filed his reply to the complaint of the railroad commissioners. The first part of the lengthy document is in these words, after the introductory paragraph:

"That said petition and complaint does not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of suit or proceedings herein.

That said petition and complaint does not state facts sufficient to entitle plaintiff to the relief prayed for therein, or any relief.

That said petitioner and complaint does not state facts sufficient to entitle plaintiff to demand or require the performance or discharge of any act or duty by this defendant as mentioned in said petition, or at all.

Wherefore, defendant prays that said suit be quashed; that said petition and complaint be denied; that defendant be adjudged to go hence without delay and recover his costs herein."

The answer further proceeds in the nature of an argument to show that state officers are elective, not appointive, that the governor may appoint only to fill temporary vacancies, and that the terms of office of such appointees expire with the time of holding the next election. The secretary lays much stress on the neglect of the commissioners to file a new oath of office and new official bonds after the legislature failed to choose their successors.

It does not appear from the answer that the secretary expects to have the office of railroad commissions abolished, but only the old ones dismissed and new officials put in their places.

REPUBLICAN CLUBS.

In a letter to the Sun, published Tuesday morning, H. L. Wells, secretary of the State League, defines the objects and aims of the club organization more at length than was said by the INDEPENDENT recently. Mr. Wells says of the club organization:

"It is in no sense a deliberative one, and has no authority to settle matters of party policy; nor can it discuss mooted questions with benefit to itself. It is but a great working organization to help the party to victory and as an organization has no right to meddle with matters of party policy. The individual members of clubs may properly hold radically different views as to mooted questions and express them and work for them as they may choose, but the clubs as an organization have no right to do so. If gold standard men, or silver standard men, or double standard men want to organize clubs to promote their views it is perfectly proper for them to do so; but republican clubs, composed of members holding all these differing views, and especially the state league of clubs, should confine their action strictly within the scope of their object of existence and eschew all subjects the discussion of which would tend to weaken rather than strengthen the organization. I think that any person who views this matter intelligently, from the standpoint of a republican, and especially of a member of a republican club, will agree with me that it would be far better for the club organization to keep well within the object of its existence at the coming meeting, and leave the making of a state platform and the enunciation of the position of the republicans of Oregon on the financial question, or any other not definitely settled by proper authority, to a representative nominating convention. Let the conventions counsel and the clubs work, and neither interfere with the other."

"DOESN'T IT KILL YE?"

It is a wonder that the wires don't melt and refuse to carry such messages as this, found among the news reports of an Eastern paper, of date, Washington, April 25th:

"It was Secretary Gresham's intention to protest against the landing of an armed force by Great Britain. He did not hesitate to say so when Great Britain sent her ultimatum to Nicaragua. He was willing that the collection of the indemnity should be enforced by bombardment if necessary, but said boldly that the line must be drawn against the landing of an armed force and the seizure of a port. The line has not been drawn. Mr. Cleveland talked in his 'calm, judicial way,' and the secretary thought he was being sustained. But as the crisis came Mr. Cleveland refused to allow Secretary Gresham to make the protest. The situation is full of bitterness for the secretary, and he showed it to-day most plainly.

The intimation is given out that the president decided to overrule the secretary on the representations made to him by Secretary Bayard. The latter, as is well known, is strongly English in his sympathies. He has always been weak on the Monroe doctrine. The reports made to the president caused the latter to decide against Secretary Gresham's policy. The sympathy even in administration circles is largely with Judge Gresham. There is a feeling almost universal that the president has made another grave blunder in the handling of the Nicaragua affair. Even democrats, good administration democrats, are shaking their heads to-night, and wishing that Benjamin Harrison was in the White House for this emergency."

Gresham has been held in much contempt by the American people, but his sinning is not to be compared with that of Bayard and Cleveland. Oh, that we had a man for president and one for English ambassador who are "swelled up on America."

THE RIGHT KIND OF TALK.

Senator Morgan, of Alabama, chairman of the senate committee on foreign relations, in an interview on the Nicaraguan situation, characterized the insult to the consular agent, Hatch, "the flimsiest kind of a pretext on the part of Great Britain, and said that if a private individual would sue for damages on such a case, he would be laughed out of court. He had no criticism to pass on the administration, because, he said, he presumed the administration had taken proper steps to prevent Great Britain from obtaining a foothold on Nicaraguan territory.

"But if it is not," he added, "the next congress will, even if Great Britain must be driven off the continent at the point of the bayonet."

He added he did not think the canal project would be endangered by the present complications. He said:

"This case has gone far beyond the Monroe doctrine, far beyond the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. It has a character that is distinctly its own, and that rests upon higher grounds than any doctrine or any treaty ever made or enunciated. The United States and the governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica have entered into a solemn compact with each other looking to the construction of this great maritime highway; the company, composed mostly of citizens of the United States, is organized and starts its work.

"Now comes Great Britain with the domineering spirit of aggression that has marked her course throughout the history of modern times, and, upon the slimmest of pretexts, the most absurd of excuses, makes a demand upon the government of Nicaragua that she does not expect to be complied with, and all in the hope that through the default of the weaker government she will be enabled to establish a sovereignty over the territory and thus control the future development of the canal and of the traffic that may pass through it. I believe congress, at its next session, will, if nothing shall be done meanwhile by authorized powers now in authority, effectually and finally stop the aggressions of Great Britain and absolutely prevent her gaining a foothold in this most important point on the American continent. I think there is enough spirit in the American people to put a stop to this proceeding. Great Britain is not going to stop it of her own volition. Somebody must step in and be disagreeable, and this seems to be a very good opportunity for the United States to assume that role."

THE RUSSO-JAPAN QUARREL.

Willard Tillotson, of Tacoma, ex-consul-general to Japan, believes that Russia wants the port of Gensan, in Corea, for its Pacific outlet to Siberia and the eastern terminus of the trans-Siberian railway. It is this desire, he believes, that is now causing the Russian bear to growl, and may precipitate another war in the Orient. Gensan is situated on the northeast side of the Corean peninsula, and has an open harbor the year round. Mr. Tillotson says:

"I think now, as I have thought from the beginning of the trouble, that Russia will not allow a complete settlement of the question until she has secured what, above all things, she desires, an open port for the Pacific terminus of the trans-Siberian railway, as it is well known that Vladivostock, the only port that she now possesses, is closed to navigation five months of the year. It is not a matter of sentiment or principle with Russia. Her actions are entirely from selfish motives. Her interests are not jeopardized by the arrangements for peace between Japan and China, but she sees in the disturbed conditions of affairs the opportunity of the century to add to the extent of her present Asiatic possessions a small tract of country, and thereby increase their value beyond the power of computation. I am not surprised at Russia's action, but I can hardly conceive how Germany, France and Spain could be inveigled into the scheme, at the doubtful risk of plunging the whole world into a bloody war, unless China is to be bound, gagged, dismembered and partitioned among them, as has been the fate of other nations in times past. The Japanese are not perfect. They have their faults, just as other people have, but they certainly have been as reasonable in this matter as most, if not all, countries placed under similar circumstances, and no interference or bullying by outside parties can be justified on any grounds whatever, in my opinion."

England's interest in the quarrel may be gathered from these utterances of Sir Charles Dilke in the English house of commons. He says:

"Japan is now much too strong for Russia in the Pacific, or even for Russia and France combined, until they have had a couple of months' preparation. I don't believe Germany will send troops there in any event."

"Do you regard the situation as likely to result in hostilities between Russia and Japan?"

"Well, one's knowledge of facts is so limited that it is impossible to give a definite opinion. But their relations could not well be more strained than they are now without actual war. It is evident that Russia feels very strongly, and will act accordingly, if Japan fails to propitiate her. France will follow Russia in anything she does."

"The ultimate result of such a war would be the overthrow of Japan, would it not?"

"Undoubtedly. These two powers would crush Japan eventually."

"What would the policy of England then be?"

"Great Britain would not move until her interests were directly touched, when, of course, she would safeguard them. But until that happens it is apparent she will stand strictly neutral."

Notice of Assignment.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT Bowlby & Stinchcombe and Wilson E. Bowlby and George Stinchcombe, of Forest Grove, Washington County, Oregon, have made an assignment to the undersigned of all of their property for the benefit of all of their creditors. That such assignment has been filed in the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Washington County, and that I have duly qualified and entered upon the discharge of my duties as such assignee.

All creditors, therefore, of any of the above named assigners are hereby notified to present their claims, under oath, to me, at the Bank of Forest Grove, in Forest Grove, Washington County, Oregon, within three months from the date hereof.

Forest Grove, Oregon, March 28, 1895.

45-51 C. M. REED,

Assignee of the estate of Bowlby & Stinchcombe, and of W. E. Bowlby and George Stinchcombe.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

SHERIFF'S SALE ON FORECLOSURE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION, DEcree and order of sale, issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Washington County, in favor of Preston M. Jackson, plaintiff, and against John C. Hall, and N. B. Hall, Charles E. Hall, administrator of the estate of John C. Hall, deceased; Charles E. Hall, George A. Hall, Perry C. Hall, and Lottie G. Hall substituted as defendants in place of John C. Hall, deceased, defendants, for the sum of $47.50, costs, and for the further sum of $2471.50, U. S. gold coin, with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent per annum, from the 10th day of April, 1895, and for the costs and expenses of sale and of said writ.

Now, therefore, by virtue and in pursuance of said judgment, decree and order of sale, I will, on Monday, the 27th day of May, 1895, at the south door of the Court House, in Hillsboro, Washington County, Oregon, at the hour of 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following-described real property, to-wit:

All of that piece, parcel and tract of land lying, being and situate in Washington County, Oregon, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a stone in the county road 20 chains east from the southwest corner of section 34, town 1 north, range 1 west Willamette meridian, and running thence north 21 57 chains to a post on the north line of the donation land claim of Josiah Hall, thence west on the north line of said claim 24.25 chains to a stone in the county road, thence southerly along the county road to the place of beginning, containing 31 acres, to satisfy the hereinbefore named sums, and for the costs and expenses of said sale. Said property will be sold subject to redemption as per statute of Oregon.

Witness my hand this 25th day of April, 1895. H. P. FORD.

Sheriff of Washington County, Oregon.

48-52

SHERIFF'S SALE ON FORECLOSURE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECTTION, DEcree and order of sale, issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Washington county, in favor of M. M. Watts, plaintiff, and against Daniel B. Wilcoxon, Clara Dixon Matt Shaible, M. E. Lilly, and E. W. Haines and J. W. Bailey, defendants, for the sum of $36.85, costs, and for the further sum of $638.32, U. S. gold coin, with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent per annum, from the 10th day of April, 1895, and for the costs and expenses of sale and of said writ.

Now, therefore, by virtue and in pursuance of said judgment, decree and order of sale, I will, on Monday, the 27th day of May, 1895, at the south door of the Court House, in Hillsboro, Washington County, Oregon, at the hour of 10 30 o'clock A. M., of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following-described real property, to-wit:

Lying, being and situate in Washington county, Oregon, and described as all of the S W ¼ of the N W ¼ and the N W ¼ of the S W ¼ of section 30, T 1 N R 4 W of the Willamette meridian, and the S E ¼ of the N E ¼, and N ½ of the S E ¼ of section 25, T 1 N R 5 W of Willamette meridian, containing 160 acres, to satisfy the hereinbefore named sums, and for the costs and expenses of said sale.

Said property will be sold subject to redemption as per statute of Oregon.

Witness my hand this 25th day of April, 1895. H. P. FORD.

Sheriff of Washington County, Oregon.

48-52

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION, decree and order of sale, issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Washington County, in favor of M. L. Gove, and against M. E. Durphy, B. F. Durphy, J. A. Reid, Laura Reid, A. J. Webb and M. A. Webb, for the sum of $15.90, costs, and for the further sum of $1,049.00, U. S. gold coin, with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent per annum, from the 25th day of March, 1895, for the sum of $100, attorney's fees, with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from March, 1895, and for the costs and expenses of sale and of said writ.

Now, therefore, by virtue and in pursuance of said judgment, decree and order of sale, I will, on Monday, the 27th day of May, 1895, at the south door of the Court House, in Hillsboro, Washington County, Oregon, at the hour of 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real property, to-wit:

Lying, being and situate in Washington County, Oregon, and described as follows, to-wit: All of the W ½ of the S W ¼ and the S E ¼ of the S W ¼ of section 34, township 2 S R 2 west of the Willamette meridian, containing 120 acres, more or less, to satisfy the hereinbefore named sums, and for the costs and expenses of said sale.

Said property will be sold subject to redemption as per statute of Oregon.

Witness my hand this 18th day of April, 1895. H. P. FORD,

Sheriff of Washington County, Oregon.

47-51

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION, DEcree and order of sale, issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Washington County, in favor of S. B. Huston, plaintiff, and against John E. Davidson and W. F. Hollenbeck, defendants, for the sum of $25.30, costs, and for the further sum of $163.80, U. S. gold coin, with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent per annum, from the 25d day of April, 1895, and for the costs and expenses of sale and of said writ.

Now, therefore, by virtue and in pursuance of said judgment, decree and order of sale, I will on Monday, the 27th day of May, 1895, at the south door of the Court House, in Hillsboro, Washington County, Oregon, at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real property, to-wit:

Being the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section twenty, T 2 S R 3 W of the Willamette meridian, in Washington County, State of Oregon, to satisfy the hereinbefore named sums, and for the costs and expenses of said sale.

Said property will be sold subject to redemption as per statute of Oregon.

Witness my hand this 25th day of April, 1895. H. P. FORD.

Sheriff of Washington County, Oregon.

48-52

THE

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S. HAWORTH,

Publishers' Agent,

Newberg, . . Oregon.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT Thomas J. Willis, administrator of the estate of Sterling Willis, deceased, has this day filed his final account in said estate, and that Monday, May 27th, 1895, has been set for hearing the same. All persons interested in said estate are hereby notified to appear at said time, in said court, and make objections, if any they have, to the allowance of said final account.

April 23, 1895. B. P. CORNELIUS,

48-52 County Judge.

SHERIFF'S SALE ON FORECLOSURE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION, decree and order of sale, issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Washington County, in favor of Phillip G. Hassler, as executor of the last will and testament of J. H. Hassler, deceased, and against J. S. Adams, and Martha Adams, Ed. C. Giltner, Minerva Newton, as administratrix of the estate of Elias Newton, deceased, and Zina Wood and W. H. Wehrung, for the sum of $19.40, costs, and for the further sum of $575, U. S. gold coin, with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, from the 24th day of May, 1894, and for the further sum of $245, with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, from the 15th day of August, 1894, and for the costs and expenses of sale and of said writ.

Now, therefore, by virtue and in pursuance of said judgment, decree and order of sale, I will, on Monday, the 20th day of May, 1895, at the south door of the Court House, in Hillsboro, Washington County, Oregon, at the hour of 10:30 o'clock A. M., of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real property, to-wit:

Lots 1 and 2 in block 2, in Humphreys' addition to the Town of Hillsboro, in the State of Oregon, County of Washington, to satisfy the hereinbefore named sums, and for the costs and expenses of said sale.

Said property will be sold subject to redemption as per statute of Oregon.

Witness my hand this 18th day of April, 1895. H. P. FORD,

Sheriff of Washington County, Oregon.

47-51

CITATION.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE State of Oregon, for the County of Washington.

In the matter of the estate of Samuel C. Snider, deceased: To Mary A. Joy, Alice Elliott, Ella Horner, Belle Bauer, Susan Corth, Edward S. Snider, Archie Snider, Josiah Snider, and J. C. Corey, administrator of the estate of Samuel C. Snider, deceased, and to all others interested in said estate, greeting:

In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby cited and required to appear in the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Washington, at the Court room thereof, at Hillsboro in the County of Washington, on Monday, the 27th day of May, 1895, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon of that day, then and there to appear and show cause, if any, why an order should not be made herein, allowing the administrator of said estate to sell the hereinafter described real estate belonging to the estate of Samuel C. Snider, deceased, to pay the costs of and expenses of administration and the claims against said estate, said real estate being situated in Washington County, Oregon, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Being the northwest quarter of section six, (6) town 2 north range 2 west Willamette meridian, and containing 160 acres.

Witness, the Hon. B. P. Cornelius, Judge of the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Washington, with the seal of said County affixed, this 23d day of April, A. D., 1895.

48-52 Attest: R. B. GOODIN, Clerk.

SHERIFF'S SALE ON FORECLOSURE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION, DEcree and order of sale, issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Washington County, in favor of Phillip Sedlak, plaintiff, and against Frederick Essig, formerly Wolf, Conrad Essig, Mary Wolf, George Wolf, William Wolf, Flora Wolf, Lewis Wolf, Edward Wolf, Dorothea Wolf and Sylvester Wolf, (minors) and Thos. D. Humphrey, defendants, for the sum of $38.70, costs, and for the further sum of $1053.00, U. S. gold coin, with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, from the 8th day of March, 1895, and for the costs and expenses of sale and of said writ.

Now, therefore, by virtue and in pursuance of said judgment, decree and order of sale, I will, on Monday, the 27th day of May, 1895, at the south door of the Court House, in Hillsboro, Washington County, Oregon, at the hour of 10:30 o'clock A. M., of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following-described real property, to-wit:

Lying, and being in Washington County, Oregon, and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at a point 4.19 chains west of the quarter section corner between sections two and eleven, in town one south of range three west of the Willamette meridian, thence south on the east line of T. R. Cornelius' land 35.47 chains to a post in the center of ditch, thence east 11 28 chains, thence north 35.47 chains to a post on said section line between said sections two and eleven aforesaid, thence west on said section line 11.47 chains to place of beginning, containing 40 acres of land, to satisfy the hereinbefore named sums, and for the costs and expenses of said sale.

Said property will be sold subject to redemption as per statute of Oregon.

Witness my hand this 25th day of April, 1895. H. P. FORD,

Sheriff of Washington County, Oregon.

48-52

SHERIFF'S SALE ON FORECLOSURE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION, decree and order of sale, issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Washington County, in favor of Philip Lowengart, plaintiff, and against Alexander Kunz and Johanna Kunz, defendants, for the sum of $15.90, costs, and for the further sum of $1.500, U. S. gold coin, with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, from the 23 day of January, 1894, and for the costs and expenses of sale and of said writ.

Now, therefore, by virtue and in pursuance of said judgment, decree and order of sale, I will, on Monday, the 20th day of May, 1895, at the south door of the Court House, in Hillsboro, Washington County, Oregon, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real property, to-wit:

The parcel of land situated in Washington County, State of Oregon, described as a part of division one of the south half of the donation land claim of J. D. Richardson in section 26, township 1 south of range 1 west of the Willamette meridian and more particularly described as commencing at the northwest corner of the south half of the said J. D. Richardson donation land claim, in section 26, township 1 south of range 1 west of the Willamette meridian; thence south 18.63 chains to a stake 1.37 chains north of the southeast corner of the donation land claim of James Davies; thence south 66 degrees 35 minutes east 14 45 chains to a stake on the east line of division 1 of the south half of said claim; thence north on the east line of said division 1 of said claim 24.35 chains to the northeast corner of same; thence west 13.53½ chains to the place of beginning, containing 28.50 acres of land, more or less, save and excepting five acres of land in the south half of the donation land claim of J. D. Richardson, in section 26, township 1 south of range 1 west of Willamette meridian, and more particularly described as beginning at a stake in the road 1.37 chains north of the southeast corner of the donation land claim of James Davies, in said section 26, township 1 south range 1 west of the Willamette meridian; thence south 66 degrees 35 minutes east 2.80 chains to a stake in the road; thence north 5 minutes east 19.40 chains to a stake on the north line of the south half of the J. D. Richardson donation land claim; thence west 2.75 chains to the northwest corner of the same; thence south 26 minutes east 18.28 chains to the place of beginning, to satisfy the hereinbefore named sums, and for the costs and expenses of said sale.

Said property will be sold subject to redemption as per statute of Oregon.

Witness my hand this 18th day of April, 1895. H. P. FORD,

Sheriff of Washington County, Oregon.

47-51

THE LEADING DRUG HOUSE

—THE—

HILLSBORO PHARMACY

Careful supervision by experienced physicians! Accurate dispensing by competent and painstaking pharmacists!

The Hillsboro Pharmacy orders its drugs from the most reliable manufacturers only, and is thoroughly supplied with every requisite necessary for properly conducting a first-class prescription business. The proprietors are ever watchful that the most-approved latest remedies are continually being added to the stock as the sciences of medicine and pharmacy advance. Being possessed of peculiar advantages in purchasing its supplies, owing to its business rule of taking trade discounts for cash from the best houses, the retail prices are consequently lower than those of most dispensing drug stores.

All the leading articles of DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, including the FINEST PERFUMES, TOILET ARTICLES, BRUSHES, SPONGES, ETC., are on display.

A large and excellent assortment of SPECTACLES and EYE-GLASSES is also on hand.

PATENT MEDICINES of all popular kinds always in stock.

The finest WINES and LIQUORS supplied in cases of sickness on prescription

THE HILLSBORO PHARMACY,

Union Block, ... Hillsboro, Oregon.

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

PLANTER AND DUKE OF PORTLAND

Will make the Season of 1895 at the Fair Grounds, Hillsboro, upon the following terms:

Single Service, ...	$10.00
Season, with privilege of return, .	20.00
Insurance, ...	25.00

PLANTER

Sire of Pandora, 2:27. Pauline (3) 2:29¼. Is a horse of rich color, good size, good trotting action, and is a brother in blood to Patronage, the sire of the trotting queen, Alix, 203¾. His sire, Pancost, was the son of a trotter, a trotter himself and is the sire of trotters.

Lucla, the dam of Planter, is the dam of Day Dream, (4) 2:21¼, and Chancewood, 2:25¼, and is the grandam of Wyatt, 2:27, Monta Vista, 2:28¼, Nida Wilkes, 2:12¾.

Trusty, the second dam of Planter, is the dam of Ducalion, 2:22, Scotland Maid, 2:28¼, and John Love, 2:28¾, and the grandam of Day Dream, 2:21¼, and Sanburn, 2:20¼.

DUKE OF PORTLAND

Is a remarkably handsome horse. He stands full 16 hands high, weighs 1200 pounds, and is a half brother to the great Axtell, record of 2:12 at three years old, and to an old sulky. His sire, William L, is a full brother to Guy Wilkes, one of the greatest sires of race horses in America.

His first dam is by Mambrino Star, 2:28.

His second dam by Volenteer.

DUKE OF POLTLAND is a young horse and has had but little opportunity in the stud. What few colts he has, are large, handsome and good gaited.

For Further Information, Address

THOS. H. TONGUE,

HILLSBORO, - - WASHINGTON COUNTY, - - OREGON.

CHAS. K. JACKSON H. W. SCOTT

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Forest Grove, . . Oregon.

A GREAT BARGAIN

BUSINESS IS STIRRING again, but at low figures, as is always the case after such a panic as we are just emerging from.

I have a large prairie farm in Union county, of 980 acres, with good house of six rooms, a good barn, 400 acres in cultivation and is watered by Catherine Creek This land lies in the immediate vicinity of the famous Nodine Ranch, that consists of 4,000 acres of the finest land in the county. The price of this 980 acres has recently been dropped from $14,000 to $10,290—only $11 per acre. Think of it! $4,800 can rest for three to five years at 8 per cent interest, and we will take $5 000 in good farm land in this county. This may prove a great boon to an energetic man who has the proper foresight, and the pluck and energy that leads on to victory triumphant.

This tract of land can be divided into two parcels, and either sold or traded. See

W. H. RUCKER,

For information about this farm.

THE U. S. GOVERNMENT Reports Show Royal Baking Powder Superior to all Others.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Our partrons will find De Witt's Little Early Risers a safe and reliable remedy for constipation, dyspepsia and liver complaints. W. E. Brock

QUITE SURPRISING!

Yet very pleasing is the now offer made by SCHULMERICH & SON in Summer Dress Goods; and their

NEW LINE OF SHOES

Just what every person needs—and at such prices! No one needs go in shabby clothes or poor foot wear when you can get such bargains. Their new Umbrellas and Parasols can not be duplicated in style or price.

SCHULMERICH & SON,

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

HILLSBORO, OREGON.

HILLSBORO HOUSE

J. NORTHROP, . Proprietor

Cor. Second and Washington Streets

NEWLY FURNISHED AND RENOVATED

A FIRST CLASS TABLE, and all accommodations for the convenience of guests.

Charges Reasonable