HILLSBORO INDEPENDENT.

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D. M. C. GAULT, Editor.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

FRIDAY, AUGUST 17.

The news report of Monday state that the presiding officer ruled the house with an iron hand. Was Czar Reed in the chair?

News reports from Indianapolis say that the democrats of that state in convention assembled denounced Gormanism and indorsed the president's letter to Wilson. They will now perhaps remember their experience in eating crow in 1872.

Santo, the anarchist slayer of Pres. Carnot, of France, was tried and convicted last week. Yesterday morning, August 16th, at 5 o'clock, the sharp knife of the guilotine severed his head from the trembling trunk and the coward now cumbers the ground no more.

A petition has been filed in an Illinois court praying for the disolution of the Pullman Co's. charter. In booming times such a step would not have been thought of, but in these times of depression some wrecker has determined if he is able to still further paralyze an industry.

First Citizen—"With what consistency can Indiana democrats in state convention, adopt a free silver resolution, and one endorsing President Cleveland's administration?" Second Citizen—"With about the same consistency as to endorse Cleveland and the Chicago platform."

Republicans some years ago threw away the advalorum system of imposing duties except in a few instances and laid specific duties instead. Now the democrats take up the old system with all its opportunities for fraud, and herald it as the great panacea for imperfections claimed to exist in the law of 1890.

Beet sugar factories in eastern Oregon ought to be profitable. On the river bottoms and upland too, where irrigation is possible, the beet grows to perfection and the transportation charges from the seaboard to the consumers is a sufficient protective tariff—at least for the amount consumed by the people of that section.

Dr. Wallace seems to have the best of his critics in the matter of the theater actors. At least the only way they seek to answer him is to charge that he said what he did for advertising purposes. If they have no better arguments than that, they had better remain quiet. Even some of the county papers have taken up the "cheap notoriety" song where the Portland people laid it down.

Forest Grove Times has a bur under the saddle and is uneasy. Hillsboro is not complaining to any great extent because if there are vacant houses, there is certain assurance that its population will be comfortably sheltered. Hillsboro chooses to put its money into attractive homes rather than pay a $30,000 subsidy to a railway company conditioned that one of its well-disposed neighbors shall be left two miles to one side of the route.

Four tariff bills were introduced in the house and promptly passed. One admits sugar free of duty, another admits iron free of duty. A third admits coal free of duty, and the last puts barbed wire on the free list. With these bills the house proposes to soothe the wound of their backdown to the senate. The bills at once were transmitted to the senate when presto! the free sugar bill ran against Secretary Carlisle's estimate of a $30,000,000 deficiency if sugar is not taxed. There will be no free sugar, no free iron nor free coal, and it has been whispered that there is a barbed wire trust.

How much does the sugar trust realize under the Gorman-Brice bill? On raw sugar the duty is 40 per cent, on refined sugar the duty is also 40 per cent. The price of raw sugar is about two cents per pound, while refined sugar in foreign markets sells for three and a fraction. The protection of 40 per cent on raw sugar goes to the planter. The protection that accrues on the refined over and above what is on the raw goes to the refiner, who in this country is the sugar trust. Tax on a pound of refined sugar bought in France at 40 per cent on 2 cents of its cost protects the planter while 40 per cent on the third cent of its cost is for the sugar trust. Forty per cent on this one cent is a flat protection of 2-5 of a cent. Then there is an addition specific duty of 1-10 of a cent per pound on all refined sugar imported from those countries paying a bounty on sugar, and since France and Germany, bounty paying countries, are those who furnish the refined sugar, that may be added to the trust's protection. Last, there is a differential of ¼ cent per pound, wherefore the items added together gives ⅝ of a cent per pound. The McKinley bill gave only 4-8 of a cent. Wherefore the senate sees the McKinley bill and goes one better. It is no wonder that the disgusted congressman exclaimed on Monday that every housewife in the country would be denouncing the democratic reform tariff bill.

TWO HORNS TO THE DILEMA.

Some days ago President Cleveland wrote the famous Wilson letter wherein he characterized the senate tariff bill to be one of "perfidy and dishonor," and now he has to approve it or write his veto. Which ought he to do? The Telegram (democratic) thinks a veto is the right thing, and that paper is right. After what has been said and done no other course is left open for him. But will he take hold of the right horn? Probably not. Indeed, as a party measure, the house never ought to have concurred in the senate amendments, and the bill is so monstrous that congressmen cannot on patriotic grounds, justify their action.

In overwhelmingly democratic states it makes no difference what the issue is, democratic congressmen will be returned, as witness the result in Alabama last week. But in close states the conditions are quite different. In all those states where elections have been held during this administration no democratic orator has been able to convince a majority of the voters that the present depression is not in some way the result of democratic rule. It makes no difference whether true or not the fact remains. Now what the house ought to have done was to repudiate the senate amendments and put the whole responsibility for lack of tariff legislation on the senate, compel that body to champion the trusts as it seems willing to do and make an anti-trust campaign. It is true this would not be a fight against republicans, but then they could not assail the democrats since they will not espouse the cause of the trusts. Such a dust might be raised that an occasional man would slip in. But the opportunity has passed for the house, and the president, too, will idle away his opportunity.

DEPTH OF INFAMY.

Rourk Cockran, the eloquent New York representative, made a short speech in the house on Monday in opposition to the passage of the senate amendments. It is entertaining just now. This is it:

"Mr. Speaker: It seems to me that the question before the house has been somewhat overlooked. The vital point at issue here is whether the American congress is to legislate or whether some unknown, unmentioned force can block the wheels of legislation and make the representatives of the people cower in the dust and surrender, they know not to whom. On a momentous occasion the gentleman from West Virginia, borne upon affectionate and loyal shoulders, was the central figure of a demonstration which evidenced the depth of feeling throughout America—feeling pent up, but at last fondly considered triumphant over all obstructions. Today no more pathetic figure in the history of the world can be observed than that same leader, shorn of his support, walking down these aisles, disdaining to prevaricate or misrepresent the actual condition which confronts us, confessing that he has been deserted by those in whose support he has every reason to confide, asking us to record our betrayal of every principle which the house, under his leadership has maintained.

We are told that three, four, five, six or eight individuals have managed to make such a combination in the other branch that anything in its terms would be vital to the passage of the measure. If that is so, in the name of the American people, in the name of liberty and honor, let us know who they are.

"We are hopelessly discredited because of our cowardly and disgraceful surrender. Mr. Speaker, I desire to state here that, in my humble judgment, the measure which we are now asked to pass is a more obnoxious protective measure than the McKinley act which it is designed to supplant. If we are to swallow this whole obnoxious bill, then in the name of fair play, in the name of propriety, in the name of decency, in the name of American liberty and American freedom, let the gentleman from West Virginia (Wilson), tell us to whom we are surrendering; tell us who they are who constitute the new force in this government to which we are compelled to pay tribute; tell us fully, without reserve the character of the action which he asks us to take that we may judge the depth of infamy into which we are invited to descend."

HOOD VIEW.

Hood view has recently been enclosed with a new board fence, hence our delay with news matter. We were fenced "in."

Born—to the wife of Mr. Frank Seely, a 10 pound boy, August 8th.

Miss Crocket, of Portland, is visiting Miss Mores.

Mrs. L. B. Brown has gone to Newberg to spend a few days with her mother, Mrs. Bell.

Prof. Yenicks, of Salem, has just returned home from a visit at Graham's Ferry.

Some of our boys are a little too fresh in throwing their neighbors' wood astray. Last summer they rolled several cord down a deep ravine, and were made to split and carry it up the hill which fully paid them for their fun. Last week they tumbled about half a cord into the river. The owner of the wood caught them at their trick, but, sorry for the boys, they were in swimming and the wood owner seized their trousers. They pleaded and got some of their friends to help them and recovered their trousers, but one poor man did not recover his wood.

Most of our leasure farmers have taken their families and wives and even their neighbors' wives and gone to the coast.

STIRRED THE SUGAR WITH AN IRON SPOON.

The tariff bill that has been before congress for a year, and before the people for more than two years, passed the house, after being amended in the senate, at 6 o'clock p. m. Monday evening. The vote in the house is a complete back down by that body. Mr. Cleveland named the bill one of "perfidy and dishonor," and his democratic supporters voted for it. It was a humiliating spectacle. Gorman, who was so roundly abused last week, is master of the situation. They were small dogs that barked at him.

That a glimpse may be had of the feelings of poor Wilson, the following paragraphs from his last speech are given. How changed from the grand periods pronounced just before the bill first passed the house. The father of the original bill stirred the sugar with the iron spoon which he could not remove from the caldron:

"Mr. Speaker, I have made the motion, which I have sent to the clerk's desk, not on my own responsibility, or from my own volition, but as the official monthpiece of the caucus of my associates on this side of the house, and by their direction. I shall say very little myself on this occasion in advocacy of the motion, and I am sincere and frank in what I shall submit to the house. I do not pretend I am gratified at the outcome of this prolonged controversy. I do not pretend that up to the very last I had not cherished the hope and faith that we would reach another and a better and more satisfactory conclusion of this conflict between the two houser of the American congress. I had hoped and believe, until there seemed to be no ground scarcely for hope or belief that in such a contest the house, backed by the people and enthusiastically sustained by the democratic party, would be able to achieve some honorable compromise between the two houses which we could have accepted, not from a sense of duty, but with a sense of satisfaction and a feeling that we had responded to the mandates of the American people.

"But, Mr. Speaker, we have simply realized in this great fight the fact so well stated by the great leader of tariff reform, that when the people had gained a victory at the polls, they must have a further stand-up-and knock-down fight with their own representatives. And we have realized, if nothing else, the salutary lesson of the intrenchment of the political system in this country, under 30 years of class legislation, until the mere matter of tariff schedules is a matter of insignificance, and the great question presents itself,—is this to be a government by a self-taxing people, or a government by trusts and monopolists?"

The sugar trust that is here so severely criticised threw its thousands in the democratic campaign fund. It is a democratic institution. But here is a little on the other side of the question from Reed, of Maine. That thorn said:

"I am somewhat reluctant to address the house but my feelings are divided between two emotions. One is an emotion of regret for the democratic party and for its position, and the other is a feeling of regret for the country and its position. As far as gentlemen from West Virginia is concerned and his compatriots, there is not the slightest necessity of my commenting on the difference of this scene of sorrow and the procession which carried him out of this house (laughter.) He is not so joyous now, having been carried out in another branch and more effectually. It is unfortunate for the gentlemen from West Virginia and his compatriots that they have had to contend with gentlemen of so much more capacity and skill. Undoubtedly the house conferrees means well. Undoubtedly their intentions were honorable, but they were no match for the gentleman whom they met in the other branch. They were not so skillful as these men. Why, our conferres came back to us, gentlemen, without as much as the name of the bill they transported across this building a month ago. It will be known in history as Gorman-Brice v. Wilson bill, dead. (Laughter and applause.) And not dead on the field of honor either (renewed laughter and applause.) They are little babes in the woods, and it will be found pretty soon that they were left there by their uncle in the White house (great laughter.) I can hear the humming of the pinions of the little birds bearing the ballots that are to bury them out of sight." (Laughter.)

BUXTON.

T. B. Hogan has gone to Portland to spend a few weeks with his brother, C. L. Hogan.

Tom Varley returned home on Tuesday.

Mrs. Poteet, of Forest Grove, spent Sunday in Glenwood.

J. D. Strait and A. Fulton were seen going to their claims on the Nehalem, Monday.

Grandpa Morrell is visiting a few days with his son, A. Morrell.

Mr. Donahue arrived home Friday from Portland after a week's visit.

Quite a number of young folks from Hillside spent a very pleasant day on Gales Creek, fishing and enjoying the day.

Mrs. Lizzie Griffin came home Sunday from Forest Grove.

Bears are getting to be quite numerous in our part of the country, as they have taken several sheep for Mr. Bateman.

Miss Belle Baker has returned home after teaching a successful term of school at Graystone district.

CARLISLE AND THE SUGAR TRUST.

A special news report from Washington to St. Louis Globe-Democrat of date, August 10th, gives this history of the sugar schedule and the part that Secretary Carlisle had in its preparation:

A leading republican Senator has secured a photographic copy of the sugar schedule containing the interlineations made by Secretary Carlisle, and containing the provisions that the Hawaiian treaty shall remain in force, which appears in the Secretary's handwriting appended to the bottom of the schedule. It is proposed to flood the country with reproductions of this photograph for the purpose of showing that the schedule wanted by the trust was that written by Secretary Carlisle substantially as it stands to-day in the Gorman bill and interlined by him so as to make it still more favorable by making the duty on refined sugars 45 per cent ad valorem, instead of 40 per cent, with ⅛c a pound added to, and that the proposition for continuing the Hawaiian treaty, which is estimated to be worth $9,000,000 a year to the trust, was added in the Secretary's handwriting. This interesting document is a sheet of paper of the kind known as "fools-cap," on part which is written a sugar schedule, done with a typewriter. Between the lines in the body of the document, and extending far below the typewritten portion, may be seen the handwritting of the Secretary of the Treasure. Below these, in lead pencil, ni the handwriting of James K. Jones, the active repsentativa of the Democratic majority of the Finance Commitee, may be found these words:

"Put in Carlisle's provision."

On the back of this paper, in lead pencel, and also in Senator Jones' handwriting is the curious direction:

"Put in more instead of less."

THE PHOTOGRAPHIC COPY.

The followiug is a full copy of the photograph of the sugar schedule:

"On and after January 1, 1895 there shall be levied and collected on all sugar not above No. 16, Dutch standard in color, and on all tank bottoms, syrups of cane juice or of beet juice, melada, concentrated molasses a duty of 40 per ceut ad valorem, and upon all sugars above No. 16, Dutch standered in color, there shall be levied and collected a duty of 45 per cent ad valorem; and on all sugar, tank, bottoms, syrups of cane juice or of beet juice, melada, concentrated molasses, which is improved, imported from, or is the product of any country which at the time the same is exported therefrom pays, directly or indirectly, a bounty on the export thereof, shall pay a duty of one-tenth of 1 per cent per pound in addition to the foregoing rates. Provided, that nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to abrogate, or in any manner impair or affect, the provision of the treat yof commerce and reciprocity concluded between the United States and the King of the Hawaiian Islands on the 30th day of January, 1875, or the provisions of any act of Congress heretofore passed for the execution of the same."

WHAT HAVEMEYER DEMANDS.

Henry O. Havemeyer, President of the sugar trust, said yesterday what tariff schedule he demands and is fighting for. In his wall street office he was asked point-black what that schedule is and he replied with a single woad, "McKinley's.

Mr. Havemeyer was in a great hurry to catch a train, and said no more. It is to be taken for granted that he spoke seriously. He did not explain what he ment by saying he wanted the McKinley bill to coninue. If he was in earnest it will be taken to mean an entire change of front on the part of the Sugar Trust, whose supposed agents in the capital have been fighting for other things and threatening to slaughter the whole measure if persistently opposed be the house.

The McKinley act places a duty of ⅛c per pound on refined sugar, or sugar above No. 16, Dutch standard, with one tenth of 1c additional under sugar exported. Raw sugar is free. This is the first authoritative public expression on record as coming from Havemeyer.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

SHERIFF'S FORECLOSURE SALE.

BY virtue of an execution and order of sale to me duly directed, duly issued out of and under the seal of the Circuit Court of the state of Oregon, for the county of Washington, bearing date the 16th day of August, A. D., 1894, upon a certain judgment and decree duly rendered by said court, upon the 24th day of July, 1894, in favor of J. Bertrand Jones, plaintiff, and against Caroline M. Cowgill, W. C. Cowgill and J. M. Huber, defendants, for the sum of two thousand five hundred and thirty-eight and 7-100 dollars ($2538.07), with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum from the 24th day of July, 1894, together with the further sum of ninety-one and 55-100 dollars, costs and disbursements; and also upon a judgment and decree duly rendered in said suit, by said court, on the said 24th day of July, 1894, in favor of the said defendant, J. M. Huber, and against the said defendants, Caroline M. Cowgill and W. C. Cowgill, for the sum of one thousand two hundred and twenty-six and 28-100 dollars ($1226.28), with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the 24th day of July, 1894, together with the further sum of $—, costs and disbursements, commanding and requiring me to sell the following-described real property and premises situated in said county of Washington, state of Oregon, town:

Blocks 26, 27, 28 and 29, as shown upon the plat of J. B. Jones' addition to Beaverton, as the same appears of record in the office of the recorder of conveyances in said Washington county, together with the dwelling house situate th reon on Blanch street, between blocks numbered 27 and 29.

Now, therefore, by virtue of said decree, execution and order of sale, and in compliance with the command of said writ, I will, on Saturday, the 15th day of September, A. D., 1894, at the hour of ten o'clock A. M., at the south Courthouse door of said county, in the city of Hillsboro therein, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, subject to redemption, for United States gold coin, cash in hand, the above described real property and premises, together with the dwelling-house situate thereon on Blanch street, between blocks numbered 22 and 29.

Dated August 16th, A. D., 1894.

12-16 H. P. FORD,
Sheriff of the county of Washington, State of Oregon.
By E. C. Hoguns, deputy.

CITATION.

IN the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the county of Washington.

In the matter of the estate of Jules Van Damme, deceased. } Citation.

To Leo Van Damme and to all persons interested in the estate of Jules Van Damme, deceased, greeting:

In the Name of the State of Oregon You are hereby cited and required to appear in the County Court of the State of Oregon for the county of Washington, at the court room thereof, at Hillsboro, in the county of Washington, on Monday, the 1st day of October, 1894, at 10 o'clock, in the forenoon of that day, then and there to show cause, if any exist, why an order should not be made, authorizing and directing Peter Deltco, administrator of the estate of Jules Van Damme, deceased, to sell at public auction in the manner provided by law, the real property that belonged to Jules Van Damme, deceased, in his lifetime and is now the property of his estate, and which is described as follows, to-wit: Situate in T 1 N R 3 W. More particular described as commencing at a point two rods west of the southeast corner of the homestead land claim of Joshua W. Marsh, in section 25, T 1 N R 3 W thence west to the southwest corner of said homestead claim, thence south, along the line of the Henry Black donation land claim to the southeast corner of Henry Black donation land claim, thence east to within two rods of the section line between sections 21 and 20 in said T 1 N R 3 west, thence north to the place of beginning. Second Parcel: Commencing at a point 1 rod east of the northeast corner of the donation land claim of E. J. N. Beck and wife, in section 21 T 1 N R 3 W of the Willamette meridian, thence east 28 rods, thence north 40 rods, thence west 28 rods, thence south 40 rods, to the place of beginning. The two tracts containing 45 acres, more or less, as prayed for in the petition of the said Peter Deltco, administrator as aforsaid, and which petition was filed in the County Court of the state of Oregon, for Washington county, on August 9, 1894.

Witness, the Hon. B. P. Cornelius, Judge of the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Washington with the seal of said court affixed, this 14th day of August, A. D. 1894.

Attest: H. B. GOODIN, Clerk.
[SEAL] 12-16 By F. T. KANZ, Deputy.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of an execution issued out of the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Washington County, in favor of F. A. Bailey as plaintiff and against J. W. Davidson, O. A. Davidson and H. S. Davidson as defendants for the sum of $22 20, costs, and for the further sum of $410.25 U. S. gold coin, with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, from the 20th day of November, 1893, and for the costs and expenses of sale and of said writ

Now, therefore, by virtue and in pursuance of said judgment, I have levied upon and will on Monday, the 17 day of September, 1894, at the south door of the court house, in Hillsboro, Washington County, Oregon, at the hour of 10:30 o'clock A. M., of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following-described real property, to-wit:

Lying, being and situate in the County of Washington, State of Oregon, and more particularly described as follows: N E ¼ of N W ¼ sec 14 T 2 N R 4 W, also east ½ of S E ¼ of N W ¼ sec 14 T 2 N R 4 W, also S E ¼ of S E ¼ sec 30 T 2 N R 4 W, in all 100 acres, to satisfy the hereinbefore named sums, and for the costs and expenses of said sale. Said property will be sold subject to redemption as per statute of Oregon.

Witness my hand this 15th day of August, 1894.

H. P. FORD,
Sheriff of Washington County, Oregon.
12-16 By E. C. Hoguns, Deputy.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of an execution, decree and order of sale, issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Washington County, in favor of James S. Polhemus, and against Wm. H. Neabeach, Emma Neabeach, Joe Waddel, G. M. Johnson and Warren J. Burden, for the sum of $38 30, costs, and for the further sum of $647.50, U. S. gold coin, with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent per annum, from the 14th day of February, 1893, and for the costs and expenses of sale and of said writ.

Now, therefore, by virtue and in pursuance of said judgment, decree and order of sale, I will, on Monday, the 10th day of September, 1894, at the south door of the court house, in Hillsboro, Washington County, Oregon, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following-described real property, to-wit: A tract of land situated in Washington County, Oregon, said being more particularly known and described as the W ½ of N E ¼ and S E ¼ of N W ¼ of sec 24 twp 2 N R 3 W of Willamette Meridian in Washington County, Oregon, as per plats and surveys now on file in the office of the Surveyor General at Portland, Oregon, containing 120 acres, to satisfy the hereinbefore named sums, and for the costs and expenses of said sale. Said property will be sold subject to redemption as per statute of Oregon.

Witness my hand this 4th day of August, 1894. 11-15 H. P. FORD,
Sheriff of Washington County, Oregon.
By W. D. Bradford, Deputy.

Notice of Final Settlement.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has filed his final account as administrator of the estate of H. W. Gardner, deceased in the county coure of the state of Oregon, for Washington county, and that said court has appointed Monday, the 10th day of September 1894, at 10 o'clock, as the time for hearing objections to such final account and for the settlement thereof. 11-15 F. A. BAILEY.
Administrator of the estate of H. W. Gardner, deceased.

Notice of Assignment.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Charles Collins, a resident of Washington county, Oregon, has made an assignment to me of all his property, for the benefit of all his creditors. That I have filed said assignment in the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Washington county, and have qualified as such assignee and entered upon the discharge of my duties. All creditors, therefore, of the said Charles Collins, are hereby notified to present their claims under oath, to me, at the law office of Thos H. Tongue, in Hillsboro, Or., within three months from the date hereof:

Hillsboro, Or., August 10, 1894.
11-17 A. J. FANNO.

Notice of Final Settlement.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has filed his final account as executor of the last will and testament of U. G. Jackson, deceased, in the County Court of the state of Oregon for Washington county, and that said court has appointed the first Monday in September, 1894, at ten (10) o'clock, A. M., as the time for hearing objections to such final account, and for the settlement thereof.

10-14 J. S. JACKSON,
Executor of the last will and testament of U. G. Jackson, deceased.

NOTICE!

SEALED bids for the keeping of the county paupers of Washington county, Oregon, will be received at the office of the county clerk, until Thursday, September 6, 1894, 12 o'clock M. For further particulars enquire of T. G. Todd, Forest Grove; D. B. Rossmer, Middleton, or of undersigned at Hillsboro, Oregon.

August 13, 1894
By order of County Court;
12-14 H. P. CORNELIUS,
County Judge.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all County Warrants endorsed prior to June 11, 1894, are now redeemable at the office of the County Treasurer, and interest will cease after August 10, 1894. Dated August 9, 1894.

J. W. SAPPINGTON,
County Treasurer.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of an execution, decree and order of sale, issued out of the Circuit Court of the state of Oregon, for Washington county, in favor of Herman Schulmerich and C. Koch, partners as Schulmerich & Koch, plaintiffs, and against John D. Doyle and Mary Doyle, defendants, for the sum of $54.85, costs, and for the further sum of $1625.73, U. S. gold coin, with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, from the 14th day of March, 1893, and for the costs and expenses of sale and of said writ.

Now, therefore, by virtue and in pursuance of said judgment, decree and order of sale, I will, on Monday the 10th day of September, 1894, at the south door of the Courthouse, in Hillsboro, Washington county, Oregon, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following-described real property, towit: Beginning at the S. E. corner of the D. L. C. of James B. Robertson, in twp 1 N. R. 3 W. Willamette meridian, running thence N. on the E. line of said claim 20 chains to the N. line of section 35 in said twp, thence E. on said section line 5.48 chains to the N. E. corner of the W. half of the N. W. quarter of said section 35, thence S. 40.29 chains, thence W. 4.82 chains to the E. line of the James B. Robertson D. L. C. (extended) thence N. on the said line 14.29 chains to the place of beginning containing 29.75 acres, in Washington county, Oregon, save and except a strip 33 feet wide, beginning at the S. W. corner of the above-described tract and running E. on the S. side thereof 3.14 chains, which shall be reserved and kept open as a roadway; to satisfy the hereinbefore named sums, and for the costs and expenses of said sale. Said property will be sold subject to redemption as per statute of Oregon.

Witness my hand this 6th day of August, 1894. 11-15 H. P. FORD,
Sheriff of Washington county, Or.
By E. C. Hoguns, deputy.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of an execution, decree and order of sale, issued out of the Circuit Court of the state of Oregon, for Washington county, in favor of Benjamin Birdsell and Mary E. Birdsell, executors of the last will and testament of Erwin Birdsell, deceased, and against Olif Johnson, Mariana L. Johnson, T. S. Wilkes, L. E. Wilkes and J. B. Wilkes, partners as Wilkes Bros.; E. C. Hughes, J. J. Morgan and J. W. Morgan, partners as Hughes, Morgan & Rogers, for sums as follows, towit:

First, for the sum of $48 50 costs; second, for the sum of $745 50 U. S. gold coin, with interest thereon at the rate of of 10 per cent per annum from the 17th day of July, 1894, the amount due plaintiffs; third, for the sum of $85.62, with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent per annum from the 17th day of July, 1894, the amount due defendants, T. S. Wilkes, L. E. Wilkes and J. B. Wilkes, partners as Wilkes Bros.; fourth, for the sum of $31 25, with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, from the 17th day of May, 1894, the amount due defendants, E. C. Hughes, J. J. Morgan and J. W. Morgan, partners as Hughes, Morgan & Rogers, and for the costs and expenses of sale and of said writ.

Now, therefore, by virtue and in pursuance of said judgment, decree and order of sale, I will, on Monday, the 10th day of September, 1894, at the south door of the Courthouse, in Hillsboro, Washington county, Oregon, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following-described real estate, towit:

Situated in Washington county, Oregon, and particularly described as follows, towit

Commencing at the south-east corner of section 20 T. 1 S R. 2 W. Willamette meridian, and running thence north 30° east on section line 18.40 chains, thence north 79° 81' W. 28.27 chains to a stake in the center of the public road, thence south to 23° W with the center of said road 21.90 chains to the north line of the D. L. C. of John M. Ritchey, thence east on said north line to the place of beginning, containing 69 acres more or less, to satisfy the hereinbefore named sums, and for the costs and expenses of said sale. Said property will be sold subject to redemption as per statute of Oregon.

Witness my hand this 9th day of August, 1894. H. P. FORD,
Sheriff of Washington county, Or.
By E. C. Hoguns, Deputy. 11-15

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of an execution issued out of the County Court of the state of Oregon for Washington county, in favor of Peter Beck and against C. B. Bennell, for the sum of $142 05, U. S. gold coin with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, from the 30th day of January, 1894, and for the further sum of $16.85, costs, and for the costs and expenses of sale and of said writ. Now, therefore, by virtue and in pursuance of said judgment, for want of sufficient personal property, I have levied upon and will, on Monday, the 3d day of September, 1894, at the south door of the Court house in Hillsboro, Washington county, Oregon, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following-described real property, towit:

Lying and being in county and state aforesaid, in township one and two, south of range one west of the Willamette meridian, in Washington county, Oregon, and particularly described as the south half of the donation claim of said John L. Hicklin and Martha Hicklin, said south half being that part of said donation claim set off to said Martha Hicklin as her half of said claim, said south half containing three hundred and twenty acres more or less, to satisfy the hereinbefore-named sums and for the costs and expenses of said sale. Said property will be sold subject to redemption as per statute of Oregon.

Witness my hand this 1st day of August, 1894. H. P. FORD,
Sheriff of Washington county, Or.
By W. D. Bradford, Deputy. 10-14

SUMMONS.

IN the Circuit Court, of the state of Oregon, for Washington county.

Samuel K. Lenox, plaintiff, v. Sarah Lenox, defendant: To Sarah Lenox, the above-named defendant:

In the name of the state of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear in the above-named court, in the above-entitled suit and answer the complaint therein filed against you by Monday, the 26th day of November, 1894, which is the first day of the next regular term of said court, following the expiration of the time prescribed for the publication of this summons. And if you fail so to answer, for want thereof, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint, to-wit: That the marriage and marriage contract now existing between you and the plaintiff be dissolved, and that such other and further decree be made as may be equitable.

This summons is published against you by virtue of an order made and dated the 20th day of July, 1894, by the above-named court. THOS. H. TONGUE,
9-15 Attorney for plaintiff.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the County Court, of the State of Oregon, for Washington County, has appointed the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Ira Lyons, deceased, and that he has duly qualified as such administrator. All persons, therefore, having claims against said estate, are hereby requested and required to present them, with the proper vouchers, to the undersigned, at the law office of Thos. H. Tongue, in Hillsboro, Washington County, Oregon, within six months from the date thereof. R. B. GOODIN.

Dated, July 12, 1894. 7-11

Notice of Final Settlement.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has filed his final account as assignee of the estate of C. A. Peterson, insolvent, in the Circuit Court, of the state of Oregon, for Washington county; and that said court has appointed Monday, the 26th day of November, 1894, at ten (10) o'clock, A. M., as the time for hearing objections to such final account, and for the settlement thereof. M. H. PARKER,
Assignee of the estate of C. A. Peterson, insolvent. 10-14

A Hint.

I KNOW who stole my circular saw and belt, and if he bring it back nothing further will be said, but if he doesn't, he must not blame me if he is prosecuted and sent over the road. C. W. HERMAN.

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