AS SEEN IN NINETY-TWO.

Special to the INDEPENDENT.

"You say times are hard, the prospects anything but bright and the condition of things tending downward," said one man to another within hearing distance, during my stop a short time back at Portland, while on my way from Spokane to my home in the Cascades. This small scrap of a conversation, caught as it were, upon the fly, seemed to me to be in harmony with the very atmosphere I was breathing. Times were hard. The streets, the stores, the people demonstrated the truth of that assertion. I could not prevent myself from doing a little thinking on my own account, and though I was entirely alone, having no one at the time to converse with, the farther I walked the more thinking I indulged in, possibly drawing a one-sided conclusion, yet one that seemed to suit the occasion there being no one to oppose it.

I was on my way to Atwood's stable where "Don," my pony was located, intending to bridle and saddle him, for my stay in the city was at an end, and I had business elsewhere before starting homeward. It was but a short while afterwards we were both upon the road, Don and I, leaving Portland behind, one looking forward to his evening's meal, the other still pondering upon the situation of things.

"So you know, old fellow, they say times are pretty rough back there," said I to Don, stroking his neck affectionately, while traveling at a walk upon the canyon road.

"Now, they don't need to tell us that, do they?

"We know they're getting rather tough without coming to town to find it out, don't we?

"They think times are always good with you and I, but they're wrong, dead wrong, ain't they?

"Well, they have been pretty fair, but that was yesterday, not to-day, and what the morrow will bring forth is a mystery to both." Another caress was lavished upon myold friend and almost constant companion, who responded by changing his gait to that of a lope, as if anxious to place space between him and anything bordering upon melancholy.

Taking the hint, I continued to think, but not quite so loud, and what was more, did not share my thoughts with any one, not even Don, which probably would have been the better thing for me to do now.

Why things were in such a condition was a matter somewhat beyond my grasping. I was fully aware that the mercantile business was a thing that had its fluctuations, and a considerable amount of it was due to legislation, and the financial situation of the masses, and as to the masses, they seemed to be always sliding in the one direction, a proof that America was fast undergoing the experiences felt and being felt by her older European neighbors, while she had been enjoying the fruits of a most glorious prosperity. Theories there were, plenty of them, the woods were full of theories, but what had they so far amounted to? Had not many of them been put into execution the world over, and still the masses continued their downward course? Is there something wrong in the teachings of political economy that causes the great statesmen of the world to fail in their efforts to right a wrong or is pure selfishness alone the cause? I said it was all beyond my grasping. Is there anything remarkable in that? Why should it not be? What does a man who follows the traps and the trail, living the greater part of his everyday life away from civilization, his chosen vocation calling him, as it were, into voluntary exile, what does such a man know about these things, when such men as Gladstone, Bismarck, Blaine and a host of others, before and since, have accomplished simply nothing that has brought forth grand, healthy results benefitting directly the bread winners. When I say "bread winners," I mean not only he who earns his bread "by the sweat of the brow," but any one be he merchant or mechanic who depends upon his business or his labor for his daily support. And yet, do you know, I was egotistical enough to be satisfied in my own mind, as far as my own country was concerned, I could solve or advance one, mind you, I say one, and one only, of its many causes, which, coming from the source it does, I trust it will be treated with due consideration.

It is plainly evident to the writer that the American has at last gone as far west as he can possibly reach, and some are seriously considering the advisability of adopting the action of the foreigner by emigrating to foreign climes, where he anticipates finding matters as they were in former days in his own country. He feels that South Africa, Sandwich islands, South America, etc., can offer these inducements, for his own cannot, the day having gone by. (Mind, it is of the bread winners I am speaking, not speculators and capitalists.) This may not be apparent to the average New Yorker, who daily views the flow of immigration pouring into his city and thinks how poor, starved-out Europe is being drained and what a wonderful country his own is. I cannot help but feel, though many may treat the remark with ridicule, that America is rapidly reaching that point when she will be virtually panies, ing out for Americans." My these public's aking this seemingly absolicy that will is due to the idle men the traveling public. here, from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast, unable to secure work. The labor difficulties which in former days confined itself to the Atlantic states like a wave has swept the entire country, making itself felt upon the slopes of the Pacific. The increase in pauperism, the manner in which business is cut up through sharp competition and the wretched price placed upon labor. There was a time, and not so very far distant, when the extreme East did not know what it was to experience hard times. When gradually she had her dull seasons, and they heard complaint upon all sides, the young man quietly packs his satchel and starts West to find a point where hard times is a thing unknown. What he sought he found, grew up and prospered. But he did not go farther than the state of Ohio. Years later, when hard times began to play an active part and be a thing of see saw nature in the extreme East, and the occasionally hard times reached as far as Ohio, the next young fellow that seeks to better his condition leaves for Chicago, and so on, until we find him upon the Pacific coast with little or no prospect in view for the coming generation, and now how do we find things. Let us stare the facts in the face, irrespective of the desire to boom and color matters, and admit that there is hardly a section of the United States where a competition of business and labor has not brought things almost to a crisis. If you doubt this, watch closely what the coming winter will bring forth in the way of want and poverty. The American workman being accustomed and brought up to receive an American value upon things and living accordingly, which we are fully aware is far different than the existing state of things abroad, naturally feels there is a change taking place in his country, when his labor is gradually reaching an European standard. While the foreigner, who has been accustomed to receive almost nothing in return, and living proportionately feels himself in clover if by coming to America he receives an American recognition. In time that stage of the game is reached, when we find the supply material exceeds the demand.

The foreigner, naturally remembering his European education, the price received for his work, and his mode of living in the past, and realizing how far in excess are his present returns, concludes he can well afford to work for a little less, and still receive a greater margin than obtained in former days at home. The American whose education has been the direct opposite, feels this reduction, and has either to follow the example in consequence or remain unemployed. Thus, he accepts the situation under protest, anticipating an improvement in the near future. But that future fails to materialize. As the demand increases we find instead, the foreigner still pursuing his cutting policy, seemingly ignorant of the fact that he is slowly but surely not only bringing himself down to the level from which he was raised through the kind hospitality of the American, but dragging his benefactor down with him. We have read and heard for years, so much of the enmity existing between capital and labor, I may be wrong, but I feel that capital is necessary to labor and labor to capital. That the former is not, nor has it been the enemy to the latter that foreign immigration has been. It is simply the effect of a cause and must be treated as all objectionable effects by dealing directly with the cause. America has in the present, as much as she can successfully attend to looking after the welfare of her own people, without making them through the effect of a fossilized policy, a drug upon the market—and their country a dumping ground for the accomodation of European powers. It is not the much talked of celestial that is doing all the difficulty, though to judge by the action of the government in its restrictions upon that race, one would naturally think so. There are others fully as objectionable that need equally as much attention. The East and parts of the West is overrun with them, and they are rapidly pushing the American to the wall and introducing the teachings and policies of anarchy and rebellion. I contend the day is not far distant when the government will find it positively necessary to place a general restriction upon foreign immigration, and not confine its action to the one nationality, whether contrary to our constitution or otherwise. If the constitution is so elastic, that it enables the government power to stretch a point against the admission of Chinese, why should it not be sufficently so to warrant its placing a sweeping veto upon the objectionable material daily arriving from a different quarter.

RANCH BILL.

When Mrs. Lease spoke in Grinnell, Iowa she dared any republican to stand up and and give his reasons for belonging to that party. The tall form of Cobb Roberts was seen to slowly rise. All eyes were turned toward him, and Mrs. Lease paused long enough to give him an opportunity to state why he pins his faith to the republican party. He said: "I had a great notion at one time to change my politics, but since the cranks have all left the Republican party and joined the populists I have decided to stay with the respectable people." Then the crowd went wild, even the democrats and populists joining in the cheer. But Sister Lease was frantic.

TROUBLE IN A SCHOOL.

Since early last fall a difficuly has been brewing between the directors and teacher in the school district at Lyons, on the Oregon Pacicific, at the lower end of Fox Valley.

The term before was taught by Mr. J. C. Roe and he gave such good satisfaction that he was engaged to teach the present term at $75 per month, an advance upon former wages.

After the contract was made, Mr. Roe attended a temperance gathering, at which he made some remarks in favor of tenperance, which offended the family of one of the directors and through him the second one, and the two decided to rescind the bargain and employ another teacher. To this Mr. Roe would not consent and informed them that he should hold them to the contract.

The case was appealed to the County School Superintendent Russell, who decided that Mr. Roe was legally employed and that he must be allowed to teach out the term. The two directors ignored his decision and installed two teachers at different times, both of whom quit.

The patrons, learning that unless a school was taught they would loose the public money, met and passed resolutions declaring vacant the offices held by the two directors and elected new ones, the new members being C. N. Downie and C. M. Doty, S. C. McClain being the old director still retained. The two ousted directors got possession of the school house, locked it up and gave notice to the new board not to interfere with it on peril of their lives. The teacher, Mr. Roe, was also furnished a note signed by regulating white caps, telling him to depart from the town or his toes would turn up.

The new board of directors and Mr. Roe were in town Monday, consulting with Mr. Russell and Deputy District Attorney Wyatt, and will go back this morning to gain admission to the school house, if necessary by force, and place Mr. Roe therein as teacher. This is the only solution to the matter, as he is the lawfully employed teacher and it is absolutely necessary to have the school taught to keep the district together and draw their proportion of public money.

In this unfortunate controversy, as usual, the innocent ones must suffer, being in this case the children who are deprived of the benefits of a school. It is hopeful that the difficulty may be adjusted and peace and harmony prevail, but it really looks as though there was a fair promise of considerable of a scrapping match. —Albany, Linn County, Herald.

COPPER AMONG THE INDIANS.

An article by R. L. Packard, in the American Antiquarian, says that careful investigation seems to show that at the time of the discovery of America copper was used by the North American Indians only as a precious metal and for ornamental purposes, and had not reached the state of industrial use as it had among the Aztecs in Mexico. There is, moreover, no evidence to show that the northern Indians had any knowledge of ore working or smelting and it is almost certain that all the copper they possessed was found in the metallic or native state. There is nothing to show that they were aware of the existence of copper ore as a source of metal. No remains of smelting places, or slag, or other indications of metallurgical operations have yet been found. The quantity of copper which the Indians possessed at the time of the discovery, although the metal was diffused over a very wide territory, was very small as compared with stone. This is shown by the relatively small proportion of copper implements in the principal collections, as at the Smithsonian institution and others. The larger numbers are found in Wisconsin, and this is accounted for by the fact that Wisconsin is directly south of the Keweenaw district in Michigan where the largest beds of native copper occur. In these beds the copper shows as much in the rock, and the ancient miners had only to follow down a promising outcrop showing metal for a few feet, and hammer away the rock from the copper to secure the latter. When they came upon a large mass they were compelled to abandon it after hammering off projecting pieces, because they had no tools for cutting it up and removing it. Several instances of this sort have been found. The ancient mines were not real mines, not underground workings, but merely shallow pits or trenches, and sometimes excavations in the face of a cliff. At the time modern mining began they had become mere depressions in the ground. All these workings when examined contained stone hammers or mauls, a few wooden shovels, remains of wooden bowls for baking, birch bark baskets, and spear or lance heads and other articles of copper.

Deserving Praise.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. For sale by Hillsboro Pharmacy.

THE MYSTERY.

Will any politician explain why with over 4,000 articles on the dutiable list wool should have been singled out, before all others, to bear the main brunt of tariff reductions?

There is a mystery about this that, like the peace of God or the wickedness of Satan, passeth the understanding.

The politicians have said constantly that they wanted to reform the tariff because trusts, rings, monoplies, combines and grasping capitalists were fattening off the overtaxed people.

We entirely approve of any reform that will do this. Let the politicians pick out these bloodsuckers, and go for them without any mercy, and The American Farmer will do all it can to help on the work.

But is there any "combine," any "trust," any "monoplies," any "grasping capitalists" among sheep raisers? Are there "rings" of wool growers who are gorging themselves with ill-gotten gains?

Where is there a flockmaster who is "sucking the life blood of the people?"

Why is it that tariff reform must begin by attacking the slender profits of the millions of farmers?

Does the possession of a few sheep make a man a sinner above all others in Israel?

There is a perfidy and a wickedness about this attack on the farmers that are simply amazing.

The farmers are to be skinned before anybody else is touched; whether anybody else will be plucked is quite uncertain. At this moment it seems more than likely that tariff reform will virtually exhaust itself with taking the duties off wool. The other protected industries will try to throw that tub to the whale.

They are well organized, and they know just how to make their influence felt effectively. Every one of them have representatives in congress who will fight for their special interest to the death, and whom they would send to their political graves if they did not. It looks as if wool could be sacrificed, without any politicians being made to suffer for it and therefore wool will be made the "scapegoat" which is to "bear all the sins of the people away into the wilderness, into a place place not inhabited."

Will the farmers submit to this? We hope they will not.—American Farmer.

Mysterious Fires.

During a recent visit to a country hotel which was lighted by incandescent lamps, Professor John Trowbridge relates that a thunderstorm occurred, and he noticed that the lamps blinked at every discharge of lightning, although the intervals which elapsed between the blinking and the peals of thunder showed that the storm was somewhat remote. The effect was doubtless due to induction, produced by the surging of the lightning discharge, the lamps were extinguished, although no fuse was burned. This provided an opportunity for an attendant to discover that a jet of gas from a pinhole leakage in the gas fixtures had become ignited, doubtless by a minute electric spark, and the flame was impinging upon some adjacent woodwork. The discovery averted what would have been, perhaps, a serious and mysterious conflagration. The moral of the story is, of course, to be found in the reflection that had the electric light wires not been carried along the gas fixtures, as they were in this case, the ignition would probably not have occurred. This practice is fraught with danger, for if there is a leakage of gas (and what gas fixtures do not leak?) at the joints of the pipes or through a sandhole or other flaw in the casting, then tiny electric sparks arising through resonance effects or from the passage to earth of an electric charge brought into the building by the wires may, if they happen to form in contiguity to the leak, readily ignite the escaping gas without being discovered in time to prevent disaster. If people will cling to their gas when they lay down an electric lighting system, then it behooves the electrical engineer who superintends the work to see that the wires and pipes are never contiguous, for no lighting guard or preventer yet invented can insure that minute sparks, due in some cases to resonance effects, may not arise.—The Electric Review.

The plan of making the midwinter fair grounds in San Francisco, a true representation of a tropical domain by the aid of vegetation of that nature, principally palm trees, giving the grounds the name of the palm city, is being carried out fully and will make the place very attractive.

Baltimore, Md., Oct. 14, 1891.

MR. NORMAN LICHTY, Des Moines, Iowa.

DEAR SIR:—Will you please be kind enough to let me know who is your agent in Baltimore, Maryland, for the sale of Krause's Headache Capsules? I have tried to get them at a number of drugstores but have always failed. I had several boxes of the capsules sent me from Washington, and found them to be the very best remedy I have ever had for severe headaches. Very truly yours, MRS. A. L. DAVIS, 1509 Patterson avenue.

For sale by Hillsboro Pharmacy.

Pasturage.

I have about 800 acres of good pasture supplied with good living water, and under a good fence. Rates for pasturage, $1.00 per month. Horses salted every week. Will take all reasonable care of animals, but cannot be liable accidents at owner's risk. JAMES G. LEE, Gaston, Or.

ROAD COMMITTEE'S REPORT

From District No. 10, Washington County, Oregon.

To the Honorable County Court of the above County:

We, the undersigned, beg leave to submit the following report of moneys collected and expended for rock-crusher and tools; and also for rocking three miles:

CASH RECEIVED.

County Court	$ 1000 00
A H Johnson	250 00
George Markle	100 00
E D White & Co	97 50
½ interest in rock-crusher from road district No. 9	425 00
J A Mott	50 00
Rosa Bros	50 00
M Bullet	40 00
R Stare	25 00
H Jones	25 00
G Rasmusen	20 00
C Lastrup	20 00
E F Olson	20 00
T Hyland	20 00
R Perkins	25 00
J Henry	20 00
D Regetta	25 00
F Bernard	25 00
J W Barnes	15 00
J Barry	15 00
E G Thomas	15 00
Dr. Wythcombe	20 00
J Fleck	10 00
Olof Nordland	10 00
Jim Foy	10 00
A Kau	10 00
J W York	10 00
Hauser Bros	10 00
Yan Wing	10 00
Mr. Hubberman	8 00
H Hughes	5 00
W Schubmerich	5 00
C Jack	20 00
C Algesbermer	15 00
J Miller	5 00
J Hamona	10 00
Rekse	15 00
S C Grag	10 00
Ladd & Reed	250 00
G Harkness	150 00
Theo Pointer	100 00
C Bacon	81 00
G Hornbuckle	50 00
Tinnerman	50 00
R H Walker	50 00
Van DeLashmutt	30 00
Oshea Bros	20 00
Meier & Frank	25 00
H Rasmusen	20 00
N P Oakerman	20 00
M Dilleboy	20 00
B Less	20 00
M Pearson	20 00
T H Prince	20 00
E Ryser Bro	25 00
J Barnes	15 00
P Spencer	20 00
N Nelson	15 00
D Everding	20 00
Mr. Fraser	10 00
J Welch	10 00
Pat Forester	10 00
George Mozey	10 00
N Anderson	10 00
D Dulen	10 00
J M Smith	10 00
E Chiller	10 00
Barney McKennoy	2 50
Prager Bros	10 00
J S Robberson	5 00
J Marrion	10 00
J Man	5 00
G Roberson	20 00
A Jack	20 00
D Burkhalter	5 00
Total received in cash	$3,649 00

AMOUNT RECEIVED IN LABOR.

C Bacon	$ 119 00
Davis Bros, lumber	40 00
T B Tucker	42 00
M Kennedy	25 00
J Anderson	10 00
J Siggenthaler	30 00
J N Fisher	30 00
C A Bellbtine	15 00
E Cline	18 00
J Deletts	5 00
J B Jones	36 75
J O Brion	7 00
J Tegman	9 00
A C Evans	3 00
W E Squires	20 00
F Gray	1 75
M Bush	20 00
A Klink	14 00
R Kennedy	42 00
J Wilmot	14 00
G W Stitt	70 00
W O Hocken	100 00
V V Hall	35 00
M C Barnes	10 00
Ira Tucker	21 00
F C Kelley	10 00
J Cooper	25 00
C Johnson	15 00
A W Pike	10 00
M Morton	6 00
M Lee	18 00
Dock Chinaman	10 00
George Tucker	20 00
A Kennedy	15 00
Wright & Collins	10 00
W W Powers	20 00
M Welch	10 00
M Nelson	17 00
Mr. Cleg	10 00
J Stitt	7 00
W L Pike	2 20
Total received in labor	$ 912 70

PAID OUT.

Rock-crusher	$ 656 25
Fixing crusher and dumpboard	100 00
Engine, oil, hauling rock, preparing road-bed, etc	800 00
Powder and hardware	345 04
Labor in quarries	1753 01
Total paid out	$ 3654 30

BALANCE ON HAND.

½ interest in rock-crusher and two dump carts	$ 425 00
Tools and lumber	300 00
Ten cords of wood	10 00
Twenty yards crushed rock	20 00
Seven sets dumpboards	20 00
Pump, nails, etc	8 00
Total on hand in material	$ 783 00
Whole amount collected	$ 4561 70
On hand	783 00
Whole amount expended	$ 3778 70

Committee, G. W. STITT, W. O. HOCKEN, J. N. FISHER.

Krause's Headache Capsules—warranted.

For sale by Hillsboro Pharmacy.

A Sure Cure for Piles.

Itching Piles are known by moisture like perspiration, causing intense itching when warm. This form as well as Blind Bleeding or Protruding, yields at once to Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly on parts effected, absorbs tumors allays itching and effects a permanent cure. 50 cts. Druggists or mail. Circulars free. Dr. Bosanko, Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by Brock & Sels.

- - THESE PILLS - -

being gelatine-coated and oviform in shape, are easy to take, not affected by atmospheric changes, and are very soluble and easily dissolved.

RED CROSS TANSY PILLS

ARE PERFECTLY HARMLESS,

PURELY VEGETABLE,

(excepting the tonic iron they contain) safe and sure as a monthly regulator. The most eminent physicians of this age do not hesitate to recommend these pills when they are advised of the formula. Many things might be said of their many virtues, many voluntary testimonials might be published, but this liberty will not be taken. Many grateful ladies have written us letters without even marking them "confidential." We do not solicit testimonials, nor do we care for them, as we cannot use them. 6

Sold by Hillsboro Pharmacy.

Nobody on this side of the line has thought about Canadian annexation in the past six or eight months, but the Canadians themselver are discussing it with as much interest as ever. When they decide in favor of it it will become a live issue here, but not before. However, annexation, will be a great thing for this country, although it will be a greater thing for Canada

The Marshfield, Douglas county, millmen and schooner owners oppose the project of towing rafts of logs to San Francisco. The experiment was to have been tried this week, though the result has not yet transpired. The sale of the slabs and sawdust in the bay city is expected to pay the rafting expenses.

A Million Friends.

A friend in need is a friend indeed and not less than one million people have found just such a friend in Dr. King's new Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds. If you have never used this great cough medicine one trial will convince you that it has wonderful curative powers in all diseases of throat, chest and lungs. Each bottle is guaranteed to do all that is claimed or money will be refunded. Trial bottles free at Hillsboro Pharmacy. Large bottles 50c and $1.

"It is the mind that makes the man," said Watts, but modern ethics deny this, and give the credit to the tailor. It is questionable, however, if either are right.

Food has some claims in this respect, therefore those parents who would build up the physique of their children pay strict attention to their diet. Children are all fond of pastry; for this to be healthfully prepared,

COTTOLENE

must be used as a shortening. It is

Recommended by the best Cooks.

Consult your physician upon its healthfulness.

Send three cents in stamps to N. K. Fairbank & Co., Chicago, for handsome Cottolene Cook Book, containing six hundred recipes, prepared by nine eminent authorities on cooking.

Cottolene is sold by all grocers. Refuse all substitutes.

Made only by N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., ST. LOUIS and CHICAGO, NEW YORK, BOSTON.

EAGLE MARBLE WORKS!

T. G. HARKINS, MANUFACTURER OF

Monuments, Headstones

and all kinds of Marble Work in

ITALIAN AND AMERICAN MARBLE.

Importer and dealer in American and Scotch Granite Monuments.

OFFICE AND WORKS 226 Salmon St., PORTLAND, OR.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

BEST IN THE WORLD.

Insurpassing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not affected by heat. ☞ GET THE GENUINE. FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY. 1yr

GREAT SPEAR HEAD CONTEST.

CHEW

SPEAR HEAD

AND

SAVE THE TACS.

One Hundred and Seventy-Three Thousand Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars,

$173,250.00

In valuable Presents to be Given Away in Return for

SPEAR HEAD TAGS.

1,155	STEM WINDING ELGIN GOLD WATCHES $34,650 00
5,775	FINE IMPORTED FRENCH OPERA GLASSES, MOROCCO BODY, BLACK ENAMEL TRIMMINGS, GUARANTEED ACHROMATIC 28,875 00
23,100	IMPORTED GERMAN BUCKHORN HANDLE, FOUR BLADED POCKET KNIVES 23,100 00
115,500	ROLLED GOLD WATCH CHARM ROTARY TELESCOPE TOOTH PICKS 57,750 00
115,500	LARGE PICTURES (14x28 inches) IN ELEVEN COLORS, for framing, no advertising on them 28,875 00
261,030	PRIZES, AMOUNTING TO $173,250 00

The above articles will be distributed, **by counties**, among parties who chew SPEAR HEAD Plug Tobacco, and return to us the **TIN TAGS** taken therefrom.

We will distribute **226** of these prizes in **this county** as follows:

To THE PARTY sending us the greatest number of SPEAR HEAD TAGS from **this county** we will give ..... 1 GOLD WATCH.

To the FIVE PARTIES sending us the next greatest number of SPEAR HEAD TAGS, we will give to each, 1 OPERA GLASS ..... 5 OPERA GLASSES.

To the TWENTY PARTIES sending us the next greatest number of SPEAR HEAD TAGS, we will give to each 1 POCKET KNIFE ..... 20 POCKET KNIVES.

To the ONE HUNDRED PARTIES sending us the next greatest number of SPEAR HEAD TAGS, we will give to each 1 ROLLED GOLD WATCH CHARM TOOTH PICK ..... 100 TOOTH PICKS.

To the ONE HUNDRED PARTIES sending us the next greatest number of SPEAR HEAD TAGS, we will give to each 1 LARGE PICTURE IN ELEVEN COLORS ..... 100 PICTURES.

Total Number of Prizes for this County, 226.

CAUTION.—No Tags will be received before January 1st, 1894, nor after February 1st, 1894. Each package containing tags must be marked plainly with Name of Sender, Town, County, State, and Number of Tags in each package. All charges on packages must be prepaid.

READ.—SPEAR HEAD possesses more qualities of intrinsic value than any other plug tobacco produced. It is the sweetest, the toughest, the richest. **SPEAR HEAD** is absolutely, positively and **distinctively** different in flavor **from any other** plug tobacco. A trial will convince the most skeptical of this fact. It is the largest seller of any similar shape and style on earth, which proves that it has caught the popular taste and pleases the people. Try it, and participate in the contest for prizes. See that a **TIN TAG** is on every 10 cent piece of SPEAR HEAD you buy. Send in the tags, no matter how small the quantity.

Very sincerely, THE P. J. SORG COMPANY, MIDDLETOWN, OHIO.

A list of the people obtaining these prizes in this county will be published in this paper immediately after February 1st, 1894.

DON'T SEND ANY TAGS BEFORE JANUARY 1, 1894.

Ripans Tabules.

Ripans Tabules are compounded from a prescription widely used by the best medical authorities and are presented in a form that is becoming the fashion everywhere.

Ripans Tabules act gently but promptly upon the liver, stomach and intestines; cure dyspepsia, habitual constipation, offensive breath and headache. One tabule taken at the first symptom of indigestion, biliousness, dizziness, distress after eating, or depression of spirits, will surely and quickly remove the whole difficulty.

Ripans Tabules may be obtained of nearest druggist.

Ripans Tabules are easy to take, quick to act, and save many a doctor's bill.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF HILLSBORO.

Transacts a General Banking Business

J. W. SHUTE ..... PRESIDENT
BENJ. SCHOFIELD ..... VICE-PRESIDENT
J. D. MERRYMAN ..... CASHIER

Sells sight Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers, and issues Letters of Credit available throughout the United States.

Draws Bills of Exchange on London, Liverpool, Dublin, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort on-the-Main, Stockholm, and all principal cities of Europe.

Collections made on all accessible points.

Banking hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

A SPECIAL OFFER!

The above is a correct picture of THE OREGONIAN'S NEW BUILDING, located at the corner of Sixth and Alder streets. For many years THE OREGONIAN has felt the need of a new and commodious building embracing all the modern improvements, with the latest improved machinery for turning out a metropolitan paper. It now has it, and one that the whole Pacific Coast may justly feel proud of, as it is certainly the finest on the coast. Now that THE OREGONIAN is settled in this new home it feels like giving its many friends a benefit. It makes this special offer to those who renew their subscription, or to those who subscribe prior to September 1st, to send the

Weekly Oregonian

18 Months for $2.00

This being the dull season of the year, THE OREGONIAN believes a benefit of this kind will be greatly appreciated. Please send in your subscription as soon as possible. When visiting Portland you are cordially invited to call and take a trip through our mammoth establishment. Address

OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO., PORTLAND, OR.

BAWKES CRYSTALLIZED LENSES TRADE MARK

BUY NONE BUT THE GENUINE

3,000 Merchants sell Hawkes' Spectacles. 2,000 of them handled other Spectacles without success.

Showing the great popularity of HAWKES' Glasses over all others.

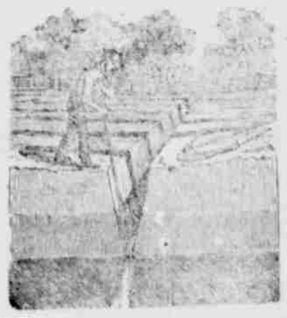
His optical plant and factory is one of the most complete in the U. S.

EVERY PAIR WARRANTED.

These famous glasses are fitted to the eye at the store of

BROCK & SELS

NORTH PACIFIC CLAY WORKS.



A Full stock of

DRAIN TILE

Constantly on hand.

Orders Solicited.

JAS. H. SEWELL, Hillsboro, Oregon.

DR. GUNN'S ONION SYRUP FOR COUGHS, COLDS AND CROUP.

THE CHILDREN LIKE IT.

When a child, mother gave me Onion Syrup for Coughs, Colds and Croup, in turn I give it to my little ones. There is nothing so simple, safe and sure. Dr. Gunn's Onion Syrup is as harmless and pleasant to the taste as honey. You as a mother's testimony remedy, why not try it? Sold at 50 cents.

BROCK & SELS.

IF YOU WANT INFORMATION ABOUT

PENSIONS

Address a letter or postal card to THE PRESS CLAIMS COMPANY, JOHN WEDDERBURN, - - Managing Attorney, P.O. Box 463, WASHINGTON, D.C.

PENSIONS PROCURED FOR SOLDIERS, WIDOWS, CHILDREN, PARENTS.

Also, for Soldiers and Sailors disabled in the line of duty in the **regular** Army or Navy **since** the war. Survivors of the Indian wars of 1832 to 1842, and their widows, **now** entitled. Old and rejected claims a specialty. Thousands entitled to higher rates. Send for new laws. No charge for advice. No fee until successful.

Scientific American Agency for PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

PATENTS

Caveats, Trade-marks, Design Patents, Copyrights,

And all Patent business conducted for

MODERATE FEES.

Information and advice given to inventors without charge. Address

PRESS CLAIMS CO., JOHN WEDDERBURN, Managing Attorney, P. O. Box 463. WASHINGTON, D. C.

☞ This Company is managed by a combination of the largest and most influential newspapers in the United States, for the express purpose of protecting their subscribers against unscrupulous and incompetent Patent Agents, and each paper printing this advertisement vouches for the responsibility and high standing of the Press Claims Company.

PATENTS

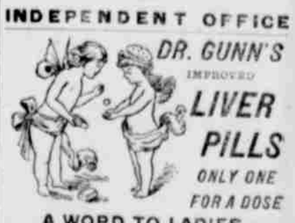
Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO. OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

RIBBONS AND ... ... CARBON PAPER FOR TYPEWRITERS AT INDEPENDENT OFFICE



DR. GUNN'S IMPROVED LIVER PILLS ONLY ONE FOR A DOSE

A WORD TO LADIES.

These pills are as different in taste, smell and action from others, that they might be called a medicated confection. Ladies suffering from headaches and those with sallow complexions who cannot take ordinary pills are delighted with them. They make the skin beautifully fine from pimples and pimples. 20c. Bosanko Med. Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

BROCK & SELS.