DEMOCRATIC PRAYER.

Almighty, All Obstinate, and Nearly All Fat Cleveland, our great hunch-bellied political god, again we bow before thee in humble submission. Each day, as this world, which was made for thee, is hurled through ethereal space faster than a hungry democrat can run for office, we have additional proof of thy greatness. We have read thy message. We have gulped it all down, and now we lie stretched out in the sun of political hope, like a snake that has swallowed a large frog, waiting for it to digest. Yes, almighty and powerful master, there is a panic throughout the land. It is spreading disaster everywhere. It has knocked the everlasting stuffin' out of the seat of our pants, and left its imprint all over our clothes, and the clothes of our children, and our children's children. The gentle zephyrs of the summer's breeze flit familiarly through the holes in the knees of our pants, and playfully kiss the cuticle where the gentle and patient wood-tick and festive flea have just finished a sumptuous meal. This is all very well in the summer time, but we would thank thee, our most adorned political father, if thou wouldst stop the panic before the keen blasts of winter have a chance to peep into the open window of our pants. We know, most respected and adored master, that thou art wise, or how couldst thou know we had a panic? In thy great wisdom thou hast found it out before it was three months old, and straightway thou throwest down thy fishing pole, kickest over thy bait can, and settest to work to snatch the panic bald headed. We thank thee, most kind master, for ever mentioning us in thy message. We thank thee for thy desire nad thy efforts to give us a "good dollar." We implore thee to make it better than anybody's dollar. The more it will buy the better it is. Oh, great and mighty Cleveland, if thou couldst make it buy ten bushels of wheat and fifty pounds of cotton, we know it would be good. When we got hold of one we would know how to appreciate it. "There is no excellence without great labor." The more labor it takes to get a dollar the more "excellent" it is. Mighty master, make it good. Make it better. Squeeze into it more labor, more hogs, more cattle, more grain. It will cost thee nothing. We will furnish thee "more labor, more hogs, more cattle and more grain." Squeeze them into the dollar. It will be money in thy pocket, and money in thy pocket will put feed in thy paunch. We thank thee, most excellent master, for thy friendly interest in behalf of the bankers. Make their paths easy and their burdens light. Increase the value of their dollars and the number of their mortgages. Give them gold, and demolish silver with the lightening of thy wrath. Help us Oh! mighty Cleveland, to love our enemies—all but the populists. If England smites us on one cheek, let us turn unto her the other. If she asks for our coat let us give her our cloak also. But what ever thou doest, most excellent, adored and mighty master, don't fail to help us put the populists to flight. They press us sorely on every side. They laugh us to scorn and make faces at us in public places. Last campaign we accused them of deception and lying, and now they have proved by the words of thine own mouth, most adored master, that we have lied. It is written, "Oh, that mine enemy had written a book," but that's just what is the matter with us. Our enemies have written too many books. And they increase not only in knowledge but in numbers. The political midwives which thou hast sent out to slay all the new-born male babes are either hoodoood or didn't arrive on time. And this increase is a sore vexation. Besides, no people in all the world have such wonderful memories. They have recorded every promise we ever made. They point to the McKinley bill as the "calamnating atrocity," remind us of our promise to repeal it, and exclaim, Aha! They remind us of our "chance," and call our attention to you as you fish at Buzzard's Bay or shoot snipe at Hog Island. They recall our sacred promises of better times and then point to the numerous business failures, the shutting down of factories and mines, the thousands of unemployed, the low prices of wheat and cotton and cattle and hogs, and the general scarcety of money. They sorely perplex us, and we know not whither to turn. Oh! most excellent and mighty master, is there no "Balm in Gilead!" Is there no place where we can turn our face to hide our shame? If we had an office we could stand it without complaint. We would eat our pie and let the heathen rage. We could buy more with our salary and would scoup in the propery while it was low. But the panic which it has pleased thy greatness to create, has hit us as hard as it has the populists. Our houses and vineyards are mortgaged, and our daughters are given in bondage. Our creditors dun us and we have not the wherewith to appease their wants. We know there is something the matter but we don't try to know what it is, for it would be treason to thee and our great party. Thy ways, oh mighty Cleveland, are past finding out. But we trust thee. Take us under the wing of thy protection. Do with us as seemest best in thy sight. If the bankers need our property give it to them. But this we ask of thee: Deliver us from the populists. Issue an edict compelling the men whom we elected to office to take the stump and put them to flight. In vain have we appealed to them, but they eat their pie and wink at each other. They smell the battle afar off and they seem to want to get farther off. Bring out the whip of thy wrath, most worshipful master, and scourge their cowardly legs till they can stand on a public platform and tell the people they are democrats, whether they can give a reason or not. Again we ask thee to take us under the wings of thy care. Deliver us from the populists, help us to bear up under the panic, encourage our political faith, feed our political prejudices with the daily bread of misrepresentation, deliver us from the populists, increase our love for thee, deliver us from the populists, help us to hate the republicans, deliver us from the populists, and thine shall be the praise—if the populists don't get us, Amen—National Reformer.

ON THE CHICAGO FLIER.

The Chicago flier is not driven by one but by many engineers, says a writer to McClure's Magazine. In order to cover the 964 miles between the two cities in twenty-four hours, including nine stops, there are required seven huge engines in relays, driven by seven grimy heroes. A run of less than 150 miles is the limit per day for each engine, while three hours of the plunging rush wears out the strongest engineer. Sixty, seventy, eighty miles an hour—what does that mean for the man at the throttle? It means that the six and a half feet drivers turn five times every second and advances 100 feet. The engineer turns his head five seconds to look at the gauges, and in that time the terrible iron creature, putting forth the strength of a 1,000 horses, may have shot past a red signal with its danger warning 500 feet away. Ten seconds and 1,000 feet are left behind—one fifth of a mile. Who knows what horror may lie within that 1,000 feet! There may be death lurking around a cure, death spreading its arms in a tunnel, and the engineer must see and be responsible for everything. Not only must he note instantly all that is before him, the signals, switches, bridges, the passing trains and the condition of the rails, but he must act at the same moment, working throttle, air brakes or reversing lever, not as quick as thought, but quicker, for there is no time to think. His muscles must do the right thing automatically under circumstances where a second is an age. In the three hours of his vigil there are 10,800 seconds, during each one of which he must watch with the mental alertness of an athlete springing for a trapeze from the roof of an amphitheater, with the courageous self-possession of a matador awaiting the deadly rush of a maddened bull; and far more depends upon the engineer's watching well, because if he fails by a hair's breadth in coolness or precision of judgment, there may come destruction, not only to himself but to hundreds of passengers, who, while he stands guard, are perhaps grumbling at the waiters in the dinning cars or telling funny stories in the smoker.

"What would you do in a collision?" I asked.

The engineer pushed back the little black skullcap from his iron-gray hair and said:

"It is pretty hard to say what a man should do when he hears the whistle of danger ahead or sees that a crash is coming. Even the best of us are liable to get refused at such a moment. What would you do if you woke up in the night and found a burglar holding a pistol at your head? There are no rules for such cases. What I would not do, though is to reverse my engine, although many engineers are liable to lose their heads at a critical moment and make that mistake. It is a curious thing that reversing your engine suddenly when going at high speed makes the train go faster instead of slower. The reason is that the drivers slip and the locomotive shoots ahead as if she were on skates. The only thing to do is to put on the air brakes and pray hard."

The tramps along the line of the Southern Pacific railroad is getting to be a nuisance. The burning of C. W. Washburn's barn at Junction, Lane county, is being laid on these gentry. The barn was a large one and contained grain and other valuable property, all of which was burned, five horses with the rest.

The New York Press, in speaking of the democratic policy, says: "Repeal the state bank note tax, repeal the silver purchase act, repeal the McKinley tariff, repeal the federal election law—in a word, undo republican legislation, is the sole definite policy of the democratic party. Such a thing as a constructive policy does not enter its head."

See the World's Fair for Fifteen Cents.

Upon receipt of your address and fifteen cents in postage stamps, we will mail you prepaid our Souvenir Portfolio of the World's Columbian Exposition. The regular price is fifty cents, but as we want you to have one, we make the price nominal. You will find it a work of art and a thing to be prized. It contains full page views of the great buildings with descriptions of same, and is executed in highest style of art. If not satisfied with it after you get it, we will refund the stamps and let you keep the book. Address

H. E. BUCKLEN & Co.,
Chicago, Ill.

CHAIRMAN WILSON'S PREDICAMENT.

The situation of Chairman Wilson, of the ways and means committee, is peculiarly exacting and perplexing. He is charged with the important duty of formulating a tariff bill on democratic lines, and it is practically impossible for him to ascertain just what are democratic lines, or how he is to reconcile the various conflicting views that his party is thrusting upon him. The Chicago platform tells him, to be sure, that protection is unconstitutional in al of its applications, and that the present tariff law is "the culminating atrocity of class legislation." But many Democrats insist, nevertheless, that protection is constitutional when it relates to certain local industries, and that some of the atrocity of the McKinley law is an indispensable blessing to this or that particular part of the country. The democrats of his own state want a duty on bituminous coal; those of Ohio want one on wool; those of Vermont want one on marble; those of New Jersey want one on silk goods; those of Alabama want one on iron; those of Louisiana want one on sugar and rice; those of California want one on fruits and wines, and so it goes through the whole schedule of dutiable products. Every democrat is ready to denounce protection in the abstract, but not in its bearing upon special interests. Each one desires all the advantage that can be derived from it by his own state, and does not hesitate to modify his free trade convictions to that extent.

It will thus be seen that Chairman Wilson's task is about as difficult as any man could be asked to perform. He can not hope for favorable action on his bill unless he frames it in accordance with the wishes of those who are to vote upon it; and if he makes all the concessions that are asked, then it will retain most of the existing duties, and add a number of new ones. It is undoubtedly his desire to prepare a free trade measure and put his party squarely on the basis of unconditional hostility to protection; but there is not the least probability that he will dare to do so. Such a bill would encounter fierce and resolute democratic opposition in congress, and even if it should be passed it would most likely be vetoed by the democratic president. The situation is a discouraging one for him from every point of view. Turn in what direction he may, he is sure to find democrats clamoring for protective duties, and protesting against tariff reform when it touches their local interests. He is not allowed to take a comprehensive and impartial course in the matter. There are obstructions at every step of his undertaking, and it is his friends, not his enemies, who are thus making life a burden to him. He is expected to carry out the doctrines and promises of the Chicago platform, and yet he is admonished that he must not inflict injury upon any one of a long list of protected industries, because of the loss of votes that would surely follow in as many different localities. It remains to be seen how he will extricate himself from this disagreeable position, and what sort of a tariff bill he will finally construct for the amusement of the country.—Globe-Democrat.

JUSTICE HORNBLOWER.

Mr. Cleveland has filled the vacancy on the supreme bench of the United States caused by the death of Justice Blatchford, by the appointment of Hon. William Butler Hornblower, of New York city. This gentleman is a descendent of the famous Hornblower family, of New Jersey, noted in the judicial annals of that state ever since the revolution. Two of his great-grandfathers were signers of the Declaration of Independence, and his paternal grandfather, Joseph C. Hornblower, was chief justice of New Jersey, and one of the most eminent jurists of that state.

Justice Hornblower is a thorough lawyer, and a personal friend of Mr. Cleveland. Probably this latter fact accounts largely for his appointment—one that will not be well received in any section of the country west of the Alleghanies, because of his affiliations with trusts and corporations. He is a "corporation lawyer," as is Attorney General Olney, and as Mr. Cleveland was himself, in the four years between his first and second presidential terms.

His appointment is simply a concession to the trusts and great corporations of the country, and is universally recognized as such. It marks the contempt in which Mr. Cleveland holds the feelings of the great mass of the American people, independent of political convictions. Some of the Pacific coast democratic papers are already speaking of him as "the new Cleveland," because in so many ways he shows a much greater disregard of popular sentiment than he did during his first term. It is a queer commentary on the intelligence of the democratic voters of the United States that, with the party press and speakers shrieking against trust and corporate monopolies, the party elected a corporation lawyer president of the United States, who showed his contempt for his party's views by first appointing a creature of these monopolies as attorney general, and now elevating another man of the same stripe to a life seat in the court of last resort in this country.—Toledo Blade.

Wildcat currency would cap the climax in our absurd and dangerous monetary system.

Krause's Headache Capsules—warranted.
For sale by Hillsboro Pharmacy.

REPRESENTAION IN THE SENATE.

Several measures are before congress proposing a change in the relative number of members of large and small states in the senate. Some of these measures would divide the states into two classes with respect to membership, giving all under 500,000 population or thereabouts half the representation allowed to the states having inhabitants above that figure. Other plans propose a division of the states into three or four classes on the bases of population. Of course a change of any sort in this direction would necessitate an amendment to the constitution, and this is always a difficult thing to bring about. Nearly a quarter of a century has passed since the latest change in the constitution was made, although many changes were suggested in the interval. The constitution has been amended fifteen times only in the hundred and four years in which it has been in operation, and ten of those amendments were proposed in the first year of its existence. Between 1804 and 1865 there was no change, and there has been none since 1870.

Nevertheless the need for an alteration in the organic law on the question of senatorial representation is so manifest and conspicuous that if a moderate measure to this end be pushed intelligently in congress it will probably be able to gain the ratification of the three-fourths of the states necessary to secure its adoption. It is an absurdity to allow Nevada and Wyoming equal representation in the senate with New York and Pennsylvania. At the present time Nevada's population, allowing for the decrease that has been going on for many years past, is about 40,000 or 42,000, while New York's is now consideraly over 6,000,000. New York has 150 times as many inhabitants as Nevada, but Nevada has as many votes in the senate as New York. Wyoming, in 1890, had only about 60,000 inhabitants, while Pennsylvania had, in round figures, 5,250,000, or not far from 100 times as many, yet Wyoming has as great weight as Pennsylvania in the upper branch of congress. This is a discrimination against the large states which is harmful and dangerous.

It is true, of course, that without this concession of equal representation in the senate, the smaller states would not have ratified the constitution in the first instance, and the work of the convention which framed that instrument would have been in vain. But right here we must bear in mind that the differences in population between the states then were trifling compared with what they are today. In the first census under the constitution, Virgnia, the largest state, had a little more than twelve times the inhabitants of Delaware, the smallest state, while the difference between New York and Nevada today is twelve or thirteen times greater than that. This is a state of things which is unreasonable and discreditable. The conditions which obtained a hundred years ago have departed long since, and altogether different circumstances and influences prevail now. It is absurd and unjust to give Nevada, Wyoming, Idaho, Montana and Delaware as much power over legislation as is allowed New York, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Ohio and Missouri. The continuance of such a condition of things is such a flagrant violation of the canons of common sense that it should be abolished at the earliest practicable moment.—Globe-Democrat.

Life in the Northwest.

Miss Cox, the lady telegraph agent at Cape Beale Lighthouse, on the west coast, had an exciting adventure in that wild portion of the country one evening. She was out for a walk, accompanied by a couple of dogs. The latter started a large panther from its lair. The panther, seeing Miss Cox, started for her, evidently determined on an attack. She stood still and began screaming for assistance. Her cries brought one of the dogs to her side, and also started her younger brother to her assistance with a rifle. The panther came so close, snarling and whining all the time, that she was afraid to move lest it should spring on her. At last she caught hold of the dog and threw it squarely on top of the big cat. A fierce fight then began between the two. At this juncture Miss Cox's brother arrived with the gun, and seizing it, the young lady soon put an end to the duel and the life of the savage panther with a well directed shot.—Victoria (B. C.) Times.

The American Banker notes with regret that "the resumption of operations on the part of many establishments is too frequently accompanied with a reduction of wages to make the reading entirely gratifying." We should say so, particularly to the democratic party which promised such wonderful prosperity to the workingmen of the country.—Spokane Review.

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised druggist and get a trial bottle free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, free, all of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. For sale by Hillsboro Pharmacy.

THE GOOD OLD TIMES

There is no question but that the democrats have given us what they promised during the late campaign they would give if the people would only elect them to power. The only difference is it has failed to come as highly colored as they pictured it. They promised to return us to the good old times enjoyed during the '40s. We have got them. Wheat is about the same price, only farmers do not have to haul it so far by wagon to place it within the reach of a market. Nearly all produce is about the same price. They have brought us back to a point where laborers could obtain the same wages paid during the "good old times," if they would accept the same. They have brought the conditions back to a standing of fifty years ago in one jump, but they can not bring the people back so easily. If the laboring people of today would work for the same wages that the laborers of fifty years ago obtained, namely $8.50 to $9 per week for skilled labor, they could find work without trouble. We have been brought back to the conditions of fifty years ago, but the people will not be pulled down to the situation. Wages paid in the "good old times" when we were so "prosperous" as pictured to us a year ago, were 50 per cent. lower than the wages now paid for the same labor. In those days laborers had very plain homes, or no homes at all. If they had a three-roomed house they considered themselves well equipped in that respect. Their food was entirely of a very course, plain quality, likewise their clothes, house furnishings, etc. Luxuries of any kind were not indulged in by them. This was necessary on their trifling salary. But the laborers of today do not live that way, and it is pleasing to notice that under the management of affairs in this country this change has been brought about. The laborers do not care to return to the conditions of laborers fifty years back, and the republican party does not care to see them do it, but it now looks as though they would have to or depend upon luck and charity for support. And all this has been brought about with less than a year of democratic rule. It was promised them before they voted, and they voted for it, but they did so blinded by the glaring brightness of prosperity pictured by democratic campaign orators. Their eyes have been opened now, the brightness has become dimmed, and they see that they are getting down to what was promised them as rapidly as could be expected. It is a bitter pill and they are determined to postpone swallowing it as long as possible. Some may be able to live four years without taking the dose, but many cannot without intense suffering. They are anxiously awaiting the time when they can redeem themselves and be restored to their positions of a year ago.—Eugene Register.

Grafton, Pa. Aug. 23, 1891.

NORMAN LICHTY, Esq., Des Moines, Iowa.

DEAR SIR: Your Krause's Headache Capsules are good sellers and do the work every time.

Yours truly, GEORGE HARDY.
For sale by Hillsboro Pharmacy.

Protection is not intended to increase dividends on capital employed, but to increase the employment of capital.

There are fifteen paupers at the Marion county poor farm.

Omaha, Neb., May 5, 1891.

I have tried a great many remedies for headache, and Krause's Headache Capsules knock it quicker than anything I ever tried.

D. W. McVEA.
For sale by Hillsboro Pharmacy.

A Sure Cure for Piles.

Itching Piles are known by moisture like perspiration, causing intense itching when warm. This form as well as Blind Bleeding or Protruding, yields at once to Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly on parts effected, absorbs tumors, allays itching and effects a permanent cure. 50 cts. Druggists or mail. Circulars free. Dr. Bosanko, Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by Brock & Sels.

- - THESE PILLS - -

being gelatine-coated and uniform in shape, are easy to take, not affected by atmospheric changes, and are very soluble and easily dissolved.

RED CROSS TANSY PILLS

ARE PERFECTLY HARMLESS,

PURELY VEGETABLE,

(excepting the tonic Iron they contain) safe and sure as a monthly regulator. The most eminent physicians of this age do not hesitate to recommend these pills when they are advised of the formula. Many things might be said of their many virtues, many voluntary testimonials might be published, but this liberty will not be taken. Many grateful ladies have written us letters without even marking them "confidential." We do not solicit testimonials, nor do we care for them, as we cannot use them. 6

Sold by Hillsboro Pharmacy.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF HILLSBORO.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

I. W. SHUTE..... PRESIDENT
BENJ. SCHOFIELD ..... VICE-PRESIDENT
J. D. MERRYMAN ..... CASHIER

Sells sight Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers, and issues Letters of Credit available throughout the United States.

Draws Bills of Exchange on London, Liverpool, Dublin, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort-on-the-Main, Stockholm, and all principal cities of Europe.

Collections made on all accessible points.

Banking hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

The Question

is a simple one—easily decided by reason and common sense.

COTTOLENE

—the new scientifically prepared shortening — is made from pure beef suet, and highly refined vegetable oil. Lard is made, in the majority of cases, in the packing-house, and not as of old, from the pure leaf of the hog. Which is likely to be the most healthful? Decide for yourself. It must be

COTTOLENE

Send three cents in stamps to N. K. Fairbank & Co., Chicago, for handsome Cottolene Cook Book, containing six hundred recipes, prepared by nine eminent authorities on cooking.

Cottolene is sold by all grocers. Refuse all substitutes.

Made only by
N. K. FAIRBANK & CO.,
ST. LOUIS and
CHICAGO, NEW YORK, BOSTON.

Ripans Tabules.

Ripans Tabules are compounded from a prescription widely used by the best medical authorities and are presented in a form that is becoming the fashion everywhere.

Ripans Tabules act gently but promptly upon the liver, stomach and intestines; cure dyspepsia, habitual constipation, offensive breath and headache. One tabule taken at the first symptom of indigestion, biliousness, dizziness, distress after eating, or depression of spirits, will surely and quickly remove the whole difficulty.

Ripans Tabules may be obtained of nearest druggist.

Ripans Tabules are easy to take, quick to act, and save many a doctor's bill.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis and all throat and lung Maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address,

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
07-1yr Brooklyn, New York.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

BEST IN THE WORLD.

Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not affected by heat. ☞ GET THE GENUINE.

FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY. 1yr

EAGLE MARBLE WORKS!

T. G. HARKINS,

MANUFACTURER OF

Monuments, Headstones

and all kinds of Marble Work in

ITALIAN AND AMERICAN MARBLE.

Importer and dealer in

American and Scotch Granite Monuments.

226 Salmon St., PORTLAND, OR

A SPECIAL OFFER!

The above is a correct picture of THE OREGONIAN'S NEW BUILDING, located at the corner of Sixth and Alder streets. For many years THE OREGONIAN has felt the need of a new and commodious building embracing all the modern improvements with the latest improved machinery for turning out a metropolitan paper. It now has it, and now that the whole Pacific Coast may justly feel proud of as it is certainly the finest at on the coast. Now that THE OREGONIAN is settled in this new home it feels like giving its many friends a benefit. It makes this special offer to those who renew their subscriptions, or to those who subscribe prior to September 1st, to send the

Weekly Oregonian

18 Months for $2.00

This being the dull season of the year, THE OREGONIAN believes a benefit of this kind will be greatly appreciated. Please send 1 year subscription as soon as possible. While visiting Portland you are cordially invited to call and take a trip through our new home. Address

OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO.,
PORTLAND, OR

Pasturage.

I have about 800 acres of good pasture supplied with good living water, and under a good fence. Rates for pasturage, $1.00 per month. Horses salted every week. Will take all reasonable care of animals but unavoidable accidents at owner's risk.

JAMES G. LEE, Gaston, Or.

NORTH PACIFIC CLAY WORKS.

A Full stock of

DRAIN TILE

Constantly on hand.

Orders Solicited.

JAS. H. SEWELL. Hillsboro, Oregon.

GREAT SPEAR HEAD CONTEST.

CHEW

SPEAR HEAD

AND

SAVE THE TAGS.

One Hundred and Seventy-Three Thousand Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars,

$173,250.00

In valuable Presents to be Given Away in Return for

SPEAR HEAD TAGS.

1,155	STEM WINDING ELGIN GOLD WATCHES	$34,650 00
5,775	FINE IMPORTED FRENCH OPERA GLASSES, MOROCCO BOUND, BLACK ENAMEL TRIMMINGS, GUARANTEED ACHROMATIC	28,875 00
23,100	IMPORTED GERMAN BUCKHORN HANDLE, FOUR BLADED POCKET KNIVES	23,100 00
115,500	ROLLED GOLD WATCH CHARM ROTARY TELESCOPE TOOTH PICKS	57,750 00
115,500	LARGE PICTURES (14x28 inches) IN ELEVEN COLORS, for framing, no advertising on them	28,875 00
261,030	PRIZES, AMOUNTING TO	$173,250 00

The above articles will be distributed, by counties, among parties who chew SPEAR HEAD Plug Tobacco, and return to us the TIN TAGS taken therefrom.

We will distribute 226 of these prizes in this county as follows:

To THE PARTY sending us the greatest number of SPEAR HEAD TAGS from this county we will give ..... 1 GOLD WATCH

To the FIVE PARTIES sending us the next greatest number of SPEAR HEAD TAGS, we will give to each, 1 OPERA GLASS ..... 5 OPERA GLASSES

To the TWENTY PARTIES sending us the next greatest number of SPEAR HEAD TAGS, we will give to each 1 POCKET KNIFE ..... 20 POCKET KNIVES

To the ONE HUNDRED PARTIES sending us the next greatest number of SPEAR HEAD TAGS, we will give to each 1 ROLLED GOLD WATCH CHARM TOOTH PICK ..... 100 TOOTH PICKS

To the ONE HUNDRED PARTIES sending us the next greatest number of SPEAR HEAD TAGS, we will give to each 1 LARGE PICTURE IN ELEVEN COLORS ..... 100 PICTURES

Total Number of Prizes for this County, 226.

CAUTION.—No Tags will be received before January 1st, 1894, nor after February 1st, 1894. Each package containing tags must be marked plainly with Name of Sender, Post Office, County, State, and Number of Tags in each package. All charges on packages must be prepaid.

READ.—SPEAR HEAD possesses more qualities of intrinsic value than any other chewing tobacco produced. It is the sweetest, the toughest, the richest. SPEAR HEAD is absolutely, positively and distinctively different in flavor from any other plug tobacco. A trial will convince the most skeptical of this fact. It is the finest article of any similar shape and style on earth, which proves that it has caught the superior taste of the chewing public. Try it, and participate in the contest for prizes. Bear in mind a TAN TAG is on every 10 cent piece of SPEAR HEAD you buy. Send in the tags in any quantity you desire, or in quantity desired. Very respectfully,

THE P. J. BORG COMPANY, HYDE PARK, OHIO.

A list of the people obtaining these prizes in this county will be published in this paper on or about February 15, 1894.

Date and date date date. JANUARY 1, 1894.

BUY NONE BUT THE GENUINE

3,000 Merchants sell Hawkes' Spectacles. 2,000 of them handled other Spectacles without success.

Showing the great popularity of HAWKES' Glasses over all others.

His optical parlors and [illegible] of the most complete in the U. S.

EVERY PAIR WARRANTED.

These famous glasses are fitted to the eye at the store of

BROCK & SELS

DR. GUNN'S IMPROVED LIVER PILLS ONLY ONE FOR A DOSE

A WORD TO LADIES.

These pills are so different in taste, smell and action from others, that they might be called a medicated confection. Ladies suffering from headaches and those with sallow complexions who cannot take ordinary pills are delighted with them. They make the skin beautiful, free from blotches and pimples. 50c. Dr. Gunn's Med. Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

BROCK & SELS.

WORK FOR US

a few days, and you will be startled at the unexpected success that will reward your efforts. We positively have the best business to offer an agent that can be found on the face of this earth. $15.00 profit on $75.00 worth of business is being made and honorably paid by and paid to hundreds of men, women, boys, and girls in our employ. You can make money faster at work for us than you have any idea of. The business is so improved machinery for turning out a metropolitan paper. It now has it, and now that the whole Pacific Coast may justly feel proud of as it is certainly the finest at on the coast. Now that THE OREGONIAN is settled in this new home it feels like giving its many friends a benefit. It makes this special offer to those who renew their subscriptions, or to those who subscribe prior to September 1st, to send the

Weekly Oregonian

18 Months for $2.00

This being the dull season of the year, THE OREGONIAN believes a benefit of this kind will be greatly appreciated. Please send 1 year subscription as soon as possible. While visiting Portland you are cordially invited to call and take a trip through our new home. Address

OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO.,
PORTLAND, OR

IF YOU WANT INFORMATION ABOUT

PENSIONS

Address a letter or postal card to

THE PRESS CLAIMS COMPANY,
JOHN WEDDERBURN, - - Managing Attorney,
P.O. Box 463. WASHINGTON, D.C.

PENSIONS PROCURED FOR

SOLDIERS, WIDOWS, CHILDREN, PARENTS.

Also, for Soldiers and Sailors disabled in the line of duty in the regular Army or Navy since the war. Survivors of the Indian wars of 1832 to 1842, and their widows, now entitled. Old and rejected claims a specialty. Pensions entitled to higher rates. Send for new laws. No charge for advice. No fee until successful.

Scientific American Agency for

PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

PATENTS

Caveats, Trade-marks, Design Patents, Copyrights,

And all Patent business conducted for

MODERATE FEES.

Information and advice given to inventors without charge. Address

PRESS CLAIMS CO.,
JOHN WEDDERBURN,
Managing Attorney,
P.O. Box 463. WASHINGTON, D.C.

☞ This Company is managed by a combination of the largest and most influential newspapers in the United States, for the express purpose of protecting their subscribers against unscrupulous and incompetent Patent Agents, and each paper printing this advertisement vouches for the responsibility and high standing of the Press Claims Company.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.

OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

RIBBONS AND . . .

. . . CARBON PAPER

FOR

TYPEWRITERS

AT

INDEPENDENT OFFICE

DR. GUNN'S ONION SYRUP FOR COUGHS, COLDS AND CROUP.

THE CHILDREN LIKE IT.

When a child, mother give the onion syrup for Coughs, Colds and Croup. It tastes I give it to my children. There is nothing so simple, safe and sure. Dr. Gunn's Onion Syrup is as harmless and pleasant to the taste as honey. This is a medicine whose remedy, why not try it? Sold at 50 cents.

BROCK & SELS.