

WORLD HAPPENINGS OF CURRENT WEEK

Brief Resume Most Important
Daily News Items.

COMPILED FOR YOU

Events of Noted People, Governments
and Pacific Northwest and Other
Things Worth Knowing.

The municipal council of Paris has unanimously agreed to present to Marshal Foch a sword of honor in recognition of his services.

No sugar will be allowed to new commercial bakeries starting in business after September 1, according to a ruling from Washington, announced at San Francisco by President McKinney, acting federal food commissioner.

Jesse Root Grant, the youngest son of the late President Grant, obtained a license at the city clerk's office in New York Monday to marry Mrs. Lillian Burns Wilkens, a wealthy widow living at River road and Burns terrace.

Publishers of trade books, copyright reprints, juvenile, toy and non-copy-right books have been directed to restrict their output commencing October 1 to 25 per cent of the new titles issued on the average of the last three years of their business.

Sinking of four more fishing schooners off the north Atlantic coast was reported Monday. Simultaneously the official announcement was made that the Emergency Fleet corporation will promptly meet the losses in the fishing fleet ship for ship.

A gigantic I. W. W. conspiracy aiming to force a general strike of miners and lumber workers in the entire West has been thwarted by the arrest in Spokane during the last week of 32 members of the organization, according to federal officials.

"The fine victories of the past week have definitely decided the fortunes of war," says M. Clemenceau, the French premier, in a message thanking the departmental councils, which voted congratulations to the government on the trend of the war.

Airplane ambulances to carry injured aviators quickly from the scene of an accident to a field hospital are to be provided at all flying fields. Successful experiments have been made with the ambulance plane at Gerstner field, Lake Charles, La.

General Semenoff, in charge of a force of Czech-Slovaks numbering several thousand, has attacked and defeated a Magyar-Bolshevik force at Motesievskaia, Siberia. The town was taken and many prisoners, including a large number of wounded, were captured.

A posse searched the hills south of Bakersfield, Cal., Monday night for Frank Elario, aged 20, a half-breed Indian, who ran amuck in the Tejon canyon and is alleged to have shot to death Alfred Yucca, aged 20; Mrs. Francesca Lieva, aged 18, and her sister, Isabelle Yucca, aged 15.

The number of prisoners taken by the British since August 21 has reached 20,000, the Petit Journal declares. According to Le Journal three new German divisions have been identified opposite the British. Since August 8 nearly 50 German divisions have been in the fighting against the British.

Expenditure by the secretary of war up to \$50,000 during the present fiscal year for athletic goods, including baseballs and bats, footballs and boxing gloves, as a part of the equipment of each regiment, would be authorized under a bill introduced in the house Tuesday by Representative Siemel, of New York.

More than 100 persons are reported to have been killed at Tyler, Minn., by the tornado which swept over southeastern Minnesota counties Wednesday.

Alpine county, the smallest in California, will be governed exclusively by women officials, with the single exception of sheriff, after January 1, according to the present outlook.

Official confirmation was available in Madrid Thursday of reports current recently that Spain will take over German ships in retaliation for the sinking of Spanish craft by U-boats.

While the Food administration asks the country to curtail the consumption of beef, the cattle men of the Porterville, Cal., district are having difficulty in disposing of their late fall grass steers.

In recognition of the assistance rendered the wounded in France by the workers of the Salvation Army on duty there, the United States Steel Corporation has sent \$100,000 to the army's war work committee.

The need of conserving peach seeds or pits, apricot pits, plum pits, prune pits, hickory nuts, walnuts and butternuts for use in making carbon for gas masks is urged in a statement by the gas division of the United States army.

MOTION PICTURE ESSENTIAL

Was Industries Board in Line With
General Crowder on Subject.

Washington, D. C.—The motion picture industry in all its branches has been recognized as an essential industry by the War Industries board.

Chairman Baruch announced Saturday that this action had been taken in line with Provost Marshal-General Crowder's ruling under the "work or fight" regulation that the industry afforded useful occupation.

Recognition of its value in affording an educational medium for the great masses of the people, as well as a wholesome cheap means of recreation, governed the board in placing the industry upon the preferred list for priority. The extensive use of motion pictures by all war recreation agencies also was considered.

The erection of new picture theaters, however, will not be permitted during the war. Saving of materials used in the manufacture of films, several of which are essential in the production of explosives, will be effected by a ruling of the board that only one negative may be taken of each picture. The industry also has been called upon to institute other economies in material, chiefly tin and iron.

90,000 OFFICERS NEEDED FOR ARMY

San Francisco.—The universities and colleges of the United States have been called to help supply thousands of commissioned officers. Plans to transform all such educational institutions of the west into military schools to meet the need for officers were discussed here Saturday at a meeting of the heads and other representatives of many of these institutions with military authorities.

Among those who addressed the meetings, were President Ray Lyman Wilbur, Stanford University; Rufus B. Von Kleinsmidt, University of Arizona; C. A. Dunning, Colorado College, and W. J. Kerr, Oregon Agricultural College.

That the war department will need 30,000 officers of all ranks between now and next July for service with the army overseas and at home and that large proportion of this number must come from the colleges and universities of the United States, was the announcement made at the conference by Major W. R. Orton, of the general staff.

Of this number 20,000 are urgently needed for the field artillery, 2000 for the engineers and 600 for the quartermaster's department.

Complete mobilization of all colleges and universities for the purpose of developing officer material is necessary and complete readjustment at these institutions must be made to put them practically on a military basis.

The plan contemplates the induction into the student's army training corps of all men of draft age who register as members of the student bodies.

SHIPWORKERS ASK DOLLAR AN HOUR

Washington, D. C.—Skilled workers in the shipbuilding industry of the country have presented "friendly demands" to the labor department board of the Shipping board for increase in wages to \$1 an hour, double time for all overtime, Saturday half holidays throughout the year and 1 per cent bonus for all night shop work.

The present wage is approximately 75 cents an hour.

The dollar-an-hour wage request of the skilled mechanics would affect thousands of workers throughout the country.

Before passing on the wage question the labor adjustment board, composed of V. Everett Macy, A. J. Beres and L. A. Coolidge will decide whether a country-wide basis shall be used in determining wage scales.

The board today discussed the question of the country-wide basis, but adjourned without reaching any formal decision, it was said. Wage scales heretofore have been fixed on a basis of districts, comprising shipyards in a few states. All of these adjustments are for six months and the last will terminate in October.

Hun Grain Outlook Poor.

Washington, D. C.—Discussing the food situation in enemy countries Food Administrator Hoover Monday said Germany's prospects for grain from Ukraine did not materialize. The stock of grain in Germany, he said, is about the same as last year. Austria's condition is not quite so good in this respect according to information available. Roumania and Bulgaria, he said, both exporters of grain, are now without grain even for their own use and Germany must supply both countries or let them starve.

War Stories Are Wanted.

Washington, D. C.—Relatives and friends of marines fighting in France were called upon by Marine corps headquarters to forward letters describing interesting incidents at the front so that they may be incorporated in the permanent records of the corps. Where desired the letters will be copied and returned.

HINDENBURG LINE REACHED AT POINTS

British Force Road to Tenton's
Former Stronghold.

BAPAUME IS ENTERED

Cavalry Successfully Precedes Infantry
on Wide Front—Airplanes Find
Numerous Targets.

With the British Army in France.—On some parts of the northern battle front the British have reached points a thousand yards from the old Hindenburg line, which seems strongly held.

In addition to crossing the Albert-Bapaume road at many places, the British have made progress southward for a considerable distance with the cavalry operating in front of the infantry.

Resistance of a really strong nature seems to be slightly diminishing at many places along the battle front, but where the bulk of the Germans are retiring they have left the country virtually seeded with single machine guns in protected positions and groups of machine guns in nests.

Never before, not even during the progress of this battle, have the airplanes had such numerous targets for their bullets and bombs.

London, via Montreal.—Reconnoitering patrols of British troops are entering Bapaume.

It is reported that British outposts have reached the fringe of Bullecourt, which lies seven miles northwest of Bapaume, and captured high wood east of Albert.

WAR TIDE TURNED, SAYS CLEMENCEAU

Paris.—Premier Clemenceau Monday telegraphed the presidents of the general councils that they could rely upon the government and Marshal Foch and his magnificent staff and the allied artillery commanders to turn the present success of the allied arms into a complete and decisive collapse of the enemy.

"The splendid victories of the recent weeks," said M. Clemenceau, "in which the spirit of our allies has so magnificently rivaled ours, has definitely settled the fortune of war. The enemy, bewildered, deceiving himself as to his own strength, now is finding out that he underestimated us.

"The results achieved are the first fruits of our harvest of rewards, the highest of which will be having delivered the world from ruthless oppression and brutality.

"We hail the dawn, the first gleams of which brightened the victorious blows of the founders of the American republic and of the fathers of our revolution. The last obstacle to the establishment of rights among men is about to disappear. The triumph is near.

"Universal co-operation toward the world's rejuvenation will attain the ideal goal for which so many generations have been striving."

Spain Near Break With Hun.

London.—German newspapers say the situation between Spain and Germany is critical, but that Germany can make no concessions with regard to her submarine warfare, says a dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Copenhagen.

The Taegliche Rundschau admits the beginning of a conflict which may affect the positions of both Mexico and Argentina. "The complaints of Spain mean an admission in favor of the entente powers," says this newspaper, "and Spain's threat means a step away from the path of neutrality desired by the Spanish people. The Spanish note must be considered by the German people as an unfriendly act."

The Lokal Anzeiger says that Spain must acknowledge the conditions which compelled Germany to resort to submarine warfare.

Madrid.—El Liberal Monday announced that negotiations were proceeding for a commercial loan between Spain and the United States.

"Spain," the newspaper says, "is opening a credit of 300,000,000 or 500,000,000 pesetas, the United States giving as a guarantee the signatures of American firms exporting cotton to Spain. With this credit the United States will be able to purchase in Spain some of the products necessary for its army in France without the necessity of changing dollars into pesetas and thus avoiding the reduction in exchange.

"Ambassador Willard and other American officials have had several interviews with the members of the Spanish government, and it is believed that the basis of agreement has been reached. The interest payable on the loan has been the subject of discussion. America offers to pay the balance remaining on the loan in Mexican gold on the day of liquidation."

STATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

W. W. Ebbetts, of Springfield, who has lost three brothers fighting with the British forces, has received word that a fourth brother had been wounded for the third time and was in a hospital in France.

A co-operative plan for the construction of the city and county road to the old Fort Klamath road, via the Pelican City, north of Klamath Falls, is believed to have been reached by the city and county officials.

Marshfield fishermen and others who are familiar with conditions predict a successful year for the fishermen on Coos bay, who have for the past few years seen only ordinary runs and sometimes experienced short seasons.

Cleve Ingram and Fren Van Patten, arrested several weeks ago after Sheriff Anderson and deputies, of Baker, had raided their moonshine still on upper Burnt river, pleaded guilty to having liquor in their possession and were fined \$250 each.

Mrs. Sarah A. Evans, of Portland, was reappointed Tuesday by Governor Withycombe as a member of the board of inspectors of child labor, and Mrs. Anna Z. Crayne, also of Portland, was appointed a member of that board to succeed Mrs. Turner Oliver, of La Grande.

It appears that Coos county is likely to adopt the public nurse system, and it is believed an order will be obtained from the court at the September term to inaugurate the work. A meeting of those interested in the movement was held at Coquille and 45 persons attended.

General Charles F. Beebe, one of the pioneer military men of the state, has been appointed acting adjutant-general by Governor Withycombe to succeed John M. Williams, who has resigned following receipt of word that he has received a major's commission in the regular army.

One million pounds of Bartlett pears will probably be the record established this year for the Wallace orchard in Polk county, just across the river from Salem. Last year the orchard produced 400,000 pounds. It is thought that this year's crop will yield from \$40 to \$48 per ton.

A telegram received at Sheridan Monday night states that Andrew Ottinger, of the 162d regiment, formerly the Third Oregon, has been killed in action in France. His parents reside at Sheridan. Mr. Ottinger was well-known by nearly all Sheridan residents and was popular among the young folks.

Leaders of the various war work activities in Klamath county have effected an organization with a view of co-ordinating the work of their various departments, and it is believed that by this means much waste labor can be eliminated. George Ulrich was selected as a joint chairman with C. D. Chorpensing, of the new body, and a committee appointed to work out plans for which the organization was effected.

The planing mill and box factory of the Dufur Lumber company were destroyed by fire at Dufur Sunday. A warehouse containing lumber and lumber piled in the yard adjoining the mill also was destroyed, as was the residence of Conrad Bilen, located in the same block with the mill. Mr. Bilen is manager of the plant, which was owned locally. There was no insurance on the mill or lumber and the loss of them is about \$5000. Mr. Bilen's house was partially insured.

The Fargo Orchards company, owning several hundred acres four miles from Aurora, will harvest 10,000 boxes of apples this fall. It produced 20 tons of loganberries for jam for the army and has 45 acres of beans nearly ready for harvest. A large quantity of wheat and oats was also grown and the company has just purchased nearly 500 Cotswold sheep to help along the wool supply. The whole community has "come through" in every war activity that has come before it.

Mrs. Millie R. Trumbull, secretary of the board of child labor inspectors, has advised Secretary of State Olcott that the appropriation for that board has been exhausted.

What is believed to be the largest single shipment that has ever come through the mails to the Oregon City postoffice was received Wednesday by the Hawley Pulp & Paper company. The shipment, which was a consignment of dyestuffs, weighed 4000 pounds and cost \$600 to ship from New York to Oregon City.

Articles of incorporation of the Astoria Home Builders' company were filed in the county clerk's office Friday. The incorporators are H. H. Burt, F. E. Turrill and W. A. Roth and the capital stock is \$10,000. The company is said to have purchased a tract in the Scow Bay district on which it will erect about 15 residences at once.

Several Portland manufacturers now employing women as a war-time emergency have petitioned the Industrial Welfare commission for authority to employ women on the night shifts. Under previous rulings of the commission this class of employment at night has not been allowed, but a public conference probably will be held at some early date that the question may be more carefully considered.

GERMANS PUSHED BACK BY GEN. HAIG

British Make Substantial Gain
In Albert Region.

MANY VILLAGES FALL

English Troops Push Forward Irresistibly on Lanes Leading to Important City of Bapaume.

With the British Army in France.—Victorious on a battle front of 23 miles extending from the Cojeul river on the north, across the Ancre and Somme rivers almost to Lihons, the Third and Fourth British armies under Generals Byng and Rawlinson at mid-afternoon Friday were vigorously following up their successes of Saturday, which apparently had been one of the most disastrous days ever experienced by the Germans.

The enemy has lost wide stretches of ground, numerous towns, and thousands of men made prisoner and large quantities of materials and guns. He also again has had heavy casualties. Saturday's prisoners exceed 3000.

Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria, the German commander, has thrown his men in before the advancing British armies in an effort to stave off the inevitable, but only to have them meet destruction before the storms of metal which poured from the British guns. One entire enemy battalion was annihilated during the fighting.

Dead Germans in great numbers are scattered everywhere over the battle field. As an example, 400 enemy dead were observed on one small piece of ground.

With all this fierce fighting and notwithstanding the fact that the British at many places have fought over open ground against an enemy protected in "pot holes" and strong points of other kinds, the British losses everywhere seem to have been extraordinarily light. This probably is due to the confusion the Germans find reigning behind their lines, as they are fighting a losing battle, which for them hourly grows more disastrous.

Crown Prince Rupprecht had strengthened his line at many places, but this, instead of stopping the British, simply meant that the Germans suffered bigger losses.

The battle was widened appreciably both to the north and south, while the ground in the middle between Albert and Beaucourt-Sur-Ancre, which heretofore had been fairly quiet, suddenly was drawn into the whirl.

CZECHO-SLOVAKS WIN VICTORIES

London.—An important victory of the Czech-Slovaks in Trans-Balkania has just been officially announced here. The town of Berchnieudinsk, south of Lake Balkal, has been captured after a battle in which the Bolshevik forces were signally defeated.

Allied troops on the Ussur river front north of Vladivostok, outnumbered by the enemy, have been forced to withdraw after heavy fighting, says a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Harbin dated Wednesday.

British and French troops were engaged in the battle, but the brunt of the fighting fell to the Cossack and Czech-Slovak troops. Japanese units aided in the retirement.

Bolshevik monitors operating on Lake Hangka are harassing the allied left and have detained additional Czech forces. Commands are being given the Bolsheviks in German.

Amsterdam.—General Pepotoff, commander-in-chief of the Red Guard army in the Murmansk region, is a prisoner in the hands of the allies, says a Petrograd dispatch to the Wezer Zeitung of Bremen.

He was caught by peasants while attempting to flee and handed over to the British.

Russian Red Guards, after the capture of Simbirsk on the Volga, according to a Moscow dispatch to the Hamburg Nachrichten, publicly hanged in the market place 300 Czech-Slovak prisoners.

The hangings, it is declared, were a reprisal for "atrocities" committed in the town during its occupation by the Czechs.

Nine Fly Across Channel.

London.—A large British airplane carrying its crew and nine passengers has made the trip from France to England, it is announced here Saturday. The whole journey occupied little more than half an hour. The test was made with an ordinary service airplane of the largest type. The passengers carried the normal amount of baggage as if traveling by train or boat.