

## SUPPLY SHIPMENTS TO RUSSIA BARRED

Exports From U. S. Forbidden Until Situation Clears.

## CARGOES BEING HELD

If Bolsheviks Should Gain Control and Separate Peace Made, Embargo Will Be Made Permanent.

Washington, D. C. — No shipments of supplies will be permitted to go from the United States to Russia until the situation in that country clears. The American government, before allowing the export of goods already on the docks, wants to know into whose hands they will fall on their arrival.

If the Bolsheviks gain control and pursue their program, calling for a peace with Germany, the embargo will be permanent.

The provisional government was given credits amounting in all to \$325,000,000, of which \$191,000,000 already has been advanced. Much of this money has been spent for supplies now awaiting shipment, and the Russians have been given vessels for its transport. Shipments will be held up by denial of bunker coal to the ships.

Thomas D. Jones, vice chairman of the War Trade board, called at the White House Wednesday and conferred with President Wilson. No statement was forthcoming, but it was believed the situation was discussed.

The State department had no additional dispatch from Ambassador Francis at Petrograd, but unofficial messages coming from Sweden were that General Kaledniev, hetman of the Don Cossacks, who held the master hand in Russia through dominion of the country's coal and bread supply in the Don Cossack region was marching with an army on Voronez, 200 miles south of Moscow.

Passengers arriving at the Swedish frontier from Russia also reported that soldiers were parading the Petrograd streets bearing banners demanding a constitutional assembly of all Russia and declaring that the Bolshevik regime was more tyrannical than that of Nicholas. The passengers believed the present revolutionary government must fall through lack of support of the principal parties.

## ALIEN ENEMIES ROUNDED UP

President's Proclamation Protecting Shipping Put Into Effect.

Washington, D. C. — A roundup of suspected Germans, mainly in seaport cities, was in progress Tuesday, under authority of President Wilson's new proclamation forbidding alien enemies within 100 yards of docks, requiring their registration and imposing other restrictions on their movements.

The intelligence bureaus of the army and navy have charge of making most arrests of Germans not evacuating the new barred zones. The department of Justice will receive prompt reports and after allowing for full hearing will determine those to be interned permanently.

Only a small percentage of the half million unnaturalized German men affected by the President's proclamation will be arrested, officers explained, in discrediting rumors of the arrest and imprisonment of many thousands.

A few Germans left Washington in compliance with the President's order making a barred zone of the District of Columbia, but the exodus attracted little attention.

Rules to govern registration of alien enemies were practically completed by Attorney-General Gregory Wednesday and will be promulgated shortly. It was said that the attorney general might not exercise immediately the authority given by the proclamation to require Germans to report regularly to public officials.

Within a few weeks the department of Justice expects to "extend the 100-yard barred zone to a number of manufacturing plants, and the result will be to throw some Germans out of employment, but no widespread disturbance in the industries is expected.

## U. S. Transport is on Fire.

An Atlantic Port—Fire broke out in the hold of a United States transport tied up at a pier here early Tuesday morning and was not under control at 2 o'clock. A guard of soldiers was thrown about the pier and local firemen were permitted to pass only when it was found that the ship's crew could not combat the flames. The fire was discovered among a quantity of foodstuffs stored in the hold. Its cause has not been determined.

## U. S. TAKES AZORES

America's Aim, Berlin Writer Declares, is to Get Full Control of Trade Route to Panama Canal.

Amsterdam—Writing in the Berlin Neueste Nachrichten, the German Vice Admiral Kirchhof says:

"The United States has established herself on the Azores and constructed fortifications at Ponta del Gada. The Azores are situated about two-thirds of the way between America and Western Europe, and their occupation is important in connection with the transportation of the American army to Europe.

"The Azores are connected with both mainlands by cable. Wireless stations which have long ranges are assisting in constant communication between the army, the transport fleet and the home government.

"A further aim of the American government in this connection is its desire to secure control of the great trade routes from Europe and North Africa to the Panama canal and the possibility of dominating the routes in future wars. By possession of the Azores the United States will be able to threaten the most important German world ship routes and interfere with connections with Germany's colonial possessions."

Washington, D. C.—Official denial was made Monday night that the United States had taken possession of the Azores. Receipt of cable dispatches that German Vice-Admiral Kirchhof had made such an assertion recalled to administration officials rumors which they denied some time ago.

The Azores are the property of Portugal, one of the nations allied against Germany, and whatever military use may have been made of them in combating German submarines which have operated in that section of the Atlantic would be a part of Portugal's contribution to the common cause.

## 5 U-BOATS SUNK IN ONE DAY

British Premier Tells Commons of Big Victory Last Saturday.

London — Five German submarines were destroyed on Saturday Premier Lloyd George announced Monday in the house of commons.

The premier told the house arrangements had been made to supply information in regard to naval matters to the war council.

The premier said he had no further fear of submarines.

No information was vouchsafed by the premier as to the methods employed by the British navy to capture the submarines, but that means for curbing the U-boat menace have been made more effective of late is recorded by the ever-decreasing toll from U-boat depredations.

Last week the admiralty announced that the submarine losses were the lowest since Germany announced its campaign of ruthlessness, totaling but one British merchantman above 1600 tons, and five craft below this tonnage. Submarine losses of France and Italy also showed a big decrease over past weeks.

## Sailor Hardy in Japan.

Tokio—A visit to Japan by an elderly sailor named Hardy, who was a member of Commodore Perry's expedition to this country in 1853, is being made the occasion of many manifestations of friendship toward the United States. Sunday the old sailor went to Kurihama to visit Perry's landing place, and planted a pine before the Perry monument.

Captain Hardy is perhaps the sole survivor of the Perry expedition to Japan in 1852-3. He left Portland early in November for Tokio and other points in Japan with the especial mission of cementing the friendship of the American and Japanese people.

## Hoover Warns Housewives.

Washington, D. C.—Information has reached the food administration that persons in different parts of the country are representing themselves to housewives as government agents empowered to commandeer foodstuffs. Food Administrator Hoover, denouncing them as impostors, issued this statement:

"I wish to say emphatically that no department of the government has or will ever make such demands on householders and that all such people are petty frauds and should be held for the police."

## Governor Cuts Banquet.

New York—Governor Whitman has announced that he will not attend public dinners or banquets for the duration of the war.

"I wish to say, he declared, "that I think it is wrong to have elaborate dinners and banquets at this time. While others are making such sacrifices for the country, it seems to me the least the rest of us who stay at home can do is to deny ourselves unnecessary pleasures."

## STATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Car shortage on the lines of the Southern Pacific company in Oregon Friday totaled 2626. The shortage of closed cars was 1245 and open 1381.

Though 30 fires started in the Santiam national forest the past season, the loss in timber was the lowest in years. Only \$1262 worth of green timber was burned.

Umatilla county's tax levy this year will be 7 1/2 mills, the same as last year, despite the fact that the County court has to provide \$8000 for the expenses of an election, \$7000 increase in the road fund and \$1800 for a county agent.

Hood River will have a new electric theater after February 15 with a seating capacity of 500 persons, according to an announcement made by Arthur Kolstad, local film play man. The new playhouse will be known as the New Liberty.

Mrs. W. L. Davis, 57, of Fossil, escaped death Friday morning when she fell into an abandoned well. In falling she knocked considerable earth loose and this helped to give her a foothold. She stood in water nearly to her shoulders until help came.

In the budget of the Coos County court prepared this week, \$10,000 was included as one-third of the cost of constructing a bridge across the Coquille river at Coquille. The city has completed negotiations for the right of way within the city limits and donated it to the county.

The first bounty on a coyote claimed in Linn county in many months was paid at the county clerk's office in Albany Saturday to Michael Wilkins, of Harrisburg. Wilkins caught the coyote in a trap set for other game. These animals are now very scarce in the Willamette valley.

Governor Withycombe has appointed the following delegates to the Rivers and Harbors congress to be held in Washington, D. C., December 5, 6 and 7: A. H. Devers, Henry Hahn, Ben Selling, Julius L. Meier, H. W. Mitchell, D. C. O'Reilly, of Portland; Hugh McLean, Marshfield; L. J. Simpson, North Bend, and John Gratke, Astoria.

A resolution signed by every attorney in Albany was presented to Percy R. Kelly, of that city, circuit judge of the Third Judicial district, suggesting that he become a candidate for justice of the Supreme court at the ensuing election. Republicans and Democrats alike joined in the resolution, which paid Judge Kelly a high compliment upon his successful service as a circuit judge.

The number of men working on state highways is now reduced to a minimum, and will be kept at that point throughout the winter, according to a statement by State Highway Engineer Nunn Tuesday, when asked as to what action will be taken toward recent protests of lumbermen and the State Taxpayers' League against using men on state work who might be used in government service elsewhere.

A Medford rancher recently advertised for acorns, for which he offered to pay 1 cent a pound. The first day he received 1136 pounds. Boys from all parts of the country came in with acorns in sacks, carts, bags and boxes. Other ranchers have now taken up the idea and there is reason to believe that hundreds of Rogue River Valley hogs will be fattened on acorns this fall, with a consequent saving in corn and wheat.

Hugh Y. Smith, son of Senator I. S. Smith, of Marshfield, has received his commission as first lieutenant in the National Army and was sent to join the training forces at the Chillicothe, O., cantonment.

Representatives of the assessors of Multnomah, Douglas and Marion counties appeared before the State tax commission Saturday protesting against the ratios accorded those respective counties recently by the commission. No action was taken, but it is considered likely the ratios will remain unchanged.

The starch factory in Beaverton is now receiving cull potatoes and guaranteeing 50 cents per hundredweight with an additional assurance of two-thirds of the gross sale price of the starch, for which the market is excellent this season. This is the first profitable market the farmers of that vicinity have ever had for small potatoes.

Many walnut growers from Oregon and adjoining states are attending the third annual session of the Western Walnut association, which convened in McMinnville Wednesday.

The catch of fish still continues to be extremely light, says an Astoria disptach, and the fall pack thus far has been considerably behind that of a year ago. The knowing ones say that a southwest storm with three or four days of continuous rain is what is needed to bring the fish into the river.

## LUMBER SHIPMENT UP

Grays Harbor Will Send Out Billion Feet—Movements Heavy by Rail and Water—Break Record.

Aberdeen — Rail lumber shipments from Grays Harbor the past five months totaled 409,780,000 feet. The number of cars shipped was 13,666. Rail shipments for October showed a 30 per cent increase over September. October shipments by water showed an increase over August and September.

Lumber shipments this year promise to reach the 1,000,000,000 mark, 2,000,000 feet in excess of any previous record. Water shipments to date are 247,259,000 feet. Rail shipments for the past five months total 409,780,000 feet and while the figures for the first five months are not available it is estimated that these totaled about 150,000,000 feet. These figures place lumber shipments of Grays Harbor for sale this year in excess of 800,000,000 feet. Home consumption of lumber has been the heaviest on record, due to the shipbuilding boom since the war began.

## FINE HEREFORDS SELL WELL

Stock Yards at Spokane Pay Top Price for Bull, \$630.

Lewiston, Idaho — The first sale of purebred Hereford cattle held in the West by the American Hereford society here Tuesday proved a decided success. Harry Cranke had charge. Fifty-two animals were sold for \$14,760, an average of \$284 each, and many of them were only a year old. The highest-priced animal, a magnificent bull with splendid breeding, goes to Spokane, having been bought by Mr. Roberts, of the Spokane Union Stockyards, for \$630.

The cattle sold go to all parts of the Northwest and will be used for improving the range herds of Washington, Oregon, Idaho and Montana.

## NORTHWEST MARKET REPORT

Wheat—Bulk basis for No. 1 grade: Hard white — Bluestem, Early Bart, Allen, Galgalus, Martin Amber, \$2.05. Soft white — Palouse bluestem, fortyfold, White Valley, Gold Coin, White Russian, \$2.03. White club — Little club, Jenkins club, white hybrids, Sonora, \$2.01. Red Walla Walla—Red Russian, red hybrids, Jones five, copper, \$1.98. No. 2 grade, 3c less. No. 3 grade, 6c less; other grades handled by sample.

Flour—Patents, \$10.20. Millfeed—Spot prices: Bran, \$31 per ton; shorts, \$34; middlings, \$42; rolled barley, \$55@57; rolled oats, \$54@55.

Corn—Whole, \$83 ton; cracked, \$84. Hay—Buying prices delivered: Eastern Oregon timothy, \$27 per ton; valley timothy, \$23@25; alfalfa, \$22.50@24; valley grain hay, \$20; clover, \$20; straw, \$8.

Butter—Cubes, extras, 43c per pound; prime firsts, 42c. Jobbing prices: Prints, extras, 45@48c; cartons, 1c extra; butterfat, No. 1, 51c shipping points; 52c delivered.

Eggs—Ranch, current receipts, 50c per dozen; candled, 55c; selects, 57@58c.

Poultry—Hens, large, 19c per pound; small, 17@18c; springs, 19@20c; ducks, 18@20c; geese, 10@12c; turkeys, live, 24c; dressed, 30c.

Veal—Fancy, 14@15c per pound.

Pork—Fancy, 19@20c per pound.

Vegetables — Tomatoes, \$1 @ 2 per crate; cabbage, 1 1/2@2c per pound; lettuce, \$2@2.25 per crate cucumbers, \$1.50@1.65 per dozen; peppers, 10c per pound; cauliflower, \$1 @ 1.35; sprouts, 10c per pound; artichokes, 90c @ \$1 per dozen; horseradish, 9@12c per pound; garlic, 7c per pound; squash, 1 1/2c; pumpkins, 1c; carrots, \$1.25 per sack; beets, \$1.50; turnips, \$1.35@1.50.

Potatoes — \$1.50 @ 1.75 per cwt.; sweets, 3@3 1/2c.

Onions — Buying prices: \$2.65 country points.

Green Fruits—Apples, \$1@2.25 per box; pears, \$1.75@2.25; grapes, \$1.35 @ 1.75; casabas, 2c per pound; cranberries, \$15@16.50 per barrel.

Hops—1917 crop, 24@25c per pound; 1916 crop, 16c.

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Cattle— Best beef steers.....\$ 9.00@ 9.50 Good beef steers..... 8.25@ 9.00 Best beef cows..... 6.75@ 7.15 Ordinary to good..... 5.00@ 6.75 Best heifers..... 6.75@ 7.75 Calves..... 7.00@ 9.50 Bulls..... 4.50@ 6.75 Stockers and feeders.... 4.00@ 7.25

Hogs— Prime light hogs.....\$16.20@16.40 Prime heavy hogs..... 16.00@16.20 Bulk..... 16.20 Pigs..... 13.50@14.25

Sheep— Yearlings.....\$12.00@12.50 Wethers..... 11.75@12.25 Wewes..... 8.00@10.00 Western lambs..... 13.50@13.00 Valley lambs..... 13.00@14.50

## CHANGES IN DRAFT REGULATIONS NEW

Rules Permit Shipworkers to Remain on Duty in Yards.

## POWER IS EXTENDED

Judicial Authority Vested in Exemption Bodies and Police and Post-office Will Aid Procedure.

Washington, D. C.—New regulations under which the remaining available of the 9,000,000 men registered for military duty will be drafted for service with the colors were announced Saturday by Provost Marshal General Crowder. The new regulations are coincident with the division of eligibles into five classes, and the circulation of the official questionnaires which have been discussed in previous announcements.

The new regulations, as has been announced before, repeal all preceding regulations, cancel all exemptions and discharges granted under the old system and restore every registered man to his original status. He will hereafter be required to undergo all examinations anew and present his claims for exemption again.

As the new classifications make more liberal provision for leaving men with dependents in the classes to be called last, it is practically certain that every man who had a legitimate exemption on the ground of dependency under the old regulations will get the same under the new ones. The first class, which embraces men wholly without dependents, is expected to bring in fully 2,000,000 men. The questionnaires, beginning December 15, will be circulated among the registrants at the rate of 5 per cent of each local registration each day. Volunteer medical and legal boards being organized in each district will assist registrants in making out the forms and supporting affidavits which are very complete.

Where the registrants are away from home districts or in other circumstances, application to the local board for a questionnaire is required.

The most noteworthy changes in the regulations, outside of the creation of an emergency fleet to permit ship workers to remain at their jobs, are as follows:

"Local boards are granted virtually judicial powers to summon witnesses and obtain information. Local police will see that any witness responds.

"A definite program of correspondence between the boards, state officials and the provost marshal general's office is provided to keep this aspect of the business decentralized and moving smoothly.

"The entire postoffice machinery is drafted to aid local boards in tracing registrants, and right of way for mail connected with draft proceedings is required."

Local boards are authorized to grant partial exemption for partial physical disability, reserving the men in this status for "special and limited military service."

Authority is granted to form special classes of men highly skilled in particular trades or professions and summon them under the special heading regardless of their grouping in the general classification plan. The secretary of War may revoke original classification, except that no man granted deferred classification because of dependents may be advanced in any way or called for service out of his regular order. When deferred classification has been granted for industrial or agricultural reasons, a specially qualified registrant may be summoned out of his turn.

Under the new regulations, district boards become purely appellate bodies before which can be heard only evidence originating before the local board.

It is made plain that men already held by local boards for service will continue to be sent forward as needed until such time as the new class one in each district is sufficiently organized to care for drafts from the district. All pending appeals will then be wiped off the slate and the new system will apply in full.

## Cuba Equips Hospital.

Washington, D. C.—A complete field hospital and equipment will be sent to France soon by the Cuban Red Cross. Dr. Rafael Menocal, a Cuban surgeon, arrived here Sunday from Havana to take up with American Red Cross officials the question of its transport and location in France. The hospital, equipped at a cost of \$1,000,000, will be manned by Cuban doctors and nurses. It was financed through the efforts of the wife of President Menocal.