

ALLIES AND GREEKS MEET IN BATTLE

Engagement Begins on Slopes
of Ancient Acropolis.

ATHENS IN STATE OF PANIC

French Sailors First to Start Fight—
King Constantine Flatly Refuses
to Give Up Guns to Allies.

London—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Athens timed 11:45 a. m. Saturday, says:

"Fighting has taken place between French sailors and reservists on the slopes of the Acropolis. Passengers from Piraeus say that when passing the Theseus railroad station they witnessed the fighting.

"This fighting, according to other information, was between French sailors and Greek troops.

"A panic has begun in Athens. Crowds are rushing through the streets and shops are being closed.

"Two French cruisers have entered Phaleron harbor."

Large French, British and Italian contingents Friday night disembarked at Piraeus without incident, says the Exchange Telegraph Athens correspondent.

An Athens dispatch to the Daily Chronicle under date of November 30 ascribes the following statement to Vice Admiral Du Fourmet, in command of the allied fleet in Greek waters:

"I insist absolutely on the execution of my demands, and will see that they are realized in spite of all obstacles. French, British and Italian detachments will be landed at all points necessary. I will endeavor to avoid bloodshed, but will fulfill my mission thoroughly."

An Evening News dispatch filed at 1:45 a. m. Saturday says further reports have been received of forces marching south from Thessaly and other sections of Greece north of Athens. The garrison of Chalcis is marching with rifles toward Schimatari. The dispatch says a minor disturbance occurred Friday night. A few revolver shots were fired. No one was injured.

Just before the time of filing of the dispatch, King Constantine notified the entente ministers of his definite refusal to hand over the guns.

Villa Prepares to Leave Chihuahua Taking Along Trainloads of Loot

Juarez, Mex.—Villa bandits were reported to be loading two trains with loot from the stores and private residences of Chihuahua City and preparing to follow these trains west on the Mexican Northwestern railroad, according to a message received at military headquarters here Friday from General Ozuna's scouts at Sauz.

General Ozuna's cavalry column was at Culity, the first station north of the state capital, the reports said. The scouts obtained their information from refugees reaching Culity and Sauz from Chihuahua City. This news was taken at headquarters to indicate the intention of Villa to evacuate the city after looting it, as he did at Parral, Santa Rosalia and Jimenez. General Trevino was said by General Gonzales to have been in Horcasitas Friday awaiting the arrival of General Francisco Murguia's forces from the direction of Camargo, south of Chihuahua City.

Hoboes to Have College.

Chicago—Announcement of the opening here within a few days of International Hobo college, offering courses for migratory workers in law, English, journalism, hygiene, mathematics and nature study, was made Saturday.

The college will be conducted under the auspices of the International Brotherhood Welfare association, it was stated, and is fortified by an endowment of \$750 given by James Eads How, of St. Louis.

Floods in Spain Serious.

Madrid, via London—Serious floods are ravaging Eastern Spain, particularly the province of Valencia. At Alcira the railroad station and several houses collapsed and the people took refuge on roofs and church steeples. communications have been cut at various places. The floods have destroyed dikes and covered the whole countryside. At Murcia the waters are still rising. Thousands of families have been reduced to beggary.

LLOYD GEORGE MAY RESIGN

To Vacate Cabinet Post as Protest
Against Lack of Vigor.

London—Premier Asquith has decided to advise the king to consent to the reconstruction of the government. This was officially announced Sunday night. The statement reads:

"The prime minister, with a view to the most effective prosecution of the war, has decided to advise his majesty, the king, to consent to the reconstruction of the government."

The political crisis has become acute. It is said in well-informed quarters that David Lloyd George, the war secretary, has tendered his resignation, which has not yet been accepted.

Mr. Lloyd George had a long consultation with the premier. Other visitors were A. Bonar Law, secretary of the colonies, and the Marquis of Crewe, lord-president of the council. Sir Edward Carson and Mr. Law appeared together and addressed a morning meeting of the Unionist committee, while the Earl of Derby, under-

Fears for Neutrality of the United States



JAMES M. BECK

In an address which has aroused much interest James M. Beck, former assistant attorney general of the United States, said he believed the war in Europe was the beginning of a titanic conflict. He said the world is likely to see a "seething caldron of international hatred for some decades," and it would be difficult for the United States to keep out.

secretary for war, had a long interview with Mr. Lloyd George.

Reynolds newspaper says that David Lloyd George has intimated his intention of resigning. His resignation, adds the paper, has been delayed at the request of several of his colleagues in the cabinet, but there is little prospect of success on their part.

The reasons given for the possible resignation of Mr. Lloyd George is that he has definitely decided that the methods of dilatoriness, indecision and delay, which characterize the action of the present war council, endanger the prospects of winning the war.

It is understood, adds the paper, that Premier Asquith has declined to accept Mr. Lloyd George's view that the war council must be materially reduced in number. It is believed that Mr. Bonar Law and Lord Derby contemplate following Mr. Lloyd George's example.

One Convicted in Land Fraud Case.

San Francisco—Of the six defendants in the so-called Oregon land fraud case, W. B. DeGarmo, Los Angeles, was found guilty, and Sidney L. Sperry and W. A. S. Nicholson not guilty, by the jury which heard the evidence in the Federal court here.

DeGarmo was permitted by United States Judge Maurice T. Dooling to remain at liberty under the bail given during trial. Sperry and Nicholson were at once discharged from custody.

Ship Sold as Junk is Rich.

San Francisco—Tom Crowley was the most surprised man along the waterfront Monday when he put the steamer Governor Sternberg on the ways and found the vessel was copper sheathed and constructed throughout with copper fastenings, besides having a large amount of brass and copper in the craft's machinery. Crowley recently bought the Sternberg from the government for \$310. He will realize more than \$5000 from the metals alone.

Seven-hour Workday Urged.

Christopher, Ill.—The time has come for union labor to seek a seven-hour workday, in the opinion of John P. White, international president of the United Mine Workers of America, who spoke Sunday before representatives of the eight miners' unions in this field. "Such a move is necessary if we are to conserve our economic and social welfare," he said.

NEWS ITEMS Of General Interest About Oregon

University Students Live Well
on 8-Cent Meals by Clubbing

Salem—The riddle of the high cost of living apparently has been solved by the Commons Co-operative Club of Willamette University, composed of 26 students.

This club during October furnished its members with three meals a day for an average cost of 24.8 cents a day each, or 8.3 cents a meal. This cost also included the salary of the cook, fuel and light. The actual price paid for foodstuffs was 18.8 cents a day, or 5.3 cents a meal.

The students do all the buying, serving of meals, washing dishes and other work. The meals are served in the basement of Walter hall. F. E. Priddy and C. E. Womer are the two students who have charge of the purchase of food supplies, and despite the low cost they said that they were able to obtain a wide variety of food and satisfy the appetites of the club members.

"In October," said Mr. Priddy, "it cost our club only \$7.70 for each member for food, and we gave a well-balanced ration. We pay our cook \$35 a month and board, our wood for fuel purposes costs \$12 and lights \$1 for the month. For food we paid out \$152.20 in the 31 days of the month."

For breakfast the students are served with griddle cakes, cereal, hash, bread and butter and coffee. For luncheon there are three kinds of vegetables, bread and butter, tea or coffee. No meat or dessert is served. The dinner in the evening includes vegetables, meats, bread and butter, dessert of some kind, and either coffee or cocoa.

State Tax Levy Test Begun; Six Per Cent Limitation in Court

Salem—A state tax which will provide for all the requirements of the state government will be certified to the various counties by the State Tax commission, it was announced Tuesday at a meeting attended by the governor, secretary of state and state treasurer.

The board will make the certification without regard to the 6 per cent tax limitation amendment adopted at the recent general election and thus the question of whether the amendment is applicable to the state levy will be brought before the courts for decision.

An early settlement of the question is desired so the legislature may be informed whether or not additional legislation to put amendment in operation is needed.

The Tax commission is not deemed a tax levying body and the point has been raised that it is the counties which make the state levy and not the tax commission.

Cornerstone is Laid.

Roseburg—Two thousand people saw the cornerstone of Roseburg's new Federal building laid Monday afternoon by the acting officers of the Grand Lodge of Masons of Oregon. Former Grand Worshipful Master J. C. Fullerton had charge of the ceremony, and ex-Congressman Binger Herrman was orator of the day.

The business houses were closed and the High school students marched to the Federal building in honor of the event. In the usual copper box placed for historical recollection, if the building should be destroyed, were copies of local papers, the names of the city government and the acting officers of the Grand Lodge of Masons.

New Road Plan Proposed.

Salem—The members of the State Highway commission are in favor of being relieved of duties connected with the highway development of the state and having the work placed in the hands of a non-political commission.

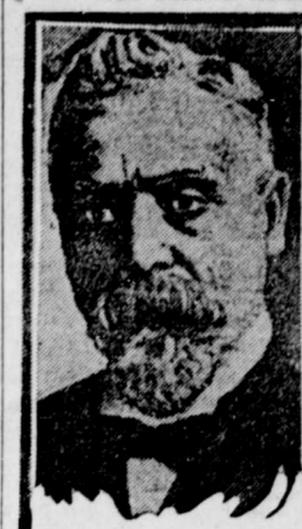
Prunes Are Shipped East.

Sheridan—Sheridan shipped east 1,037,000 pounds of prunes, Wednesday, this shipment comprising the output of 10 of the large orchards around Sheridan. Seven to seven and one half cents was the price brought. The prunes were of the finest quality. Next year more acreage will come into bearing and the output may be doubled.

Portland Man Appointed.

Salem—J. H. Gault, of Portland has been appointed chief engineer at the Eastern Oregon state hospital to succeed Charles Murphy, recently named as superintendent of the Oregon penitentiary.

American Scientist Who Died in London



SIR HIRAM MAXIM

Sir Hiram Stevens Maxim, scientist and inventor, who quit the United States in 1884 when his semi-automatic rapid fire gun was rejected by the United States and accepted by the British government, has just died in London. In 1887 he was knighted by Queen Victoria for his work in invention and science.

Price of Horses Will Advance.

Lewiston, Idaho—That the price of horses will continue to advance is the opinion of E. E. Flood, ex-president of the Northwest Livestock Show. D. O. Lieth, buyer for a large exporting company in Kansas City, Mo., who spent several months in this territory purchasing hundreds of horses, wired Mr. Flood that he would soon return to the Northwest and renew his purchases of animals suitable for use on European battlefields.

"The prices for horses are rapidly advancing, due to the fact that the allies have taken so many out of this territory and shipped them to Europe," said Mr. Flood. "Mr. Lieth will find prices advanced even since he left here a short time ago. I take it that the allied forces are not expecting any let-up in hostilities in Europe when they send their agents back here for more war horses."

NORTHWEST MARKET REPORT

Portland—Wheat—Bluestem, \$1.48; forty-fold, \$1.43; club, \$1.42; red Russian, \$1.38.

Oats—No. 1 white feed, \$35.00. Barley—No. 1 feed, \$37.50.

Flour—Patents, \$8; straights, \$6.80 @7.20; exports, \$6.80; valley, \$7.50; whole wheat, \$8.20; graham, \$8.00.

Milled feed—Spot prices: Bran, \$26.50 @27.00 per ton; shorts, \$30.50 @31.00; rolled barley, \$40.00 @41.50.

Corn—Whole, \$47 per ton; cracked \$48.

Hay—Producers' prices: Timothy, Eastern Oregon, \$17 @20 per ton; timothy, valley, \$16 @17; alfalfa, \$16 @17.00; valley grain hay, \$13 @15; clover, \$12.50.

Butter—Cubes, extras, 37 @38c. Jobbing prices: Prints, extras, 40c. butterfat, No. 1, 40c; No. 2, 38c, Portland.

Eggs—Oregon ranch, current receipts, 40c per dozen; Oregon ranch, candled, 45c; selects, 47c.

Poultry—Hens, 12 @14c; springs, 14 @15c per pound; turkeys, live, 18 @20c; dressed, 23 @24c; ducks, 14 @16c; geese, 10c.

Veal—Fancy—11 @12c per pound. Pork—Fancy, 12 @12 1/2c per pound.

Vegetables—Artichokes, 75c @1.10 per dozen; tomatoes, 75c @1.25 per crate; cabbage, 75c @2.00 per hundred; peppers, 5 @7c per pound; eggplant, 6 @8c; lettuce, \$2.50; cucumbers, \$1 @1.50 per box; celery, 65 @75c per dozen; pumpkins, 1c per pound; squash, 1 @1 1/2c per pound.

Potatoes—Oregon, buying price, \$1.40 @1.50 per hundred, country points; sweets, \$2.75 per hundred.

Onions—Oregon buying prices, \$2.50 per sack, country points.

Green Fruits—Apples, new, 60c @2 per box; pears, \$1 @1.50; grapes, \$1 @2; casabas, 1 1/2c; cranberries, \$10.50 @12.50 per barrel.

Hops—1916 crop, 8 @10c per pound. Wool—Eastern Oregon, fine, 25 @27c; coarse, 33 @34c; valley, 33c.

Mohair—35 @45c per pound. Casaca bark—Old and new, 5 1/2c per pound.

Cattle—Steers, prime, \$6.75 @7.25; good, \$6.40 @6.75; common to fair, \$5 @6.00; cows, choice, \$5.25 @6; medium to good, \$4.50 @5; ordinary to fair, \$3.50 @4; heifers, \$4 @6; bulls, \$3 @4.25; calves, \$4 @7.50.

Hogs—Prime, \$9.25 @9.75; good to prime mixed, \$8.25 @9; rough heavy, \$8 @8.25; pigs and skips, \$8 @8.25.

Sheep—Lambs, \$8 @8.75; yearlings, wethers, \$7 @7.50; old wethers, \$6.25 @6.50; ewes, \$5 @5.50.

UNITED STATES RULE SOUTHERN REPUBLIC

Navy Takes Charge of Santo
Domingo to Keep Order.

CHANGE WITHOUT BLOODSHED

No Infringement of Civil Rights Is Intended—1500 Marines to Prevent Any Revolution Agitation.

Washington, D. C.—Military rule has been proclaimed in Santo Domingo by the United States navy to suppress existing political chaos in the little republic and pave the way for guaranteeing future quiet by establishing there such a financial and police protectorate as the American government now exercises over Haiti.

Eighteen hundred American marines will maintain order for the present, and, at least until elections are held in January, their officers will supervise the conduct of government by native officials and disburse the customs revenues which American receivers have been collecting by treaty arrangement for nine years.

The navy proclamation, issued Friday, apparently has been put into effect without bloodshed.

The necessity for a drastic step has been considered since the overthrow several months ago of President Jimenez by General Arias, a strongly anti-American revolutionist. With Arias in control, the Dominican assembly elected Federico Enriquez president, but the United States refused to recognize the new government and withheld the balance of customs revenues left after the regular payments of interest on the foreign debt. Consequently the native officials and employees drew their first pay since the downfall of Jimenez when, on December 2, the American officers began to disburse some \$600,000 of accumulated export duties.

Secretary Daniels explained Friday that the form of rule set up by Captain H. S. Knapp, in command of the United States forces in Santo Domingo, did not contemplate any infringement of the civil rights or processes of the native government. The marines will maintain order and prevent revolutionary agitation, but the municipal and civil laws will still be administered by Dominican courts.

Berlin is at Loss to Reply to Note on Sinking of Marina

Berlin, via London—The German foreign office has asked the American embassy for further details as to the place and circumstance of the sinking of the British steamer Marina. It is said that the information offered in the American note of inquiry is insufficient for the purposes of investigation.

New York—A detailed report of the torpedoing and sinking of the British steamship Marina on October 23 off the Southwest coast of Ireland, when 19 persons, including six Americans, lost their lives, was given here Friday by 41 horsemen, American survivors of the Marina, who arrived here as passengers on the steamship Tuscania from Glasgow.

Jesse Hancock, of Newport News, Va., acting as spokesman, said the ship was torpedoed without warning, two torpedoes being fired, the first hitting her on the starboard quarter and the second on the port side. He added, and his assertion was supported by the others, that the firing of the second torpedo was unnecessary, and had it not been fired there would not in all probability have been any loss of life.

\$10,000 Left Aero Club.

New York—A bequest of \$10,000 to the Aero Club of America to encourage aviation with machines using power other than gas in making ascensions was provided in the will of Samuel H. Valentine, formerly a lawyer in this city, filed for probate here. Mr. Valentine had been a member of the board of governors of the Aero Club. He died at Narragansett Pier September 15. Mr. Valentine left Amherst College \$5000 to beautify the campus.

Russia Sends \$80,000,000.

San Francisco—Arriving here Thursday on the Japanese liner Shinyo Maru, consigned from Petrograd to J. P. Morgan & Co., New York, gold with Russian and United States securities to the extent of \$80,000,000, landed only a short time and proceeded East by Wells-Fargo express.

About \$32,000,000 was actual gold, the remainder, in negotiable securities, all contained in big iron chests and guarded by seven express company detectives.