

## WORLD'S DOINGS OF CURRENT WEEK

Brief Resume of General News  
From All Around the Earth.

### UNIVERSAL HAPPENINGS IN A NUTSHELL

Live News Items of All Nations and  
Pacific Northwest Condensed  
for Our Busy Readers.

Gompers has endorsed the strike of 60,000 garment workers in New York.

More than half a million acres of land have been opened to entry in Arizona.

A new paper mill under construction at Oregon City may be doubled in capacity over the original plans.

The governor of New York signed bills providing for compulsory military training in summer camps and compulsory physical training in public and private schools.

President Wilson spoke intimately for half an hour to the members of the National Press club at Washington, D. C. He took supper with the club after his address. The speech was confidential.

Three students of Willamette University, Salem, Or., were ducked in a nearby creek by fellow members of the D. D. club, a university organization, for using intoxicating liquor, and were afterward dismissed from the school.

The Shanghai and Hankow branches of the Bank of China and the Bank of Communications have ignored the recent government mandate forbidding the paying out of silver, and stopped runs upon their institutions by redeeming bank notes.

Because H. R. Saunders, clerk of Yolo county, Cal., failed to advertise the notice of election the number of times required by law the \$200,000 courthouse bonds which were voted last week cannot be sold, and another election must be held.

Two prisoners are dead and another injured as a result of a one-man injury in the state prison at Nashville, Tenn. Jady Harris, who caused the trouble, was shot and killed after he had wounded two other prisoners, one fatally, with a rifle snatched from a guard.

According to the Dagens Nyheter, of Stockholm, the International Red Cross conference resulted in a complete rupture between the German and Russian Red Cross, owing to the refusal of Germany to express regret for the sinking of the Russian hospital ship Portugal.

The International Banking Corporation has signed a contract with the Chinese government for the improvement of the Grand Canal for a distance of 200 miles between the Yang-tse-Kiang and the northern boundary of Kians-su province. The corporation lends the government \$3,000,000 for the purpose, to be secured by canal tolls.

There will be but one graduate from the Wheatland, Cal., high school Friday. The state commissioner of elementary schools will make the commencement address to him. He will be the guest of honor at the alumni dinner and party, the hero in the annual class play, and the board of education will travel more than 75 miles to present him with a diploma.

Senator Cummins, of Iowa, presidential candidate, is touring the Northwest.

A Minneapolis mother of six commits suicide, that her life insurance of \$1000 may revert to the benefit of her children.

Colonel Goethals has announced that he would resign July 1. It is reported that he will not resign if there is trouble with Germany.

Colonel Roosevelt has formally entered the race for the presidential nomination in the Chicago conventions. He expresses desire to run on a "unit ticket."

Seventy-five thousand dollars' worth of liquor was seized by the Seattle police Friday in the most sweeping raid made since the state-wide prohibition law went into effect January 1. Two large warehouses and nine drugstores were searched, but no arrests were made, and none of the liquor was destroyed. The police obtained warrants for the search of 12 places of business where liquor was suspected to be stored, and in the first five places searched seized \$25,000 worth of liquor.

## Irish Countess Sentenced to Jail for Life.



Saw Countess at Head of Irish Rebels.

New York—Dr. Cecil C. McAdam, of Melbourne, Australia, who was attached to the Royal medical corps of the British army during the Gallipoli campaign and who was besieged in the Shelbourne hotel in Dublin, Ireland, during the recent rebellion there, arrived here Monday on the steamship Philadelphia from Liverpool.

Dr. McAdam said he saw the Countess Markiewicz attired in men's clothing and wearing a brace of revolvers, leading the Irish rebels. He was informed, he added, that she had shot six of her followers because they refused to obey her orders.

Countess Markiewicz has been sentenced to penal servitude for life for her part in the uprising in Dublin.

## FOES OF ADEQUATE NATIONAL DEFENSE LOSE; CONFEREES AGREE

Washington, D. C.—A standing army of 206,000 men, capable of being expanded in emergency to 254,000 and backed up by a Federalized National guard of 425,000 as a reserve, finally was agreed on Monday by the house and senate conferees on the army bill. The agreement will be reported to congress at once and the measure, the first of the administration preparedness bills, is expected to be before President Wilson for his signature soon.

Advocates of adequate National defense regard this conference agreement as a triumph.

The minimum enlisted strength would be attained under the conference agreement within the next five years and it is stipulated that at no time shall the total be less than 160,000.

The conference report also provides for government nitrate manufacturing plants to cost not to exceed \$20,000,000, for vocational education in the regular army and for establishment of military training camps for volunteer citizens, whose transportation, clothing and subsistence expenses while in training would be paid by the Federal government.

Other salient features of the measure provide for a board to investigate the advisability of establishing government munition plants and a board to recommend mobilization of industries. Authority is given to the government to seize and operate private munition plants in time of war.

## France Wants Central Powers to Ask, Not to Offer, Peace

Nancy—President Poincare, in an address here Monday, responded to Germany's suggestion regarding peace, contained in the German reply to the American note.

"France does not want Germany to tender peace," said the president, "but wants her adversary to ask for peace."

"France," he continued, "will not expose her sons to the dangers of new aggressions. The central empires, haunted by remorse for having brought

on the war and terrified by the indignities and hatred they have stirred up in mankind, are trying today to make the world believe that the entente allies alone are responsible for the prolongation of hostilities—a dull irony which will deceive no one.

"Neither directly nor indirectly have our enemies offered us peace. But we do not want them to offer it to us; we want them to ask it of us. We do not want to submit to their conditions; we want to impose ours on them. We do not want a peace which would leave imperial Germany with the power to recommence the war and keep Europe eternally menaced.

"So long as that peace is not assured to us; so long as our enemies will not recognize themselves as vanquished, we will not cease to fight."

## Income Tax to Remain.

Washington, D. C.—Taxes on incomes, inheritances and war munitions will be depended on to pay for the preparedness program, Chairman Kitchin, of the house ways and means committee, said Monday after a conference with Secretary McAdoo. The plan has the support, Mr. Kitchin said, of President Wilson.

What amount will have to be raised cannot be determined until the navy and army bills are completed. Members of the ways and means committee will begin work on this problem as quickly as possible, however. Other than a decision not to lower the present exemption limit for incomes, \$3000 for unmarried and \$4000 for married men, none of the details of the tax plan have been worked out.

## Bandits Make Another Raid.

Marathon, Tex.—Another raid into American territory by Mexican bandits was made Friday night at McKinney Springs ranch, 67 miles south of Marathon and 23 miles north of Boquillas, along the Marathon-Boquillas road, according to H. E. Stafford, an attorney of El Paso. Mr. Stafford arrived here Tuesday from Boquillas, to which place he had accompanied Major Langhorne last Saturday as a guide.

He secured his information from ranchmen in the McKinney Springs district as he was passing through there en route to Marathon. There was no shooting, he said.

## Islands to Sell Silver.

Manila—Jeremiah L. Manning, insular treasurer, has gone to China to investigate the silver market with a view to selling a portion of the 20,000,000 pesos silver which the government has at Corregidor.

Owing to the demand for silver in China, which has caused the Chinese government to declare a partial moratorium, the silver held by the government is salable at a profit of 35 per cent.

## ENGLAND TRIES KNIGHTED IRISHMAN ON CHARGE OF HIGH TREASON

London—The writing of a new chapter of the history of the Sinn Fein rebellion was begun Tuesday when Sir Roger Casement, knighted in 1911 for services to the British government, and Daniel Julian Bailey, an Irish soldier, one of his companions on the ill-fated submarine trip from Germany to Ireland were placed in the dock of the Bow-street police court for preliminary examination on the charge of high treason.

While considerable testimony introduced by the crown tended to incriminate Bailey, the main attack of the prosecution was directed against Casement in an endeavor to enmesh him in a net of evidence which would establish without question the leading part it is claimed he played in the conspiracy, whose ramifications extended even to America.

## U. S. to Send Insistent Note to England on Interference With Mails

Washington, D. C.—Negotiations with Great Britain regarding interference with mails to and from the United States and interruption of neutral commerce by the British fleet are to be resumed in the near future. A note insisting sharply on modification in the treatment of mails already is being prepared at the State department, and as soon as possible work will be begun on a reply to the last British note defending the operation of the blockade orders in the council.

Secretary Lansing let it be known last week that the implied condition in the German note on submarine warfare, expressing confidence that the United States would hold Great Britain to compliance with international law, had made it difficult to proceed with the British negotiations. He said, however, that these negotiations would be continued promptly in spite of the embarrassing situation.

## Fourteen Killed and Thirty Injured in Great Powder Plant Explosion

Gibbstown, N. J.—At least 14 men were killed and about 30 injured Tuesday in a terrific explosion at the Reppano plant or the Du Pont Powder company, near here. The blast occurred in the building in which trinitrotoluol is manufactured, and wrecked that structure and three others.

The cause of the explosion is not known, and, according to officials of the company, may never be ascertained, as all those believed to have been in the building where the first explosion occurred are dead.

Trinitrotoluol is not considered an explosive risk, and company officials believe it caught fire before exploding. This blast caused a nearby building, in which nitro-benzolis was manufactured, to blow up. So great was the force that two buildings some distance away, in which huxite was manufactured, were wrecked, but the explosive did not go off.

## Near-by Blast Causes Restaurant Building to Collapse; Ten Killed

Akron, O.—At least 10 persons were killed, two are missing and a score were injured early Tuesday night, when the old Beacon Journal building, occupied by the Crystal restaurant, collapsed as a result of a blast of dynamite in an adjoining excavation.

Seven identified and three unidentified bodies have been recovered and two persons now missing are thought to be in the ruins.

A tremendous roar, echoing the screams of dying people, brought thousands to the scene of the disaster, in the heart of Akron's business district.

A great pile of ruins, broken timbers, twisted steel and tons of brick and mortar buried the victims, who a moment before were dining in the restaurant.

Eight bodies were taken out of the wreckage after firemen, police and volunteer rescuers had worked frantically, digging and chopping through the debris.

Twenty more, some slightly injured, were extricated and sent to hospitals. Only two or three of those known to have been in the restaurant succeeded in escaping before the crash.

## Dakota Snow Two Feet Deep.

Sioux Falls, S. D.—Snow to a depth of two feet fell Tuesday in parts of the Black Hills in South Dakota, and to a depth of 10 inches on the Cheyenne Indian reservation, in the central part of the state. Heavy rain and snow fell in the entire eastern half of the state, but in Sioux Falls, Watertown and Aberdeen and snowflakes melted immediately. High winds and falling temperature, recorded at 30 promise further wintry weather.

## BIG PARADE VOICES U. S. PREPAREDNESS

New York Demonstration Has  
150,000 in Line of March.

### ALL CLASSES IN PATRIOTIC PAGEANT

Twelve Hours of Mankind Pass Reviewing Stand—Great Awakening Is Shown by People.

New York—New York expressed its attitude on the question of national preparedness Saturday by holding the greatest civil parade in the history of the country. An almost countless host of men and women, estimated at more than 150,000, representing all walks of life in the nation's metropolis, marched for 12 hours, 20 abreast, behind bands playing patriotic airs, through flag-bedecked streets lined with hundreds of thousands of cheering spectators.

All the professions and trades which make up the complex life of the city were represented.

In one division were the street sweepers in their uniforms of white, while in another were the dignified justices of the Supreme court of New York.

There also were the clergy—nearly 200, representing every denomination in the nation's greatest city. Lawyers, physicians, trained nurses, veterans of the Spanish-American war, were in line. But the most popular division was made up of the city's 10,000 National Guardsmen—infantry, cavalry and artillery—who brought up the rear.

"This," declared Major General Leonard Wood, in command of the department of the East, who reviewed the parade, "is the greatest argument America has ever known in favor of preparedness against elements that are at present unknown. It shows an interest in preparedness that amounts to a National awakening. This is what we need. It shows that the time has come to do something in the matter of National preparation."

The mammoth pageant began auspiciously. Just as Mayor Mitchell and a party of municipal officers left the city hall at the head of the first division an aeroplane appeared above lower Broadway and hovered around the great skyscrapers.

The paraders marched rapidly, more than 10,000 passing a given point within an hour.

With few exceptions, the marchers carried small American flags. Most of them also wore buttonhole emblems. At frequent intervals came one of the 200 bands and musicians were the only persons in the civic divisions who wore uniforms.

## Plan to Form Woman's Party Attacked by Illinois Suffrage Society

Chicago—An attack on the plan to form a woman's party was issued Monday by the Illinois Equal Suffrage association, while officials of the Congressional Union, promoters of the idea, were opening registration headquarters at 73 East Washington street. At the same time a campaign was launched by the Union with posters, banners and various advertising devices to boom the woman's party convention, which will be held June 5, 6 and 7 at the Blackstone theater during the time the Republican convention is in progress at the Coliseum. Twelve woman speakers will begin holding brief meetings at once under the auspices of the Congressional Union, on street corners, in factories or shops, offices, college dormitories and at labor union gatherings.

"Confusion and duplication of work" will be the effect of the Congressional Union's activities in Chicago, it is declared in the statement issued by the Illinois Equal Suffrage association. The proposal to form a party "on sex lines" is also assailed, and the union is defined as "a detached group of Eastern suffragists."

## Panama Police to Disarm.

Panama—William K. Price, the American minister, Monday delivered to the Panama government the final demand for the surrender of 1200 rifles used by the Panama National Police. The disarmament of the police force has been sought on account of riots which resulted in the deaths of Americans. It is understood the administration is opposed to the surrender of the rifles, but delivered up the arms under protest.