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In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Washington County. Charles L. Lousignont, Plaintiff,

Emma Lousignont, Defendant. To Emma F. Louisignont, Defendant.

In the name of the State of Oregon: You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit, on or before the expiration of six weeks from and after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit: The 15th day of January, 1914, and if you fail to maswer for want thereof the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in the complaint, to-wit: For the dissolution of the marriage contract now existing between plaintiff and defend-ant, and for such other relief as may seem meet and equity in the premises, on the grounds of cruel and inhuman treatment, rendering his life burden-

This snmmons is published by the order of the Hon. J. U. (Campbell, Judge of the Fifth Judicial District of Oregon, and said order being made on the 25th day of November 1913.

The date of the first publication of this summons is December 4th, 1913, and the last day of the publication of this summons is the 15th day of Janu-

J. N. HOFFMAN, Attorney for the Plaintiff.

Notice for Publication

U. S. Land Office, Portland, Oregon. December 26, 1913.

December 26, 1913.

Notice is hereby given that William J. Lunney, of Gaston, Oregon, Route No. 1, who, on March 8, 1907, made Original Homestead Entry No. 16197, Serial 01359, for E. 1/4, S. E. 1/4 and N. W. 1/4, S. E. 1/4, and on December 28, 1907, made Additional Homestead Entry No. 16414. Serial 01446, for N. E. 1/4, S. W. 1/4, Section 31, Township 1 North, Range 4 West, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five-year proof, to estabto make final five-year proof, to estab-lish claim to the land above-described, before the Register and Receiver, U.S. Land Office, at Portland Oregon, on

the 12th day of February, 1914. gon; Matt Vincent, of Gales Creek, Oregon; Charley Dennis, of Gaston, Oregon; Mrs. David Richards, of Gaston, Oregon.

H. F. HIGBY, Register.

WELCOME

We will be at home to our friends in our new quarters in the First National Bank Building

next week.

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HOW TO USE THE GROWING DEMAND SPLIT LOG DRAG FOR PLAYGROUNDS

THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF TH

Best Results Obtained Just Beneficial Results Secured After a Rain.

FOUR MILES A DAY'S WORK. MIND AND BODY IMPROVED.

Ordinary Road Drag Is Made With Two Halves of a Log-This Process Forces Water to Drain Off at Either Side, Leaving Bed In Condition.

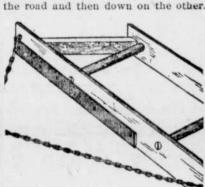
The best results from road dragging come when the roads are dragged directly after a rain. The surface of the road is leveled, the holes and ruts are filled up, and the earth is puddled. A crust forms when the top dries out, making the road much more lasting than it would be if dragged at any other time.

To keep a road smooth and crowned the best method is to drag with an ordinary wood road drag, made easily with two haives of a log which has been split. This log should be about six or eight inches in thickness and six to eight feet long. The halves are set three feet apart with the smooth surfaces forward and upright. They are fastened together with braces set in holes bored through the log.

If they are not heavy enough a board can be placed on top, and the driver stands upon it. This will weight it down sufficiently. In some cases it has been found desirable to attach a piece of metal along the lower edge of the forward piece of the drag. This cuts the surface of the ground better and insures also more efficient work.

The road drag should move forward so that it slants across the road in such a way that a small amount of earth will slide past the smooth face of the log toward the middle of the Claimant names as witnesses: William J. Williams, of Gales Creek, Ore-way the edge of the drag smooths out the ruts and fills up the holes.

The best way to drag is to begin at the side ditch and go up one side of



MODEL ROAD DRAG.

The next trip the drag should be started a little nearer the middle, and the last trip over the road the drag should work close to the middle itself. Small ridges of earth will be thrown in the horse track and smeared by the round The smearing of the earth by the drag is called puddling, and it tends to make the surface smooth and hard and turns off the water, especially after the sun comes out and dries it thoroughly. The road is always dragged after it has rained and not when it is dry. With a good strong pair of horses and a well built drag one man can drag about three or four miles of a road a day. This is the best possible way to maintain good earth roads. In every county some farmer along each four miles of road should own a drag and drag the road when it rains, and he would find the road in good condition when

he goes to market. The necessity for dragging the road cannot drain away into the side ditches. If the road has been properly dragged the water will run off the surface. Then if the ditches are properly taken care of the water will drain away and leave the roadway in splendid condition. The crown of the road should be at least ten inches higher than the outside. Rain on a properly crowned road will run quickly to the sides and not soak into the surface.

PRETTY HANGING BASKETS.

Plenty of Young Plants Should Be Used-Moss For a Lining.

The most unsightly part about the average hanging basket, especially if it has long been in private hands, is the bare sides and bottom. If such baskets cannot well be worked over and replanted get a handful of slips of wandering Jew or tradescantia, punch holes in the sides with a lead pencil and put in the cuttings. The basket will soon develop into a thing of beauty. When filling these moss covered baskets plenty of young plants of lobelia, saxifrage, hen and chickens, and the like should be freely introduced as the basket is gradually lined with moss and filled with soil.

A fresh lot of Whitman's Choc- priate a certain portion of the street olates right from the factory at during the recess time.

Only by Active Exercise.

ment of Places to Play Questions

That Are Regarded as Most Important-Strength of Body Is of as Great Value as Development of the Mind. The hygiene of the schools, the care of the school children and the establishment of playgrounds are rapidly coming to be regarded as among the

most important questions of the age. When it is considered that school children spend from eight to fifteen of the formative years of their lives in schools it is only reasonable to expect that their bodies as well as their minds should be prepared for their life work, for a well trained mind in a weak body is as much a mistake as a house built on the sands.

In this country as well as in many others children are compelled by the state to attend school until a certain age is reached. Up to the age when children can leave school the state should be responsible for their health, according to Professor Irving Fisher of Yale university. Likewise the state should be responsible for their mental training and should recognize the fact that the schoolhouse is more than a place for the children to spend a few hours a day for ten months of the

Better than the ordinary school is the outdoor school, which is now so rapidly coming into prominence. Where



GIRLS ON ROOF PLAYGROUND.

fresh air schools have been established children suffering from certain forms bercular families have gained in strength and health and have showed

better mental development. Besides the good effect on children's health, it has been found that children attend school more regularly when it is conducted on the outdoor plan.

One of the greatest needs of American cities today in order to preserve the vitality of children is the establishment of playgrounds, easily accescomes about from the fact that water sible to all children of a community. stays on the road surface because it It is said that the physical and mental are inseparably joined together, and if one is defective the other will suffer in sympathy. It appears impossible to develop the child physically in any way so effectively as through active play. Formal gymnastics can accomplish relatively little. The child must have some end to gain that arouses its enthusiasm and demands agility and strength and endurance. Then its whole bodily mechanism will work together in harmony to secure this end.

Even if playgrounds were of no value in social development they would still be of inestimable service in keeping children out of crime. If a boy's energies are not used up in wholesome activity they will often find expression in illegitimate conduct.

There is a movement on foot in Washington among those interested in the welfare of the school children which bids fair to solve in many instances the problem of lack of playground during their recesses for the pupils of the public schools, a problem which, owing to the neglect of the school authorities of former years to provide sufficient space for the greaty increased number of scholars, has in very many cases become a most seri-

The solution of the trouble, as provided by the movement, is to appro-

The proposed plan is to set aside

block of the street roadway during the recess time by means of ropes that can be readily adjusted to poles set in the curb in a few seconds. The barrier could thus be erected or removed by some of the older pupils almost instantly. It would not extend across the

Bone Meal For Gardens.

Bonemeal or ground bone is the most common of phosphate fertilizers for the reason that while it contains about the same percentage of phosphoric acid it also contains some nitrogenous matter of decided value. Steamed bonemeal is of about equal value, for, though some of the fatty matter has steamed out, making the meal more soluble and easy of decomposition, it has lost a little of the nitrog-

Small Advertisers Have Good Chances

By HOLLAND.

OME merchants who are doing business in a small way argue that it will not pay them to advertise because they cannot afford to buy the space that large advertisers use. They forget that very often the large advertiser began buying space in a small way and the aid the advertising did him enabled him to increase his business and his advertising appropriation at the same

It would be just as reasonable to argue that it would not pay to start a small store because the merchant could not afford the big building that the big merchant occupies. Everything is relative. The small business needs only a small store and only a small advertisement. But a business can be made profitable in limited quarters, and successful advertising can be done without using pages or

The editor of this paper knows a good deal about advertising. His information and advice are yours for the asking. He is interested in making your advertising pay, and the fact that the advertisement is small does not count. Better consult him and see if you can't hit on a plan that will be mutually

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H. T. GILTNER'S THE QUALITY STORE

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This LATEST MODEL LINOTYPE

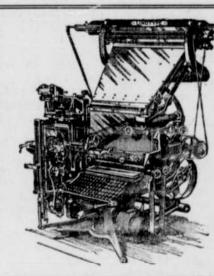
The Last Word in Type Composing Machines will be Installed in the Printery of the PRESS about

JANUARY 1st, 1914

This machine fully equipped has cost the PRESS \$2,500. Its installation is made necessary by our increasing business. As compared to other machines in this section it will have twice the speed and four times the variety of type faces.

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