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Exploits of the New Ironclad Monitor Montauk Below Charleston --- Captain J. L. Worden, Hero of the Original Monitor, In Command---Gallant Attack on Fort McAllister --- The Ironclad Runs Close In and Withstands the Fire For Hours---Shots From Ten Inch Guns Roll Off From Her Plates, Leaving No Dent--- The Famous Confederate Cruiser Nashville Destroyed by the Montauk With Hot Shot.

N the 28th of February, 1863, Captain John L. Worden, the hero of the Monitor-Merrimac battle, won fresh laurels with new and improved type of ironclad. While attacking Fort McAllister, Ga., with the Montauk, one of Captain Eresson's later creations in ironelads, he incidentally wiped out with hot shot the Confederate steamer Nashville, the first cruiser put affoat by the south.

fight with the Merrimac, March 9, 1862, had disabled him for several months. He joined Rear Admiral S. F. Dupont's south Atlantic squadron in

Like the original Monitor, the Mon-

By Captain GEO, L. KILMER, Late U. 5. V. fort, and perhaps the third would not have been attempted but for the fact that while reconnoitering with a view to catch the Nashville on Feb. 27, when there was a dense fog over the river, he saw the cruiser aground above the batteries. Before the first attack the Confederate range marks for the gunners in the fort were skillfully removed by a party of Federals in boats. Then the Montauk steamed up to within 150 yards of the obstruc-Worden's personal injuries in the tions and threw out her anchors as a challenge for a gun duel.

tauk's deck was almost wholly submerged, and the enemy found her a



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FORT M'ALLISTER, A GUARDIAN OF CHARLESTON.

lost no time in testing the new war engine. Dupont's task was to maintain a blockade against Charleston and keep the enemy's ships from carrying arms or supplies from England to the pent up Confederacy.

Fort McAllister stood at the mouth of the Ogeechee river, on the Georgia coast, to guard the channel and shield the movements of Confederate blockade runners then using that entrance, one of the few which the Federals had not securely closed. It was at the outhorn aytromity of the coast region which Dupont was attempting to subjugate by means of warships.

The Notorious Cruiser Nashville.

At the time of Worden's arrival the Confederate cruiser Nashville was up the Ogeechee river, watching for a chance to elude Dupont's vigilant fleet and get to sea. The ship had already made history as a daring blockade runner. She was a fine, swift side wheel steamer, built for trade between New York and Charleston.

The Confederates seized her after the fall of Sumter, and she was sent out as a ship of war, with an armament of two twelve-pounder guns and a crew of forty men. In October, 1861, she ran the Federal blockade out of Charleston and won the distinction of flying the first Confederate flag in British waters. She captured and burned a Yankee ship in the entrance of the British channel and was held under surveillance by the United States warship Tuscarora for several

In February, 1862, the Nashville was again in American waters and by a daring trick ran through the Federal blockading fleet into Beaufort, N. C. Running the fire of Burnside's blockading ships off Beaufort, she put in at Georgetown, S. C., where she was turned over to private owners, and under a changed name had an exciting career as a blockade runner, flying the British flag. Finally she was bottled up in the Ogeechee by a flotilla of Fed-

eral gunboats. While waiting to escape, the vessel was overhauled and fitted out for a Confederate cruiser under the name of the Rattlesnake, but the original name of Nashville always clung to her. In attempting to run out of the Ogeechee on Feb. 27 she grounded just

above Fort McAllister. During the time that the Nashville lay up the river Fort McAllister had been strengthened in order to make he cruiser's hiding secure from the Federals, who were watching her. The fort itself mounted nine guns. Across the channel below a diagonal line of plies had been driven and outside of them a bed of submarine torpedoes carefully laid to catch any ship attempting to pass the obstructions.

Challenge to a Gun Duel.

Dupont sent Worden to try his guns against the fort as an experiment for the new type of monitor, several of them having joined his fleet for the purpose of attacking Fort Sumter and the other fortifications in Charleston harbor. Worden would have taken in the original monitor, but she had gone down at sea on the trip from Fortress

January, 1863, with the Montauk and very small target. She lay close under the fort for four hours and emptied her shell chests upon the works without doing the enemy any harm so far as could be seen by a glass. Coming out of her first scrimmage wholly uninjured, although the enemy's gunners landed many shots against her iron sides, the Montauk only waited to refill her magazines and then boldly started in again.

This time she anchored within 1,000 yards of the enemy's guns, directly opposite an eight inch columbiad. Taking the gun chamber of the columbiad for his principal target, Worden bommortar boat sent by Dupont to support the attack took station near the monitor and opened upon the fort. The Confederate cruiser Nashville lay stranded 1,200 yards from the monitor beyond a marsh of tall canes. The upper decks of the cruiser were visible from the turret of the monitor. The moment his wooden consorts

opened upon the fort Worden trained his guns upon the Nashville. The cruiser had often been sighted before by Federal ships when they were reconnoitering around the fort and had always eluded capture and battle by fleeing up the river. Worden determined to finish her now that she lay at his mercy before she could float and get back up the river.

All the guns of the fort poured their eight inch and ten inch shots upon the Montauk, but Worden ignored them entirely, and in turn the Confederate gunners ignored the wooden ships. Only one shot from the fort struck the gun-That was from a thirty-two boat. pounder and did but little damage.

The fire of the fort upon the monitor was fast and furious, but the gunners were evidently excited and desperate, for out of the hundreds aimed at the Montauk only five found the little tar-Worden got accurate range on the Nashville in spite of the fog. He was as close as it was safe to go.

Shells Set the Nashville Afire.

The first few shells of the Montauk set the cruiser on fire in the wooden upper works, and about that time the fog grew denser, completely shutting off the view from the Federal gunners. Still they continued firing, according to the direction and elevation already obtained.

It was just twenty minutes after Worden fired his first shot when the flames burst out on the Nashville. Then thirty minutes of dense fog intervened, and at the end of fifty minutes, the fog clearing, it was seen that the fire had increased. A pivot gun mounted abaft the mainmast of the burning cruiser exploded from the intense heat, and a few minutes later her smokestack disappeared under a good shot from the turret of the Montauk.

The flames soon reached the magazine of the ship, which exploded with tremendous force, leaving the cruiser a smoking ruin. When the Nashville's magazine exploded the Federal vessels ceased firing and dropped down the river, followed by random shots from

During his many trips up to the fort in the Montauk Worden had passed the Confederate torpedoes going and coming without meeting with harm, but in his last withdrawal the monitor ran upon one, which stove a great hole in her side below the water line. The Confederates in the fort had seen the monitor pass and repass the torpedoes harmlessly so often that they gave no attention to her as she dropped away down the channel. Besides, the fog hid her from view of the fort, and Worden succeeded in beaching her out of sight of the enemy.

In a few days the wound was repaired by bolting a piece of boiler iron over the gap, and the Montank went back to her station on the blockade, doubly a



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CAPTAIN J. L. WORDEN, U. S. N., COMMANDER OF THE MONTAUK barded it fiercely with his eleven inch

the Montauk being one of each. The first gun of the monitor was fired at 7:45 o'clock in the morning. At 8:30 o'clock a shell aimed at the columbiad struck a thirty-two pounder

and fifteen inch guns, the armament of

gun near the columbiad, killing the gun chief, Major Gallie, who stood by encouraging his men. Worden's heavy shells razed the parapet in front of the guns of the fort, leaving the men in the batteries very much exposed, but they kept up a hot fire on the Montank, moving their pieces from point to point to baffle the Federal marks-

Big Shot Strike the Montauk.

Although the Montauk stood farther off in this attack than during the previous one, she was struck oftener, reof the missiles were ten inch, but they rolled off from the iron plates, leaving scarcely a dent.

Worden made three dashes at the of the enemy's guns. At the same troops.

hero in Worden's second monitor fight. She had survived a fearful rain of shells as well as a torpedo thrust and also snuffed out a Confederate cruiser that bid fair at one time to rival the career of the Alabama,

The destruction of the Nashville by the Montauk would have been deemed an equivalent for the loss of the Monitor had she met the worst fate. The cruiser had given the Federal government no little uneasiness after her transformation in the Ogeechee. It was feared that she might escape and commit vast depredations upon the commercial marine of the United States. She was a swift steamer, and the Federal navy had not produced her equal in speed.

Captain Worden's attack on the fort had also demonstrated the relative value of ironclads against strong land ceiving forty-one shots in ail. Many defenses. The ship had withstood a rain of iron herself, but her guns had not inflicted damage upon the walls which could not be speedily repaired When Worden steamed the Montauk overnight. The fortress withstood up in front of Fort McAllister early on stronger assaults later, but continued the morning of Feb. 28 a fog still hung to guard Charleston and Savannah unover the water, and, the tide being fa- til near the end of the war. It then vorable, he anchored within 800 yards succumbed to an attack by land

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