

CRUSH REVOLUTION

Madero Will Deal Summarily With All Agitators.

Policy of Diaz is Adopted in Dealing With Enemies of Government—Troops Watch Border.

Mexico [City]—Without blare of trumpets and without official proclamation the Federal government proposes to employ the drastic methods of Diaz in restoring peace. Immediate application of the new policy will be the nation's only appraisal of it.

This is the substance of a statement by a cabinet minister. Swift punishment is to be the portion of all agitators who can be reached, whether of gun or pencil. A few newspaper writers will be deported, it is said, under that provision of the constitution which provides for the expulsion of undesirable. Public parades and street orations are to be prohibited in cases where the purpose is in any manner connected with the political affairs.

This prescription is in accordance with the government's diagnosis of the revolutionary disease that has broken out in so many parts of the country.

Official figures place the loss in death, both north and south, since January 26, as follows:

Federals, 34, rebels, from 222 to 272, and noncombatants, 10.

Unofficial reports, apparently well founded, add to these figures 15 Federal dead and 45 rebel dead.

One rebellion is recognized, that of Emilio Zapata, covering all of the state of Morelos and portions of the states of Hidalgo, Guerrero and Mexico and the Federal district itself.

In Guerrero conditions are not greatly better than in Morelos. There the district leader of the revolt is Jesus H. Salgado, who, like Zapata, is a former officer in Madero's revolutionary army. He has been persistent in declaring that he is fighting for the cause of Emilio Vasquez Gomez, but there is little doubt that he and Zapata are working together.

In the state of Tabasco, there remains a trace of the revolt of a few weeks ago, but that had nothing of a national character. It was specifically against the government. The portion of Oaxaca on the Tehuantepec isthmus has yet a few rebels, but they are not operating against the Federal government. Reform of local conditions is their cry. The list of uprisings was increased last week by one in Michoacan. Alleged abuses on an hacienda account for that. The insurgents are chiefly field hands.

The puzzle was furnished by the garrisons at Juarez and Chihuahua. The rebels in the South pretend a knowledge that the mutinous troops are working under the same general plan with themselves, but government officials profess to believe there is no connection between the uprisings in the North.

ICE GORGE BREAKS.

Three Persons Swept to Death in Niagara River.

Niagara Falls—The great ice bridge that has choked the river channel between the cataract and the upper steel arch bridge below the falls for the past three weeks broke from its shoring at noon Sunday and went toward the river, taking with it to their death a man and woman said to be Mr. and Mrs. Eldridge Stanton, of Toronto, Canada, and Burrell Heacock, 17 years old, of Cleveland, O.

Four other persons were on the ice at the time, but managed to get ashore in safety.

The bridge was considered safe. For weeks the great fields of ice had been coming down the river, piling up against the barrier until it was from 60 to 80 feet thick and under the influence of zero weather the great mass had become anchored firmly to the shore. The jam was about 1,000 feet wide and in some places a quarter of a mile in breadth.

One Killed in Tong War.

Marysville, Cal.—The coast-wide war between highbinder tongs has extended to this city and Ah Loo, a well known resident, was shot from behind and killed by two assailants, who disappeared. He was a member of the Suey Sing tong, which is in the majority in Marysville. Kim Wing, a wealthy local Chinese merchant, appealed to the police for protection several hours before the shooting. He says that six "hatchetmen" have been imported by the Hop Sing tong to annihilate the Suey Sings.

How Elected by Hobos.

Cincinnati—James Eads How, of St. Louis, the "millionaire hobo," was chosen national chairman of the Unskilled Migratory and Casual Workers' association of the United States. Alexander Tyler, of Cincinnati, was elected secretary, and Cora D. Harvey, of St. Louis, was named treasurer. The convention came to an end with an address by Professor Frank Bohn, formerly of the University of Chicago, on "Socialism."

Germany to Add to Force.

Berlin—Fifteen thousand bluejackets are to be added to the German navy by the new naval bill about to be introduced in the Reichstag.

CHILD BUREAU OPPOSED.

Senator Bailey, of Texas, Has Fling at Views of Woman.

Washington, D. C.—The proposal for a children's bureau in the department of commerce and labor to investigate and report in all matters affecting the welfare of children, was debated in the senate without action.

Senator Gallinger opposed the bill, contemplating an unwarranted intrusion into private affairs. He discussed criticisms of the reports made by a child labor bureau a few years ago, and said that these reports revealed nothing worse than the "turkey trot" dance in vogue in Washington City.

Mr. Heyburn attacked the bill as a discrimination against the poor and Senator Overman branded it as unnecessary.

Senator Smith, of Georgia, made his maiden speech in support of the bill. He said it would be of vast benefit to children, without interfering with state rights.

Senator Bailey attributed the bill's popularity to the influence of women, who, he said, should confine their attention to subjects outside the halls of legislation.

"The more a woman knows about the things she ought to know," he said, "the less she knows about things we are doing here."

Senator Stone characterized the bill as inquisitorial and involving unlimited expenditures. Senator Borah, author of the bill, said that the bureau was as much warranted as many of the existing government offices.

HERRICK IS NAMED.

Ohio Man Proffered Ambassadorship to France.

Washington, D. C.—President Taft has offered the post of ambassador to France to Myron T. Herrick, of Cleveland, Ohio. Information of the president's desire to name Mr. Herrick as successor to Robert Bacon was obtained here from excellent authority. It was learned that the president intended when he left Washington on his trip to Ohio to ask Herrick to accept the diplomatic post at Paris, and in the event of Herrick's declining to go abroad, to invite him to assume charge of headquarters that are soon to be opened in Washington, in furtherance of the Taft campaign for re-nomination.

Dispatches from Columbus indicate that President Taft had authorized the statement that he had not asked Herrick to take charge of his pre-convention campaign headquarters. In view of this circumstance it is believed here that Herrick has signified his intention to accept the Paris post or has asked for time to consider it.

PANAMA RATE POSTPONED

Pacific Coast Committee to Have Further Hearing February 15.

Washington, D. C.—Secretary Stimson, after hearing a committee from the Pacific Coast, postponed the proposed increase in freight rates over the Panama railroad and its steamship line from New York to Colon until February 15.

The rates were increased because Colonel Goethals had reported that the work of canal construction was being greatly delayed by the amount of heavy freight thrown on the Panama railroad. It also appeared that the road and the steamship line had a deficit of \$75,000 during the quarter that ended September 30 last.

J. J. Hill Only Exception.

Washington, D. C.—"The heads of the railroads of the United States with the one exception of James J. Hill are merely clerks for Wall street," said ex-United States Senator Flint, of California, before the house interstate commerce committee.

"Practically every one but Mr. Hill has a board controlled by Wall street," Mr. Flint appeared to advocate that when any steamship line, owned by railroads, made rates or traffic combinations, it be barred from the Panama canal. A government-owned steamship line was the only alternative, he said.

Starving Pheasants Fed.

Hood River, Or.—But for the endeavor of valley orchardists, the large number of China pheasants in this valley would have perished from starvation because of the recent heavy snows. The snowfall covering the ground for a period of three weeks has driven the handsome birds into barnyards, where they have been feeding with the chickens. A subscription was taken in the Odell region, headed by Mark Cameron, and grain bought for the birds in the more thinly settled communities.

Jones Introduces Bills.

Washington, D. C.—Senator Jones introduced the following bills: Establishing a sub-treasury at Seattle; raising the salary of the collector of customs for Puget sound to \$7,000; appropriating \$50,000 for a lighthouse at Cape Spencer; \$100,000 for a lighthouse at Cape St. Elias, Alaska, with \$30,000 additional for small lights along the Alaska coast; appropriating \$50,000 for a fish culture station on the Pacific Coast.

Postoffice Bill Framed.

Washington, D. C.—A ten-year term for the postmaster general, the elimination of the entire Postoffice department from politics and the appointment of all postmasters by the head of the department instead of by the president, was presented in a bill introduced by Representative Norris, of Nebraska.

REBELS VICTORIOUS

Defeat Mexican Rurales and Liberate Prisoners.

Seat of Provisional Government Established at Juarez—Revolutionists Gain Strength.

El Paso, Tex.—Ciudad Juarez will be the seat of the provisional government proclaimed by the supporters of Vasquez Gomez, according to announcement made by the revolutionary junta here. At the conference of Gomez' chiefs held in Juarez it was determined to send a representative to Washington to confer with President Taft and it is expected he will leave this city within a day or two.

Chihuahua, Mexico.—Ninety mutineers, aided by a score of recruits, after a sharp fight, compelled Governor Gonzales to release from the penitentiary Antonio Rojas, former militant partisan of Emilio Vasquez, and three of his followers.

Gonzales surrendered to the demands after three hours of fighting near the prison, in which the loyal rurales were commanded by General Pasqual Orozco in person. The mutineers agreed with Governor Gonzales to quit fighting if the four prisoners were released.

Seven rurales are known to be dead and several wounded. Of the latter is Silvano Orozco, cousin of Pasqual Orozco. The dead include Captains Salgo and Dutierrez. The rebel losses are yet unknown.

Rumors are current that more bands in the hills will join the rebels, and residents of the city are not at all confident that the successful mutineers will keep their agreement with the state executive. This did not include a promise to surrender.

The men still retain their arms, and it is believed will join the campaign in favor of Gomez.

The mob was led by Captain Mendoza, who formerly was captain of the Rurale guard, but lately was discharged from the service by General Orozco. For the purpose of distinguishing the defenders from the men of the attacking force, the former wore white bands on their arms. This measure was adopted as the result of confusion early in the fight.

The passenger service on the Mexican Northwestern railroad has been abandoned.

MONEY FOR FARMERS' BOYS.

Furs of All Kinds Bring Good Prices—Supply is Limited.

Portland—The sharp advance in the price of furs noted in the last London sales emphasizes the fact that the demand is greatly increasing year by year, while there is a corresponding decrease in the available supplies, according to a special cable received by H. Liebes & Co., of this city.

At the London January sales there was an advance of as much as 50 per cent in certain lines, beaver, cross fox, wolverines, wolf and muskrat furs being included in the sensational rise.

While there are said to be many thousands of beavers in Oregon, the law prohibits their slaughter and sale. Portland is growing fast in importance as a fur market and the prices obtainable here are fully as high as those that can be secured in any other market of the world.

The following prices are in effect here for furs:

Mink, \$4@6.50; raccoon, 90c@1.50; skunk, narrow stripe, \$1@2; skunk, broad stripe, 75c@1.50; muskrat, 20@30c; wolf or coyote, \$2.25@3.50; grey fox, 75c@1.50; red fox, \$6@8.50; marten, \$6@8; beaver, \$6@8.50; fisher, \$12@20; badger, 40c@1; lynx cat, \$3@5; wild cat, 75c@1.50; otter, \$10@14; ringtail cat, 25@60c; civet cat, 10@25c; house cat, 5@20c; mountain lion, \$5@10; bear, \$7@12.

The above quotations are on prime, well handled skins, according to size, No. 2 quality accordingly.

Liner Alleghany Sinks.

New York—The Hamburg-American liner Alleghany, which left here Saturday for Central America and the West Indies, sank 75 miles east-northeast of Cape Henry, off the Virginia coast, after a collision with the British steamer Pomaron, according to wireless dispatches received here shortly after the disaster. The Pomaron took all the passengers and crew of the Alleghany on board and, conveyed by the revenue cutter Onondaga, is making slowly for port, the message said. No lives were lost so far as known.

War of Weavers Bitter.

Manchester, England—The unremitting warfare which is being waged by the weavers against nonunionists has caused the authorities to draft a large body of extra police into the city from various parts of Lancashire for the protection of workers who do not belong to the union. The trades unionists also refuse to recognize the Roman Catholic weavers, who have organized a union of their own. Rioting has occurred in several localities.

Cash Promised to Persia.

London—Great Britain and Russia will shortly advance to Persia another \$2,000,000, in order to relieve the immediate necessities of the Persian government.

LONDON NEWSBOY IS HEIR.

Grandson of Rich Californian Begins Suit for Estate.

San Francisco—By an action filed in the Superior court here, a London newsboy became a contestant for a fortune.

The suit, filed by Mrs. Amelia A. Dierks in behalf of Etienne Buillard, a lad whom she found selling papers in London two years ago, reveals the story of the boy's abandonment in Paris, after the death of his mother and the discovery, according to Mrs. Dierks that he is the grandson of the late Dennis Hayes, a wealthy pioneer mining man of California and that he was restored to his relatives by the chance meeting with his benefactress in London.

The boy's claim to a share in the Hayes estate of approximately \$100,000 is entered in the suit just filed.

Mrs. Dierks found Etienne Buillard, then 12 years old, selling papers in London two years ago.

"You speak like an American," she said.

"My mother was an American," replied the boy. "She died and I have almost forgotten her, but she taught me to talk."

The boy's memories of his parents were vague, but Mrs. Dierks learned by investigation, she says, that his mother was Annette Hays, daughter of Dennis Hayes, and that she had been married to Etienne Buillard, a supposedly wealthy Frenchman, against her father's wishes, and gone to Paris to live. Further inquiries revealed the whereabouts of an aunt, Mrs. Cecilia Laib, living in San Francisco, and Etienne was taken to her by Mrs. Dierks. The luxury of the Laib residence palled on the boy and he left within a week, going to the home of Mrs. Dierks, with whom he has since lived.

FEWER NEWSPAPERS EXIST.

Total Listed in American Annual 13 Less Than Year Ago.

Philadelphia—That there are fewer newspapers in the United States than there were a year ago is revealed by figures presented in the American Newspaper Annual, just published. A year ago the number of daily papers was 2,472; the 1912 annual lists 13 less.

New England has lost four dailies; New York four, the Middle West nine and the Western states 13.

There were gains in the Southern and Middle Atlantic sections.

Weekly and semi-weekly newspapers are also fewer in number. The 1912 annual names 16,229 weeklies, 40 less than in 1911, and 605 semi-weekly, as compared with 617 in 1911.

BREWERS SEE HOP LANDS.

Eastern Party Looking Into Prospective Western Investments.

Chico, Cal.—Several prominent hop-growers and representatives of Eastern breweries are in Chico looking at land suitable for purchase and arranging for the care of that already acquired. The party consists of J. Birkenheim, of New York, and Flood V. Flint, P. M. Rooney and William Woods, of Sacramento, under the guidance of P. Frazer.

Birkenheim represents a syndicate of Eastern breweries and is endeavoring to put into operation a plan whereby the breweries will raise their own hops. It is also understood they are negotiating for the purchase of lands already given over to hopgrowing.

Fight Abandonment of Posts.

Washington, D. C.—Notwithstanding Secretary Stimson's report to congress recommending the abandonment of many army posts, it is improbable that any of the larger posts will be abandoned this winter. A Democratic house may insert amendments in the army appropriation bill to carry out Stimson's plan of economy, but the senate is almost to a man opposed to his program, and it is certain there are enough votes in that body to prevent the abandonment of any important post.

Death Cheats Officers.

Chicago—While hunting for Antonio Maggiero, Jr., who it was thought had been kidnapped, the police found the boy's brother, Michael, for whom they have been searching for three weeks, suspecting he had knowledge of "Black Hand" outrages here. But Michael was not arrested. A few minutes before the police showed open the creaking door of the frigid back room in which he had hidden, death had claimed him. He was tubercular.

76,128,000 Bushels Move.

Winnipeg—That 76,128,000 bushels of grain have been marketed on the Canadian Pacific railway this year against 55,518,000 bushels for the same period last year is shown by reports just completed. Of the former total 61,740,000 bushels are wheat and 14,388,000 other grains; while of the 55,518,000 bushels, 43,607,000 bushels were wheat and 11,911,000 bushels other grains.

Mayor Joins Two Tunnels.

Storm King, N. Y.—Mayor Gaynor, of New York, touched an electric button and fired the blast that joined the two tunnels, sunk on opposite sides of the Hudson river for the New York-Catakill aqueduct. The work of concreting the tunnel will be started at once. It is estimated it will take about a year to complete this part of the work.

ALASKA HAS QUAKE

Disturbance Recorded at Stations Throughout Country.

Glaciers Groan and Crack—People Rush Into Streets—Coast May Change.

Valdez, Alaska—Violent earthquake shocks, the severest ever experienced, were felt over various sections of Alaska, the movement being from northeast to southwest, with oscillation through an arc of six degrees.

From Cordova came word that heavy shocks were felt far into the interior. The tremor was felt on the coast as far west as Seward, Fairbanks and 350 miles inland, with reports that the shock was most severe in the Tanana valley.

At Cordova the first shock lasted 10 seconds and caused buildings to sway alarmingly. Everyone rushed into the street for safety, but no damage was done.

A wireless message from St. Paul Island says all are well on the Pribilof islands.

Nine minor tremors of brief duration followed the first shock. Where there are only two-story wooden buildings no damage was done.

The glaciers in the Copper River district groaned and cracked ominously during the earthquake. Reports received from points along the line of the Copper River & Northwestern railroad say Sheridan, Miles and Child's glaciers gave off a sound resembling the booming of cannon as the ice groaned and cracked. The terrific cannonading was heard 12 miles away. At Flagpoint the rumbling of Sheridan glacier was heard 30 minutes after the first shock subsided.

The crevasses in the glaciers are filled with snow and it is impossible to ascertain whether the glaciers moved forward. It is believed, however, that the shock has so shattered the ice that when the glaciers become warm in the spring they will advance and discharge more rapidly than ever before.

Owing to the warm winter and the strong northwest current, ascribed to a change in the course of the Japan stream, but accounted for by scientists as due to continued southeast gales, the earthquake has caused great excitement and there is much speculation as to possible changes in the ocean floor.

The tremor was of sufficient violence to shake goods off the shelves in the stores and to stop clocks in all parts of town.

The steamship Alameda has just arrived here. Her officers report that she was delayed by thick weather and earthquake conditions.

Seattle, Wash.—The earthquake felt at Valdez, Alaska, was recorded on the seismograph at the University of Washington, the record showing that the oscillations began at 11:46 a. m. Pacific time, and continued for a period of an hour and a half. Forty-five minutes after the first vibration there were two severe shocks, lasting two minutes each, and separated by an interval of one minute.

Lawrence, Kan.—A violent earthquake, supposed to have its center in the northern part of South America, was recorded on the seismograph at the University of Kansas. The disturbance lasted one hour.

Washington, D. C.—All five instruments at Georgetown University recorded a seismic disturbance estimated at not less than 2,000 miles distant from Washington.

New York—An earthquake of some severity was registered on the seismograph at Brooklyn college. The record began at 2:30 o'clock and continued until 4:09, with a maximum shock occurring at 3:41.

Alfalfa Tilden's Fare.

Chicago—Edward Tilden, president of the National Packing company, surprised his fellow defendants in the United States District court Thursday by declaring that he had eaten a breakfast of alfalfa, served in the form of pancakes. "There is a great future for alfalfa," he said. "I predict that in five years alfalfa flour will be so improved that it will be in general use. It may become a substitute for wheat. When it gets to that point wheat will sell for 50 cents a bushel."

Roads Would Make Gift.

Denver—The Denver Times says that the Union Pacific and Burlington railroads have agreed as part consideration for the right to lay joint tracks on Market street to give \$50,000 to the city of Denver, the money to be used in installing a large pipe organ in the city's auditorium building. The money, it is understood, is to be available as soon as the city council passes an ordinance granting the railroads the right of way.

Pearl Fishermen Seized.

Perim—An Italian warship took ten prisoners from a native pearl fishing vessel and killed two of the men who tried to escape by swimming ashore. The warship bombarded two coast villages—on January 24 and January 27. It is expected that Hodeida will be bombarded next.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY

CHURCHES.

Church of the Visitation, Verboort—Rev. L. A. LeMiller, pastor. Sunday Early Mass at 8 a. m.; High Mass at 10:30 a. m.; Vesper at 3:00 p. m. Week days Mass at 8:30 a. m.

Christian Science Hall, 115 Fifth st., between First and Second ave. South—Services Sundays at 11 a. m.; Sunday school at 12 m.; mid-week meeting Wednesdays at 7:30 p. m.

Free Methodist church, Fourth st., between First and Second Avenue. J. F. Leise, Pastor. Sunday School at 10 a. m.; preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Prayer meeting Wednesday 7:30 p. m.

Seventh Day Adventist Church, 3rd street—Sabbath school 2 p. m., preaching 3 p. m. each Saturday. Midweek prayer meeting Wednesday 7:30 p. m. A cordial welcome. H. W. Vallmer, Elder.

Catholic Services, Rev. J. R. Buck, pastor. Forest Grove—Chapel at cor. of 3rd street and 3rd avenue south. 1st and 4th Sundays of the month, Mass at 8:30; 2nd and 3rd Sundays of the month, Mass 10:30. Cornelius—1st Sunday of the month, Mass at 10:30; 3rd Sunday of the month, Mass at 8:00. Seghers—2nd Sunday of the month, Mass at 8:00; 4th Sunday of the month, Mass at 10:30.

M. E. Church, Rev. Hiram Gould, pastor. Second street, between First and Second avenues. Sunday school at 10 a. m.; Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8:00 p. m. Mid-week prayer meeting Thursday at 7:30 p. m.

Christian Church, corner Third st. and First Ave. Rev. C. H. Hilton, pastor. Bible school at 10 a. m.; preaching at 11 a. m. and 8:00 p. m.; Prayer meeting Thursday at 8:00 p. m.

Congregational Church, College Way and First ave. north. Rev. D. T. Thomas—Sunday school 10 a. m.; Morning service 11 a. m.; evening, 8:00 p. m.; Junior C. E. at 3 p. m.; Senior C. E. at 6:30 p. m.

LODGES.

Knights of Pythias—Delphos Lodge No. 36, meets every Thursday at K. P. Hall, Chas. Staley, C. C.; Reis Ludwig, Keeper of Records and Seal. G. A. R.—J. B. Mathews Post No. 6, meets the first and third Wednesday of each month at 1:30 p. m., in K. P. hall. John Baldwin, Commander.

Masonic—Holbrook Lodge No. 39, A. F. & A. M., regular meetings held first Saturday in each month. P. W. Kinzer, W. M.; A. A. Ben Kori, secretary.

W. O. W.—Forest Grove Camp No. 98, meets in Woodmen Hall, every Saturday. A. J. Parker, C. C.; James H. Davis, Clerk.

Artisans—Diamond Assembly No. 27, meets every Tuesday in K. P. Hall. C. B. Stokes, M. A.; John Boldrick, Secretary.

Rebekahs—Forest Lodge No. 44, meets the first, third and fifth Wednesdays of each month. Miss Alice Crook, N. G.; Secretary, Miss Carrie Austin.

I. O. O. F.—Washington Lodge No. 48, meets every Monday in I. O. O. F. Hall. V. S. Abraham, N. G.; Robert Taylor, Secretary.

Modern Woodmen of America—Camp No. 6228, meets the second and fourth Friday of each month. A. L. Sexton, Consul; Geo. G. Paterson, Clerk.

Rosewood Camp, No. 3835 R. N. A., meets first and third Fridays of each month in I. O. O. F. Hall. Mrs. M. S. Allen, Oracle; Mrs. Winnifred Aldrich, Recorder.

Gale Grange No. 282, P. of H., meets the first Saturdays of each month in the K. of P. Hall. A. T. Buxton, Master; Mrs. H. J. Rice, Secretary.

CITY.

Mayor—G. S. Allen.
Recorder—M. R. Markham.
Treasurer—R. P. Wirtz.
Chief of Police—P. W. Watkins.
Health Officer—Dr. J. S. Bishop.
Councilmen—John Wirtz, Carl L. Hinman, O. M. Sanford, Rev. J. M. Barber, W. F. Schultz, H. B. Johnson, O. M. Sanford and John McNamer.

City School.

School Directors—M. Peterson, Mrs. Edward Seymour, H. T. Buxton, Clerk—R. P. Wirtz.
Justice of the Peace—W. J. R. Beach.
Constable—Carl Hoffman.

COUNTY.

Judge—R. O. Stevenson.
Sheriff—George G. Hancock.
Clerk—John Bailey.
Recorder—T. L. Perkins.
Treasurer—E. B. Sappington.
Surveyor—Geo. McTea.
Coroner—E. C. Brown.
Commissioners—John McClaran, John Nyberg.
School Sup't—M. C. Case.

S. P. TIME TABLE.

North Bound.
Sheridan No. 4 8:27 a. m.
Corvallis No. 2 4:53 p. m.
South Bound.
Corvallis No. 1 8:44 a. m.
Sheridan No. 3 6:00 p. m.

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