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We want everything in the produce line for our Christmas trade.
Send us your turkeys.
Send us your chickens
And your ducks and geese
And your veal and pork.
We can use your produce any day in the year. Address all shipments
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Bridge Work or Teeth Without Plates.....\$3.50 to \$5.00
Gold Crowns.....\$3.50 to \$5.00
Porcelain Crowns.....\$3.50 to \$5.00
Gold or Porcelain Fillings.....\$1 Up
Silver Fillings.....50c to \$1
15 YEARS' GUARANTEE.
Hours, 8 A. M. to 8 P. M., Sundays, 9 to 12.
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PAINLESS DENTISTS.
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WE WELD broken machinery and castings of all kinds by a new process, making them as good as new. Machine work of all kinds. We fix any old thing. **Portland Dry-Acetylene Welding Company, 305 Glass St. Phone Main 6769. Portland, Or.**

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We Positive'y Pay Highest Prices for **RAW FURS**
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Protein SOY OIL MEAL
46 Per Cent Protein—10 Per Cent Fat
THE WORLD'S BEST FOR COWS, POULTRY—ALL FARM ANIMALS
"It is almost without an equal as a concentrated feed."—U. S. Agricultural Dept. Bulletin No. 58 and 372.
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dentistry on the Pacific Coast is executed here. We have built up our reputation on it. You can depend on *quality* and cannot get better painless work anywhere, no matter how much you pay.
We finish plate and bridge work for out-of-town patients in one day if desired. Painless extraction free when plates or bridge work is ordered. Consultation free.
Molar Crowns \$5.00
22k Bridge Teeth 4.00
Gold Fillings 1.00
Enamel Fillings 1.00
Silver Fillings .50
Good Rubber Plates 5.00
Best Red Rubber Plates 7.50
Painless Extractions .50
BEST METHODS
All work fully guaranteed for fifteen years.
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Painless Dentists
Falling Building, Third and Washington, PORTLAND, ORE.
Office Hours: 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. Sundays, 9 to 1

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\$3 \$3.50 & \$4 SHOES FOR MEN BOYS' SHOES, \$2.00, \$2.50 & \$3.00. BEST IN THE WORLD.
The benefits of free hides, which apply principally to soleleather, and the reduced tariff on sole leather, now enables me to give the wearer more value for his money, better and longer wearing \$3, \$3.50 and \$4 shoes than I could give previous to the tariff revision.
Do you realize that my shoes have been the standard for over 30 years, that I make and sell more \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the U.S., and that Dollar for Dollar, I guarantee my shoes to hold their shape, look and fit better, and wear longer than any other \$3.00, \$3.50 or \$4.00 shoes you can buy? Quality has made my shoes The Leaders of the World.
You will be pleased when you buy my shoes because of the fit and appearance, and when it comes time for you to purchase another pair, you will be more than pleased because the last one wore so well, and gave you so much comfort.
CAUTION! None genuine without W. L. Douglas. **TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE**
If your dealer cannot supply you with W. L. Douglas Shoes, write for Mail Order Catalog.
W. L. DOUGLAS, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

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Special Xmas Prices Until January 1.
\$100 reward to anyone who can show that we ask or receive more than the following prices:
22K Gold Crowns, molars, \$4.00
22K Gold Crowns, all others \$3.00 to \$3.75
22K Gold Bridgework, per tooth, \$3.00
Porcelain Bridgework, per tooth, \$3.00
Plates—None better can be made. The Teeth we guarantee never to break off.....\$7.50 per set
Silver Fills.....25c to 75c
All other work as low.
All work guaranteed both painless and for 15 years. We have lived in Portland over 25 years. You cannot obtain better dentistry of better materials if you pay 10 times as much. **Low East Side expense** is why we can afford these prices.
We always do just as we advertise—we hire no traveling dentists, nor do we have students—we do all our own work, every part of it.
BIG ONE-PRICE EAST SIDE DENTISTS
DRS. KELSAY & PITTINGER
Cor. Union Ave. and East Morrison, East Side.

Going Some.
The New Hat-Tree—And you're a centenarian? By George! Aside from a few cracks in your face, you hold your age mighty well! What's the secret? The Grandfather's Clock (serenely)—I keep regular hours and always find something for my hands to do!—Puck.

Utterly Wretched
Nervous Prostration Long Endured Before Remedy was Found.
Miss Minerva Reminger, Upper Bern, Pa., writes: "For several years I had nervous prostration, and was utterly wretched. I lived on bread and beef tea because my stomach would not retain anything else. I took many remedies, but obtained no relief until I took Hood's Sarsaparilla, when I began to gain at once. Am now cured."
Pure, rich blood makes good, strong nerves, and this is why Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies and enriches the blood, cures so many nervous diseases. Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolate tablets called Sarsatabs.

Children's Dresses.
A good idea for mothers who like to have souvenirs of their little one's childhood is to paste in a book samples from every new dress or suit, with a picture of the pattern if possible. Not only is this interesting for both mothers and children in time to come, but it forms a valuable history of costumes for the period, and is of practical service as well as insuring variety in dress from year to year.

She Needed a Wringer.
"Oh, yes," said Mrs. Bright, "I got home all right, but when I reached the door I found I hadn't my latchkey. I thought I should never get in, for Mr. Bright was in the bath-tub and I had to ring him out!"

Men to Be Despised.
We ought to despise the man who will not help others and also despise the faker who pretends to be helping others while only helping themselves.—Leslie's.

PUBLIC LANDS
Advice given on all matters pertaining to Homestead, Desert Land, Timber Claims, Mining, Irrigation, Etc. Appeals prepared; State your case; write for information.
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COFFEE, TEA SPICES, BAKING POWDER, EXTRACTS, JUST RIGHT
A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE
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Indestructible Records
Fit any make of phonograph or graphophone
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Never Break
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SOLD BY YOUR HOME DEALER OR
COLUMBIA PHONOGRAPH CO.
PORTLAND, OREGON.

OPERATOR RESIGNS

THOUGHT HE HAD CAUSED BIG COLLISION OF TRAINS.
Sent Out One He Had Orders to Hold, and for 30 Minutes Shuddered in Fear at Calamity That Impended.

Pallsade, Col.—Richard Boydsten, who was an operator at Tunnel, the next station above Pallsade, had ordered physicians and wreckers to take care of the dead and injured on Denver & Rio Grande passenger train No. 6, which for 30 minutes he believed had, through his carelessness, been sent over the mountain side near Debeque, with a consequent loss of dozens if not hundreds of lives.

Boydsten has auburn hair, and although it has not changed color, he declared that he would have sent a bullet into his brain when he learned of his error had he had a gun. Boydsten sent in his resignation at once and says he will return to Chicago to work behind a cigar counter, his former occupation.

"I realized almost immediately after the passenger had passed Tunnel what I had done," said Boydsten. "I had orders to hold the east-bound passenger for a freight which had just passed Debeque. I forgot to deliver the order to hold No. 6. I knew that it would result in the worst wreck in the history of the road, for the two trains were bound to meet on the hill in the canyon. I called Debeque hoping against hope that the freight had not passed out of the yards, but was too late."

"I have read in magazines of the awful experiences of operators who had made just the mistake I did, but I don't believe they tell half the awful feeling a man has who thinks that he has sent a hundred passengers to certain death. I prepared for the worst, sent an order to Grand Junction for a wrecker and asked for a dozen physicians. Then I waited. I could not leave the key to look for signs of a burning wreck, for the dispatcher kept asking for more particulars.

"Finally, when I felt certain the wreck had occurred, I looked in the drawer for a gun, intending to kill myself, but it was not there and I decided to await the inevitable. Just then Debeque called and said the freight had backed into the yards, closely followed by the passenger.

"It seems the reflection of No. 6's electric headlight was seen by the engineer of the freight just as he was approaching the steepest downgrade in the canyon. He thought at once something was wrong, reversed his engine and stopped the train within a short distance of the passenger. Had he gone over the brink of that hill no power on earth could have stopped his train and many lives might have been sacrificed."

CATCHERS OF CATERPILLARS

Pittsburg Boys Who Have Been Ridding Park Trees of the Insects Strike for Higher Wages.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Schoolboys who enlisted to help Forester L. Grimes rid the city's trees of the destroying caterpillar went on strike for more money. Mr. Grimes held out against the demands until he began to worry over the inroads of the insects, and then he posted on park trees and about the schools a notice that the pay would be advanced from 10 to 25 cents a quart.

False bottom measures will not go, however, for a standard measure is part of the equipment of each of three receiving stations. This move was prompted by a North side boy, who was caught buying the cocoons from his schoolmates at cut prices and selling them short measure to the city. He had a false bottom measure.

Comparisons of daily individual harvests share interest with top spinning and kite flying.

CHANTICLER HATCHES CHICKS

Drives Hen Off Nest and Crows Regularly While Keeping the Eggs Warm.

Omaha, Neb.—Mrs. Thomas Harte of 2210 Sherman avenue has a red bantam rooster that is a real mother to its brood. Four weeks ago Mrs. Harte's red bantam hen showed a desire to go into the business of hatching eggs. Thirteen were placed under her and she got along nicely for a couple of days, when the rooster drove her off and sat on the eggs himself.

So persistent did he become in his ambition to do the duty of the hen, that he was allowed to remain upon the nest and the hen was given another batch of eggs to care for.

A few days ago the rooster came off the nest, bringing nine little fluffy chicks with him. Every morning, according to Mrs. Harte, he, like chanticleer, would crow loudly, but not once did he desert the eggs long enough to let them get cold.

VALUE OF MANURE SPREADER

Extremely Profitable Farm Implement Where Small Number of Stock is Kept—Figures Prove.

Our experience throughout the country has proven that a load of manure on any farm can be made to cover twice as much ground, and such ground as is covered be made to produce nearly twice the results that it would be possible to secure from hand distribution.

Therefore, a man need have but a very small amount of stock on a forty-acre farm to make a manure spreader an extremely paying investment, even though he base the value of the manure at no more than \$1 per load when distributed by hand, says a writer in an exchange. If a manure spreader costs \$75 to \$125, we can allow 10 per cent. for depreciation and 7 per cent. for investment, making a total of 17 per cent. that the spreader will cost.

We have seen it demonstrated repeatedly and believe the experimental stations will bear out our statement when we say that a good manure spreader, by reason of its doubling the area and doubling the results from the area over hand distribution, will make a load of manure that is worth \$1 distributed by hand worth \$4 when distributed with a good machine. On this basis, and considering that no forty-acre farm under any sort of ordinary conditions ought to produce less than twenty-five loads per annum, we figure an increased value of the manure amounting to \$75, as against an annual spreader cost of \$17. This looks like phenomenal results, but it is the record of careful spreader uses all over the country, and it is the fundamental principle that has stood behind the greatly increasing spreader trade that has been making itself felt in the last five years.

Some people may question our statement as to the large increase from a load of manure when properly distributed, by a good machine over the hand distribution, but those who have tried it and tried it most carefully will agree with us.

FOR THE POULTRY RAISER.

Never allow the laying hens, or in fact any poultry, to stand around damp, cold floors. Straw, chaff, or leaves are cheap.

Some people say they have had good success by feeding corn exclusively, but it is a fact that hens cannot thrive on this feed alone many months at a time.

Red pepper and other stimulating food may have a temporary effect on the laying efforts of a hen, but it is like giving whisky to a man. When the effects wear off they are in a worse condition than before.

Always remember that skim-milk is hard to beat in the feeding ration. Turkeys do better when not confined in close houses. An open shed is a very good place for turkeys to roost, except in cold weather.

Have the poultry house handy to the barnyard or straw stack. They will pick up half their living around such places and keep happy by the exercise they have in the scratching.

Roosts for the Asiatics.

Roosts for Brahmas or Cochins should not be more than a foot above ground. Being very heavy birds, they cannot easily fly, and it is better that they should not be compelled to.

Some breeders do not allow them to roost at all, but instead heavily bed the floor of the pen and allow the fowls to squat wherever they feel inclined.

But in allowing them to roost on the floor care should be taken that there are no drafts, which is often the case if the doors do not fit tightly.

Leaves or cut straw make good bedding for such fowls, and if each morning the droppings are collected the birds will do as well on the floor as on the roosts.

Brushing Udder Better Than Washing.

Brush the udder well before milking, but do not wash it. Few milkmen can wash a cow's udder at milking time and dry it thoroughly enough so that no filthy moisture will get into the milk. It is better not to have the udder cleaned at all than to have the milk flavored with the foul wash water. A good brushing will remove all loose filth that would be likely to get into the pail.

Milk and Meat.

One pound of nutriment from milk, can be produced more cheaply than one pound of nutriment in meat. The pound of nutriment from milk, however, requires an expenditure of more labor.

Sheltering the Milk Maker.

The time is here when thought must be given to the comfort of the cows if their owners expect to sleep with no twinges of conscience.

Scarcity of Hogs.

In the United States in 1880 there were 49,000,000 hogs and 50,000,000 humans. In 1900 there were 76,000,000 humans and only 67,000,000 hogs.

WINTER CARE OF BROOD SOW

Success in Pork Production is Largely Affected by Attention Given to Animal's Health.

Success in pork production is largely affected by the attention given to the health and comfort of the brood sow. She should always, especially in winter, be housed in a warm, comfortable place. Preferably this will be a cot well supplied with straw, and having a door which swings both ways, always closing when the sow passes in or out. This cot may well be located at some distance from the feeding place, so that she will get the necessary exercise in running to and fro.

Her food should consist largely of bulky foods, such as milk, roots and clover hay, which will keep her in good condition without fattening. As farrowing time approaches the bulk should be cut down, less water should be given, and more protein and oily feeds should be fed, so as to keep the sow in a laxative condition. She should be disturbed as little as possible. If she is allowed to get nervous or excited, the effect may be seen upon the litter, in an excitable temperament which lessens the rapidity of their growth.

SEASONABLE SUGGESTIONS.

Go to the woods or orchard and get your leaf mold and rich soil for potting the plants when the time comes. Don't burn the loose grass from the lawn and the orchard, but put it in the compost pile to rot during the winter.

Examine the bee colonies and if any are short of food supply it now as the bees do not like to take up syrup after frosty weather comes.

Sell your honey now before the market becomes glutted with that of the late sellers.

Sow rye for the ducks and hens. It will make fine green food for a long time this fall and some will be left for the early spring.

Pigs that are to be fattened for the Christmas market should be confined now, but not in pens that crowd them.

In digging the turnips don't try to get every one, but leave a fair supply for the sheep to browse on.

Fall Feeding of Timothy.

It is a good plan to sow timothy in the fall, even if the ground is to be sown to clover the next spring. Under the usual system of rotation of crops it is desirable to get a catch of some kind of grass to prevent breaking the regular rotation, and if the timothy seed is sown on the raw ground with the fall-sown wheat, failure will rarely occur. Even if the clover falls, the timothy remains. If there is a catch of clover and it makes a good crop, the timothy helps to hold it up and prevents as much lodging as if it were alone. Then, too, the mixture of the two kinds of grasses makes a better quality of hay than either will if grown alone.

American-Grown Hogs.

The people of the United States have fondness for bacon and ham and salt pork and sausages and spare ribs and the other delicacies the hog gives. One-third of all the swine in the world are in our country, and the 47,782,000 head which are here now are worth an average of \$9.14 each, or a total of \$436,373,000.

There are 6,365,000 fewer hogs than in 1909, but they are worth \$2.59 more per head, the hogs being valued at \$81,809,000 more than in 1909, despite the great decrease in number.

Feeding Dairy Calves Profitably.

Young calves need whole milk for the first few days. The calf should always have the first or colostrum milk of the cow, and be allowed to nurse the cow until the eighth or ninth milking, when the milk is suitable for human food. Feed often with small amounts to avoid overfeeding. Teach the calf to drink and feed whole milk for at least three weeks, changing to a skim milk gradually.

Seed Crops in Demand.

Seed crops of sweet corn, garden peas and beans of good quality are in ever increasing demand, and the quantity needed yearly has become so large that the seedsman is obliged to have the major portion of his stock grown for him by others.

Protection for Trees.

Many fruit and shade trees are lost annually by being girdled by rabbits during the winter months. As that season is approaching, it would be well for the orchardist to have in mind some form of protection for his trees in order to prevent such a loss.

Value of Cultivation.

It has been asserted that cultivation is equal to manuring. In most cases it is of greater importance. The use of the plow, the harrows, the cultivator, the disk harrow and the scuffer will produce results most surprising.