

NEWS OF THE WEEK

In a Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

A Resume of the Less Important but Not Less Interesting Events of the Past Week.

Fighting continues at Tabriz, Persia. Many deaths occur daily from heat in the East.

Seven persons were drowned in floods at Lincoln, Neb.

Presidential Nominee Taft played right field in a baseball game.

Bryan has complete control of the Democratic national convention.

New York police think they have captured the Black Hand leader in that city.

The British minister at Teheran has again protested to the shah against his war methods.

Religious fanatics in North Dakota have invaded Canada, and defy the mounted police.

The total deaths from Fourth of July celebration number numbers 94, and the injured 2920.

Ruef has been released from jail on bonds aggregating \$1,560,000. His next trial will begin July 15.

Two balloonists in the recent race are in a critical condition at Clinton, Ont., where they landed too suddenly.

Fifty horses perished in a burning stable in Portland. The big hardware firm of Marshall-Wells had a narrow escape.

Lieutenant Peary has again started for the North Pole. He is about \$4000 short of his estimated amount of supplies, but will trust to luck for the balance.

Major Woodruff declares the army age limit should be 60 years.

Socialists have nominated candidates for president and vice president.

The American aeroplane flying machine made a very successful trial trip.

A meeting of the elder statesmen of Japan will discuss grave political affairs.

Mexican troops surrounded and captured 40 rebels without a shot being fired.

British Columbia has issued fishing licenses to only three Japanese for the coming season.

Revolutionists in Paraguay have overthrown the government and established a new one.

The American battleship fleet is all at San Francisco, ready to start on its homeward trip around the world.

The nine balloons in the Chicago-to-Atlantic race all landed without any fatalities. None of them reached the Atlantic.

Carelessness on the part of the engineer caused a Santa Cruz passenger train to crash into a local at Oakland, Cal., killing seven and injuring about thirty.

The driver of a wagon full of women and children tried to cross the track in front of an electric car at Los Angeles, but was too slow. Four children and the driver were killed and all the others injured.

Bryan is working hard to reunite his party.

The Santa Fe shops at Topeka have resumed work with 1,800 men.

The National Educational association has rejected simplified spelling.

Harry Orehard's death sentence has been commuted to life imprisonment.

Many new schemes to avoid prohibition are appearing in "dry" places.

A storm in the harbor of Batavia caused the drowning of about 600 persons.

Wheat in Eastern Oregon and Washington is suffering great damage for lack of rain.

Lord Curzon says the recent uprising in India is but an echo of the Japanese victory over Russia.

Roosevelt denies that he will settle in New York. He is negotiating for the sale of his book on his coming African trip.

Count Zeppelin outran a railroad train with his airship, and remained aloft for six and one-half hours, going wherever he wished.

Railroads will delay reduction of wages as long as possible, hoping that a revival of traffic in the fall may enable them to avoid it entirely.

Bishop Potter, of New York, is seriously ill.

A cloudburst in Kansas drowned seven persons. Five inches of rain fell within an hour.

Chicago plans the sanest Fourth on record. All ordinances governing the day will be strictly enforced.

Harry Orchard will likely be imprisoned for life, in spite of his expressed desire to be executed.

President Roosevelt refused to interfere with the execution of a negro who had killed his younger brother.

CONVENTION OPENS.

Democratic Hosts Appear Unanimous for Bryan.

Denver, Colo., July 8.—With cheers from 10,000 throats, with the swell of political oratory and the inspiring spectacle of a vast multitude of people, the Democratic national convention began its deliberations yesterday. The session, lasting a little over two hours, was notable more for its impressive magnitude and spectacular opening than for the business accomplished. It gave, however, the opportunity for the opening echoes of the convention enthusiasm in the keynote speech of the temporary presiding officer, Theodore A. Bell, of California; a heated skirmish incidental to the contest in the Pennsylvania delegation; and, finally, a unanimous tribute of homage and respect to the memory of the late Grover Cleveland.

But the enthusiasm of the opening session was comparatively brief, intermittent and tempestuous, without that long-sustained and frenzied clamor which is still reserved for the future. The day was devoted chiefly to the primary formalities, and the committees appointed are now at work perfecting the permanent organization to be presented today. Meantime the convention hosts chafe over the two days' delay which must intervene before their great purpose is accomplished—the nomination of a presidential candidate.

CARS GETTING BUSY.

Decrease of 36,720 Idle Freights in Two Weeks.

Chicago, July 8.—The report of the American Railway association, giving the number of idle freight cars in the country on June 24, shows that during the two weeks from June 10 to 24 there was a decrease of 36,720 in the number of surplus cars. About one-third of this represents a decrease in the number of idle box cars.

The improvement was by no means uniform the country over. In the New England states there was an increase in the number of idle cars, while the Middle Western state showed substantial decreases. There were on June 24 a total of 312,847 idle cars in this country and Canada on the roads reporting to the American Railway association, compared with 349,567 on June 10, and with a maximum of 413,338 on April 29.

The decrease reported is the fourth consecutive decrease in two months, or a total reduction of 100,491 idle freight cars.

The resumption of mining in parts of the bituminous coal fields, which were idle for most of the month of April, was the first important factor which operated toward a decrease in the number of idle cars, while more recently the increased demand for box cars, much of it seemingly connected with the crop moving requirements, has further decreased the idle list.

PROSTRATIONS CONTINUE.

Twenty-Three Die in New York With Maximum of 93 Degrees.

New York, July 8.—Twenty-three persons were killed and scores prostrated by the heat wave in the 18 hours ending at 12:30 o'clock last night. Within the last 42 hours the hot spell has killed 44 persons. Relief is promised by the weather bureau today. The official thermometer touched 92 degrees at noon today.

The streets were sizzling with a temperature of more than 80 degrees at 7 o'clock, and before the day was over the 90 mark had been passed. The humidity early in the day was as high as 78, but fell to 73 in the afternoon, thereby saving the lives of scores of babies in the tenement districts, where the suffering, as usual, was greatest.

Hundreds of prostrations were reported to the health officers and police, and thousands were affected less seriously and cared for in their own homes.

Nine Dead in Flood.

Lincoln, Neb., July 8.—Four dead bodies recovered, five others known to be dead, and three missing is believed tonight to cover the casualty list as the result of the flood which yesterday raged over the lowlands of "Little Russia" in the western part of Lincoln. There is the possibility of other fatalities, but the 12 mentioned are all that are definitely reported. The water receded rapidly during the day, and Coroner Matthews and a force of men were engaged in dragging the lowlying places where it was thought bodies might be concealed.

Twelve Dead; 91 Degrees.

Philadelphia, July 8.—Though the maximum temperature was a few degrees below that of yesterday, the weather bureau thermometer registered 91 as the highest mark, and there was much continued suffering from the hot wave here. The names of five persons were added last night to the list of those who died in this city from the effects of the heat, bringing the total up to 12 deaths. Scores were prostrated.

Garfield En Route West.

San Francisco, July 8.—Accompanied by his private secretary and confidential stenographer, Secretary of the Interior Garfield boarded last evening's train for Portland, Or. On his way there he will thoroughly investigate the reclamation work on the Klamath river. He will also make an examination of the various Indian reservations of the Northwestern states.

Boston Was Hottest.

Boston, Mass., July 8.—Boston was the hottest city in the United States yesterday, with the exception of Washington. In both cities the maximum temperature recorded by the government bureau was 94. Two deaths and 30 prostrations were recorded. On the street the mercury went to 96.

OREGON STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

CHAUTAQUA OPENS.

A City of Tents—Expect Attendance of 40,000.

Oregon City.—There is every indication of beautiful weather for the 15th annual session of the Willamette Valley Chautauqua Assembly, which is now open. There are more campers on the grounds than ever before. Dr. R. A. Heritage, dean of the College of Music of Willamette University, who is again the director of the music at Chautauqua, said:

"Forty thousand people will be on the ground during Chautauqua, and will spend not less than \$1 each for tickets, at the restaurant and for other expenses. Will H. Varney, known as 'Handsome Bill,' an old opera singer, with a voice like a lion, takes the part of the Judge in 'Trial By Jury,' that will be heard at Chautauqua Wednesday night. Eugene E. Garlicks, who sings the part of the defendant in 'Trial by Jury,' was a tenor with Frank Daniels' opera company for four years. Miss Edna Browning, of Enterprise, Or., will sing the role of the plaintiff. She has been a decided favorite at Willamette University and with the people of Salem. The Chautauqua chorus will have more than 100 singers, some of whom are professionals."

NEW FEATURE OF CHAUTAUQUA

Special Provisions Made for Young Women to Attend.

The State Board of the Young Women's Christian Associations are making it possible for young women to get the educational advantages of the Gladstone and Ashland Chautauqua Assemblies under economical and congenial social conditions.

They will open permanent headquarters for young women. There will be a central reception tent, and small dormitory tents (two single cots in each tent) completely equipped for comfort. The price per night will be 25 cents. Simple breakfast and lunches at 15 cents for those occupying the tents will be furnished. It is hoped that a large number of young women will avail themselves of this pleasant arrangement. Miss Frances C. Gage, Northwest Secretary, will be in charge of the Gladstone camp, and Mrs. W. J. Honeyman of the Ashland camp. It is planned to make this a pleasant "house-party" for the two weeks of the Assembly. It will be a delightful and profitable holiday for young women all over the state. All desiring to avail themselves of this splendid opportunity should send in their names as soon as possible to Miss Gage, 192 McMillan street, Portland, Oregon. The session is from July 7 to 19, inclusive.

TO DEEPEN COQUILLE.

Bandon Business Men Raise Fund for Improvement.

Bandon.—The business men of Bandon are raising a fund for river and harbor improvement work, independent of congress. A lagoon near the mouth of the Coquille river deflects a considerable volume of water from the channel, lessening its scouring efficiency and causing the formation from time to time of a sand bar. The money, of which a considerable amount has been already subscribed by public spirited citizens, business men and mill and ship owners will be used to build a breakwater across the lagoon. It is the opinion of engineers in the government service that this will confine the water to the main channel, and keep the sand washed away.

The regular government appropriation of \$60,000, which is being expended on the north jetty, is making a wonderful improvement in the entrance to the river, and no vessels have been barbed for a period of nearly a year. An attempt will be made to have the Coquille river mentioned for a \$500,000 appropriation at the next session of congress.

Trolley Line to Hillsboro.

Hillsboro.—The United Railways has concluded its first preliminary survey into Hillsboro since its present owners gained control. The line comes from near Linnton, over the Cornelius Pass, runs through the Bethany-Phillips-West Union sections, the richest dairy section in the country, and crossing the north plains of the Tualatin, strikes Hillsboro three blocks east of town, on Main street. The new survey taps an immensely rich section.

Discontinue Drain Normal.

Salem.—Fearing that the people of the state would rise up and by initiative procedure abolish the entire normal school system of Oregon, the state board of regents voted to recommend to the legislature that the school at Drain be discontinued. The action was taken in the face of Secretary of State Benson and a delegation from Drain consisting of G. M. Bassett, banker; N. D. Cool, merchant, and W. C. Edwards, packer.

Refund License Money.

Hillsboro.—The county board has ordered the payment of \$177.80 to William Martin, the Gaston saloon-keeper, whose business the recent prohibition vote at that place put out of commission July 1, the amount representing the sum due Martin for cash advanced for his license.

County Saw Mill.

Eugene.—The Lane county court will be presented this week with petitions freely signed from different sections of the county asking them to purchase a portable sawmill, to be used by the county as an aid to the building of plank roads and bridges for the outlying road districts.

EUGENE SUMMER SCHOOLS.

Large Attendance at University and High School.

Eugene.—The summer school at the University of Oregon and the high school are now in progress, the latter having opened Monday morning. The work at the University of Oregon summer school is progressing very satisfactorily, the interest and enthusiasm of those in attendance being very marked. The instructors are: Biology and nature study, A. R. Sweetser; general chemistry, F. R. Shinn; education, H. D. Sheldon; English literature, Angeline Williams; German, F. G. G. Schmidt; history, Joseph Schafer; mathematics, E. E. DeCoo; physics, W. P. Boynton; French and Spanish, Professor Cloran. The laboratory work is done in the afternoon hours.

The Lane County Normal School, which opened Monday morning in the Eugene high school building, under the supervision of Superintendent Alderman and County Superintendent Dillard, had for the first day an attendance of 34, which will probably be increased soon to more than 40. The purpose of this school is to prepare teachers for their examinations and the studies in which they are to be tried out are taught here. The school will continue six weeks.

CORVALLIS GROWS.

Postal Receipts Increase 25 Per Cent During Year.

Corvallis.—The increase in the postal receipts in this town for the fiscal year ending June 30 was nearly 25 per cent over the total of the previous year. Dwelling houses completed or begun in the town since January have added about 9 per cent to the residences, and it is estimated that the total increase of dwellings for the year will be 16 to 20 per cent by December 31. Residence property in the city is now selling at double the prices it brought three years ago on an average, and in some instances for more. The increase in the number of residences last year was 81 per cent, and the year before 13 per cent.

"Spotless Town."

Grant's Pass.—A ladies' auxiliary to the Grant's Pass commercial club has been organized with a large membership for the purpose of promoting civic improvement. It has already laid plans for beautifying the city. More shade trees, prettier yards, better fences, wider sidewalks, cleaner streets and more roses and flowers are on the program. The recent successful rose show and flower festival was the result of the women's work. The unsightly billboards of the town will be attacked. The women will also assist the council in getting the streets paved.

Bridge Over Necanicum.

Astoria.—County Judge Trinchard and Engineer W. A. Grondahl, of Portland, went to Seaside yesterday to investigate the feasibility of bridging the Necanicum river near its mouth to complete the continuation of the automobile road along the beach to Seaside. Mr. Grondahl had already secured tests of the river banks for the bridge foundations, and as soon as the measurements are forwarded to him will prepare the plans for the proposed structure.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat.—Track prices: Club, 85c per bushel; red Russian, 81c; bluestem, 87c; valley, 85c. Flour.—Patents \$4.85 per barrel; straights, \$4.05 to \$4.55; exports, \$3.70; valley, \$4.45; 1/2-sack graham, \$4.40; whole wheat, \$4.65; rye, \$5.50. Barley.—Feed, \$24.50 per ton; rolled, \$27.50 to \$28.50; brewing, \$26. Oats.—No. 1 white, \$26.50 per ton; gray, \$26. Hides.—Brown, \$26.00 per ton; white, \$30.50; shorts, country, \$28.50; city, \$28; wheat and barley chop, \$27.50. Timber.—Willamette Valley, \$15 per ton; Willamette Valley, ordinary, \$12; Eastern Oregon, \$17.50; mixed, \$15; alfalfa, \$12; alfalfa meal, \$20. Fresh Fruits.—Apples, new California, \$1.50 per box; old Oregon, \$1.25 to 2.25 per box; cherries, 25c per pound; apricots, \$1.25 per crate; peaches, 65¢ to 85¢ per box; plums, 81¢ per crate; grapes, \$1.50 to 1.75 per crate; figs, \$1 to 1.50 per box; currants, 8c per pound. Berries.—Strawberries, 90¢ per crate; blackberries, \$1.75 per crate; raspberries, \$1.75 per crate; loganberries, 50¢ to 90¢ per crate; gooseberries, 50¢ to 60¢ per pound. Potatoes.—New California, 1 1/2¢ per pound; new Oregon, 1¢ to 1 1/2¢ per pound; old, 60¢ to 65¢ per hundred. Onions.—California red, \$1.50 per sack; garlic, 8¢ to 10¢ per pound. Root Vegetables.—Turnips, \$1.50 per sack; carrots, \$1.50; parsnips, \$1.75; beets, \$1.75. Vegetables.—Artichokes, 75¢ per doz.; asparagus, 10¢ per pound; beans, 6¢ per pound; cabbage, 16¢ to 18¢ per pound; corn, 30¢ to 40¢ per dozen; cucumbers, Oregon, 50¢ to 75¢ per dozen; California, \$1.50 per box; egg plant, 17¢ per pound; lettuce, head, 15¢ per dozen; parsley, 15¢ per dozen; peas, 2¢ to 3¢ per pound; peppers, 15¢ per pound; radishes, 12¢ per dozen; rhubarb, 1¢ to 2¢ per pound; spinach, 2¢ per pound; tomatoes, Oregon, \$2.50 per crate; California, \$1.50 to 2¢ per crate. Butter.—Extras, 25¢ per pound; fancy, 24¢; choice, 20¢; store, 17¢. Eggs.—Oregon, 19¢ to 20¢ per dozen. Cheese.—Fancy cream twins, 13 1/2¢ per pound; full cream Young Americans, 14 1/2¢. Poultry.—Mixed chickens, 12¢ per pound; fancy hens, 12¢ to 12 1/2¢; roosters, 9¢; spring, 18¢; ducks, old, 12¢ to 13¢; spring, 12 1/2¢ to 14¢; geese, old, 8¢ to 9¢; young, 12¢ to 13¢; turkeys, old, 16¢ to 18¢; young, 20¢ to 25¢; dressed, 17¢ to 19¢. Veal.—Extras, 8¢ per pound; ordinary, 6¢ to 7¢; heavy, 5¢. Pork.—Fancy, 7 1/2¢ per pound; ordinary, 6 1/2¢; large, 6¢. Mutton.—Fancy, 8¢ to 9¢ per pound.

GREAT BALLOON RACE ENDS.

Winner Makes 895 Miles—Many Narrow Escapes.

Chicago, July 7.—"The Chicago-to-ocean" balloon race ended tonight, when the last of the nine contestants came to earth at West Shefford, Quebec, 800 miles from the starting point. This craft was the Fielding, owned by F. J. Fielding, of San Antonio, Tex. It covered approximately 100 miles more and stayed in the air five hours longer than its nearest competitor, and is also believed to have captured the prize for the balloon which remained in the air the longest.

The contest was marked by several thrilling escapes from drowning. The Ville de Dieppe dropped into Lake Michigan soon after the start, and for an hour or more Colonel A. E. Mueller and George Schoeneck, its pilots, were swept across the surface, finally arising with their craft to a height of 7000 feet, from which they descended at Benton Harbor, Mich.

A similar experience fell to the lot of C. H. Ferrigo and J. D. Case, the crew of the Illinois. While endeavoring to effect a landing near Lake Ontario their balloon fell into the Bay of Quinte. The aeronauts had donned life preservers and managed to keep afloat until a yacht put off from Glenn Island and rescued them. The fate of the balloon is not known here.

The third serious accident took place near Clinton, Ont. The balloon Columbia could not be controlled by Captain M. Peterson and C. H. Leicher, and they were dashed against trees and dragged through barbed-wire fences. Both men were painfully injured.

The landing places of the nine balloons were as follows: Fielding, West Shefford, Quebec; America, Carsonville, Mich.; King Edward, Port Huron, Mich.; Chicago, Atwood, Ont.; U. S., Pinkerton Station, Ont.; Columbia, Clinton, Ont.; Cincinnati, Covert, Mich.; Illinois, Glenn Island, Ont.; Ville de Dieppe, Benton Harbor, Mich.

AEROPLANE FLIES.

Goes 600 Yards Beyond Mark and Lands Safely.

Hammondsport, N. Y., July 7.—The Aerial Experiment Association's aeroplane No. 3, the Curtiss June Bug, yesterday earned the right to have its name the first inscribed on the Scientific American trophy for making an official flight of one kilometer in a straight line, measured from the point where it left the ground.

After passing the flag marking the finish, the machine flew 600 yards further, and landed at the extreme edge of the field, near the railroad track. About 1000 persons saw the trial. The June Bug crossed three fences and described a letter "S" two thousand yards in length, in one minute and 44 seconds, at a speed of 37 miles an hour, which followed a 900-yard flight in 56 seconds.

The machine never behaved better. Hardly a breath of wind was stirring. The trial today is of great importance, as it is the first official test of an aeroplane ever made in America.

SOCIALISTS NOMINATE.

Martin R. Preston, Now Serving Sentence, for President.

New York, July 7.—Candidates for president and vice-president of the United States were named and a platform was adopted by the national committee of the Socialist party here yesterday. The ticket named is as follows:

For president—Martin R. Preston, of Nevada.

For vice-president—Donald Munro, of Virginia.

The nomination of Preston for president was unanimous. The candidate was placed in nomination by D. de Leon, who characterized the man he was naming as an "honest working man, not a professional working man," and added, "the name of that man is Martin Preston, and he is now in jail at Goldfield, Nev. Preston is in jail today for conduct that is honorable, and which no working man should be ashamed of."

De Leon explained that Preston had been sentenced to 25 years' imprisonment for shooting a restaurant-keeper in Goldfield three years ago during a strike. Preston, De Leon asserted had acted as the protector of defenseless girls, and by so doing his action enraged a restaurant-keeper named Silver. Silver, Mr. De Leon stated, "was shot by Preston while threatening to kill the latter."

Big Fire in Port au Prince.

Port au Prince, July 7.—A serious fire broke out here yesterday in the vicinity of the Palace and Senate buildings. The flames spread quickly, there being a high wind, and soon reached alarming proportions. Four hundred buildings were burned, including the courthouse and the prison. All of the prisoners, who included a number of women, were taken to other quarters before the building took fire. Sparks were carried to the arsenal, which was also burned, together with stores of powder and ammunition.

New Notification Scheme.

Lincoln, Neb., July 7.—Hoping to bring about an innovation in the manner of notifying presidential candidates of their choice of standard-bearers, Mayor Brown, of Lincoln, member of the resolutions committee from Nebraska, is working on a scheme to bring back to Lincoln all of the delegates to the Denver convention and surprise William J. Bryan on his farm at Fairview with the announcement that he is to be the leader.

Recover 228 Bodies.

Yuzono, European Russia, July 7.—An official statement shows that 228 bodies have been recovered from the Rikosky coal mine, where a gas explosion occurred several days ago. Nineteen injured men are now in the hospital. The fire in the mine has been extinguished and yesterday eight miners were brought out alive.

RUEF OUT OF JAIL

Bail Bonds for \$1,560,000 Approved by Court.

PRISONER SEVENTEEN MONTHS

Father and Sister Sign Obligations as Sureties, Holding Property of Ex-Boss in Trust.

San Francisco, July 7.—Abraham Ruef was released from the county jail last night on bonds aggregating \$1,560,000, the largest amount ever given in a criminal case in the state. This sum is the aggregate bail upon 78 indictments, returned by the Oliver grand jury, charging Ruef with bribing the former board of supervisors in connection with the granting of franchises to public service corporations, and upon which he was taken in custody by the prosecution as a sort of "prisoner of state," in charge of an elisor appointed by Judge Frank H. Dunne and a half a dozen private guards, at an expense of about \$1000 a month.

Since January 10, when the new administration went into office, Ruef has been languishing in the county jail.

Twenty sureties, including Ruef's father and sister, and himself, signed the bonds. It developed yesterday during the examination of his sureties before Superior Judge Frank J. Murasky, that Ruef owned real estate in this city which he recently transferred to his father and sister, upon which a real estate expert, on the witness stand, placed a value of \$1,095,556.

Ruef's annual income from this property was \$76,900. His father and sister went his bonds to the amount of \$690,000, while other sureties qualified for \$870,000. Of the latter, Joseph Hirsch and Leopold Hirsch signed five bonds for \$200,000 each, Louis Friedman six bonds of \$200,000 each, and a surety company deposited a certified check for \$100,000, equivalent to \$200,000 in bonds.

Ruef's next trial has been set for July 15 on one of the indictments charging him with bribery in connection with the granting of a trolley franchise to the United Railroads. Although he has been in custody for 16 months, he has been tried but once, the jury disagreeing after being out 44 hours.

After leaving court Ruef went to the home of his parents to join them at dinner, and announced that later he would visit the county jail and bid farewell to the prisoners, and thank them for courtesies shown him.

BRYAN IS DICTATOR.

Has Complete Control of Convention in Denver.

Denver, Colo., July 6.—One great Bryan ratification leading to a wild burst of enthusiasm in celebration of the triumphant reappearance of the peerless one after a temporary eclipse; a demonstration of the completeness of the new leader's power over all men and measures; amnesty and harmony for all who may be useful and who promise to be good; expulsion from the temple, excommunication and the scaffold for all who have committed lese majeste and who refuse to bow the knee in humble plea for pardon—such is to be the Democratic national convention, the first session of which is to begin at noon tomorrow.

Today the Bryan people have the bit in their teeth. They are running strong and free. They are feeling the exaltation of power. They bubble with joy over the triumph they have won over plutocracy. For the great majority of the conquered they have nothing but good-will, and the right hand of good-fellowship. But upon the heads of the few they are preparing to wreak their vengeance.

Guffey the plutocrat of Pennsylvania; McGraw and his side-partner from West Virginia; Tom Ryan, the head devil of the whole anti-Bryan conspiracy; Sheehy, the head devil's chief scout; Smith of New Jersey, known as the wolf; and poor Governor Johnson, of Minnesota, whose crime is that of being caught in bad company, are to be punished.

Catch Black Hand Leader.

New York, July 7.—Lieutenant Petrosino and his Italian detectives yesterday were running down the loose ends of their case against a Sicilian, Giuseppe Affinto, who until recently, it is charged, was the moving spirit in many of the East Side bomb-throwings. Affinto was arrested on the specific charge that he threw a bomb in a tenement house in East Seventy-fourth street to intimidate a wealthy Italian in an attempt to blackmail him. This affidavit was sworn to by a man who, the police say, saw the bomb thrown.

Death List Grows.

Chicago, July 7.—Ninety-four dead and 2920 injured are the totals of the Fourth of July casualties in the United States this year, so far as reported. In Chicago in spite of all efforts for a sane celebration, the toll exacted was more disastrous than a year ago. The city's total of victims of last Saturday's tragedies is 10 dead and 182 injured—an increase of three fatalities and 52 persons injured over the 1907 figures. Lockjaw and blood poisoning will add more victims.

Horses Burned.

Portland, July 7.—Fifty horses perished in a fire of unknown origin, which started shortly after 12 o'clock this morning in the Dexter livery stable, corner Fifth and Ankeny streets. The loss to buildings and property is estimated at fully \$15,000.