

CHAPTER VI.-(Continued.) The doctor and Emily Weldon continued to slowly promenade up and down the terrace. United by that secret bond of sympathy which ofttimes brings two natures together unconsciously, they experienced an indefinable comfort in each other's society.

A solitary figure, that of some worthy burgher of Paris, attracted, doubtless, to Villeneuve by the sensational reports in the newspapers, was the only living ob ject that was in view. Looking at him the doctor observed :

"There is no gauging the depth of hu man curiosity. "That is so. There have been several

here since-" and she glanced up to the darkened chamber above, with a shud-"They walk in and out as if they der. owned the place. He looks like a retired tradesman of some kind. He is pretty cool for a trespasser. See, he has sented himself on the turf, and is throwing bread to the swans."

"Don't disturb him," said the doctor. "See with what care he spreads that red handkerchief over his knees. He has taken out some sandwiches, and is evidently enjoying them."

Miss Weldon again smiled. It was really quite ludicrous to watch the old gentleman from Paris. He appeared to be totally oblivious of the presence of the people on the terrace. Having eaten his sandwich, he presently arose and threw the crumbs adhering to his handkerchief to the expectant swans. The doctor laughed outright; so loudly, indeed. as to apparently attract the attention of the old gentleman who, glancing but once in their direction with an indignant air, walked away and disappeared among the trees.

A half hour more elapsed and still M. Cassagne did not some. Hardly able to conceal his irritation at the delay, Dr Mason at length retired to the library where he busied himself in some scientific calculations in which he had been abrupt ly interrupted by the startling news of the murder of Mme, Roupell. For an hour he remained oblivious to all else save sines, cosines, tangents, secants and cosecants. An abtruse trigonometrical problem was before him, and to its solution he was devoting himself heart and soul, when suddenly he became aware of an obstruction of the light from the window. Looking up, to his intense annoy ance he perceived the inquisitive burgher from Paris, his nose flattened against the glass, staring vacuously into the apartment.

Anger was expressed in every feature of the physician's countenance as he threw the French window wide open; but the worthy burgher did not seem to be at all disconcerted. On the contrary, availing himself of the opportunity, be fore the doctor could stop him, he stepped over the low sill and entered the library "Sir, this unwarrantable intrusion at

such a moment-" began the physician. "May perhaps surprise you," interrupt

ed the burgher; "but have you given or-ders about the truffles?" The doctor stared with astonishment

and stepped back two or three paces. "You are," he gasped, "you cannot be Monsieur-

"I am," replied the burgher, an indescribable twinkle in his eye, as he noted the doctor's amazement. "I am the person you are about to mention-Alfred Cassagne, the detective," and with a pro-found bow, he handed Dr. Mason his card.

CHAPTER VII.

voice singularly soft and gentle ; his manner that of a man entirely at ease, and of one who thoroughly understands his busi-DOMS.

He sat quite still in the easy chair to which Dr. Mason had motioned him on his arrival. It was not until the latter and given him the outlines of the case that he spoke at all, and then he said : "We will begin by premising a certain

state of facts. Madame Roupell has been murdered. Who did it? Public opinion says your friend Van Lith. I always mistrust public opinion. The prefect of poice is not at all sure but Monsieur Chaot had a hand in it. I sometimes mistrust the prefect of police."

"You mean to imply that both may be rong?" inquired the doctor. Yes, and if I am right, it leaves us

onfronting two alternatives." 'And they are?'

"Either that the unfortunate woman ommitted suicide while of unsound hind, or that the crime is the act of a third party to us at present unknown."

"I can dispose of the first of those supositions immediately," said the doctor. Madame Roupell's mind was as sound as yours or mine is at the present moment.

"Let us proceed to an examination of the body. I have provided myself with a written permit to break the seals," said the detective. "Lend the way, please." They entered the chamber of death Nothing had been disturbed since the visit of the prefect. Alfred Cassagne took a rapid survey of the room. He advanced o the bedside, and commenced a minute nspection of the body of the murdered COURD

He carefully removed the bandages om the wound in the head; he turned the body over so that the light from the window fell full upon the face of the dead coman, revealing in the strong sunlight ach line and shadow already showing in their marked change of the lineaments the inevitable approach of decay. Taking out his penknife, Cassagne carefully moved one of the clots of blood which had accumulated near the entrance of the wound, and walking to the window examined it through a small magnifying glass which he took from his pocket. Presently he said :

"Doctor, look at that blood !"

Dr. Mason took the magnifying glass and the penknife and gazed steadfastly upon the little red gout.

"Do you see anything peculiar about t?" asked Cassagne. "Do you not noce an entire absence of natural crystallization?"

The doctor's face turned pale as a heet : his lips twitched nervously.

"This crime grows more horrible and more mysterious than ever. It is impossible to mistake your meaning. This wound was inflicted after death," he exclaimed. "The blood is certainly what we call in the profession 'dead blood.' "And is that not often the case where wound is inflicted when a person is in a comfitose condition?

'It might be," replied the physician. 'I have known the phenomenon of total suspension of the circulation in comatose odies.

"And in such case, would blood flowing from a wound crystallize or not?" "It is possible that it might crystallize mewhat, if the person wounded, while in a comatose condition, was young and healthy. In the case of an old and feeble woman, like Madame Roupell, I should consider it extremely doubtful. In the present instance, by means of the one can plainly discern that no

tion from the bed caused him to glance HUNDREDS ARE DEAD In that direction. He could hardly repress a cry of sur-

He held his breath almost, so anxprise. lously did he await the result of an experiment that Casagne had put in opera-With his eyes closed and with his head raised very much after the style of a blind man reading from a raised-letter ook, the detective was moving his fingers. soft and delicate as a young girl's, over he cold, stiff body of the murdered won an. Dr. Mason knew in an instant that he was about to depend upon his sense of touch to find the tiny wound thet his eyes had failed to detect.

For over a minute the two man remained in their relative positions. 'Then the voice of Cassagne was heard, breaking the silence, which had grown almost pain

ful in its intensity "I am right. Madame Requeil was stabbed in the back."

CHAPTER VIII. Dr. Mason, in his agitation, dropped not less than 400 miners were killed by the penknife and the magnifying glass an explosion of black damp in mines and rushed to the bedside.

"Where is the wound?" he ejaculated, M. Cassagne, cool, calm and collected, still held one tell-tale finger, which, like place yesterday, is now conceded by a living eye, had detected a slight inequality in the surface of the flesh, firmly pressed down upon a spot no larger than a pin's head.

"Take it easy, doctor," he said, smiling at the agitation of the physician, and if the magnifying glass is still un broken, I will trouble you for It. The penknife also, if you please, doctor, Now," after he had gently pushed back the flesh with the point of the knife, "look through the glass, and tell me what you

bodies had been removed and a number "I see a rough, glistening surface. "Try it with the point of the penknife." of others are ready to be brought out The doctor took the knife, and scraped

upon the hard surface thus exposed to pleted. view. "It is glass,' he exclaimed. "I haven't

a doubt of it." "It is the wound which caused death.

You see it has penetrated the lumbar region. Death has been caused by two Shock and internal bleeding. things. Have you a small pair of pincers here? Well then I must use my fingers.' No?

M. Cassagne having enlarged the open ing of the wound by diNtation, plunged his finger and thumb into the orifice and drew out, though not without much difilculty and after repeated failures, the proken piece of a small, sharpened glass stiletto. Its withdrawal from the wound was followed by a few drops of blood, which the doctor, who notwithstanding his professional experiences was greatly affected by the spectacle, was about to wipe reverently away, when he was stop-

ped by the detective. "Don't do that. That blood has a tale of its own to tell. I wish to examine it through the glass."

He took up some on the point of the knife, and the two men as before went to the window. Notwithtsanding that it had not been exposed to the outer air, the blood was strongly crystallized.

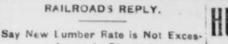
"One thing is proved, and almost conclusively," exclaimed Cassagne. "It is the wound which caused her death. See how the blood is crystallized. Now to The prefect's thediscover the assassin. ory is that Madame Roupell was sitting at her desk writing, when the crime was ommitted. In support of that, he points to the scattered papers and the overturned chair. Now notice which way the chair has fallen."

'It has fallen toward the desk," said Dr. Mason.

"Precisely; and that proves to me that it was the murderer, not Madame Roupell, who was engaged in the examination of the papers."

"Why?"

"Because, had Madame Roupell been surprised from behind and stabbed, as we now believe to be the case, she would have fallen forward, and the chair would



sive as is Charged.

Washington, Dec. 6 .- The Inter-End Comes Stddenly to Miners state Commerce commission today re- Country Merchants Oppose Parceived the answers of the Harriman roads, the Astoria & Columbia River and the Bellingham Pay & British Columbia roads to the complaint recently filed by the lumbermen of Oregon and Washington against the new rates on CANNON IS AGAINST MEASURE ONLY FIVE ESCAPE WITH LIVES or points.

The answers are along similar lines. Each read denies that there was any Postmaster Ge -- al Informed That unlawful agreement in fixing the new rates, and as specifically denies that there is any agreement between the Hill and Harriman systems under which the Northwest is parceled out, Mr. Hill to control Washington and

Mr. Harriman Oregon. In defense of the recent increase, they allege that the old lumber rate No. 6 and No. 8 of the Consolidated was extremely low and non-compensa-Coal company, of Baltimore, at this tory, made at a time when the Pacific Northwest was undeveloped and lumbermen needed a low rate in order to those who take the most hopeful and reach out into competitive territory. most conservative view of the disaster. Since then, they allege, the lumber Five badly injured men made their way business has assumed enormous proportions, yielding a handsome income to those engaged in it, and the cost of transportation has correspondingly in-

creased, rendering it necessary for raillumber.

PETITION CONGRESS.

Rivers and Harbors Convention Wants Canals Constructed

as soon as arrangements can be com-Washington, Dec. 6 .- A committee of 50 of the delegates to the recent con-There is much speculation as to the vention at Memphis of the Lakes-tocause of the explosion, but the most the-Gulf Deep Waterways association, generally accepted theory is that it reled by President W. K. Kavanaugh, sulted from black damp, scientifically called on Vice President Fairbanks and known as methane. It is believed that Speaker Cannon at the capitol yesterminer attempted to set off a blast, day and presented to each a memorial which blew out and ignited an accumadopted by the convention praying the ulation of this deadly gas, and that support of congress to the project for a this in turn ignited the coal dust, a ship canal from the great lakes to the highly inflammable substance found Gulf of Mexico and another through in greater or less quantities in all West Virginia mines. However, all explathe Atlantic Coast states and recommending an annual appropriation of step which would facilitate the exten-\$50,000 000 for harbors and waterways improvements, as proposed by the Rivers and Harbors congress.

In receiving the memorial, the vice of the rural free delivery. president said he would take great leasure in presenting it to the senate and in referring it to the proper committee at the earliest possible moment. Mr. Cannon greeted the committee

by asking whether the memorial re-commended a bond issue for the pro- quote. posed expense. Mr. Malone of the committee replied that, while some of struggle for liberty, there way a large the delegates to the convention expected such a recommendation to be made,

UNITING AGAINST JAPAN.

Lion's Share of Loan.

Pekin, Dec. 6 .- Several foreign bankng firms are in active competition for the Chinese loan which it was planned to make to secure money to meet the expenses of the Chinese administration of Manchuria. This money was to be spent, among other things, for the construction of modern government buildings and to raise the nucleus of a modern army in Manchuria, to consist ultimately of one army corps. The viceroy house of representatives and leaders in all walks of civil life in America partic-

The attitude taken by Japan in th

HURT SMALL STORES

cels Post Suggestion.

Time Is Not Ripe for Postal Savings Banks, Either.

Washington, Dec. 5 .- The energetic work of Postmaster General Mayer for the extension of the parcels post and the etsablishment of a postal savings bank is destired to come to naught in this session of congress. The postmaster general has thrown his whole heart nto this movement, and it has been heartily indorsed by various postal organizations and by some other bodies throughout the country. But Speaker Cannon has broadly intimated to Mr. Meyer that he does not consider the time ripe for either project to be enseted into law.

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The parcels post extension, the speaker has told Mr. Meyer, will not receive the consideration of congress during this session, nor will the postal savings bank proposition, according to the information imparted to Mr. Meyer by the speaker. The speaker says that with the talk of tariff revision prevalent, and with the financial condition of the country in not too satisfactory condition, he does not think it would be wise for congress to institute innovations which might result in extraordinary expense, especially as the postal service has never paid for itself.

The extension of the parcels post has aroused the most bitter opposition from the small town merchants, who have been beseiging the speaker with petitions not to permit congress to take any sion of the mail order business in the rural districts. The merchants are generally as grieved over the extension

They also maintain that it has injured their business by facilitating the process of purchasing by mail from houses in the large cities, which offer a far greater variety, do business for ordially and at once went to the point cash and sell at considerably lower

> Just where the opposition to the postal savings banks comes from is not known, but it is believed to emanate chiefly from the same sources, and also from the bankers of the smaller towns. The farmers are now obliged to go to town to make their deposits or to draw cash, but if the rural postal service placed these conveniences at their doors they would have still less occasion to visit their local metropolis.

OPEN WATERWAYS.

National Rivers and Haarbors Congress Wants Improvement.

Washington, Dec. 5 .- Prominent officials of the national government, gov-ernors of states, representatives of foreign powers, members of the senate and ipated yesterday in the opening of the

vention of the National

struggle, while still further back in the it had been omltted. European Bankers Anxious to Secure

not been established in which mine it

Three of the living men, while unable to give any detailed report of the disaster, state that immediately back of them, when they began their frantic number of men engaged in a similar

workings there was a larger number of whom they know nothing. It is the opinion of the mine officials and others familiar with mining that these men had not penetrated the mine as far as had the majority of the day shift, when the explosion occurred, and that they headed for and reached the main entrance before the heavy cave-in that now blockades the entrance not more than a few hundred feet from the entrance.

HELD IN PEONAGE.

Grave Charge Brought Against Civil Service Commissioner.

New Orleans, La., Dec. 7 .- That raised,

nations of the cause up to this time are necessarily speculative. Only a thorough investigation after the mine is reopened will disclose the cause, if it is ver ascertained. The explosion affected both mines, and so far as now known appears to have done about as much damage in one as in the other. It has

Of the victims six dead bodies had been taken from mine No. 6 at midnight and 65 more were piled up in roads to get a higher rate for handling the entry awaiting completion of facil ties for bringing them to the surface.

From mine No. 8 at the same hour, 14

to the surface.

originated.

in West Virginia.

Explosion of the Deadly Black Damp

Slays 400 Men and Wrecks

Two Coal Mines

Monongah, W. Va., Dec. 7 .- That

Alfred Cassagne large contractor, who had accumulated a considerable fortune in the construction of those remarkable docks in the city of Havre, which have helped to make that place the most important harbor of France. He lost his father when a mere child. His mother, dying when he was but twenty-two years of age, had left him amply provided for. But he had never married. Of quite a studious turn of mind, he had devoted himself to books, and might possibly have degener sted into a book worm, or have sunk se low as to become an author, if an event had not transpired which changed the whole current of his existence.

He awoke one morning to find that the cashier of a bank where he usually had a large balance, had absconded with the funds of that institution. Where he had one, was equally a mystery to the police and the officers of the concern. Having considerable interest in the capture of the fugitive, Cassagne set about making inquiries on his own account. From these inquiries he quietly deduced his own theories, and one morning, to the intense astonishment of the chief of police, he entered the presence of that functionary and stated his opinion on the case very briefly. It was to the effect that the president of the bank and the cashler were in collusion, and that the cashier, whom most people believed to be by that time safely in America, that Mocca for European rogues, would be found hiding in the president's own private residence.

The chief of police had laughed at first but Alfred Cassagne was permitted to proceed. It was known he was a gentleman of fortune; and men of means are never snubbed very badly anywhere. Very soon, moreover, the official grew serious. By a system of logical deduction from circumstances already known. Cassagne established his theory on a basis so ingenious as to excite the chief's warmest admiration. Subsequent search dis warad that the state of things Cassagne had believed to exist in theory, was really true

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Alfred Cassagne might now possibly have been forty years of age, though when not disguised, owing to his smoothly shaven face, he appeared to be younger He was rather above the middle height, and though somewhat narrow across the shoulders, the great depth of his chast made ample amends for this deficiency. His hair was cut very short to permit of his more readily wearing the various wigs by which he frequently concealed his identity. His mouth was well cut, the lips thin and somewhat pursed together, as knew Cassagne's marvelous resources

crystallization has taken place.

"In fact, that this wound was inflicted after the wound which produced either death or insensibility?" said the detec-"Exactly so," replied the physician,

"The question now is, where is that wound? "We will find it." said Cassagne. "Give

me your help here."

"We had better look for a contusion of some sort. Insensibility could be produced by a sharp blow on the back of the head, or under the ear," remarked Dr. Mason.

"I am not of that opinion," replied Cassagne. "I have already looked there. There is no swelling of any kind on the back of the head, and as she is dressed in lemi-tollette, it is easy to see that no injury has been inflicted to the upper part of the spinal cord."

"For what kind of wound shall we seerch? It must be a small one, indeed, to escape the examination of so good a surgeon as Monsieur Croizet."

Unfortunately Monsieur Croizet," replied Cassagne, with a curious smile, "is a surgeon only. He is not a detective. He is good at generalizations; he fails in particulars. The wound we must look for, since you sound Monsieur Croizet's praises so highly, must be no larger than pencil point. Have you never heard of the Venetian stlletto?

"No, I cannot say that I have," answered Dr. Mason.

"It is an instrument made of toughened glass, no thicker than a knitting needle. When plunged into a victim, i can be broken short off in the flesh which closes around it, so that it is hard to tell how death supervenes. Many such deaths have undoubtedly been charged to apoplexy, and other causes."

"Is it possible?" elaculated the physician.

"Not only possible but more than prob able. Let us instantly begin our search for such a weapon. There will not be a drop of blood visible. Death generally ensues from internal hemorrhage, unless the stiletto reaches the heart, when, of course, the victim dies instantly. her over on her face," said the detective. 'She may have been wounded in the back.

This was done, and they carefully examined that portion of the body. For the first time Dr. Mason's blind faith in the skill of the man he had employed hegen to show signs of wavering. He little is often the habit with men who pass The doctor had left the body and was much time in thinking. His nose was standing over by the window, again exlarge and very prominent. His hands amining the blood on the penknife through and feet small and rather delicate. His the magnifying glass. A slight exclama-

been thrown backward away from the desk, not toward it. Madame Roupell surprised this unknown person, perhaps while he was rifling the contents of her desk; springing to his feet he overthrew the chair, drew his stiletto, and advanced toward her. She doubtless turned to flee, too frightened scream, and he then stabled her in the back

"I see; and having no other weapon than the stiletto, and that having b broken off short in the body, he fired at her to make sure of his work." (To be continued.)

Wife with a Conscience.

Billikip-What's the matter, Willikin?

Willikin-Matter enough. You know, some time ago 1 assigned all my property to my wife, to-to keep it out of the hands of-of people I owe, you

Eillikin-Ves

Willikin-Well, she's taken the noney and gone off-says she won't live with me because I swindled my creditors.

Dull Season for the Hobo,

"June is me favorite month," said the poetical hobo, as he scribbled an ode on the back of a tomato can label. ""Tain't mine," sighed Sandy Pikes, lugubriously. "I always have to go barefooted troo dat month."

"Barefooted? Why, how is that,

"Why, you see people throw all deir old shoes at de June brides."

He Made It.

"Love," said the fair maid, "is the greatest thing in the world."

"Don't you believe it," rejoined the greater than love."

"How do you figure that out?" queried the fair party of the prelude.

"A manufacturer," explained the y. m., "is greater than the thing he manufactures and I make love. See?"

A Fellow-Feeling.

"You were very lenient with that onductor," said the first passenger. "O!" replied the other, "we're all lia-

ble to make mistakes."

"Ah! perhaps you were a conductor vourself once.'

"No. sir; I'm a weather forecaster." -Catholic Standard and Times.

ohn Avery Mclibenny, member of the United States civil service commission, holds more than 1,000 ignorant foreigntality and crueltry are practiced to force manufacturing properties, is the charge rower from and a lender to China. brought by Stephen Jozca, special com-

missioner of the Austro-Hungarian government, to which nationality most of the alleged peons belong.

the Federal authorities in co-operation The stories of peonge in certain sections of the South recently were called with the local health board for the to the sttention of the Austro-Hungarian eradication of the plague in San Frangovernment, and official warning was cisco is proving effective. There has trade and commerce of America. It is given intending emigrants of the dang- been a most decided improvement in not a special project that the congress ers ahead of them. Mr. Jozca who is the situation. Only one death from has in view, but the adoption of a polassistant secretary of the Louisiana state plague has occurred in the past eight icy by the government looking to the board of immigration was sent to Av- days, while the average number of extension of the transportation faciliery Island by Emile Hochn the Austro- cases reported weekly has decreased ties of the United States. Hungarian consul in New Orleans fol- over 75 per cent as a result of the camlowing complaints made by one of the paign of canitation inaugurated by the immigrants who escaped the McIlhen- United States marine hospital corps.

ny guards. Roosevelt Orders Trocps.

Co-operate More Closely.

Washington, Dec. 6. - President Washington, Dec. 7.-To effect a Roosevelt last night instructed General Heney yesterday in commenting upon closer tie between the department of Fanston to dispatch a sufficient force the acquittal of Firey L. Ford on the commerce and labor and the commer- of regulars to Goldfield, Nev., to con- charge of having bribed ex-Supervisor cial bodies of this country, a conference trol the situation there. This action Jennings Phillips. Mr. Heney's statewas held today in the office of Secre- was taken upon receipt of a telegraphic Besides Secretary Root request from the governor of Nevada. and William J. Burns. tary Straus. and Mr. Straus, who initiated the The troops will proceed from San Franmovement for the conference, there cisco and the strength of the expedition prosecution to place Ruef on the stand. were present delegates from the cham- is left to the judgment of General Fun- This was the statement made by nearly bers of commerce, boards of trade and ston. Goldfield is about 14 hours by other organizations of New York, Chi- rail from San Francisco.

cago, St. Louis, Denver, Galveston. Portland, Seattle, San Francisco and other cities.

Maintains State Rights.

of the Superior court, in the matter mus. The total amount of earth reof the \$30,000 fine imposed on the moved during that month was 1,839,-Southern Railway company for selling 486 cubic yards as against 389,407 passenger tickets at a rate in excess of cubic yards in November, 1906.

14 cents, the state rate. At the same time the decision affirms the act of the court and the constitutionality of the legislative act prescribing punishment

Two Ships Reach Peru.

Callao, Peru, Dec. 7 .- The Americ n state superintendent of which have arrived, will remain a society to cease the transaction and so- state, that the miners at Goldfield are week, taking on coal. The health con- licitation of any new business in these in revolt and riot. Nevada is the one ditions aboard the ships are excellent. two states.

matter of loans and concessions in Harbors congress. Nearly 2,000 dele-Manchuria, namely, that she must be gates, representing every state in the ers in a state of peonage, and that bru- a partner in anything that is done, has union, were present. It was not exresulted in a coalition of the European pected that any definite or concrete acthese people to remain on Avery island, money lenders against her. These tion in promotion of the projects advo-La, where the McIlhenny interests firms make special objection to the cated by the congress will be taken, operate vast oyster canning and tobacco fact that Japan should be both a bor- but it is hoped that the work of the

the United States as will promote the

Will Convict Ford.

San Francisco, Dec. 5 .- "The graft prosecution will go right ahead. Ford will be tried again in due time. There will be no let-up," said Francis J. ment was echoed by Rudolph Spreckles The acquittal of Ford was due to the failure of the every member of the jury.

Schmitz Pleads Not Guilty.

San Francisco, Dec. 5. - Former Mayor Engene Schmitz pleaded not Washington, Dec. 6 .--- Colonel Goethals, chief engineer of the Panama guilty to two charges of bribetaking yesterday before Superior Judge Dunne. canal, cabled the canal officers in this Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 7 .- The State city today that all records were again The first case was relative to the over-Supreme court in a decision handed broken for the month of November in head trolley deal, the compaint averyoung man in the parlor scene. "I am down last night reversed Judge Long, the matter of excavation on the isth- ring that he accepted from Tirey L. The Ford and Abraham Ruef \$50,000. second was a gas deal, in which he is accused of taking a bribe of \$3,250 from Frank Drum and Abraham Ruef. The cases went over for two weeks.

Troops for Goldfield

Washington, Dec. 5. - President Reosevelt yesterday issued orders to missioner of insurance for the state of have Federal troops in rendiness to aid insurance, to This action was taken upon representastate which has no state militia.

Two States Exclude Provident. New York, Dec. 6 .- It was officially

announced last night that word had of agents and any officials of the road. been sent by E. E. Rittenhouse, com-

Colorado, and Otto Kelsey. New York in restoring order at Goldfield, Nevada. cruisers Washington and Tennessee, the Provident Savings Life Assurance tion from Governor Sparks, of that

Canal Diggers Beat Record.

congress will so impress the national congress, now in session, as to induce it to make adequate appropriations for the improvement of the rivers and harbors of the country. It is the desire of the delegates to secure such action by the congress of

Plague Nearly Beaten. San Francisco, Dec. 6 .- The sanitary campaign that is being prosecuted by