

Washington County News

Issued Each Week

FOREST GROVE, OREGON

NEWS OF THE WEEK

In a Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

A Resume of the Less Important but Not Less Interesting Events of the Past Week.

Sweden has issued a challenge for the America's cup.

Many publishers throughout the country are demanding the removal of the tariff on paper.

Criminal prosecution may follow the attempt to kidnap Fremont Older, of the San Francisco Bulletin.

Evidence has been offered in the San Francisco graft cases to show that Keef, Ford and Mullaly often held conferences.

The Great Northern has a stockade all ready for strikebreakers who are to take the place of men at the Hillyard, Wash., shops.

There are signs of uneasiness in many parts of Cuba. Troops are almost constantly pursuing outlaws and strikes have tied up the railroads.

Taft promises to explain to Japan why the Atlantic fleet is coming to the Pacific. He may also arrange a settlement of the immigration question.

Harvey K. Brown, of Baker City, ex-sheriff of Baker county, is the victim of a murderous assault which was almost a duplicate of the attack which killed ex-Governor Steunenberg, of Idaho. He may recover. Old enemies are believed to be the perpetrators.

Secretary Taft has arrived in Japan.

Germany's influence in Turkey is growing.

Rudyard Kipling is at Montreal, Canada, and will visit the Pacific coast.

Bryan will announce his candidacy for presidential nomination on the Democratic ticket December 7.

A Seattle man who had been bound by the courts not to beat his wife hired another man to do it for him.

Missonia, Mont., is said to be the only town left on the Northern Pacific where the boiler-makers' strike is felt.

One of the dummy locators used in the Idaho land frauds says he filed on the government land just to accommodate a friend.

San Francisco graters kidnaped the managing editor of the Bulletin, who is hostile to them. It was seven hours before he was rescued.

Through the carelessness of an operator to throw a switch a passenger train on the Baltimore & Ohio crashed into a freight train at Bellaire, W. Va. Fifteen men were killed and a score injured, several fatally.

The Asiatic squadron has arrived at San Francisco.

There has been a small outbreak of Boxerism in China.

The strike of railroad boiler makers seems to have been broken.

There have been many deaths and much ruin from floods in Spain.

Judge Wickersham, of Alaska, has resigned and will give up the fight.

The Deep Waterways commission has started down the Mississippi from St. Paul.

About 2,500 coal miners in Montana have received an increase in wages.

An entire town in Japan has been destroyed by the overflowing of a river and 600 lives lost.

Rumors are current in New York that railroad telegraphers may soon join in the strike with the commercial men.

Representative Lormie, of Illinois, may be appointed chairman of the house committee on rivers and harbors in place of Burton, who has resigned to take a place on the waterways commission.

Lipton will send a new challenge for the America's cup.

The Japanese government is settling the Vancouver trouble with Canada direct.

P. H. McCarthy has been nominated for mayor by the San Francisco Labor party.

The Harriman and Fish factions are again fighting over the Illinois Central railway.

A general strike on the railways of Havana has started and may spread throughout the island.

It is reported that the Federal grand jury in San Francisco has found six indictments against the Southern Pacific and Pacific Mail Steamship company for giving rebates.

Chicago's new ordinance covering street car lines will add \$1,250,000 a year to the income of that city.

It is estimated that John D. Rockefeller has given to various institutions, principally colleges, \$102,055,000.

The Indiana Pipe line, a subsidiary of the Standard Oil, made a profit of \$4,091,022 in 1903 on a total investment of \$2,228,768.

Hearst says he has no idea of being a candidate for president in 1908.

PLAN TO HIT HARD.

Telegraphers Want to Call Out Leased Wire Men.

Chicago, Oct. 1.—More aggressive warfare against the commercial telegraph companies is being planned by the striking operators. At their meeting today Chairman Likes announced that within a few days the companies would realize that they were in a real fight. The suggestion from New York that all operators working leased wires be called out was vigorously applauded.

President Small, who left the city Friday night with a lot of documentary evidence against the telegraph companies, was in Washington today on a secret mission. It leaked out that the visit Small made to St. Louis Thursday was for the purpose of meeting Commissioner of Labor Neill, who was in that city at the time. It is said that Commissioner Neill is reluctant to take up the trouble until it is definitely decided who has power to settle for the operators. So far each city has been looking after its own strike, and no one has been empowered to propose terms of peace.

Commissioner Neill is said to be ready to call on the companies provided he is given assurance that any settlement he may make will be accepted by the men on strike. It is said that within a few days a vote of the various unions will be taken to place the entire question of a settlement in the hands of the national executive board.

WANT HOME RULE.

Vote at Alaska Primaries Was Practically Unanimous.

Seattle, Wash., Oct. 1.—Bringing with him defiance of anything Governor Wilford B. Hoggatt said to the contrary, Tom Gale, long term delegate to the national congress from Alaska, arrived in town today from Nome on board the steamship Northwestern. Gale is emphatic in declaring that 99 per cent of the residents of the northland are anxious for home rule and are standing on their demand for some sort of legislation by the national lawmakers whereby Alaska shall be freed from the chains which now hamper her progress.

Gale has been all over the territory and has kept in touch with the politicians and with the citizens. The primaries were just over when Gale left Nome, and he says that the majority cast for home rule was practically unanimous. He has with him a rough draft of a bill which will be introduced into the next congress by United States Senator Samuel H. Piles and which, it is hoped, will become a law. If it does it is calculated to remove the legislative swaddling from Alaska.

While Delegate Gale does not go into details regarding the claims of Governor Hoggatt, he went so far as to say that the governor's oft repeated assertions regarding the antipathy to home rule in Alaska are creatures of his own desires, and of the desires of the big mining interests, toward whom Governor Hoggatt is declared to be extremely friendly.

BROWN AFTER VENGEANCE.

Calhoun's Attorney Alone Instrumental in Kidnaping of Older.

San Francisco, Oct. 1.—The alleged attempt to kidnap Fremont Older could not truthfully be made to appear to have been under those defending themselves from charges of bribery, according to Patrick Calhoun, of the United Railroads company.

"The facts are," said Mr. Calhoun, "that Mr. Luther Brown, who is a lawyer of Los Angeles, and one of the associate counsel of my defense, was attacked by the Bulletin, which printed an infamous story concerning him in connection with an alleged attempt to kidnap ex-Supervisor Lonergan.

"Mr. Brown swore out a warrant in Los Angeles county and had the warrant approved by Judge Cook, of San Francisco county. Older was then arrested and an attempt was made to take him to Los Angeles. It was but an ordinary arrest."

It is further pointed out by Brown's friends that it is perfectly obvious that it would have been futile to have attempted the arraignment of Older in San Francisco county in view of the close relations existing between Older and the prosecuting officials of San Francisco county.

Company Building Stockade.

Spokane, Oct. 1.—Hillyard, the Great Northern's town just beyond the city limits of Spokane, is agog today over the building of what bears all the earmarks of a stockade in the company's yards, presumably for the housing of strike breakers from the East. Company officials refuse to discuss the high board fence that has arisen in a day and night, but the strikers now claim that the coming of strikebreakers will cause a walkout of the machinists. Already the company has been obliged to lay off 40 of its 70 machinists.

Would Refuse to Go Back.

New York, Oct. 1.—Thomas M. Pierson, Eastern vice president of the Order of Railway Telegraphers, addressed a meeting of commercial telegraph operators today. He said the fight was winning the admiration of the railroad telegraphers everywhere and there need be no apprehension about the aid of the latter. It was declared that in case the strikers were asked to return to work pending arbitration, they would refuse.

Mexico to Greet Root.

Mexico City, Mex., Oct. 1.—The official reception committee having completed arrangements for the reception of Mr. Root and party in this city is now considering that portion of their visit that will be spent in the interior.

OREGON STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

STATE'S POSITION STRONG.

Attorney General Crawford Confident of Telephone Case.

Salem—Attorney General Crawford states that he is preparing the briefs for the state in its fight against the Pacific States Telephone company in regard to the gross earnings of the company in which the telephone company attacks the constitutionality of the Oregon initiative law.

"I do not fear for the state's position in this matter," said Mr. Crawford. "The initiative was enacted simply as a corrective and does not destroy the representative form of government of the state constitution. The telephone company has undoubtedly prepared its strongest case and I will work along the lines which I have just stated so far as I can tell at present.

"The reference in its papers filed by the company to the election of United States senators by direct legislation was done simply to involve the Federal law with a view to carrying the case to the United States Supreme court should the state be successful in its fight against the telephone company in the state courts."

Many After Timber Land.

Klamath Falls—A section of forest reserve land near Klamath Falls is to be opened at an early date and already many locators are ready for the rush to the tall timber. Several parties are expected this week from Michigan and Wisconsin expecting to secure claims, and it is said that nearly every section of the state is already represented here. There is but little interest locally, although it is said the claims are exceptionally good ones.

Westgate Surveyor General.

Baker City—Senator Fulton has wired the department at Washington recommending the appointment of G. A. Westgate, of Albany, to the office of surveyor general for the state of Oregon. The majority of the delegation from this state have expressed to the department at Washington the preference for Westgate, and it is probable that he will be appointed at once. Congressman Ellis favored T. N. Hulbert, of Portland.

Rush for Lake Lands.

Prineville—A rush is being made from this part of the state to the northern part of Lake county, where the Fremont forest reserve will be opened for entry October 28. The land office officials are anticipating great crowds of entrymen when the office opens October 28. Many people are going prepared to stay on the land and attempt to get squatters' rights. Every means of conveyance will be pressed into service.

Potatoes Killed by Frost.

Albany—Forty acres of potatoes north of Lebanon were killed by frost this week. Elmer Clem lost 22 acres in this manner and Andrew Densmore, a neighbor, lost 20. The potatoes were planted late and had not attained full size, and though they will grow no more because of the frost they will probably be in a marketable condition.

Weston's Good Prospects.

Weston—This is proving to be by far the best year in the history of the Weston normal. Already 150 pupils have been enrolled and by Christmas after the fall season is over, it is expected that there will be at least 200 pupils at the school. Every available room in the town has been occupied and arrangements are being made for more.

Examines Power Site.

La Grande—H. R. Thompson, representing the Portland General Electric company, is making another investigation of the electric power proposition up the Grand Ronde river in the vicinity of the Carson mines. N. E. Imhaus, who with J. E. Foley of this city owns the power site, is with Mr. Thompson.

Railway Nears Completion.

Pendleton—Track laying on the Umatilla Central, the branch line of the O. R. & N. running to Pilot Rock, 10 miles distant from Pendleton, is progressing rapidly, and it is understood that the line will be completed within six weeks' time. This will mean much for the Pilot Rock country.

Hoppickers Dig Beets.

La Grande—A large force of Japanese are now harvesting the beets in Grand Ronde. Most of these are from the hop fields in the Willamette valley. The fields will be dotted with beet diggers. After a week's work the La Grande factory will be started for the fall run.

Inquire Into S. P. Shortage.

Salem—The state railway commission has decided to investigate on its own motion the car shortage on the Southern Pacific. The date for the hearing has not been set exactly, but it will probably be about October 10.

Postoffice Called Harriman.

Prineville—A postoffice has been established in Harney county near Lowson. The new office is on the proposed Burns-Ontario railway line and has been named Harriman by the Postoffice department.

Sturgeon Weighs 510 Pounds.

Astoria—One of the largest sturgeon ever caught in the Columbia river was brought to Schmidt's cold storage plant a few days ago. It weighed 510 pounds and was caught in a Baker's bay trap.

SIGN UP FOR ARID LANDS.

Agreement Reached for Closing Up Deal in Crook County.

Salem—Without yielding a single point in the conditions, the state land board has reached an agreement with J. E. Morrison, president of the Deschutes Land company, and the new contract for the original Oregon Development company's segregation of 31,000 acres of arid land in Crook county has been fully signed and sealed. The new contract, which grants an increase of lien price per acre to \$35, provides that the land shall be reclaimed and the system turned over to the Water Users' association within five years and free from encumbrance. The company entered objections to several of the most material conditions, all of which were overruled, and the contract was accepted practically in toto.

Fine Showing at University.

University of Oregon, Eugene—The University of Oregon opened its doors Tuesday, September 24. The first and second days' registration has shown an increase of more than 20 per cent over the registration of the same time last year. Almost every high school and academy in the state is represented, and a large number are presenting credentials from Eastern preparatory schools. The year will mark the highest point in enrollment that the university has yet reached. The very serious question that is presenting itself is how to take care of all students. The lack of funds has made it impossible to furnish and heat all of the rooms in the library building, and for the same reason, the new girls' dormitory will have to be idle for the year. Students, however, are adjusting themselves readily to the conditions, and the outlook for the year's work is exceptionally good.

Farmers Institutes in Linn.

Albany—A series of farmers' institutes will be held throughout Linn county during the latter portion of the month of November. The institutes are being promoted by Dr. James Withycombe, of the O. A. C., and the same are in connection with the work of the college. Five places have been selected in Linn county and are as follows: Crabtree, Lebanon, Brownsville, Halsey and Harrisburg. The dates for the holding of these institutes have been placed for November 19, 20, 21, 22 and 23.

Hermiston Wants Experiment Station.

Pendleton—Whether or not an experimental station will be established at Hermiston under the irrigation project now seems to be in the hands of the board of regents of the Agricultural college and the members will be here in a short time for the purpose of investigating the matter. It will then be up to the people of the irrigation section and of the county to show the necessity for the branch station in order to secure it.

Rhodes Man Wins Distinction.

University of Oregon, Eugene—Harvey Densmore, the well known Rhodes scholarship student, who went to Oxford from the University of Oregon, has returned and has accepted a position at the University of Washington as an instructor in the classics. He outranked many of the best English scholars in branches especially affected by their learned men.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Club, 83c; bluestem, 85c; valley, 82c; red, 81c.
Oats—No. 1 white, 22c; gray, 22c.
Barley—Feed, 24c; brewing, 26c@27c; rolled, 25c@26c.
Corn—Whole, 31c; cracked, 32c.
Hay—Valley timothy, No. 1, 17c@18c; Eastern Oregon timothy, 19c@20c; clover, 11c; chest, 11c; grain hay, 11c@12c; alfalfa, 12c@13c.
Fruits—Apples, 1c@1.75 per box; cantaloupes, 75c@1.50 per crate; peaches, 65c@1 per crate; prunes, 50c per crate; watermelons, 1c@1.50 per pound; pears, 1c@1.75 per box; grapes, 50c@1.50 per crate, caseba, 2c@2.25 per dozen; quinces, 1c@1.25 per box; huckleberries, 8c@10c per pound.
Vegetables—Turnips, 1c@1.25 per sack; carrots, 1c@1.25 per sack; beets, 1c@1.25 per sack; cabbage, 1 1/2c@1 3/4c per pound; celery, 75c@1 per dozen; corn, 1c@1.50 per sack; cucumbers, 10c@15c per dozen; onions, 15c@20c dozen; parsley, 20c per dozen; peppers, 8c@10c per pound; pumpkins, 1 1/2c@1 3/4c per pound; radishes, 20c per dozen; spinach, 6c per pound; squash, 50c@1 per box; tomatoes, 40c@50c per box.
Onions—1.50 per sack.
Potatoes—75c@85c per sack; sweet potatoes, 2 1/2c per pound.
Butter—Fancy creamery, 27 1/2c@35c per pound.
Veal—75 to 125 pounds, 8c@8 1/2c; 125 to 150 pounds, 7 1/2c; 150 to 200 pounds, 6c@7c.
Pork—Block, 75 to 150 pounds, 8c@8 1/2c; packers, 7 1/2c@8c.
Poultry—Average old hens, 12c@12 1/2c per pound; mixed chickens, 12c@12 1/2c; spring chickens, 12c@12 1/2c; old roosters, 8c@9c; dressed chickens, 14c@15c; turkeys, live, old, 16c@17c; young, 18c@19c; geese, live, per pound, 8c@9c; ducks, 15c.
Eggs—Fresh ranch, candied, 32 1/2c per dozen; Eastern, 27 1/2c@30c.
Hops—1907, 7c@9c per pound; old, 4c@5c per pound.
Wool—Eastern Oregon, average best, 16c@22c per pound, according to shrinkage; valley, 20c@22c, according to fineness; mohair choice, 29c@30c per pound.

LINK OF ROCK ISLAND.

Mt. Hood Railroad Headed for Salt Lake City.

Portland, Sept. 30.—There is abundant reason to believe that Portland and Salt Lake are soon to be connected by a new link in a transcontinental railroad chain that is to be forged as fast as labor and sufficient capital can complete the task.

Concealed behind the seemingly local electric line enterprise of the Mount Hood Railway & Power company are said to be the matured plans for the Salt Lake project, backed by the millions of Senator W. A. Clark and his associate interests. E. P. Clark, of Los Angeles, directing genius of the Mount Hood road, who gave his personal attention to the initial work done in Portland, came to the Pacific Northwest as the personal representative of his distinguished namesake.

With the secrecy that snags of the previous conquests of George Gould, but which, it is believed by persons well advised, is in reality the linking of the Rock Island system and the Moffat railroad between Denver and Salt Lake City, the plans for the new road into Portland have been practically completed. Though it has been denied, and will be denied again, it can be asserted with confidence that the site of the Inman & Poulsen Lumber company yards and docks between East Sherman and East Caruthers streets will be the water front terminal of the new line. Practically all details for the entrance of the road to the city have been concluded and meanwhile engineering parties have completed the location across to the Eastern slope of the Cascades, thence southeasterly toward Central Nevada to the eastern terminus at Salt Lake City.

It may surprise some engineers to learn that a route has been found by which the line will make a gradual ascent of Mount Hood, to the southeast of that eminence and through to the upper Deschutes on a compensating grade of less than 1 per cent, but such is a fact and the construction crews already engaged in the vicinity of Bull Run and between that point and Fairview will be rapidly advanced along the route so that considerable of the heavier part of the work will probably be completed during the winter months.

Approaching the Deschutes at a point not far from the mouth of Warm Springs creek, it will follow up the Deschutes, cross the spur of Walkers range and thence proceed in a southerly course to the drainage of Sprague river and thence up that stream to the southeast, through the Klamath Indian reservation and thence in a nearly direct line to Winnemucca.

The main line will be built with regard to the shortest mileage and best route, while branches are projected to tap the irrigated districts of Crook, Klamath and Lake counties, but these are to follow the completion of the through line which is just at present the objective feature of the entire enterprise.

Engineers have been over the route repeatedly, parties having easily maintained the secret of their purpose and work because of the activity of the Harriman system engineers in the same territory.

BORAH JUROR ILL.

Possible That Sickness May Block Idaho Land Fraud Trials.

Boise, Sept. 30.—Peter Neth, one of the jurors empaneled to try United States Senator W. E. Borah, was taken violently ill last night and it is said his indisposition may stop the trial, although this cannot be definitely told until today.

The nature of Neth's illness is being carefully withheld, but one of the government's counsel said last night that he believed Neth to be suffering from temporary mental derangement due to the excitement of the trial.

Many rumors were abroad last night as to Neth's condition but no authoritative statement was given out. The day following his acceptance as a juror Mr. Neth asked many questions of Judge Whitson as to whether buying improved homestead property constituted a crime. He speaks English rather brokenly and but little attention was paid to him.

Stubbs No Longer Dictator.

Chicago, Sept. 30.—With the advent of the Eastern railroads into the Transcontinental Freight bureau there disappears from the railway field one of the most powerful dictatorships in railroad history. With the Eastern roads enjoying an equal voice in the making of transcontinental freight rates, J. C. Stubbs is no longer the autocrat of the traffic world. Until the recent admission of the Eastern roads into the freight bureau, Mr. Stubbs, as general traffic director of the Harriman lines, held a position which was unique.

Extend Strike to Railroads.

New York, Sept. 30.—Reports that the commercial telegraphers' strike would extend to the railroad telegraphers were revived here and elsewhere today. Samuel J. Small, national president of the union, is now in St. Louis, and from there it was reported that he was in conference with the national officers of the railroad telegraphers, and that inside of the next fortnight developments might be expected in that direction.

Another Blow to Saloon.

Knoxville, Tenn., Sept. 30.—The state supreme court today held the Pendleton law to be constitutional. This statute abolishes saloons in all cities of 100,000 or less, "hereafter incorporated."

UNVEILS MONUMENT

Tomb of William McKinley Given by the People.

VAST CROWDS IN ATTENDANCE

President Delivers Address—Many Other Notable Persons Present—Monument Cost \$600,000.

Canton, O., Oct. 1.—To the many memorable events which have taken place in Canton since her most distinguished and beloved son, William McKinley, first entered into the public life of the nation, must be added one other, the dedication of the final resting place of the martyred president and Mrs. McKinley with solemn and impressive ceremonies yesterday afternoon.

The occasion was made notable by the presence of the president of the United States, by the governors of a number of states, by members of the senate and house of representatives, justices of the United States Supreme court and countless other persons of prominence who were associated personally or in public life with Mr. McKinley.

The most striking feature of the program, aside from the presence of so many men of wide prominence, was the great parade of military which preceded the formal dedication of the mausoleum. The thousands of troops in line included detachments of regulars from nearly all of the army posts in the East, South and Middle West. In addition to these there was a full representation of the Ohio National Guard. The procession moved through the streets lined with spectators, who cheered the soldiers enthusiastically. The stars and stripes floated from all the public buildings and business houses along the line of march, and from hundreds of private residences.

The mausoleum is set upon a hill in the picturesque West Lawn cemetery, and it was here that the exercises of the day took place. Great attention had been paid to the care and comfort of the scores of distinguished persons who had been invited to witness the exercises and to listen to the address of President Roosevelt.

The unveiling ceremonies were witnessed by 3,000 persons from the stand and 1,000 more were seated in the public stands. It is estimated that 100,000 people from surrounding towns were also present. Two thousand regular army soldiers and 2,000 Ohio militiamen protected President Roosevelt and other notables and kept the crowd from breaking through the ropes.

The tomb, built at a cost of over \$600,000, is the donation of over 1,000,000 Americans to the memory of William McKinley.

Court Grows Weary.

Boise, Oct. 1.—Federal Judge Whitson, who is presiding at the trial of United States Senator W. E. Borah, notified the prosecution yesterday that the case had reached the point where some testimony connecting the defendant on trial with the alleged Idaho land fraud conspiracy must be presented.

"Great latitude has been allowed you," declared the court, "in the presentation of testimony here on the promise that the defendant would be connected with the alleged conspiracy. But there is a time when the court has to control the order of proof. Beginning tomorrow morning, you will confine your testimony to the defendant on trial."

The attorneys for the government, acting on this suggestion, said they would offer in evidence today the records of the county clerk's office showing that scores of timber deeds had been admitted to record at the request of Senator Borah.

Judge Whitson's notification to the prosecution came at the conclusion of the testimony of the government's two most important witnesses. It gave an official intimation of the status of the case against Senator Borah, which became more significant when Prosecutor Rush stated tonight that the government's case undoubtedly would be concluded today.

Wants To Kill Roosevelt.

Kaokuk, Iowa, Oct. 1.—John Gately, an umbrella repairer, was arrested here today on the charge of threatening to shoot President Roosevelt when the latter arrives here tomorrow. Gately made the threat while paying toll at the Illinois end of the bridge over the Mississippi river. The brig tender at once telephoned to the local police and the alleged anarchist was arrested when he reached this end of the river. Why Gately desired to kill the president is not known, and when taken into custody he would not give his reasons.

Send No British Fleet.

London, Oct. 1.—Reports have been appearing in the London papers for the past week from Canadian sources that the British admiralty intended to re-establish a naval base at Esquimaut, B. C. Replying to inquiries today officials of the admiralty said there was no intention either of resuming control of the fortifications at Esquimaut, which were taken over by the Canadian government or of increasing the strength of the British fleet in Pacific waters.

Japanese Are Admitted.

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 1.—Sir Wilfred Laurier, premier of Canada, has instructed Dr. Munro, immigration inspector at Vancouver, to cancel the recent order issued by Dr. Munro against Japanese coming from Honolulu.