SPLIT IN ITS RANKS

Livestock Association Has Civil War and Cattlemen Secede.

THEY FORM A RIVAL ASSOCIATION

Admission or Packers and Railroads the Issue-Sheepgrowers Stay With Old Association.

Denver, Jan. 16 .- The National Livestock association was rent in twain today by the adoption of a new constitution which admitted the packers to membership and provided an open door through which the railroads of the country might at any time become factors in the control of the organization.

The cattlemen, horse and swine growers, together with representatives of some of the affiliated industries, refused to agree to the new constitution. fore the session ends." fused to agree to the new constitution, fore the session ends." withdrew when they considered its adoption probable, and this afternoon formed a new organization under the name of the American Stockgrowers' association, whose aim it will be to terest of the cattlegrower.

Roughly speaking, the sheepgrowers, commission men and stockyards interests remained with the Nationa Livestock association, and the actual growers of all other animals for the market have gone with the new association.

The cattlemen have from the first strongly opposed the admission into their organization of the packers and especially of the railroads. They maintained that these two influences would ultimately dominate the cattlegrowing industry of the country to the detriment of the individual grower, and they refused to remain in an organization which included their representatives among the members of its controlling body.

PARLIAMENT TO BE DISSOLVED British Government May Call Election

About End of March.

London, Jan. 16 .- King Edward, at today's meeting of the Privy council, powers urging the respecting of the signed a proclamation convening parliament for February 14. The session Japan will be opposed to the suspenwill be opened by the king personally, sion of the agreement of the belligerwith full state ceremonies. The unus- ents to limit the zone of operations in ual lateness of the date of the opening is interpreted to mean that the govern- Russia determines to withdraw her mittee of the house said to the Associ ment does not propose to press any redistribution bill, but to give the aliens necessary for Japan, as the other bel- the leaders of the house had conducted bill, which Premier Balfour had defi- ligerent, to follow suit, and she will of the Republican members on the morning with officials of the reclamanitely promised, the first place in its probably do it quickly if Russia reaches this decision.

question of tariff revision showed that tion service, during which T. A. Noble, the decision. legislative program.

Recent speeches of ministers confirm the belief in an early dissolution of Parliament, and it seems likely that unless previoulsy defeated, possibly through the intentional absentation of the Chamberlainites, the government will find pretext for volutarily dissolving parliament towards the end of March and hand over to the opposition lating the budget.

Rebuild Brooklyn Bridge.

might be possible, engineers of the Department of Bridges are reported to accupation of Port Arthur and not have determined that the structure fitted for use in Russian rifles. The must be almost completely rebuilt. 82,670 large shells mentioned by Genbe diverted to the Williamsburg bridge, rich further says that the locks of the the new Manhattan bridge and to the 35,252 rifles turned over to the Japan- kept secret, but doubtless he is ready Brooklyn subway tunnel now in course ese were broken before the fortress to do battle with the Russian Baltic of construction.

Locating the Wrecks.

Tokio, Jan. 16.—Commander Thaka, of the Japanese naval staff, detailed to of Chicago are taking steps to give aid boynik and Zabiaka, hitherto unac- flocking to Chicago. The Jewish Agribend in the Tiger's Tail peninsula.

Combes May Retire.

Paris, Jan. 16.-Consideration is being given in the highest quarters to the opposed to the recommendation of Mr. eventuality of the retirement of the Rarrett, American representative to cabinet, as the result of the election of the isthmus, that the offices of minister ditions at home and abroad in amend- of 696 of these mines to date. Ten ad-M. Doumer as president of the chamber and governor of the canal zone be of deputies. Millerand or M. Rouvier will form a ister. This news comes in a cablegram the senate today from the committee on entrance of Port Arthur have been cabinet in the event of the retirement from the minister of foreign affairs to appropriations. Agitation of this ques- discovered in Russian hostipals. They of the present ministry. M. Doumer the Panaman minister at Washington, assumed the presidency of the chamber M. Obaldia, who called at the state dethis afternoon, amid disorder which partment today to inform the officials of Labor, and bills were prepared by sevthreatened to precipitate a crisis.

Lower Rates of Docking.

Washington, Jan. 16. - On recommendation of Representative Humphrey | ited Port Arthur January 10 say that the Navy department has reduced the the Russian wounded were in a terrible zard that began yesterday in Oklahoma charge for docking commercial vessels state, owing to neglect which could not continued today, the fall of snow and and entry under the mineral land law. at Bremerton dry dock from 10 to 5 be avoided when the Japanese entered sleet being the heaviest in years. Street This provision will apply to all resercents per ton in order to permit Puget Sound shippards to compete with yards in British Columbia.

Everything possible, car and railroad traffic were interupted and wires were broken by the weight of the sleet.

Car and railroad traffic were interupted away the files besides, and these encourage on top, but it has been found that nothing is better or less expensions.

Car and railroad traffic were interupted and wires were broken by the weight of the sleet.

ACTION ON RATES.

Representative Hepburn Has Freight Rate Bill Ready for Congress.

Washington, Jan. 17. - President Secretary Taft and Representative Hepburn, of Iowa, chairman of the interstate and foreign commerce committee of the house, regarding railroad freight rate legislation. At the conclusion of THINKS PORTAGE ROAD ENOUGH Paris. the conference Mr. Hepburn said he had prepared a bill on the subject of freight rates which embodied the re- Williamson Makes Vigorous Answer, commendations of the president so far as they went.

Mr. Hepburn added that in a few lays a conference would be held, probably at the White House, for the consideration of the measure he had prepared. The president, Secretary Taft, Attorney General Moody, "and others," said Mr. Hepburn, "who are especially interested in the legislation will participate in the conference.

"Do you think rate legislation will be enacted at the present session?' "I do most certainly," replied Mr. Hepburn. "I believe the house will nonth, and there is no reason why it

There were some informal conferences among senators on the question of railroad legislation after the senate adexpressed was that there is not sufficient time left to accomplish anything in that line during the presst session "Again, there are numerous other wield a dominating influence in the in- in that line during the presnt session of congress.

JAPAN WILL FOLLOW SUIT.

If Russia Violates Neutrality of China So Will She.

with Mr. Loomis, acting secretary of Dalles?' state today, about the Chinese neutral-Russian note of violation by China of work, not over \$500,000. neutrality that have not been mendetermined.

respond to Secretary Hay's note to the canal. neutrality and "administrative entity of China," and it is believed that the effort to adhere to Secretary Hay's

AMMUNITION ALL DUMMIES.

Russian Officer Says Booty of Port Arthur is Worthless.

Chefoo, Jan. 17 .- Midshipman Klismanded a launch which reached here Grosvenor, of Ohio. the seemingly thankless task of formu- from Port Arthur January 3, in commenting today on General Nogi's report of January 12, giving details of New York, Jan. 16 .- Fearful lest the transferred to the Japanese after the strain to which the Brooklyn bridge is surrender of the fortress, said that the being subjected will weaken it to serv- 2,266,800 rounds of rifle ammunition ice to the extent that a great catastrophe | mentioned as among the booty, were To do this it will require at least two eral Nogi, the midshipman said, were years, and meanwhile traffic between also Chinese and were of no use to the New York and Brooklyn will have to Russian artillery. Midshipman Klisocapitulated.

To Help Jewish Refugees.

Chicago, Jan. 17.-Jewish citizens cruisers Djidjid, Raz- cape service in the army and are now to establish themselves as farmers.

Object to Barrett's Scheme.

Washington, Jan. 17 .- Panamans are It is expected that M. merged into the office of governor-minthe fact.

Wounded Suffered Terribly.

Chefoo, Jan. 17.—Japanese who vis-

NO MONEY TO SPARE

Dalles-Celilo Canal.

Saying Portage Road is Only Temporary Makeshift.

Washington, Jan. 13.—It is going to require all the influence that the combined delegations for Oregon, Washington and Idaho can bring to bear to secure provision in the river and harbor bill for carrying on work on the Dalles-Celilo canal. Chairman Burton, who has heretofore been regarded as friendly to this project, is now decidedly antagonistic, and, if his present views pass a measure before the end of this prevail, no appropriation will be made for the canal. In a letter which he

"I am strongly disposed to think we ourned today. The general opinion cost of the plan would be \$3,800,000, and it is useless to begin with a partial

projects in Oregon, notably the mouth of the Columbia, which will require large appropriations. Would it not be well to try for the time the portage railway that can be completed at comparatively small expense and would indicate whether traffic from below the falls would develop in sufficient amount Washington, Jan. 17 .- Mr. Takahira, to make it desirable to canalize the

To this letter Representative Williamson tonight made reply, stating ity and Russia's circular note to the that the people of Oregon, Washington powers on the subject. So far as the and Idaho are not asking for a full appress dispatches show, there are no propriation at this time to complete alleged instances specified in the latest the canal, but only enough to start purpose being to sell out to the govern-

Congressmen Jones and French are The official text of the note has be- harbor bill should pass that body a reed that the attitude of Japan regarding | western senators to have an amendment | navigated. China's neutrality remains unchanged. attached to the bill in the senate, pro-The Japanese government was quick to viding for commencing work on this

OPPOSED TO REVISION.

Canvas of House Shows Nine-Tenths of Republicans so Inclined.

request. In the event, however, that member of the ways and means comadherence to this principle, it will be ated Press today that the poll which

been approached were against revision. All of the leaders of the house except ways and means committee, who is laid up with rheumatism, and Representative Tawney, are against revision. The work of crystallizing sentiment against revision is being done by Representorich, the Russian officer who com- atives Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, and attractive project in that vicinity.

GONE TO MEET HIM.

the Russian property which had been Japan's Cruisers Believed to Be Near Baltic Fleet Commander.

> London, Jan. 13 .- Japanese correscondents of the Morning Post consider it not incredible that Japanese men-ofwar have reached Diego Garcia (Chagos though Admiral Togo is at Tokio, other admirals are not idle.

> Vice Admrial Uriu, it is stated, has been cruising in the vicinity of the equator for some time past. The number of vessels he has at his command is squadron whenever it appears east of the 70th meridian.

Great Flood at Phoenix.

examine the Russian war vessels at to and find homes for the hundreds of has continued to fall at intervals today, Port Arthur, reports the condition of Jews who have fled from Russia to es- adding to the already flooded condition of the country. Last night an area five home is deserving of, and should be vorable season the cowpeas make a counted for. The Djidjid is at the culturists' Aid society has been formed, was under water from six inches to two a crusade should be inaugurated for in time for another crop of grain or mouth of a small inlet east of the tor- and has undertaken on a large scale a feet in depth. Considerable damage good roads in the territory, are the grass seeding. The soil is left in much pedo storehouse and inside the west scheme of colonization of these refugees has been done to farm crops and ditches points of most general interest menharbor. Evidently she was sunk. The on the fertile lands of the middle west- through broken banks. One end of the tioned by Governor T. B. Ferguson in stubble and weeds. The trouble about Razbovnik is sunk near the lighthouse ern states. Adolph Loeb is president flood crossed the west side of Phoenix, his message to the Eighth legislature, the plan this year is the difficulty in at the entrance of the harbor. The of the society. Out of its loan fund surrounding many houses with water, zabiaka is about 300 yards east of the it has advanced money to Jews willing but doing little damage, excepting to a colony of invalids who lived in tents in the suburbs.

For Promotion of Commerce. ment to the executive, legislative and ditional survivors of the third expedition was started soon after the creation have been transferred to the Japanese of the Department of Commerce and hospitals. eral members of congress providing for such investigation.

Deep Snow in Oklahoma.

THREAT TO CHILE.

Japan Warns Her Not to Sell War ships to Russia.

Paris, Jan. 12.—Japan has informed Roosevelt had a conference today with Chairman Burton Is Opposed to Chile that further sale of vessels to Russia will be followed by summary punitive measures. This information comes directly from the foreign office, but has not yet been published in

According to an official of the office, Japan is greatly irritated over the mat-

this information leaves no doubt as to On the approach of winter the caterits correctness.

Dr. Motono, the Japanese minister here, says he has no knowledge of any such communication on the part of his government. At the same time he took occasion to criticize the two republics. A member of the Japanese legation said that, if the United States should take no measures to prevent any further action of this sort, it would not be fair to invoke the Monroe doctrine against Japan.

Speaking unofficially, members of government circles say this incident shows that Japan has grown so selfcomplacent over her victories that she can run the risk of losing the good will of even the United States.

HOLD-UP GAME BLOCKED.

Fulton Puts Spoke in Wheel of Klamath Irrigation Company.

Washington, Jan. 12.-The chief of engineers, at the request of Senator Fulton, today decided to grant no the Japanese minister, had a long talk river for 12 miles at and near The authority to the Klamath irrigation ompany to divert water from Klamath lake for irrigation purposes. This company, with purely speculative intent, has begun the construction of an irrigation canal lying within the proposed government irrigation project, its

ment at a large profit. Fortunately for the government, it co-operating with Mr. Williamson in proposes utilizing the water of a navitioned in previous notes on the subject, the effort to convince Chairman Burton gable stream, and this cannot be done and replied to by Japan. Whether that the government should at this the Japanese government will see fit time make provision for the Dalles-further to reply probably will not be Celilo cana. If the effort ultimately from the War department, contending fails in the house and the river and that Klamath lake and Link river are not navigable. Senator Fulton showed ome generally known. It can be stat- newed effort will be made by the north- that both bodies are navigable and

While the government will probably recompense the Klamath irrigation get at this work during the winter and company for the work which it may acquire, it will only pay a fair price. It will not be held up and robbed.

IRRIGATION IN WASHINGTON

Washington, Jan. 13 .- A prominent Government will Carry Out Palouse Project if O. R. & N. Helps.

Washington, Jan. 12 .- The Washington delegation had a conference this ton, explained the progress of work in that state. In brief, he showed that Representative Payne, chairman of the government irrigation is not practicable on the Okanogan river, and intimated that the whole Okanogan project would be abandoned. Because of numerous vested interests in the Yakima valley, the government has not yet found an

The Big Bend project, which contemplates the reclamation of 1,000,000 acres or more at a cost of \$30,000,000, is too gigantic to be considered serious ly at this time, but there is a strong probability that the government will next year begin work on the Palouse project, which contemplates the reclamation of 80,000 acres, mostly in Franklin county, at a cost of \$5 per acre. This project has been found en-Archipelago), and point out that, al- tirely feasible. All preliminary surveys are completed, and it only waits for the O. R. & N. Co. to consent to remove its tracks from Washtucna coulee, which it is proposed to convert into a storage reservoir. This consent is expected to be given, negotiations to that end being now under way.

Needs of Oklahoma.

Guthrie, Okla. T., Jan. 12.-That Oklahoma should begin the purification of politics by punishment of the Phoenix, Arir., Jan. 13.-Light rain professional "lobbyist," who he contends is striking a vital blow at the government by the people; that Oklamiles square, northwest of Phoenix, given, statehood by congress, and that large growth and can be plowed under

Sea Sown with Mines.

Tokio, Jan. 12 .- The navy department says that the district covered with submarine mines had a radius of Washington, Jan. 13 .- Provision is 40 miles outside of Port Arthur. It nade for the investigation of trade con- reports the destruction and explosion judicial appropriation bill reported to tion of the Japanese to blockade the

To Open Mineral Lands. Washington, Jan. 12.-A provision

was inserted in the Indian appropriation bill that all mineral lands within Oklahoma City, Jan. 13 .- The bliz- Indian reservations shall be declared open, subject to location, developpent



Rayages of the Brown-Tail Moth. ter, and has even gone so far as to hint broadly that the Chilean coast would have become so great in different parts make a fine target for Japanese war of the country that some concerted effort should be made to exterminate the At the same time a similar protest pest. The eggs of the female are laid was made to the Argentine Republic, on the leaves of the tree, and are in spite of the fact that such a threat hatched in midsummer, and the pest might be considered an offense against of the moth in the caterpillar state bethe Monroe doctrine. The source of gins its ravages on the tender foliage. pillars construct heavy webs, in which



MOTH, CATERPILLAR AND WEB.

they live until spring, when they come out to feast on the buds, blossoms and leaves. It is at this season of the year, and later, while the trees are devoid of foliage that the main work to exterminate them must be done.

While the moth is in winter quarters he and she can be readily reached. Obtain a pruning shears mounted on a long handle and operated by a wire in the hands, go through the trees of the orchard and anywhere on the grounds and cut off the twigs on which the mass of web hangs. Lay them in piles carefully, then gather them, and, after taking them out of the orchard, burn them. Only in this way can one be certain of their destruction. The plan of fastening a bunch of cotton waste to a pole, setting fire to it and holding the lighted torch to the web until it is consumed is also a good one. Better do it thoroughly.

The illustration will give the reader some idea of this pest. The female moth is shown, as well as the caterpillar, and also a twig of a tree showing the web attached. As this latter has been accurately drawn it will not be difficult to identify the web of the brown-tail moth.-Indianapolis News.

Practical Poultry House Idea. The cut shows the result of mature experience in housing fowls. This house has a small roosting and laying room and one very small window. This insures a warm roosting place in winter (a slat outside door can be used in summer) and a dark place for laying. which gives an ideal condition. Instead of an open shed scratching room (which will fill with snow in a Northern climate), a large room with two large sliding windows is provided. Wire netting can be placed over these to keep the fowls in and the windows can be opened to any width, permitted by the prevailing weather conditions. This gives the benefits of the open scratching shed plan without its decided disadvantages. The nests should



be entered from the rear, which will

keep them very dark. For a farm poultry-house, this design leaves nothing to be desired. Cowpens for the Soil.

The plan of sowing cowpeas to occupy the soil after harvesting fall wheat or oats is as good now as ever, says Rural New Yorker. With a fabetter shape than it would be if left in obtaining cowpea seed. There seems to be little if any left in the country. We are thinking of using white beans in place of the peas.

Clearing Up Brush Land.

The use of Angora goats in clearing up the cut over lands in northern Michigan has been tried now for several years and apparently with satisfactory results to those who have invested in them. The lands have been lumbered, the pine cut out and then left to grow up into brush. Upon these lands the Angora has proved a very efficient aid in clearing them of brush and putting them in shape for cultivation or to grow into grass. Neither sheep nor cattle would do this work as well as the Angora.

covering the silage after the silo was porary blanket of old bagging is anfilled to prevent the spoiling of the sive than to put on water enough to the cow.

thoroughly wet the top of the silage and have enough so that it runs down between the sllage and the sides of the silo. Many avoid all loss from damage on top by beginning to feed immediately after filling, thus giving it no time to damage. The feeding should always be done from the top, taking about two inches from the entire top each day. If the feeding is done too slowly, and part of the surface is left exposed to the air for two or three or more days, then the stock will have partially damaged silage all the time.-C. P. Goodrich before Wisconsin Farmers' Institute.

Food for the Stock.

Those who have tested the use of cooked and uncooked foods for stock. more particularly for swine, agree that the uncooked foods are by far the most digestible. This opinion would delight the vegetarians who urge uncooked fruits and vegetables as being * more wholesome. Yet there are two sides to the story as usual. There seems to be no denying the value of the uncooked food, with animals at any rate, but we all know that a quantity of raw fruits and vegetables eaten by humans during the summer is apt to create a disturbance of the digestive organs. Not always does it cause a looseness of the bowels, but acidity of the stomach, which is very painful. Is it not fair to assume that if uncooked food has this effect on the human stomach that it must have some bad effect on the stom-

ach of the farm animal. This may be a little far-fetched, but experience has taught the writer that, without exception, one warm meal a day during the winter is beneficial to the animals. Even our horses have a warm bran mash, and it has been wellcooked, too. The poultry have the warm cooked mash and the hot corn at night every other day, and thrive on it. This being our experience, our argument is that animals should have cooked food occasionally, but that most of their meals should consist of

food not cooked.

Helps Handling Hogs. For a catching yard or pen, instead of having regular rectangular shape, have at one corner a sharp triangular extension, as shown in the cut. Into this extension the hogs will rush, when they may be easily caught.

For loading hogs, back the wagon, with cage on, up to the pen fence, dig under the hind wheels a few inches to bring the rear end and upper side of the wagon bed even with some plank or rail of the pen fence. Cut out this plank or rail, leaving a space large enough for your largest hog to pass through. Place an inclined floor of



plank from the ground of the pen to the lower side of the wagon opening, as shown by the cut, up which to drive the hogs. Then scatter a little corn on the floor of the incline and also on the floor of the wagon, start the hogs and they will go up and in. No fuss. no torn or solled clothes and a lot of quiet hogs .- H. T. Vose, in Farm and Home.

Agriculture in Japan.

A report prepared by the American Consul-General at Yokohama gives some particulars as to agriculture in Japan. He states that only 14,995,272 acres, or 15.7 per cent, of the total area of the country, exclusive of Formosa, are in arable cultivation. About 55 per cent of the agricultural families cultivate less than two acres each; 30 per cent, two acres to less than three and three-fourth acres, and 15 per cent, three and three-fourths acres to more. It is not clear whether the small holders have grass land in addition to their arable land. As to how families can be supported on such minute farms, it is pointed out that the Japanese standard of living is comparatively low; that the small farmer usually earns wages apart from his land, or engages in some such industry as silk-producing or spinning; that he cultivates and manures his land very thoroughly; and that he often raises two or more crops in a season on the same land. In the warmer parts of Japan, it is stated, barley, indigo, beans and rape are grown in succession on one piece of land in twelve months.

How Much Pork to Acre? It may be unusual to estimate the amount of pork that can be produced from an acre of certain crops, but it is claimed that an acre of land in clover will produce 800 pounds of pork; peas. 375 pounds; corn, 650 pounds; oats, 320 pounds; barley, 420 pounds, and

wheat 225 pounds. The value of each crop on one acre. when converted into pork, is as follows: Clover, \$32; corn, \$22.40; peas, \$15; barley, \$16.80; oats, \$13.20, and wheat 9, estimating the pork at 4 cents

per pound. Of course something depends on the prices ruling for the crops. The amount of produce per acre required to give the pork mentioned on an acre is 900 pounds of wheat, 1,680 pounds of barley, 1,320 pounds of oats, 2,240 pounds of corn, 1,500 pounds of peas, and 12,000 pounds of green clover.

In Fly Time. Among the various anti-switch devices, one of the latest is that of a Maine farmer's boy, who places an old bicycle tire over the cow's back so that it holds the tall closely enough to Various ways have been tried of prevent any vigorous activity. A temother good tall restrainer which keeps courage quiet behavior on the part of