THE NEWS SUMMARY BROOKE SCORES WOOD

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 27.

The senate and house adjourned un-til Tuesday.

David Belasco decides to fight the theater trust.

Five hundred policemen guard President Roosevelt while attending the funeral of his uncle at New York.

Representative Hepburn introduced a bill known as the pure food bill, the same measure which was reported last congress by the committee on inter state and foreign commerce.

George M. Bowman, president of the First National bank and of the Golden Gate Packing company, and one of the wealthiest and most prominent and enterprising citizens of San Jose, is dead.

First train passed over the new cut-off from Ogden to Lucin across Great Salt Lake. It brings Ogden and Salt Lake City and the entire East more than forty miles nearer to San Francisco.

Over a million and a quarter gailons of water swept clean a number of the streets of Los Angeles, following the bursting of what is known as the bursting of what is known as the "high-pressure reservoir" of the city water works.

Policeman James H. Smith was fatally shot at Fourteenth and Jackson streets, Oakland, by one of two men he had attempted to take into custody as supposed porch climbers. Smith shot and killed the other suspected burglar on the spot.

At midnight Oberlin M. Carter, excaptain of engineers, United States army, finished serving his term of five years in prison, serving three years and seven months in the ederal prison at Fort Leavenworth.

The senate committee on military affairs heard Major James E. Runcie of Havana, probably the most impor-tant witness that will be offered by the opponents of General Leonard Wood in their attempt to prevent his confirmation to be major general.

A rabbit drive was held at Echo, Ore., to secure animals for the new cannery established here, which pro-poses to invade all markets. As g result of the drive 2000 rabbits were dressed and hung in cold storage at the plant of the American Hare Packing company.

Fourteen union miners, including President Guy E. Miller and Secretary Oscar M. Carpenter, charged with conspiracy, arrested by Sheriff Rutan since the troops arrived at Telluride Colorado. President Miller was seized while talking to the other men im prisoned in the jail. No warrant had been sworn out for him.

The state department received ad vices from Minister Beaupre at Bogo ta, dated November 25th, in which he states that considerable excitement prevails at the Colombian capital; that there is much talk o raising an army but no troops have yet been enlisted. and there are rumors in the city of a revolution in the state of Cauca di rected against the Marroquin government.

Two young men bandits, neither of whom is over 21 years of age, together with their companion, Emil Roeski who is much older, were captured near Liverpool, Ind., after a fight in which they battled against policemen, rail road detectives, railroad laborers and farmers numbering nearly 500. On man was killed, another fatally wound ed and all three of the young bandits were wounded but not seriously.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 23.

HE SUPPORTS HIS TESTIMONY

WITH RECORDS.

Washington, Dec. 1.—Major-General John R. Brooke, retired, former gov-ernor-general of Cuba, yesterday gave testimony before the senate committee on military affairs which charged in subordination against General Leonard Wood. General Brooke was before the committee more than two hours, and occupied the entire time in telling of General Wood's conduct at Santiago. The witness offered in support of his statements many documents taken from the records at the war depart ment and several papers from his per-sonal collection. At the close of his testimony a member of the committee said it is probable General Wood will have to return from the Philippines and testify. One of the charges made by General

Brooke is that General Wood violated the order which required him, in mak-ing improvements in Santiago, to sub mit estimates to the governor-general. As evidence of this violation, General Brooke called attention to the building of barracks at Santiago near the morro without General Wood first having given notice to the Department of Havana. General Brooke said also that General Wood continuously sent communications to the war department over the head of his commanding officer. The witness assured the com-mittee that he cared nothing for the ignoring of his authority, but said that

the proceedings had been detrimenta; to military discipline. General Brooks called to the attention of the committee, in support of an allegation that General Wood had neglected to work in harmony with the military government, the matter of General Wood's attitude toward the

newspapers at Santiago, which repeat-edly made attacks on General Brooke's administration. General Brooke read a number of these attacks, and also his recommendation to the war depart ment that the papers be suppressed unless they desisted.

THE EXCLUSION LAW

ONE CLAUSE MAY NULLIFY THE ACT.

Washington, Dec. 1 .- The Supreme court of the United States made an unexpected and possibly vital ruling yesterday in seven Chinese cases brought up on appeal from the eastern district of New York, denying the mo-tion of the government to vacate or-ders for ball and fixing January 4th as the date when the cases should be heard or their months. heard on their merits.

These Chinese were old residents of Brooklyn, and were arrested there. charged with unlawfully entering the United States, and were ordered deported. Appeals were taken from the district court, which affirmed the com-missioner's order, and the cases were taken to the United States Supreme court on the ground that treaty and onstitutional questions were involved.

The counsel for the Chinese con-tended that the new Chinese exclusion act of April 29, 1902, contained an important variation from prior exclusion acts, in that it re-enacts prior acts only "so far as the same are not incensist-ent with treaty obligations." This clause, it is claumed, when taken in connection with the treaty abligation connection with the treaty abiligation that Chanese persons in the United States shall have the same rights as citizens of the most favored nations, except the right to become natural, zed

¹¹ 5.50 per dozen for old and 35.50 %6.50 fo young: Broilers, 53.50 %4.00 for small and 34.50 %5.00 for large: Fryers, 55.00 %5.50 Hens \$5.00 %6.00 with extra large higher Ducks, \$5.50 %6.00 per dozen for old and \$6.00 %6.50 for young.

WANTED TO FIGHT INDIANS.

Reno, Nev., Dec. 1.-Albert Hoffman nd John Beiglseder, two Oakland boys, and John Beiglseder, two Oakland boys, who ran away from home several days ago, after stealing \$24 from their par-ents with which to purchase artillery, and armunition, were found in this city late last night by the police. Their ma-sion here was to fight Indians, but it was unsuccessful.



BELIEF STRONG THAT THERE WILL BE A CONFLICT.

Paris; Dec. 1.- A private cablegram received in Paris from Buena Ventura, states that guerrilla parties are already in the field and several engage ments have taken place in the interior of the isthmus.

In private letters just received from the same place it is stated that the jails of Panama are full of political prisoners who protested against the secession of Panama from Colombia Washington, Dec. 1.—A dispatch re

ceived in Washington Monday, dated from Bogota Sunday, says that the feeling in Colombia is still very bitter against the Americans on account of the recognition of Panama, but states that this has not resulted in any dem onstration against any citizen of the

United States in that coutry, Dr. Reyes, the Colombian peace com-missioner, continued his conferences yesterday with Dr. Herran, the Colom bian charge. Dr. Reyes still declines to discuss his plans publicly.

Colon, Dec. 1.-Louis de Roux, who was a member of the Colombian house of representatives from Panama, who made a speech in the house October 2nd warning Colombia to sign the Hay-Herran canal treaty immediately, or she would lose the isthmus the day congress closed, and who was instrumental in bringing about the appoint ment of General Obaldia as governor of Panama, has arrived here from Bo gota, whence he started November 14th. Senor de Roux is a Panaman and, owing to his well-known political connections he was subjected to an noyances and affronts at Bogota and on the Magdalena river.

RUSSIA WANTS WARSHIPS.

Glasgow, Dec. 1.-The battleship Libertad, b ilt for Chile, and which it is said Russia is trying to purchase with the battleship Constitution, built for the same country, left the Clyde on a forty-eight hours' continuous steaming trial and also to test her guns. Admiral Simpson of the Chil ean navy was on board. He declined to discuss the negotiations with Rus sia, but it is understood that the lat ter will decide the question of the pur-chase of the Libertad after the pres ent trials of that vessel

ROYAL DIVORCE CASE IS NOW ON TRIAL

Berlin, Dec. 1 -- The divorce eedings of Princana Alice of Schoon

urg-Waldenberg against her husband Prince Frederick, is now on trial. The princess returned from Sorf. near Genoa, in an aggr



Violent storins and bad weather, and statutes denying the right to ball. places great damage has been done. Naples is under water; the Tiber is Naples is under water; the Tiber is

Shoshone river near Cody, Wyo. - Colonel Cody desires to have the land segregated for reclamation under the Cody-Salisbury canal, and is willing to "expend \$1,000,000 in Effecting feelame

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 30. The famous Academy of Min Brooklyn, N. V., destroyed by firs.

Simon Bjorques killed by W. J ; Singleton in a saloon at San Jose, Cal. 5

Republic of Panama asks the United States for protection,

Advices received at Victoria Indicate awful loss of life during a typhoon of Swatow, China.

Result of Assistant Postmaster Gen-eral Bristow's investigation of the postal acandals made public.

that hundreds of minors are walking from Dawson to White and Skaguay in so order to save the fare of \$100.

hold furniture at Roe & Buxton's. See h those handsome couches and lounges.*

Buy it at Cheney's

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 23. The taking of testimony in the Fair case begins at Paris before Commis rioner Eisler, appointed by the New York courts. A number of French and American lawyers present. Violent storms and had weather we statute of the product of the deportation of Chi-nese failing to procure certificates, and statute denute the princes also threatons to begin

Advices from Tacoma, Wash, say hat hundreds of minors are walking in 5.50 per fam. san. 520.50911.00; Alfalfa, B. 00011.00; Dave J. 10.50911.00; Dave J. 10.50911.00; Alfalfa, B. 00011.00; Dave J. 10.50911.00; Dave J. 10.50911.00; Alfalfa, B. 00011.00; Dave J. 10.50911.00; Dave J.

The princess also threatens to begin

money for the purchase of i uniture will be taken from the remainder of White, \$2.30,82.55 per avenue and Katredge street, is to b \$2.50,92.30, line, give very days, \$1.00,2.30, Hays, \$2.00

TROUBLE AT BUENA VENTURA. Both Phones. Forest Grove, Or. -River Burbanka, in sacta, cornal, Salmas Burbanka, Oregan de Odes EL10, Sweet toet Lis per contal. Subtable et EL99611.55 per cut, officeria EL10961.55 per

CRITICIZES THE WIVES OF MANY MINISTERS

Syracune, N. Y., Dec. 1.-In his Main Street.

hat hundreds of minors are walking rom Dawson to White and Skaguay in rder to save the fare of \$100. Things you want are the fine house old furniture at Roe & Buxton's. See hose handsome couches and lounges." You know what Wolverin soap is, ay it at Chenoy's

