CURRENT EVENTS OF THE DAY.

Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

TERSE TICKS FROM THE WIRES

An Interesting Collection of Items From the New and the Old World In a Condensed and Comprehensive Form

Freight rates have been reduced considerably by the O. R. & N. and N. P. to British Columbia points.

The Seattle Coal & Iron Company men at Issaquah, Wash., have quit work. They want more pay, and object to a deduction by weight for carloads having slate and shale.

The government armor board met in Washington and accepted the offer of Cramps to furnish diagonal armor for the battleship Indiana. The government price was satisfactory.

The New York Tribune, in discussing events that led up to the assassination of Canovas, makes the statement that the government is responsible for the rise and progress of anarchy in Spain.

An explosion of a lamp started a fire in a load of hay in a livery barn in Lewiston, Idaho. The flames spread with great swiftness, and before they could be suppressed caused a total loss of $11,000.

F. L. Johnson, while driivng a band of horses near the Pine Creek reserve, in Baker county, Oregon, bent over to drink out of a stream in the ravine, his revolver fell out of his pocket, and, exploding, killed him instantly.

The supreme court of Oregon has decided that the secretary of state must audit accounts and draw warrants due. The decision reverses the lower court, and is the outcome of complications arising from the failure of the legislature to organize in January.

An official dispatch received in Constantinople says several thousand Armenian agitators from Persia invaded Turkey and killed 200 of the Migriki tribe, including women and children. The wife of the chief was put to death with the most cruel tortures, and several other victims had their noses and ears cut off.

Consul-General Hayward, in a report to the state department, states that during 1896 American vessels numbering 247, of 243,983 tons, entered Hawaiian ports, while vessels of all other nationalities numbered 139, of 234,014 tons. These are the only foreign ports where a majority of the carrying trade is now under the American flag.

Golli has confessed that he killed Senor Canovas to avenge the Barcelona anarchists, and the insurgent leader, Don Jose Rizal, who was executed at Manila, Philippine islands, December 30 last, as the instigator of the Philippine revolution. Dr. Rizal denied that he was a rebel leader, but he admitted that he had drawn up the statutes of the Philippine league.

A dispatch from a press correspondent in Medeltin, Panama, says that Charles Radford, of Alabama, has been condemned to death for the murder several months ago of Charles Simmonds, a wealthy merchant of Calli. In all probability the sentence will be commuted to life imprisonment, as capital punishment there is never exercised except in exceptional cases.

A Portland, Ind., dispatch says: A south-bound Grand Rapids & Indiana freight train went through the bridge spanning the Wabash river a mile north of Geneva. The engine and tender fell into the river and cars piled on them. Engineer Barney Reid and Fireman James Gallagher went down with the engine. The former had both legs crushed, and was otherwise badly injured. He will die. Fireman Gallagher and Brakeman James Clifford were severely injured

The natives of New Guinea are murdering Australian miners.

The corn crop in Kansas is now said to be damaged 50 per cent by the prevailing hot weather.

Senators Quay and Morgan are to go to the Sandwich Islands to post themselves on the country and its possibilities.

The internal revenue office has issued orders to local collectors to seize tobacco prize packages under the provision of the new tariff law.

Over 100 tramps and harvesters took possession of a freight train on the Northwestern line, near Omaha, Neb. The train was sidetracked, and the sheriff and police were called upon for assistance. After an hour's delay the tramps were dislodged. The sheriff had a desperate fight in trying to jail the men, but was successful. The surrounding country is overrun with tramps.

The following is an extract from a private letter received in San Francisco from Manila, Philippine islands: "Here things are in a frightful mess. Spanish dollars have been introduced at 10 per cent less value than Mexican. Everybody wants to sell out. Native brokers are all over the place trying to sell their possessions, and find no buyers. In the sugar provinces, cane plants are being burned up for lack of rain."

Assistant Secretary Howell has rendered a decision in which he holds that calfskins should be classed as "hides of cattle," and are therefore dutiable under the new tariff, but at 15 per cent ad valorem.

In the engagement of Chakdara the British troops suffered but slight loss, but the native loss was heavy. Six thousand tribesmen were preparing to attack the fort when they were attacked by the British column, under Colonel Meikeljohn, and completely routed

ENGLAND AFTER SHERMAN.

British Newspapers Consider His Remarks Highly Offensive.

London, Aug. 11.—Commenting on the interview of the New York World with Secretary Sherman, St. James's Gazette this afternoon says:

"Sherman's utterances afford no material for denial by his friends of the statement that he is suffering from senile decay."

St. James's Gazette refers to the Kalnoky incident when it says:

"Austria properly severed diplomatic relations with Great Britain, and Gladstone apologized for his attack on the dual monarchy, and asked why there is one law in Europe and another in America?"

The Globe says: "Secretary Sherman had better rid himself of the idea that Uncle Sam is going to boss this country either on gold or on the fisheries. The idea of Europe being afraid of a third-rate naval power like the United States could only have occurred to a lunatic or to Sherman."

The utterances attributed to Secretary Sherman upon which the comments of the London papers was based are as follows:

"England is a great country, but it is not always safe to assume she is ready to follow up every quarrel with blows. She quarrels oftener than she fights. It would be exceedingly difficult for her to fight us all alone about our seal catchings. Russia and Japan are in a similar position, and any quarrel between the United States and England on this score would probably involve those other countries."

AWAKE TWENTY-FIVE YEARS.

Strange Case of a Carpenter Living at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Aug. 11.—John O. Sutte, a carpenter and builder, has been awake 25 years. His last slumber came so many years ago that he has forgotten what it is like to lie down at night and awake refreshed and rejuvenated. Sleep is an unknown quantity with Sutte. He either lies upon his bed and gazes on the stars, or, if in a restless mood, takes long walks into the country, returning at daybreak to begin work in his little shop, just north of the house. His neighbors call him "The man who never sleeps."

Sutte attributes his sleeplessness to a noise which continually roars in his head like a cataract. At times it sounds like the buzz and whirr of wheels sawing their way through heavy timber. Again the sounds resemble escaping steam, but at times they mingle in a horrible deafening roar.

Owing to the noises in his head, Sutte does not hear readily. He says that the ringing in his ears was caused by an overdose of quinine which was administered to him in 1872. He took 52 grains at one dose, and when he awoke next day he heard a noise in his head which has remained there ever since, keeping him awake every day and night for 25 years Sutte is 70 years old. He carries his age gracefully and does not look the worse for his long siege of wakefulness

HER BOY WAS UGLY·

A Quitman, Georgia, Mother Commits a Terrible Crime.

Quitman, Ga., Aug. 11.—Fishermen discovered the body of a 6-year-old boy floating on the surface of a pond near this place and later identified it as the son of Mrs. Idella Powell Banks, a widow, owning a farm just outside of Quitman.

The actions of the mother when notified of the discovery aroused the suspicions of the coroner and she was subsequently arrested and placed in jail. Here she was visited by a minister, to whom she confessed having murdered her child. The reason she gave was that he was too ugly to be permitted to live, and was a constant source of embarrassment to her on that account. She said that she walked by the pond, and when she tried to push him in he resisted with all his feeble strength. She broke down completely in jail, and says she wants to be hanged as soon as possible. The child's face was disfigured by a birthmark.

A Grewsome Discovery.

Valley, Neb., Aug. 11.—A grading company at work near here exhumed 19 skeletons. All the bodies were in a good state of preservation, and were evidently buried with their clothes on and without coffins. Five were females. The bodies had probably been in the ground 15 or 20 years, but no resident of the locality can recall any burying ground located here, nor does rumor relate of anything in the past that will account for the presence of the skeletons. The bodies were covered with only a few feet of earth, and were placed in a large trench. Apparently the skeletons are those of white people.

Fall in Spanish Securites.

London, Aug. 11.—On the stock exchange here today Spanish securities fell one-half a point on the news of the assassination of Premier Canovas del Castillo. Later in the day Spanish securities recovered three-eighths of the loss.

The chemist of the agricultural department in Washington thinks that the oil made of sunflower seed, which he says is a perfect substitute for olive oil, is the coming salad oil.

A Head-End Collision.

Indianapoils, Aug. 11.—The Chicago express on the Pennsylvania line and a Monon switch engine came together in a head-end collision at Market street crossing this morning. William Martin, the Monon engineer, was instantly killed and both engines completely wrecked. No passengers were injured.

The tongue of most serpents is really forked, though this member seems to be of no particular use to the reptile.

A HOT WAVE IN ENGLAND

Two Hundred Prostrations During the Week.

HEAVY DAMAGE BY STORMS

Several Persons Killed by Lightning—Suicidal Epidemic in Paris—Morgue Full to Overflowing With the Dead.

London, Aug. 10.—A long spell of hot weather was broken by severe thunder storms on Thursday and Friday, in which several persons were killed and a number of buildings were badly damaged and others sustained lesser injuries. The thermometer registered 90 on Wednesday, and at Cambrigde the heat was 18 deg. above the average, which has only thrice been reported during the last quarter of a century. There were over 200 prostrations from the heat treated in six London hospitals on Thursday. There was only one-third of an inch of rainfall in July, the crops are seriously threatened and the experiences of the 1896 water famine in the East End of London are already looming up.

The heat which has been unusually prolonged, has affected the London death rate. There were 2,023 deaths last week, of which 1,250 were children, bringing up the death rate to 23.6 per 1,000. There were many sunstrokes, and general discomfort was experienced. The judges and counsel in the law courts doffed their wigs and gowns.

Paris, Aug. 10.—There has been a veritable epidemic of suicide in Paris for some weeks past, the recent tropical heat adding to the number of cases. The tragedies commenced with the self-destruction on July 7 of the four young dressmakers in the Poissoonoire quarter of Paris, who suffocated themselves in a small room with the fumes of charcoal, dying together. Since then almost daily one or more women have committed suicide, and the self murder of men has been equally numerous. The bodies of men are found daily hanging to trees in the Bois de Vincennes. In one alley of that park alone six bodies of suicides were found during the past week, and the morgue is so full of dead bodies found in the river Seine that there is no further room for them.

A Blow at the Canadian Pacific.

Washington, Aug. 10.—Some members of the tariff conference committee injected into the conference a line that will destroy with a single blow the vast advantage the Canadian Pacific railroad has heretofore enjoyed over roads in the United States, and will stop the Asiatic importations from Victoria, B. C., which have always gone to American ports of the Canadian line.

Section 22 of the tariff bill provides that "a discriminating duty of 10 per centum ad valorem in addition to the duties imposed by law shall be collected and paid on all goods, wares or merchandise which shall be imported in vessels not of the United States or which being the production or manufactue of any foreign country not contiguous to the United States shall come into the ports of the United States from such contiguous country."

As it may be interpreted by the treasury department, this clause will mean that hereafter all importations from Asiatic countries brought into this country in bond over the Canadian Pacific from Victoria will have to pay a differential duty of 5 per cent in addition to the duty regularly imposed by the tariff bill.

Young Desperado Captured.

Colfax, Wash., Aug. 10.—William Herbert, aged 20, burglar, horsethief, dime novel reader and desperado, has been captured and is now in jail at Colfax, after a pitched battle with the officers who had chased him to the Coeur d'Alene Indian reservation. Herbert was twice shot, once through the hip and again through the waist. He made his way, after being wounded, to the house of an Indian woman and asked for shelter. The Indian woman, hearing of a reward of $100 for Herbert's arrest, secreted his weapons and informed the officers. Herbert seems to glory in his crimes, which include holding up a woman for the purpose of robbery, shooting at officers, and other acts. He is weak from loss of blood. The wound in his hip may prove dangerous.

Cartridge Plant Explosion.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Aug. 10.—A terrific explosion occurred yesterday at the cartridge factory of Fastchuk, on the Danube, 139 miles northwest of Varna. Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria on receipt of the news of the disaster visited the sufferers from the explosion, who had been taken to the hospital, and caused money to be distributed to the families of the victims. Of the 300 boys and girls employed in the factory 56 are known to have been killed, the bodies of that number having been recovered, while 27 are so badly injured that their recovery is impossible, and 30 less seriously hurt are now in the hospital.

The trouble with tongue tied people is that the membrane connecting the tongue with the lower jaw is too short.

Los Angeles Scorcher's Performance.

Los Angeles, Aug. 10.—Today Ralph D. Mussey, of the East Side Cycling Club, at the Los Angeles Athletic Club's mile track, rode 25 miles and 412 yards in one hour. The first mile was covered in 2:14, and the last in 2:17. The fastest mile ridden was the 20th, in 2:12¾. The average time per mile was 2:23.

Earl Dundonald has invented a new gun carriage for Maxim guns which can be used on the roughest ground.

MORE REGULATIONS.

Canada Will Now Reduce the Size of Mining Claims.

Toronto, Aug. 11.—A special to the Globe from Ottawa says the Dominion government has received several important decisions in regard to the Yukon country and the working of the gold fields there. It has been decided to appoint an administrator for the district, who will have entire charge of all the Canadian officials there and be the chief executor for the government. Joseph Walsh, a former commander of the Northwest mounted police, is to be appointed to the position. The party of mounted police to leave Manitoba next week for the gold country has been increased from 20 to 35. They will take with them two Maxim guns.

The mining rules have been amended in an important particular. At present a miner is at liberty to stake out a claim of 500 feet, running along with the stream and back to the bank. This has been reduced to 100 feet, and the new regulation will go into force immediately. A court for the administration of civil and criminal questions in the gold districts has also been decided upon. Justice McGuire, of Prince Albert, is to preside over the court.

STEAMER WILLAMETTE LEAVES

The Old Collier Sails With an Immense Cargo.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 11.—The steamer Willamette, with the largest number of passengers ever carried by a single steamer to Alaska, is now on her way to Dyea. She carries 815 passengers, 200 head of live stock and over 2,000 tons of freight.

A seething crowd of people thronged the wharf to bid good-bye to Klondike-bound prospectors, and every whistle in the harbor gave lustily a parting salute.

Freight was piled in every conceivable nook and corner. In the hold, pilothouse, cabins, dining rooms and staterooms were piled an indiscriminate mass of clothing, hay, grubstakes, lumber and supplies of all descriptions.

Down below were the horses, crowded together in little cubbyholes, called "stalls" only by courtesy. The horses didn't like the prospect. That is to say they made considerable objection before they consented to be swung on the boat by means of an engine and large box.

The work of loading the big steamship Willamette began at midnight. Of the 800 people on board, 565 took passage here, 175 at Tacoma and 85 at San Francisco.

APPEALING FOR FOOD.

Their Families Are Starving While the Strikers Refuse to Work.

Pittsburg, Aug. 11.—Appeals for food and provisions were numerous at the headquarters of the miners' officials in this city today. It appeared as if there was a wail from every section of the district, and miners in person were present to ask that the suffering ones be looked after. Secretary Warner was kept busy answering the appeals. He said tonight that he had sent more than $1,000 worth of provisions into various parts of the district. The appeals are now coming in from the families, the heads of which are at the various mining camps using their influence to keep other men from working.

A series of meetings are to be held all over the district. It is expected to keep up the interest in every section and strengthen every point where there is the least indication of weakness. The vigils on the mines of the New York & Cleveland Gas Coal Company are to be kept up, and the vigor increased from day to day.

Early this morning the miners of West Elizabeth made a march on the mines of the Elizabeth Mining Company, formerly operated by Horner & Roberts. About 50 men were going to work. After a consultation the men asked that they be allowed to finish loading a flat. They agreed to go out as soon as it was loaded, which will take several days. Officials of the company made an effort to get permission from the miners' officials to continue work on a 69-cent basis. This was not given, and it is expected that the mine will be idle as soon as the flat is loaded.

From New York to Alaska.

New York, Aug. 11.—The first ship sailing from New York direct to the Klondike gold fields is advertised to leave about August 21. It is to be sent by the New York & Alaska Gold Exploring and Trading Company. The company has not yet selected its vessel, but it promises to dispatch a steamship capable of carying 200 passengers and 1,500 tons of freight. It says the ship will make the voyage around Cape Horn to Juneau in 50 or 60 days.

More than 50 names have been listed for the voyage. Not more than 200 passengers will be allowed to embark. The cost per passenger, including berth, meals and transportation of 500 pounds of baggage direct to Juneau is to be $175.

More Steamers for Alaska.

San Francisco, Aug 11.—Two steamers will sail for the north today with their carrying capacity taxed to the utmost. The Umatilla will be sent to Seattle by the Pacific Coast Steamship Company, and the South Coast will also be dispatched. The Umatilla will take away about 400 passengers and transfer them to the City of Topeka at some Puget sound port.

Although the South Coast is not yet loaded she is very low in the water, and seafaring men say that with her load in a rough sea she will have great difficulty in getting through.

The Gypsy's Prediction.

Malaga, Aug. 11.—Old inhabitants of this city relate that when Canovas del Castillo was a young assistant master at a school here, a gypsy woman told his fortune. She predicted that he would become great, and would meet with a violent death.

THEIR LIVES TO MAMMON

Tragic Fate of Three Gold-Seekers in Alaska.

DEATH ON PORTAGE GLACIER

A Note Found on the Frozen Corpse of One of the Party Told the Story—Were Overtaken by a Severe Storm.

Seattle, Aug. 9.—There now remains no doubt as to the fate of Charles A. Blackstone, George Batcher and J. W. Malique, the Cook's inlet miners who have been missing since April. Blackstone's body has been found, and on his body was a diary stating his partners had frozen to death.

When the steamer Lakme sailed from Seattle for Cook's inlet, Alaska, in March, 1896, she carried among her passengers Blackstone, Batcher and Malique. The men attempted to cross the portage glacier on a prospecting tour and were frozen to death. It is evident Blackstone made his way down the glacier to where it pitches into Prince William sound. His body was found at the foot of the glacier, together with the remains of his dog. On his body was the following memorandum:

"Saturday, April 4, 1897.—This is to certify that George Batcher froze to death Tuesday night, J. W. Malique died Wednesday forenoon, C. A. Blackstone had his ears, nose and four fingers on his right hand and two on his left hand frozen an inch back. The storm drove us on before it overtook us within an hour of the summit, and drove us before it, and drove everything we had over the cliff, except our blankets and moose hide, which we all crawled under. The temperature is supposed to have been 40 degrees below zero. Friday I started for salt water. I don't know how I got there with the outfit Saturday afternoon. I gathered up everything and have enough grub for ten days providing the bad weather don't set in. Sport was blown over the cliff I think I hear him howl every once in a while."

It would appear that Blackstone went over the cliff with the intention of finding his dog. From his diary it seems that he found his dog, and finally in order to prevent starving to death he was forced to kill and eat the animal, but it was of no avail; no relief came and he starved or froze to death.

On May 27, just two months after the men left Sunrise City, the body of Blackstone was found by George Hall, a prospector from Seattle, and the remains were buried. Blackstone was 39 years old, was a native of Oregon and had lived in Portland, Centralia, Wash., and Seattle.

Batcher was a native of Montana, was 36 years of age, and for many years followed mining.

Malique was a native of Indiana, was 38 years of age, was a graduate of Hamilton college, Mo., and was a practical miner. For many years he had as a partner Mr. Hall, the hero of this story.

FATAL CHICAGO FIRE.

Five Firemen Were Killed and Fifty Wounded.

Chicago, Aug. 9.—Five lives were lost in an explosion this evening during a fire in the Northwestern grain elevator, at Cook and West Water streets. Four of the dead are firemen: the body of another fireman is thought to be buried in the ruins. From the force with which the explosion swept the spot on which they were standing, they must have been instantly killed. Either the bursting of a boiler or the explosion of mill dirt caused the havoc. The four firemen, who were killed by the falling wails of the elevator are: Jacob J. Schnur, Joseph Strikman, John J. Coogan and Jacob S. Stramer.

An unidentified man was blown into the river, but the body was not recovered.

Besides these dozens of firemen and passers by were more or less cut and bruised by glass and flying debris. In all 51 firemen were injured.

A SLUMP IN SILVER.

The Price Declined One and One-Quarter Cents at New York.

New York, Aug. 9.—Silver bullion experienced today the most violent break of the season's decline. In London, the price dropped ½d per ounce from yesterday's price, selling at 25¾d per ounce, as against 27½d a month ago. The New York price fell to 55¾c bid, a break of 1¼c an ounce from yesterday and 14c within a month. At this price the bullion value of the silver dollar is a trifle more than 43 cents.

London dispatches ascribed today's great weakness in silver to liquidation of New York holders of the bullion.

Such a decline as today's has not been witnessed since June, 1893. The India mints were closed to free silver coinage June 26 of that year. On the news, bullion fell in London from 37½d per ounce to a price below 30d, but it rallied sharply later.

A huge cypress tree in Tule, in the state of Oxaca, Mexico, is 154 feet in circumference.

Flour on the Rise.

Chicago, Aug. 9.—Flour is rising in price, and has reached $5 a barrel. Last April it cost $4.10, the low price of the year. The advance has been steady since, and some of those in the trade think it will continue until war-time prices prevail.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 9.—Word has been received that during the recent floods 38 persons were drowned by the collapse of a bridge at Kertle, province of Esthonia.

SENOR CANOVAS S

Spanish Premier Assassinat Italian Anarchist.

Madrid, Aug. 10.—Senor C Castillo, the prime minister was assassinated today at San by an anarchist. The murd three shots, two of which premier in the head and the the chest. The wounded ma unconscious for two hours, a 3 o'clock this afternoon. Hi but a short distance away wh

Santa Agueda is noted for The place is between San Seba summer residence of the Span and Vittoria, the capital of ince of Alava, about 30 miles Billio.

The premier went there last to take a three weeks' cour baths, after which he expected to San Sebastian to see Unit Minister Woodford, when tha man should be officially receiv queen regent.

The assassin was immediate ed. He is a Neopolitan, and name of Rinialdi, but it is bel real name is Angele Angelo G

The murderer declared he ki ovas in accomplishment of a " geance" and as the outcome o spiracy. He is believed to hav at Santa Agueda the same day premier, and was frequently s ing in the passage of the bathi lishment in a suspicious mann

The remains of Senor Canova brought here tomorrow.

Marshal Martinez Campos to San Sebastian to attend t regent.

Senor Sagasta, the liberal lea sent the following telegram to ernment:

"I have heard with deep pai crime that has thrown us all in ing, and I place myself at the the government and queen."

Most of the liberal leaders s ilar messages, placing themselv disposition of the government.

The queen regent, on hear sad news, dispatched her own p by a special train from San Se

Later, on learning that Cano dead, she wired her condolenc widow.

The health of Senor Canovas proved greatly of late. He h leading a quiet life, although he ed to the business of state.

At the moment of the assass he was waiting in the gallery bathing establishment for his wi was to join him for lunch. S the assassin, who had the app of an ordinary visitor, approach fired at him point blank, one passing through the body and out behind the left shoulder, a other two lodging in the head. instantly, and only recovered con ness long enough to speak a few

Several medical men and h were unremitting in their attent the sufferer, but his wounds we tal, and he died in two hours. E unction was administered amid mingled sorrow and indignati

The assassin narrowly escaped ing at the hands of the waiters a tendants who rushed forward. tives and civil guards immed secured him. He was very pale, bled very much and evidently that he would be killed on the He will be first arraigned befor local magistrates at Vergara.

JACK HAMBLET ARRESTI

Will Be Tried in Long Creek f Murder of Benjamin Gamman

Long Creek, Or., Aug. 10.— Hamblet, arrested in Boise City, last week, and for whom requis papers have been applied by S Livingstone, of this county, wi tried for the murder of Benj Gammany, whom he killed in an cation at a dance at Rock Creek o morning of February 23, 1894. circumstances of the killing are a lows: Jack Hamblet, who lived i mountain, and was considered a qua some and dangerous character, called to order during the night of dance by Gammany, who was floor ager. Hamblet resented the inte ence, and, using abusive language, two men came to blows. Gamm who was considerably the smaller, getting the best of the fight, Hamblet drew his pistol. The p was taken from him and the men s rated. Everything was again com atively peaceable until about 3 o'c in the morning, when Hamblet rene the quarrel by asking Gammany to outside with him. Gammany plied, and no sooner had the two reached the outside when Ham turned and fired. The shot st Gammany's left wrist, and, rangin the elbow, entered the body. his death wound, body bent, and ha crossed on his breast, Gammany back into the room. Hamblet lowed him, and, reaching over shoulder, sent another ball into brain.

Then, defying any one to arrest h Hamblet mounted his horse and r away. Armed parties started af him, but he got into the mounta fastness, and eluded all efforts to c ture him. Before leaving the da hall Hamblet made the remark t Gammany was his fourth man.

Those who touch each other sometimes farthest apart.

Shortage in Eastern Peach States.

Chambersburg, Pa., Aug. 10.— Blue Mountain peach belt of Southe Pennsylvania and Western Maryla is the only part of the country that w have more than 20 to 25 per cent o crop this year. According to the vie of Colonel James Englore, of Chamber burg, who has returned from a tour the peach states, the shortage is especially great in Wisconsin, Ohio, D aware and the Eastern shore in Ma land.