

W. R. GENTRY WON AGAIN

Fleetwood Record-Holder Beat Star Pointer.

WENT AGAINST A STRONG WIND

A Mile in 2:01 1-2. Equaling the World's Record Made by Robert J. Gentry Two Years Ago at Terre Haute.

Glenn Falls, N. Y., Sept. 14.—The series of three races between the great pacing stallions, John R. Gentry (2:03 1/4), and Star Pointer (2:03 1/4), for a purse of \$5,000, with the record of the association should be made today on the track of the North-west New York Horse-Breeders' Association at Glenn Falls. Last week, at Greenwood, John R. Gentry lowered the colors of Robert J., Frank Agan and Star Pointer, winning the most remarkable harness race on record, beating the fastest three consecutive stallions known. Today the same hand-

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TOO MUCH TAXES.

San Francisco Must Pay a Large Sum in Rebates. San Francisco, Sept. 14.—Officials expect that a descent will be made on the city hall by thousands of people clamoring for a rebate as soon as the local tax rate is fixed. The city has collected too much money from them for personal property tax, and must pay part of it back.

Under the present law the assessor must compel the payment of taxes on personal property not secured by real estate as soon as he makes the assessment. In calculating the amount of these taxes he takes the rate made by the supervisors the year before. The taxes are for one fiscal year and the rate is for the previous fiscal year. Confusion is thus caused. The rate for the fiscal year for which these taxes are paid is lower than that of the last year, when the assessor collected at the rate of \$2.25 on the \$100, that amount including state as well as city taxes. This year the total rate for city and state taxes purposes will probably be less than \$1.60 on the \$100, and the difference must be refunded to the taxpayers.

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GOVERNMENT CROP REPORT.

Average Condition Shown in the September Bulletin.

Washington, Sept. 14.—The September report of the statistician of the department of agriculture shows a decline in the conditions of corn from the August statement of five points, or from 96 per cent in August to 91 per cent in September. The Pacific slope sends favorable reports. The general condition of wheat, considering both winter and spring varieties, when harvested, was 74.6, against 75.4 in 1895, and 73 in 1894. The reported condition for the principal wheat states is: Ohio, 52; Michigan, 75; Indiana, 66; Illinois, 77; Wisconsin, 75; Minnesota, 80; Iowa, 84; Missouri, 73; Kansas, 70; Nebraska, 77; South Dakota, 76; North Dakota, 61; California, 100; Oregon, 66; Washington, 75.

East of the Rocky Mountains complaints of both quantity and quality of the wheat crop are almost universal. The Pacific slope suffered somewhat, chiefly from dry weather shrinking the grain, but not so generally as the Central and Eastern states.

The European agent of the department reports a general reduction from early estimates of the wheat crop, owing to unfavorable weather, which was bad at harvest time, in Central Europe, though fairly good westward. The quality of grain is reported high.

EIGHTH POSTAL DIVISION.

A Complete Report of the Work for the Fiscal Year.

San Francisco, Sept. 14.—The report of the postal work in the eighth division for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, has been made public by Superintendent Flint. The district includes Alaska, Arizona, Idaho, California, Nevada, Oregon, Utah and Washington. In the month of June mails were carried on 12,292 miles and sixty lines of railway, and upon nine steamboat lines. There were 143 cars in use and a total of 266 clerks employed. The total number of miles traveled was 8,786,544; 468,778,800 pieces of mail matter were handled, and only 24,533 errors were made. The average record made by the clerks in examination for accuracy in distributing mail was 98.93 per cent.

Gave Himself Away.

San Francisco, Sept. 14.—Chris Christianson, a waiter, went home late Tuesday night, with a gunshot wound in his head, and told his family that he had been shot while running away from a footpad. The story was repeated to a neighbor, who, in turn, told it to a policeman, and now Christianson is in a heap of trouble. On Tuesday night, George McGrath reported that he fired three shots at a burglar, who had invaded his apartments, and from blood marks the burglar left behind, he concluded he had wounded him. The police found that three bullets had passed through Christianson's hat and the bow on the side of the hat had been shot away. The missing bow was found in McGrath's yard, and Christianson is now in jail, on a charge of burglary.

Two Men Drowned.

Tillamook, Sept. 11.—Two men, Painter and White, Saturday morning, left the mouth of the Little Nestucca, to go by boat to Alesca, twenty miles south. When within two miles of Alesca, they went too near to the breakers, and their boat capsized, both occupants drowning. The boat came ashore, but the bodies have not yet been found. Three men in another boat passed over the bar at the same time that Painter and White did, and made that party safely. Painter was 24 years old, and lived with his mother on the Little Nestucca.

Olympia, Wash., Sept. 14.—Harry Fisher, a bartender, and for four years a resident of this city, committed suicide by cutting his throat with a pocket knife early this morning. The deceased had been drinking heavily, and while suffering from delirium tremens, was confined in the county jail, where he died. Fisher was a tall, thin man, and, after cutting his throat, put the knife in his mouth and gasped his tongue in a number of places.

BRIEF PACIFIC COAST NEWS

A Resume of Events in the Northwest.

EVIDENCE OF STEADY GROWTH

News Gathered in All the Towns of Our Neighboring States.—Improvement Noted in All Industries.—Oregon.

Horses sold at the pound in Athena last week did not bring very high prices. One was sold for eleven cents.

The flouring mill at Long Creek began grinding and will continue until all the surplus wheat around Long Creek has been made into flour.

Tuttle & Carry have extended their telephone system from Tillamook to Garibaldi, and are thinking of extending the line up the beach to Nehalem.

Scottsburg, in Douglas county, has the oldest tannery in Oregon. It was built in 1853 by Levy Kent, now a prominent and active business man in Drain.

The yield of grain per acre in Harney county this season is said to be heavier than ever before. The hay crop is simply immense, and every fruit tree in the country is loaded with fruit.

Manager Fell, of the Pendleton woolen mills, says that the company will enforce the payment of the subscriptions made to the stock by citizens of Pendleton, or close the mills. All subscriptions were due last March.

A petition has been circulated in Lincoln county asking the county court to put a bounty of \$2 on bear scalps. In some parts of the county bears are getting pretty thick and the ranchers would like to see them thinned out a little.

Drain ships to Roseburg from 800 to 1,000 carloads of wood a year. It forwards also by rail 500 carloads of lumber to different points, and from twenty-five to thirty cars of live stock, and it receives about 100,000 pounds of merchandise a month.

About all the surplus sheep and cattle in Coos and Curry have been shipped via Port Orford and Roseburg. Quite a lot of money has been distributed among the farmers by the shippers, and a glut in the home market has also been prevented.

A prominent Philadelphia wool-buyer says that Oregon is the only state that has not sold its wool. All the clip from the other states, or the greater portion, were moved off as early as July 1. But Oregon wool men have held for higher prices and consequently a small amount had been disposed of.

The sawmill at Hudson, in Douglas county, will resume operation this week, and will give employment directly and indirectly to forty men. The mill is a double circular with a capacity of 80,000 feet a day, and will get out material for the Rio Grande railway, and whatever contracts may turn up, the product consisting of fir and spruce. With the sawmill are two planers and a lathe mill, and every department will be utilized.

Washington.

The Pacific county fair will be held at South Bend September 23, 24 and 25. The total receipts of the Seattle land office last month amounted to \$1,248 12.

The Douglas county industrial exposition will be held at Waterville October 1, 2 and 3.

The disbursements in Spokane county last month for county purposes amounted to \$40,049 81.

The Northwest Mining Association will hold its second annual convention this year in Spokane, October 6, 7, 8.

Wednesday, October 14, there will be a reunion of the old Union soldiers, sailors and marines of Columbia county in Dayton.

The total exact cost of Spokane county's new courthouse was, according to a synopsis from the auditor's report, \$329,081.53.

The United States pays to pensioners through the county clerk's office in the city of Walla Walla alone, annually, the sum of \$26,000.

The new machinery for the Ritzville flouring mill has been shipped, and will soon be placed in position. It is the plansifter process.

The 1896 potato crop in Kittitas county will not be half as large as that of 1895, and in consequence potatoes are rising in price in that locality.

The committee appointed by the grand lodge of Odd Fellows of Washington to select a site for the proposed Odd Fellows' home has decided in favor of Walla Walla.

Gold is said to have been discovered in the Walla Walla river at the slide, a short distance below the mouth of the Touchet. One of the discoverers says he can pan out \$2 a day.

The management of the Port Townsend Southern railroad has ordered that the entire road bed be overhauled and repaired, and put in first-class shape for traffic, and this work is to be done without delay.

A petition has been circulated to have a road opened east from Maltby, Snohomish county, to connect with the river road to Snohomish. The road would benefit many settlers by opening a way to the nearest railway station.

The Catlin sawmill, in Cowlitz county, has secured a contract for 155,000 feet of log timbers. There will be two sticks 24x24, 100 feet long. The whole bill contains exceptionally heavy timbers, and Mr. Fidler is arranging his mill in order that he may saw them.

ALASKA'S DEMANDS.

The People Want a Territorial Form of Government.

Chicago, Sept. 16.—Congressman Aldrich, of this city, who has just returned from a six weeks' trip to Alaska, brings the news that the people of that distant territory think it has outgrown its swaddling clothes, and wants to govern itself. A demand is made for a regular territorial government, a new set of up-to-date laws and the privilege of sending a delegate to congress like Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma.

The restless Alaskans have already caused to be introduced in the national house of representatives several bills to bring about these projects on which they have set their hearts. The failure of congress to advance these bills, has, Aldrich says, disgusted the people of Alaska. There are many Americans in Alaska who point with unconcealed disgust to congressional neglect and then to the jealous care with which the British are fostering the interests of their citizens on the Canadian boundary of Alaska.

Congressman Aldrich says he thinks it is not time yet for Alaska to have a delegate in congress. The population, though containing some 2,000 voters, is scattered over such an immense area that he says it would be impossible for the votes to be counted and returned within the time limit now provided by our election laws.

But, he says, a new set of laws is absolutely necessary for Alaska. That country is now run with the guidance of obsolete and ill-fitting statutes. They are largely such laws as were in the Oregon code before 1854. No new statutes have been added, and while the civilization of Alaska has grown at a tremendous rate within the last twelve years and the population more than doubled, the laws under which the Alaskans live have not advanced a step toward keeping pace with the progress in every other direction.

NEW WHATCOM BANK.

Second Suspension of Bennett National Within a Year.

New Whatcom, Wash., Sept. 16.—The Bennett National bank posted notice of suspension this morning, "on account of the withdrawal of deposits beyond its power to respond." The notice further says that "All depositors will be paid in full." When called upon by the Associated Press correspondent, the officials, while not ready to make a detailed statement, said that the total liabilities are, in round numbers, \$50,000, and the assets approximately \$125,000, of which \$90,000 is in bills receivable. No paper is hypothecated, and it is believed that the assets are more than sufficient to meet all claims.

The statement of the bank's affairs at the close of the business July 14, showed deposits of over \$106,000, and the cash resources of \$52,000. Since then more than half of the deposits have been withdrawn, the cause being generally ascribed to the general lack of confidence, due to financial agitation.

This is the second suspension of the Bennett bank within a year, the heavy run of November 4 and 5 last, due to the failure of the Bellingham Bay National, having forced it into the hands of a receiver for about six weeks. It reopened December 19.

J. H. GRAHAM KILLED.

Was Run Over by a Locomotive at Grants, Oregon.

Grants, Or., Sept. 16.—A shocking accident happened here at 9:05 o'clock this morning. J. H. Graham, a brakeman on freight train No. 23, was run over by the locomotive and instantly killed, his body being completely cut in two. Graham had run ahead to close the switch, and stepped upon the pilot of the moving engine. He attempted to cross from one side to the other, and in doing so met his fearful fate. The remains were sent to The Dalles. Graham was a brother of Master Mechanic J. E. Graham, of the O. R. & N. Co. The train was in charge of Conductor Rice and Engineer Johnson. No blame rests upon any one living.

Slavin Knocked Out Kiltain.

Baltimore, Sept. 16.—Jake Kilrain and Frank, otherwise known as "Paddy" Slavin, the Australian, were the stars in a lively fistic contest which took place at the Eureka Athletic Club, near this city, tonight. When Kilrain stripped, he looked to weigh no less than 250 pounds, and the flesh hung from him in rolls. Slavin, on the contrary, was in the pink of condition. Slavin hit hard, but Kilrain was not effective. Three times the pugilists came together, and then Slavin hit his man a terrific short arm blow under the heart, and followed with his right on the jaw, and the one-time champion fell like a log.

The execution of some of the finest French tapestry is so slow that an artist cannot produce more than a quarter of a square yard in a year.

Crime in a Kentucky Town.

Mount Sterling, Ky., Sept. 16.—James Bush, of Thompson's station, came here last night and went to where his divorced wife was stopping, called her to the door, shot her in the breast and then fled to the woods, followed by a posse of a lynching-turn-of-mind. About the same hour, at a bagnio, one Duff, of Clark county, was fatally dismembered in a fight, supposedly by Ed. Foreman, who has been placed under arrest.

ARMY CHANGES.

Proposed Moving of Three Regiments of Artillery.

Washington, Sept. 16.—Major-General Miles has recommended to the secretary of war an important change in stations of artillery regiments. The regiments involved are the Fifth artillery, stationed on the Pacific coast; the Third artillery, stationed in Florida, and incidentally the First artillery, located at Fort Hamilton, N. Y. His recommendations do not specifically mention the latter regiment, but it is known to be his intention to recommend that this regiment be ordered to Florida to take the place of the third, in case the secretary approves the plan for sending that regiment to the Presidio, in California, and for bringing the Fifth East. The Fifth was on duty in New York harbor five years ago, when the last change between regiments on the Atlantic and Pacific was made, so that it will come back to its old stamping ground if the scheme of General Miles prevails.

Secretary Lamont is generally opposed to extensive movements of troops merely for the sake of a change of station, mainly because of the expense involved. Although a smaller number of regiments is involved in the present plan of General Miles than the last, the long journey across the continent of the two regiments would make heavy inroads upon the transportation fund. Secretary Lamont is known to be reluctant to incur the expense, though his final decision has not yet been announced.

One of the strong points in the secretary's forthcoming annual report will be the record of economy coupled with efficiency which has characterized the present administration of the war department. For the first time in many years a balance instead of a deficiency will be shown in various appropriations. For a number of years past the mileage fund has been short, resulting in officers being compelled to await for a special appropriation by congress before they had refunded to them the money spent out of their pockets to comply with orders issued by the war department. The new system of recruiting and paying the army by check accounts in a large measure for the saving in the mileage fund.

CAME FROM COOK'S INLET.

Returning Miners Tell of the Condition of Those Left Behind.

Seattle, Sept. 16.—Seventy-six Cook's inlet prospectors were brought down by the schooner Sophie Sutherland, which arrived this afternoon. About two thirds of them paid their passage in gold dust and the remainder fell back on the stock of money they had taken into the country. Those of the prospectors who were seen said that the rapidity with which miners were leaving the inlet had reduced the number there to about 500, exclusive of a number at Coal bay. They calculated that \$590,000 had been expended in taking men in and out of the country, while the amount from the mines would not be more than \$100,000 at the highest.

The Polly Mining Company, near the junction of Mill's and Canyon creeks, they considered to have the best paying mine in the country, and said \$35,000 would be shipped out by that mine in the fall. Canyon creek, between six-mile and Mill's creeks, and two miles up Mill's creek, they thought was a fair estimate of the pay streak in the country, and said a dozen or less men are the only ones doing well.

Starvation was a remote possibility, as the departing prospectors have disposed of their provisions at a sacrifice. The majority are able to leave the country, and not more than 100 will be destitute. One man, who came out by the steamer Bertha, saw the steam schooner Excelsior lying at Sitka and learned that she is to go to the inlet and carry out a load of passengers free.

A Peaceful Settlement.

Buenos Ayres, Sept. 16.—A correspondent in Rio Janeiro, Brazil, telegraphs that the Brazilian foreign minister, Senor Corcuria, has informed a circle of friends of high standing officially that he regards the prospect for a peaceful settlement of the Italian question as extremely favorable. Senor Corcuria says the good will of the government at Rome is assured but he does not disguise the fact that the quarrel will certainly demand full satisfaction for all wrongs suffered by Italians in Brazil, before it will consent to enter into a negotiation for a final disposition of the matter.

Signor Bruno, the Italian representative in Santa Paula, declared in an interview with Senor Corcuria that the situation was still grave. Seven thousand insurgents have left Santa Paula for Argentina. The United States gunboat Castine will accompany the Argentine fleet in its evolutions in Brazilian waters.

Three Miners Poisoned.

Victor, Colo., Sept. 16.—Charles McGovern, Charles O'Tool, and George Stevens were found dead this afternoon in a cabin a mile from Victor. The men, with Harry Doyle and John McDevitt, had been occupying the cabin for some time, and all had been drinking heavily. The two latter have been arrested on suspicion of poisoning their companions.

Deming, N. M., Sept. 16.—Fifty Tomochie Indians surrounded the custom-house at Palomas, Mexico, thirty miles south of this city, today. The officers repulsed them. Three of the Indians started for this town, two of whom were wounded. One was caught just south of town, and is under arrest at this place. It is said there are 300 Tomochie Indians in the Florida mountains, fifteen miles south of here. The town is greatly excited.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

The political situation is still effecting trade to a certain extent. Wheat is moving in a small way and a great deal of stock is being turned off. Hops are in a fair way to prove a bitter disappointment, and the present indications are that the small pitance secured by the pickers will be greater than the profits of the grower. Salmon is now bringing in considerable money, and the fruit crop, although small, is bringing in good prices, and materially helping matters. Wool is dull and lifeless, with no movement whatever.

Wheat Market.

The local wheat market is a trifle firmer for Valley wheat, but Walla Walla remains unchanged. At a few points in the interior some exceptionally fine lots have been taken up by near-by mills at figures slightly in advance of export values. Quotations are: Walla Walla, 49 to 50c; Valley, 51 to 52c per bushel.

Produce Market.

Flour—Portland, Salem, Cascadia and Dayton, \$2.75; Benton county and White Lily, \$2.75; graham, \$2.40; superfine, \$2.15 per barrel. Oats—Choice white, 30c@31c per bushel; choice gray, 29c@31c. Rolled oats are quoted as follows: Bags, \$4.25@5.25; barrels, \$4.50@7; cases, \$3.75. Hay—Timothy, \$10.50 per ton; cheat, \$6.50@7; clover, \$9@7; oat, \$7.50; wheat, \$6.50. Barley—Feed barley, \$13.50 per ton; brewing, \$14@18. Millstuffs—Bran, \$12.50; shorts, \$13.50; middlings, \$18@20; rye, 90c per cental. Butter—Fancy creamery is quoted at 35c; fancy dairy, 25c; fair to good, 17c@20c. Potatoes—California, 60c; Oregon, 55c@65c per sack; sweets, 3c per pound. Onions—75c per cwt. Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$2.50@3.00; broilers, \$1.25@2.25; geese, \$6.00; turkeys, live, 10c; ducks, \$3.00@4.00 per dozen. Eggs—Oregon, 12c per dozen. Cheese—Oregon, 10c; California 8c; Young America, 11c per pound. Tropical Fruit—California lemons, fancy, \$3.50@4.50 per box; bananas, \$1.75@2.50 per bunch; California seedling oranges, \$2.50@2.75 per box; Mediterranean sweets, \$4.50 per box; pineapples, \$3.00@4.00 per dozen. Oregon Vegetables—Garlic, new, 10c per pound; Oregon peas, 2c; new cabbage, 1c per lb; tomatoes, 30c per bag; string beans, 2c@3c per lb; wax, 2c@3c per lb; Oregon radishes, 10c per dozen; cauliflower, 70c@75c per dozen; cucumbers, 15c@25c per dozen; egg plant, 15c@17c per lb; rhubarb, 1c@2c.

Fresh Fruit—California apples, \$1.25@1.50 per box; cherries, Royal Anne, loose, 8c per lb, 55c a box; Black Republicans, loose, 5c per lb, 60c per box; gooseberries, 2c@2c per pound; currants, 5c; raspberries, 4c; blackberries, 3c; apricots, \$1 per box; peaches, 65c@75c per box; watermelons, \$2@2.25 per dozen. Dried Fruits—Apples, evaporated, bleached, 4c@4c; sun-dried, 3c@4c; pears, sun and evaporated, 5c@6c; plums, pitless, 3c@4c; prunes, 3c@5c per pound. Wool—Valley, 9c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 5c@7c. Hops—Contracts for new are being made at 6@6c.

Nuts—Peanuts, 6c per pound for raw, 10c for roasted; cocoanut, 90c per dozen; walnuts, 12c@14c; pine nuts, 15c; hickory nuts, 8c@10c; chestnuts, 17c; Brazil, 12c; pecans, large, 14c; Jumbo, 16c; filberts, 12c; fancy, large, 14c; hard-shell, 8c; paper-shell, 10c@12c.

Provisions—Portland pack: Smoked hams are quoted at 10@10c per lb; picnic hams, 7c; boneless hams, 7c; breakfast bacon, 10c; bacon, 6c; dry salt sides, 5c; lard, 6-pound pails, 7c; lard, 6c; 50s, 6c; tierces, 7c per pound. Hides—Dry hides, No. 1, 16 pounds and upward, 8c@9c per pound; dry kip, No. 1, 5 to 10 pounds, 7c per pound; dry calf, No. 1, under 5 pounds, 11c@13c; dry salted, one-third less than dry flint. Salted hides, sound steers, 60 pounds and over, 6c do, 50 to 60 pounds, 5c; do, under 50 pounds and cows, 3c@4c; do, kip, sound steers, 15 to 30 pounds, 4c; do, veal, 10 to 14 pounds, 5c; do, calf, under 10 pounds, 5c@6c; culls (unsalted), 1c per pound less; green (bulls, stags, moth-eaten, badly cut, scored, hair stripped, weather-beaten or grubby) one-third less.

BREXWAX—20@22 per pound. TALLOW—Prime, per pound, 3c@2c; No. 2 and grease, 2c.

Merchandise Market.

SALMON—Columbia, river No. 1, talls, \$1.25@1.60; No. 2, talls, \$2.25@2.60; fancy, No. 1, talls, \$1.75@1.85; Alaska, No. 1, talls, \$1.20@1.30; No. 2, talls, \$1.90@2.25. CODDAGE—Manilla rope, 1 1/2-inch, is quoted at 8c; White sisal, hand twisted; Rope, 1 1/2-inch, dir. and upward, 6c; rope, 1 1/2-inch, 6c.

SUGAR—Golden U, 4c; extra C, 4c; dry granulated, 5c; cube crushed and powdered, 6c per pound; 1/2c per pound discount on all grades for prompt cash; half barrels, 1c more than barrels; maple sugar, 15c@16c per pound. COFFEE—Mocha, 27c@31c per pound; Java, fancy, 24c@26c; Costa Rica, 20c@23c; Caracal, 22c@25c; Salvador, 19c@22c; Arabuckie, \$19.65; Lion, \$19.65; Columbia, \$19.65 per case. RICE—Island, \$3.50@4.50 per sack; Japan, \$3.75@4. COAL OIL—Cases, 10c; barrels, 17c; tanks, 15c per gallon. WHEAT BAGS—Calcutta, \$4.25@4.37c for July and August deliveries.

Meat Market.

BEEF—Gross, top steers, \$2.40; cows, \$1.75@2.00; dressed beef, 3c@4c per pound. MUTTON—Gross, best sheep, wethers, \$1.75; ewes, \$1.50; dressed mutton, 3c per pound. VEAL—Gross, small, 4c; large, 3c@3c per pound. HOGS—Gross, choice, heavy, \$3.00@3.25; light and feeders, \$2.75; dressed, 3c@4c per pound.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

POTATOES—Garnet Chile, 50c@60c; Salinas Burbanks, 60c@90c; Early Rose, 25c@40c; River Burbanks, 25c@40c; sweets, 1c@1c per pound. ONIONS—30c@40c per sack for yellow, 50c@60 for pickle. EGGS—Store, 13c@16c; ranch, 20c@22c; ducks, 16c@17c per dozen.

Shot in Self-Defense.

Santa Monica, Cal. Sept. 14.—William Kearse, an Irishman of good family, threatened to kill his father-in-law, M. Morris, and went to Morris' home tonight to finish the job. He tried to break in the door, and Morris shot him dead. Morris has been released on his own recognizance.

The Laurado Seized.

Wilmington, Del., Sept. 14.—The Laurado arrived today from San Antonio, and was seized by the local authorities on the belief that it was harboring an expedition was contemplated.

Madagascar Prospectors Attacked.

London, Sept. 14.—The Malgassy prospectors here, brings news of an attack upon a number of English and American gold prospectors in Madagascar by the Tahavolds. The prospectors were obliged to flee for their lives, abandoning their baggage.

With Now Boasts of Three Canary.

Wilmington, Del., Sept. 14.—The three canaries were about the size of lumps, but are alive and growing.