

THE NEWS RESUME

A DIGEST FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Collected From the Telegraph Columns—At Home and Abroad.

Petitions are being sent from all the towns of South Africa to the government of the South African republic in favor of leniency to the reform prisoners.

Mrs. Mark Frost, the wife of a prominent farmer, residing at Cleveland, Mo., drowned her two children and herself last evening. No cause is known.

A storm struck Cairo, Ill. There was terrific wind and rain. The opera house and union depot were unroofed. The ferryboat Katherine capsized in the Ohio river and nearly all on board were drowned.

Owing to the fact that congress has decided to transform the battlefield of Shiloh into a national park, the officers of the Shiloh Battlefield Association have tendered their resignations for the purpose of discontinuing their association.

Lieutenant John Miley, in charge of the heavy artillery at the Presidio, San Francisco, has just completed the work of mounting a 50-ton rifle on the ridge near Fort Winfield Scott. This is the second modern rifle to be added to the heavy artillery on this coast, within two years.

A Valparaiso dispatch says: The supervisors of accounts have discovered that the telegraph of the government has been defrauded of more than 100,000 pesos, and it is thought that a closer investigation will bring more roguery to light.

The event of the Queen's birthday celebration at Roseland, B. C., was a minor's drilling contest for a purse of \$150. Five teams were entered. Goggins and Reilly, of the War Eagle, drilled a hole 8 1/2 inches in 15 minutes, winning thereby.

A dispatch to the London Times from Athens says the Greek cabinet has decided not to send warships to the island of Crete unless it becomes absolutely necessary. It is added that twenty-five Christians have been killed in the massacre in Crete.

James Ellington was hanged in Boise, Idaho, for the murder of Charles Briggs, December 30, 1894. Ellington shot Briggs in front of the latter's home in Boise. Ellington met his victim, passed and then turned and shot him in the back.

Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, has reported favorably from the committee on postoffices and postroads the bill to increase the pay of letter-carriers throughout the United States. The bill is similar to the one already favorably reported in the house.

Captain John Wilson, the hero of Lookout mountain, who has been suffering from a cancer on his face, died at his home at Station camp, Kentucky, aged 74. He was the man who first planted the federal flag on the summit of Lookout mountain.

A Havana dispatch says: The local guerilla force of San Antonio de los Baños has killed nine insurgents with side arms, besides the leader Collazo. General Serafino has fought the insurgents near San Cristobal, Pinar del Rio. They had eight killed and carried off many wounded.

G. B. Palmer, a farmer living near Atwater, Cal., walked into his stable and slapped a horse on the back. The horse kicked him, one hoof landing squarely on his chest, the other on his ear. Palmer died, suffering untold agonies for many hours. He was 30 years old, well known and generally respected.

Two troops of cavalry have been ordered from Fort Custer to round up the Cree Indians so they may be deported to Canada in accordance with recent federal legislation. The Cree say they will not go unless Canada proclaims amnesty for their participation in the Riel rebellion. They fear death sentences if they return to Canada, and prefer the alternative of fleeing to the mountains and becoming "bad" Indians.

It is believed in shipping circles in San Francisco that the British bark Cambusodon has been lost at sea. She left Java January 2 for Vancouver, and has been neither sighted nor heard from since. She has been out 145 days. The London underwriters have offered 35 per cent for reinsurance of the bark and her cargo, which carry about \$300,000 insurance. She was commanded by Captain MacDonald, and carried a crew of thirty men.

Nine four-horse teams, loaded with Yakima wool, sheared within four miles of a Northern Pacific railroad station, passed through Goldendale recently en route to The Dalles to save freight. Prominent sheepshearers say that, unless the Northern Pacific comes to time, there will be 3,000,000 pounds of Yakima wool hauled to The Dalles, and there is a saving to the grower. There are now being sheared 100,000 sheep near Goldendale. The entire clip will be marketed in The Dalles.

The state department at Washington is officially informed that all contracts for Cuban leaf tobacco entered into before the publication of the order of Captain-General Weyler, prohibiting its exportation, will be respected. Citizens of the United States proving themselves bona fide owners of such tobacco prior to the promulgation of the order, will be permitted to export the same as heretofore.

General Wheaton, who has just re-

turned to Denver from Arizona, says that if the arrangement now under consideration by the state department at Washington can be concluded, the depredations of Apaches in Arizona will be quickly stopped. It is proposed to let the federal troops in pursuit of the redskins cross the line into Mexico and give the Mexican troops the right to cross the line into Arizona.

Col. R. P. McGillicoy, a prominent politician and agriculturist of San Jose, has been murdered. McGillicoy's body, with a bullet in the head, was found in an outhouse on his ranch, near Campbell's Station, six miles from San Jose, in the township of Los Gatos. A neighbor named Page found the body, and, upon going into the house, found the body of McGillicoy's son, Mrs. McGillicoy, and her daughter, Minnie Ebesier, a servant, and Robert Brisco, a hired man. The tragedy was enacted by the son-in-law of Mrs. McGillicoy, James Dunham. The only survivor of the family is Dunham's baby, who was found sleeping peacefully by the side of his dead mother. George Schaeble, another hired man, barely escaped the fate of the others.

The Grecian government, in a circular note to the powers, repudiates responsibility for the rebellion in Crete unless the porte restores Cretean autonomy.

A Nuremberg dispatch says the first four prizes in the international chess masters tournament, to begin July 20, have been increased to \$750, \$500, \$375 and \$250 respectively.

It is reported in Windsor, Ont., that the tug Lorimer, of Detroit, owned by Alexander Buell, has gone down in the middle ground off Pelee island and all hands lost. The report cannot be verified.

John F. Caples and R. A. Booth, of Oregon, were on a visit to Cleveland, O., and presented a gold nugget to Mark Hanna, McKinley's manager. Speeches were made by Mr. Hanna and the Oregonians.

The Diario, published in Buenos Ayres says that when congress has approved the unification of the Argentine debt, Dr. J. Romero, the minister of finance, will elaborate a scheme for the conversion of the paper money.

In Los Angeles, Cal., an electric car ran over and killed an inmate of the Soldiers' Home, whose identity is unknown. The belief is that the old man was placed on the track by hoodlums, though it was apparently a case of suicide.

The Pittsburg and Indiana manufacturers have closed down all the window-glass factories in the territories controlled by them. This throws 4,000 skilled workmen and about 1,500 laborers out of work a month earlier than usual.

The Prohibition national convention held in Pittsburg, nominated the following ticket: President, Joshua H. Levering, of Maryland; vice-president, Hale Johnson, of Illinois. The silver plank was rejected and also the woman suffrage plank.

The Madrid correspondent of the London Standard says it is made a condition of the French and Spanish bankers, who are largely interested in Spanish railway enterprises, to assist the government to obtain loans for the Cuban campaign.

The bank of New England, of Manchester, N. H., has suspended business for the time being by a vote of its directors and with the consent of the bank commissioners of the state. Creditors are being paid with an idea of clearing up the deposits. The bank had not recovered from its loss in 1893.

In Berlin, it is said a resolution passed by the socialist evangelical congress, warmly approving the course of Dr. Stoecker, may be regarded as a pronouncement against the emperor's dispatch of censure against the former court chaplain. The passage of the resolution has caused the greatest sensation there.

An Athens dispatch says: The besiegers of Vemos have rejected the terms offered by the foreign consuls, that the arms and supplies be surrendered and that the garrison of troops be removed. A high Turkish official who was an eye witness of the Canea massacre, admits that a Turkish soldier deliberately shot the Greek cavass dead.

A private letter received in Prescott, Ariz., from South Africa confirms the telegraphic news of the killing of H. N. Palmer and W. H. Johnson, near Buluwayo. They were in the mines thirty miles from Buluwayo, when the party was attacked and massacred. Palmer was one of the best known miners and mill men on the coast, and was a warm personal friend of John Hays Hammond.

Upon the arrival of the steamer Signal in Astoria announcement was made of a change in the programme of handling Chinese coming to the Pacific coast by the Canadian Pacific line of steamers. Instead of being landed at the nearest point to their destination, they will be held on the Sound and the identification papers will be forwarded by mail to the custom house officials at the points where the Chinese seek admission.

The body of a woman was found floating in the Columbia river, in front of Astoria. The head and neck had been horribly mangled with some sharp instrument, presumably an ax. There was a large gash extending from the top of the forehead to the bridge of the nose, and there were several other wounds on the back of the head, any of them sufficient to cause death. The woman was identified as Esther Gunton, a quarter-breed, who is said to have been living in a scow near Woody island with Sam Mayland, a fisherman. It is thought that the latter murdered her.

MAD RUSH FOR FOOD

HUNDREDS OF RUSSIANS TRAMPLED TO DEATH.

At a Popular Feast Near Moscow There Was a Stampede Which the Police Could Not Check—Tragic Killing of the Coronation Fetes.

Moscow, June 2.—A terrible panic, resulting from the great crush of people at the popular feast here today, in honor of the coronation of the czar, caused the trampling to death of many people, including a woman delivered of a child during the excitement. It is estimated that over 1,100 persons perished.

In anticipation of a grand holiday and a popular banquet on Hodynaky plain, tens of thousands of people began trooping toward Petrovsky palace, in front of which the plain is situated, this morning. In fact, thousands reached the grounds last evening and camped there, or in the immediate vicinity, in order to make sure of obtaining good positions today. On the plain long lines of rough tables, flanked by rougher benches, had been erected. It was first arranged to accommodate 400,000 people, but in view of the immense crowds assembled in and about the city at the coronation fetes, extra tables and benches were erected and every effort made to provide meals for 500,000 people. To feed the multitude an army of cooks and waiters were gathered together, the army bake-houses were taxed to the utmost and 500,000 mugs, each bearing portraits of the czar and czarina, were ordered for presentation to the people taking part in the banquet. Thousands of cattle, trainloads of provisions and shiploads of liquid refreshments were sent to the plain, and this morning all was in readiness for the gigantic event.

By dawn today the mass of peasants about the tables was really enormous, and all were desperately hungry, some having fasted for nearly twenty-four hours. The police did everything possible to keep back the crowd, but suddenly the masses pressed forward and swept everything before them. They overturned benches and tables, trampling hundreds under foot and crushing the life out of a great number.

Among the dead found on the plain were ladies evidently of high rank, dressed in the finest silks and adorned with jewels.

The police barracks to which the bodies of the dead were taken by the authorities are besieged by persons seeking news of friends and relatives.

The scene at the barracks is terrible in the extreme. The remains of the dead will be conveyed to the cemetery, where a large morgue is located. The disaster, as now explained, was due mainly to the absence of the police, who had not arrived at so early an hour. Fully 200,000 persons of all grades of society had gathered together on the plain at the time the disaster occurred. Only about 1,000 attendants were in charge, and they seemed unable to control the mob. Hoping to lessen the pressure of the assembled hundreds of thousands, all moving toward a common center, they tossed the packages and presents into the midst of the crowd. This seemingly precipitated the panic, since a scramble to obtain the gifts ensued, and the hollow piece of ground near the center formed a death trap for thousands.

The buildings on all sides of the plain, where Napoleon once concentrated his troops after moving upon the city, are in many cases being used as temporary hospitals, and the soldiers have been rendering great service in removing the dead.

Further time must elapse before accurate figures as to the number actually killed and the number of persons who are victims of the disaster, but who are only suffering from injuries, can be ascertained. The disaster occurred between 5 and 6 o'clock this morning. It was intended the banquet should commence before noon, but the immense throng that gathered became so dense that the attendants were overpowered and thrown to the ground in the mad struggle which commenced for food, and many of the attendants are among the dead.

Between 2,000 and 3,000 Killed. Moscow, June 2.—The disaster on the Hodynaky plain yesterday is constantly gaining in proportion, as the investigation by the authorities continues. These are made under difficulties, as the recovery of the victims was conducted by hundreds of volunteers, and many were carried away before they were enumerated. Many additional deaths of the injured are occurring, which are only added to the enumeration after some time.

It is said now the fatalities will amount to between 2,000 and 3,000, but it is impossible as yet to learn exactly the extent of the disaster. The official statement this morning places the dead recovered at 1,336, and the seriously or fatally injured at 286. But, in contrast with this official statement, there are 1,282 corpses lying this afternoon at the cemetery, besides the many dead removed from the ill-fated field by friends.

An Old Man Killed. Los Angeles, June 1.—The last car on the Santa Monica line in this city last night ran over and killed an inmate of the Soldier's Home, whose identity is still unknown. The belief is that the old man was placed on the track by hoodlums, though it was apparently a case of suicide.

No Americans Were Hurt. Washington, June 3.—Minister Breckenridge has cabled the state department from Moscow that no Americans were hurt in the accident there.

THE GEORGIA METHOD.

Two Negroes Hanged Without the Formality of a Trial.

Columbus, Ga., June 3.—At 10:40 this morning a mob of 600 armed men broke into the Webster building during the trial of Jesse Slayton, charged with assaulting Mrs. Howard Bryan, and took the prisoner from the officers. Slayton's trial had already begun behind locked doors, and a heavily armed guard of men was present to protect the prisoner from any demonstration of violence. The mob forced the doors, and, with a relentless rush, swept back the spectators and guards and seized and carried the negro into the street. A rope was placed around Slayton's neck, and he was dragged up Broad street, the crowd shooting at him as they went along. Near the bell tower they swung the negro up and perforated him with bullets. After this the mob, as coolly and deliberately as in the first instance, went immediately to the courthouse, and overpowering the jailer, took Will Miles, a negro charged with assaulting Mrs. Albright two years ago, and marched him slowly to where Slayton's lifeless body was hanging from a tree. The trembling negro was made to look upon the fate of his brother in crime, then a rope was placed about his neck, and he was slowly suspended in the air and his body riddled with bullets.

The bodies of the negroes were left hanging during the afternoon, and a surging mass of humanity was packed around the scene. The greatest excitement prevails here and especially among the negroes, and it is not improbable that further trouble will ensue.

AN INSULT TO THE FLAG.

Starry Banner of the Old Monitor Destroyed by an English Woman.

Boston, June 3.—The famous old flag, battle-scarred and torn by shells in the celebrated encounter between the Monitor and Merrimac, was wantonly destroyed on Saturday by an English woman, while the nation was insulted by the indignity to which the stars and stripes were subjected. As a consequence serious trouble is anticipated, and it is feared that there may be a riot, so intense is the excitement among patriotic orders. Mrs. Charles H. Eaves, who owns a boarding-house at 1222 Washington street, shortly after the Memorial day parade had passed, ripped down the famous relic, tore it to shreds, stamped upon it and turned it over to its owner with these words: "Take your dirty old rag."

The woman admits the deed, giving her only defense that the owner had insulted her. The flag is owned by Chester Salisbury, a boarder in the house, who inherited it from his adopted father, Captain William H. Green, who captured the transport Belle of Cape Anne when she was anchored off Fortress Monroe during the second battle between the two famous naval monsters. The transport took part in the fray and was fired upon by the Merrimac. She bore the flag during the encounter. A warrant will be issued for the arrest of Mrs. Eaves at once, and she will be turned over to the United States authorities. Many boarders in the house are very patriotic and have much patriotic literature, which has been mysteriously mutilated and destroyed of late. Saturday's events help to clear up the mystery. Mrs. Eaves has only been in this country a few years.

Extra police guard the house, fearing a riotous demonstration from crowds collected, who demand to see the British woman who tears down the stars and stripes.

LIBERTY OF ACTION.

Weyler Sends a Petition to the Spanish Government.

Madrid, June 1.—General Weyler has asked the Spanish government for the liberty of action in political and military affairs in Cuba which was promised to him when he accepted the command and which was granted to all his predecessors. He plainly put it that he had been crippled by the repeated interference of the home government, and broadly hinted that he is not disposed to remain in office much longer under such conditions.

Premier Canovas and the ministers of war and of the colonies cabled to him and also wrote at length, urging the necessity of forbearance and patience, on account of the government's awkward position between the public in Spain and Havana clamoring for a more vigorous war policy in Cuba, with a more resolute attitude toward America and the imperative necessity of avoiding perilous conflicts with the United States.

The government pacified Weyler with a promise that he shall be furnished with all resources he may deem necessary for active operations next autumn, after the rains, and full scope to act as he pleases against the rebels, as long as he takes proper steps to furnish no pretext for American demands.

Cloudburst in Baker County.

Baker City, Or., June 3.—At 5 o'clock yesterday morning a cloudburst struck the Red Boy mining camp, which completely wrecked the boarding house. The inmates, consisting of William Brown and wife and George Donaldson, had a miraculous escape from instant death, as the flood moved the wrecked building to within a few feet of Clear creek, which at that time was a raging torrent. The office building and mine headquarters were moved from their foundations, but otherwise escaped injury. The mill and miners' cabins were not within the range of the flood and emerged scatheless.

—The output of coal from the mines of India yearly is 8,000,000 tons.

RESULT IN OREGON

ELECTION RETURNS FROM ALL OVER THE STATE.

The Republicans Have Elected Bean to the Supreme Judgeship, But the Defeat of Tongue by Vanderberg for Congress is Conceded.

From the incomplete returns in the first congressional district in Oregon the indications are that Tongue has been defeated.

It is believed that the legislature on joint ballot will stand as follows, but complete returns may alter it somewhat. Republicans, 56; Populists, 12; Democrats, 6; Union Bimetallists, 3; Mitchell Republicans, 3.

Clackamas county—The full election returns show the result to have been a more complete Populist victory than was at first claimed. Vanderberg received 558 plurality over Tongue for congress, and Gaston led Bean 351 votes for the supreme judgeship. The three Populist candidates for the legislature were elected by pluralities of about 500 each.

Marion county—Returns from 36 precincts are all in, but the vote has not been canvassed. There is variance in the unofficial estimates in some precincts, but it is settled that Vanderberg has carried the county by about 75 plurality. The Republicans have lost the treasurer to the Populists by 338, and the Republican sheriff and clerk got in with a small plurality. The Republican legislative ticket is elected.

Yamhill county—The Union Bimetallistic ticket is elected. The lowest majority is 128 for sheriff. For congress Vanderberg leads Tongue by 103, and Bean is 200 ahead of Gaston for supreme judge.

Benton county—Unofficial returns from all precincts give Tongue a plurality of 270. Lake, Republican nominee for joint representative for Benton and Lincoln counties, is elected by 275 majority. Loggan, candidate for representative on the Benton county Republican ticket, is defeated by about 20 plurality by Whitaker, a Populist, the first one ever elected in the county.

Cook county—Returns from 24 out of 26 precincts in the county give the following results: Congress—Tongue, 923; Vanderberg, 1174. Supreme judge—Bean, 1010; Gaston, 909. Noller, Populist nominee for joint representative, has carried the county by 250 plurality.

Polk county—Complete returns are in, but the official count has not yet been made. The vote of Independence, Dallas and three other precincts give Bean 200 majority over Burnett, Tongue a majority of 401 over Myers, and Hayden for prosecuting attorney 110 over Carson, Republican.

Jackson county—Complete returns from all but two small precincts give Republicans one representative and school superintendent, and the Democrats county judge, and everything else goes to the Populists. Two of the three representatives will be Populists and also the senator.

Josephine county—Complete returns give Tongue, 783; Vanderberg, 758; Myers, 206. Supreme judge—Bean, 784; Burnett, 334; Gaston, 756. State senator—Edwards, Pop., 832; Harmon, Rep., 983.

Washington county—The official count shows: Bean, 1634; Burnett, 583; Gaston, 1108. Congress—Myers, 310; Tongue, 1540; Vanderberg, 1503. Joint senator—Dillard, Dem., 430; Hansen, Pop., 1272; Patterson, Rep., 1650. The Republicans elected all the rest of the ticket.

Klamath county—Returns from nine out of eleven precincts in this county give the following: Bean, 337; Burnett, 201; Gaston, 221. Congress—Tongue, 343; Myers, 184; Vanderberg, 216. State senator—Applegate, Rep., leads by 132. The Populists get the sheriff, the Republicans the clerk, treasurer and commissioner, and the Democrats the assessor, superintendent and surveyor.

Linn county—The total vote of Linn county's 28 precincts gives: Bean, 1857; Burnett, 114; Gaston, 1673. Congress—Tongue, 1580; Myers, 454; Vanderberg, 2067. The election was a landslide for Populists. The Republicans elect recorder, treasurer, assessor and surveyor. The remainder of the county ticket is Populist.

Tillamook county—The returns from all precincts in the county give the following: Bean, 520; Burnett, 194; Gaston, 346. Congress—Tongue, 548; Myers, 129; Vanderberg, 357. Joint senator sixteenth district—Patterson, 580; Dillard, 311; Hansen, 396. All the county officers are Republican, except Edwards, Dem., and Miller, Pop.

Lane county—The plurality of Tongue in Lane will probably be about 700. Bean will have about 800 plurality. The offices of county judge, sheriff and clerk are in doubt. Twenty-three out of forty-two precincts give: Myers, 904; Tongue, 1580; Vanderberg, 989. Board of equalization—Upton, 154; Yates, 1965. State senator—Baker, Pop., 1155; Driver, Rep., 1298; Skipworth, Dem., 1260.

The Second District.

The returns from Baker, Clatsop, Columbia, Gilliam, Morrow, Multnomah, Mmatilla, Union, Willamette and Wasco give, approximately, Ellis, 7023; Quinn, 7287.

Multnomah county—Forty-one precincts in the county are complete, and show that Northup, independent, has carried the county by a large plurality, and that results otherwise are very much mixed. It appears to be clear that Quinn will beat Ellis in this county by about 400, and that Northup will

have about 1200 plurality. The Republicans have probably three out of four senators also probably elected several members of the lower house. Mitchell Republicans will gain the expected majority of the ticket.

Indications from Monday in the city of Portland are following will have a plurality. Bean for supreme judge, Northup, for congress.

Lord, for district attorney; Thompson, for member equalization.

Pennoyer, for mayor. Moore, for sheriff. Frazier, for circuit court judge. Gambell, for auditor. Hacheney, for city treasurer. Wasco county—Complete returns from every precinct except give: Congress—Bennett, 568; Northup, 217; Quinn, 568; Gaston, 535. For judge Mitchell, Rep., leads by 300. Driver, Rep., is ahead in sheriff.

Clatsop county—Returns yet complete. The vote is: Bean, 1268; Burnett, 336; Quinn, 672; Northup, 672; Quinn, 672. Dem., is elected as representative. Republican legislative ticket defeated.

Morrow county—The election shows the election of the ticket, except the sheriff and Union county—The returns of the twenty-five precincts county give the following: 834; Burnett, 552; Gaston, 834; Burnett, 542; Ellis, 1134; thup, 116; Quinn, 1049. From the other precincts are to make no material change pluralities.

Columbia county—Nine give: Bean, 470; Burnett, 366. Congress—Bennett, 363; Northup, 233; Quinn, 363. Defeat in this county is Quinn will beat him about 100.

Umatilla county—Thirty out of thirty-three give Ellis plurality. For supreme judge, Burnett, 642; Gaston, 985. It is probably elected joint senator. Wallowa county—Returns complete. The entire Populist ticket has been successful, with exception of Jennings, Representative, and Williams for senator. For congress, Quinn has 200 plurality.

Gilliam county—Quinn, Burnett are all closely but uncertainty prevails as to the Democrats have elected the representative in this county. Baker county—Twenty of twenty-five give: Bean, 60; Burnett, 746; Quinn, 60; Burnett, 4596; Ellis, 744; Northup, 167. Yaokum, elected for elected to the legislature.

Douglas county—Returns except one small precinct following majorities: Tongue, 180. The Republicans are doing thing in this county and perhaps school superintendent.

Kate Field is Dead. Chicago, June 2.—H. E. Field of the Chicago Times-Herald of a cable message this afternoon, signed by H. E. Thurston, ex-minister to the States from the Sandwich Islands, which said: "Kate Field died at Honolulu, 19, of pneumonia."

Miss Field was in the islands as the special correspondent of the Times-Herald, and she had a letter dated June 1, which she informed Mr. Field she had been doing a great horseback riding, and that she in the open air had completely ruined her health, which, before she left the islands, had been badly ruined. There was no further progress those contained in the dispatch.

Killed at a Rifle Range. Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 1.—An accident occurred at the rifle range of the Ninth regiment of National Guards, Pennsylvania, at Parsons, Pa., noon today. The company sergeant, and Obidiah B. B. He gave the signal to fire, and his head above the danger line struck him in the head, and he instantly. Hipple and B. fast friends.

A Key West Expedition. Jacksonville, Fla., June 1.—An expedition from Key West says the population of that city is greatly excited over an expedition proposed to leave on the steamer Three Friends from this city, and about 100 have gone on board. The expedition of the Three Friends on the reef was merely a ruse to draw Spanish authorities off the coast.

Mrs. Stanford's Allowance. San Francisco, June 1.—A resolution was presented to the court today by Jane L. Stanford for Senator Stanford. Ever since the death of her husband, Mrs. Stanford has been drawing a family allowance of \$2,500 a month, pending the order of the court. Mrs. Stanford considered a reduction of her allowance necessary, because of the condition of the estate.