

THE NEWS RESUME

A DIGEST FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Called From the Telegraph Columns—At Home and Abroad.

George Haag, 25 years old, killed himself in San Francisco by taking strychnine. He was a member of a suicide club.

The controller of the currency has declared a dividend of 15 per cent in favor of the creditors of the insolvent Stock Growers' National bank, of Miles City, Mont.

At Alonzo province, in Huéla, Spain, a miscreant set fire to a building in which a dance was in progress. Six persons were burned to death, and many were injured.

A telegram received from Santo Domingo says that the president, Ulisses Heureaux, has had the minister of war, Castillo, and Governor Estay, of Macoris, shot for conspiracy.

Senator Kyle, from the committee on forest reservations, has reported favorably the bill authorizing the purchase of toll roads in Yosemite National Park, and making them free.

Twenty special agents of the general land office in Washington, D. C., have been ordered suspended from May 10 to June 30, inclusive, on account of an inadequate appropriation for the current fiscal year.

The Denver chamber of commerce authorizes the statement that no contributions for the Cripple Creek fire sufferers from other states are needed. The contributions in sight in Colorado amount to nearly \$50,000.

The Northern Pacific & Manitoba Terminal bondholders have been admitted to the Northern Pacific reorganization and have accepted 50 per cent in new shares and a like amount in preferred stock as a basis of settlement.

The senate committee on public lands has agreed to press upon the senate steering committee consideration of the bill granting 5 per cent of the proceeds of the sale of public lands to the states where the sales have been or may be made.

It is said, on what is considered good authority in Washington, that the expert accountant employed by the secretary of state has found a shortage of \$127,000 in the trust fund account of F. J. Kieckhefer, until recently the disbursing officer of the state department.

The schooner Viking, which arrived in San Francisco, brought news of the probable loss of the schooner Norma. The Norma sailed on February 9 with ten persons aboard, for the South seas, and should have arrived at its destination six weeks ago.

A dispatch from Havana says: An American newspaper man named Hamilton, captured on board the Key West filibustering schooner Competitor, will be released, but the other persons captured at the same time will be shot, in spite of protests from Washington.

A dispatch from Valparaiso says: The statistics of the general army staff, which have just been issued, show that the national guard now numbers throughout Chile 400,000 men. The figures were made up immediately after the late enrollment.

The secretary of the treasury has accepted offers for the sale of sites for government buildings as follows: Boise City, Idaho, Sear M. Jackson, \$17,500, bounded by Seventh and Eighth and Bannock streets; Helena, Mont., C. F. Ellis & Co., \$20,000, corner Park avenue and Clark streets.

All of the trans-Atlantic steamship lines have advanced the rate on gold from 1-32 to 5-32. For some time past the companies have held the opinion that the rates charged were not fair to them, considering the risks involved. The opinion is expressed that this advance in freights may check the present outward movement of gold.

The New York Herald's correspondent in Salvador writes that congress has approved the treaty of Amalpa which unites the republics of San Salvador, Nicaragua and Honduras, which will henceforth be called by the name Republica Major de Centro America.

The American Medical Association met in its 47th annual session in the Grand opera house in Atlanta, Ga. The association has over 1,500 members, being the largest body of physicians and surgeons in America, and probably in the world. Dr. Beverly Cole, of California, presided.

The Herald's correspondent in Guayaquil, Ecuador, telegraphs that the province of Manabi suffered terribly from earthquakes. In Puerto Viejo houses were thrown down, many persons were buried alive in the ruins and many injured. The province of Manabi is in the northeastern part of Ecuador.

James Creelman, correspondent of the New York World, and Frederick W. Lawrence, correspondent of the New York Journal, have been expelled from Cuba, on the ground that they calumniated General Weyler, the government and army, and attributed the insurgents' crimes to the Spanish army. They have been ordered to leave Cuba by the first steamer sailing.

A monster sea lion, in quest of salmon, became entangled in a fish-trap, near the mouth of the Columbia river. The trap was badly wrecked. The militia patrolling the beach at Ilwaco, on account of the strikers, assisted in killing the lion, which is the largest ever seen near the Columbia river. It took eleven rifle shots to kill the lion, which weighed over 2,100 pounds.

J. Simons, the cook on the pilot boat

schooner San Jose, was washed overboard and lost while the schooner was crossing the Columbia river bar bound in. The weather was rough outside, and a heavy swell on the bar tossed the little schooner about considerably, one huge wave striking her midships and turning her over almost on her beam ends. Simons was standing at the time in the cockpit, and the receding wave carried him over the side. The crew was unable to render any assistance, the unfortunate man disappearing as soon as he went over the schooner's side.

It is said that the war costs Spain \$100,000,000 annually and 10,000 soldiers every year.

A fight between negroes and Hungarians at Keystone, W. Va., resulted in two negroes and one Hun being killed. Wilson Worthington and Geo. Misard were also injured.

Rear Admiral Kirkland has been ordered to command the Mare Island navy-yard in place of Captain H. L. Howison, who is ordered to special duty in connection with the Oregon.

Carl Albrecht, who killed his wife in Marshfield, Or., February 18 last, was convicted in circuit court at Empire City of murder in the first degree. The jury brought in a verdict after fifteen minutes' deliberation.

The railroad station in Florin, Cal., was entered by burglars. The burglars robbed the railroad station, the postoffice and Wells-Fargo express office, which are all in the same building. A small sum of money was taken.

Crazed with drink and brooding over trouble which he considered a disgrace to himself and relatives, Frank Walton, aged 30, threw himself in front of an engine on the Rock Island track near Lincoln, Neb., and was ground to a pulp.

In the Canadian prohibition case, the privy council has decided that parliament cannot pass a general prohibitory law, nor can the provinces abolish the traffic in liquor, but they can pass laws to regulate it by licenses, under reasonable conditions.

Notice has been given by the Soo line of its intention to put into effect a round-trip rate of \$60 from St. Paul and Minneapolis to Kootenai points. The tickets will have limits in both directions of forty days and final return limits of ninety days.

The city of L'Anse, at the head of Kewana bay, Michigan, has been wiped out by fire. The L'Anse company's lumber mill and nearly all the business houses were burned. Two hundred persons are homeless. The total loss is \$250,000; insurance small.

A dispatch from Panama says: Puerto Vijo, the capital of Manabi, with a population of 10,000, has been entirely destroyed by two earthquakes. The shocks were succeeded by floods, inundating the city. Many lives are supposed to have been lost.

In a boxing match between John Houlihan and Pat Nolan, which came off in Farmington, Conn., Houlihan was knocked out in the eleventh round and rendered unconscious. He was not resuscitated, and it is believed his injuries will prove fatal.

It is stated in Kansas City that the firm of Swift & Co. will shut down their big packing plant at that point for an indefinite period. Their plant gives employment to 1,300 men, and in capacity ranks second among the packing establishments of Kansas City.

In Rome, N. Y., J. Watson Hildreth, the boy trainwrecker, received a life sentence. His companions, Plato and Hibbard, who pleaded guilty of manslaughter in the first degree, were sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment on two indictments, or forty years in all.

William Laverone and Jack Roberts, highwaymen, captured a few days since, overpowered the jailer in Maders, Cal., beating him severely over the head with a brick. They took his keys and arms and escaped. They are desperate characters and it is feared will kill some of the posse before they are captured.

News is received of a brutal murder committed in Oconto, Wis., in a dispute between two farmers about a team of horses, in which a man named Olsen shot one named Lisot. He then carried the body to a brush pile and set it on fire. A deputy sheriff arrested Olsen and had him handcuffed by one hand, but by a desperate effort the man escaped and hid in the woods.

By a vote of 425 to 98, the Methodist general conference, in session in Cleveland, O., decided the four women delegates might retain their seats. This does not mean that the women have won a complete victory. The decision was the result of a compromise, and with the understanding that it should not prejudice the claims of women in the future or establish a precedent for future conferences to follow.

As an indication of the unprecedented mining activity in the state of Washington, the records in the office of the secretary of state at Olympia show that there have been filed for record in the last three months articles for eighty-three mining corporations. These, in connection with others, have netted to the state an amount for recording fees little short of the running expenses of the secretary of state's office for the same time.

T. A. Phillips, a merchant at Latham, Mo., on returning home from his place of business, was shot from ambush by a neighbor's youth, aged 14 years, named Stout. The young robber was hid behind a tree, and, as Phillips passed by, he shot him, the ball taking effect in the arm. Phillips ran for his home, but was overtaken by his assailant and struck over the head with the weapon and felled to the ground. In the encounter, Phillips seized Stout by the throat and choked him to death.

THE TREATY BROKEN

RUSSIANS SEIZE THE DISPUTED TERRITORY OF CHEE FOO.

A Direct Violation of Law—Their Course Regarded by England as an Unfriendly Act—Seriousness of the News Cannot Be Overestimated.

London, May 14.—A special from Shanghai says:

Russians, through an American agent named Smith, have taken possession of the disputed territory of Chee Foo, over which the British claim rights. Six Russian warships are there as well as the Detroit, Yorktown, Olympia and Machias of the United States navy. A great excitement prevails at Chee Foo. A dispatch to the Globe from Shanghai says the Russians seized lot 13 of the British concessions at Chee Foo in defiance of all legal and treaty rights. The Globe's editorial comment contains this remark: "The seriousness of the news from Chee Foo cannot be overestimated. The action taken is in direct contravention of the existing laws and treaties and cannot be viewed by Great Britain as other than an unfriendly act."

AN IMPOSING CEREMONY.

Heroic Equestrian Statue of General Hancock Unveiled.

Washington, May 14.—With imposing ceremonies, the heroic equestrian statue of Major-General Winfield Scott Hancock was unveiled here this afternoon before an immense gathering which included President Cleveland, Vice-President Stevenson, and representatives of the supreme court, diplomatic corps, congress, and army veterans, and colleagues of the late general.

The unveiling was preceded by a military demonstration, in which the second army corps, at the head of which General Hancock achieved his greatest victories, participated.

Brigadier-General Brooke, commanding the division of the Dakotas, United States army, was grand marshal. The exercises opened with prayer by Bishop Satterlee, of Washington. The principal address was delivered by John M. Palmer, of Illinois, major-general United States volunteers during the war. A salute was fired as the statue was unveiled. Seven hundred invited guests were present, including many relatives of the dead general.

The statue stands in the heart of the business district of Washington. It is the work of Henry J. Elliott. Its total height is 33 feet 8 inches. The proportions of the rider are such that if standing erect, he would measure 10 feet in height.

WAS ALMOST A RIOT.

Exciting Scenes Before the Missouri Convention.

St. Joseph, Mo., May 14.—The Republican state convention almost turned into a riot this morning before the delegates were admitted to the hall. At 10 o'clock 2,000 people were in front of the Crawford opera house clamoring for admittance.

Filley, as chairman of the state committee issued tickets to his delegates before leaving St. Louis. Kerns was present with the contesting delegation. The local committee on arrangements, recognizing Kerns as boss, also issued tickets to the convention, and having obtained possession of the keys of the opera house, refused to admit any one until Filley would consent to compromise.

For over two hours the delegates stood in the hot sun cursing Filley and Kerns. At 12 o'clock a crowd of men wearing Filley hats congregated in the rear of the theater and attempted to smash in the door with a battering ram. The sergeant-at-arms telephoned for the police and a patrol wagon full of officers was sent.

Embezzlement Is Charged.

Sacramento, Cal., May 14.—Shortly before noon today a warrant was issued for the arrest of Eugene J. Gregory, ex-mayor of Sacramento. Complaint was sworn to by Mrs. Bruce B. Lee, who accuses Gregory of having embezzled \$9,000 belonging to her.

Gregory is one of the most prominent men in California, and was once a Republican candidate for governor. He was once president of the state board of trade and was a member of the board of managers of the midwinter fair.

A Fatal Sham Battle.

New York, May 14.—A dispatch to the World from Caracas, Venezuela, says: In a sham battle here Sunday bullets were secretly used by both sides. As a consequence one man was killed and several wounded in the excitement of the fray. The Caracas Journal in commenting upon the affair grimly observes: "We have bullets for Englishmen."

Subcommittee Appointed.

Washington, May 14.—At a meeting of the senate committee on finance today, Chairman Morrill appointed as a subcommittee to investigate the bond sales under the Peffer resolution, Harris, Vest and Walthall, Democrats; Platt, Republican, and Jones, Populist.

A Storm in Iowa.

Sibley, Ia., May 14.—A terrific rain and wind storm passed through this section last night. The roof of the three-story academy of music was blown off. A part of the city building was destroyed. Many small buildings were demolished.

Students Were Riotous.

Rio de Janeiro, May 14.—Students of the polytechnic raised a serious disturbance on Monday and maltreated their professors, shouting, "Death to the director," "Down with monarchy," and "Long live the republic!"

DOINGS OF CONGRESS.

Routine Work of the Fifty-Fourth Session—Senate.

Washington, May 9.—By a decisive vote today the senate decided to inaugurate an investigation of the bond sales conducted by the secretary of the treasury during the last three years. The resolution demanding the investigation is very explicit. It requests that the committee on finance be directed to investigate and report generally all the material facts and circumstances connected with the sale of United States bonds by the secretary of the United States treasury during the years 1894, 1895 and 1896; what amount of available funds was in the treasury at the time of such issues; the obligations of the government, and the reasons for the withdrawal of gold from the treasury, and the classes of persons who made such withdrawals.

Washington, May 11.—All Oregon and Washington items in the river and harbor bill went through the senate without opposition today, including the appropriation for the boat railway at The Dalles and the Seattle canal. There will be a fight on both items in the conference. With the bond resolution out of the way, the senate gave its attention to the accumulation of minor measures before going on with the river and harbor bill. Mitchell of Oregon gave notice that when the last appropriation bill was passed, he would press the joint resolution for election of senators by the people, not for the sake of having further speeches, but to actually adopt the resolution. Bills were passed to establish a classification division in the United States patent office, and granting permission for the erection of a monument in Washington in honor of Samuel Hahnemann, and appropriating \$4,000 for a foundation.

Washington, May 13.—The California deep-water harbor project was before the senate most of the day. It is seldom that a local improvement arouses so much feeling among senators, manifesting itself in a debate of unusual animation and of considerable personal feeling. Berry began the debate today, declaring that this proposed expenditure of \$3,000,000 was against the public interest and in the private interest of C. P. Huntington, of the Southern Pacific. Vest and Caffery took the ground that the appropriation should not be made at present. Frye, chairman of the commerce committee, replied to the strictures upon the proposition, and vehemently characterized the criticism of Huntington as "savoring of the slogan of the sand-lots."

Result of a Day of Tragedies in the Western Section of Florida.

Pensacola, Fla., May 13.—Four men are dead, two are dying and one is severely wounded, as the result of tragedies in the western section of Florida. Three of the victims were killed in a duel about a woman; another was stabbed to the heart by a boy, whose father had been attacked, and the two who are dying were flogged and shot by the regulators.

The duel over the woman was fought in Calhoun county, near Blountstown. In that county is the home of Mrs. Johnson, a young widow. Roy House and Henry Smith have been rivals for the favors of Mrs. Johnson. Several weeks ago the men fought about the woman and Smith was badly beaten.

Smith vowed to get even and Friday went to Mrs. Johnson's home, accompanied by his brother Thomas and a friend, Dick Thompson. The three found House and the widow together. House was ordered to leave. He rose as if to go, but quickly drew two revolvers and opened fire. The Smiths and Thompson were not slow in getting out their guns. Then a fearful duel followed in the little room. House shot fast and straight, and in a few moments the Smith brothers were dead. House fired his last cartridge at Thompson, the bullet breaking his arm. Then house drew a knife and tried to close with his foe, but his foot slipped in the blood and before he could recover Thompson shot him dead. There was a price on House's head, he having previously killed two men, one in South Florida and one in Alabama.

The second tragedy occurred in Madison county. A band of Whitecaps took Harry Wilson into the woods and bound him to a tree. Wilson was then shot, and the body left bound to the tree. The victim was found next morning, still alive, but mortally wounded. After leaving him, the Whitecaps went to the home of Lucy Murray, took her 16-year-old son to the woods and flogged him so that death will result. The boy's skin was literally cut to strips, and he was unconscious when found.

The last of this bloody series occurred at Greenwood, in Jackson county. Thomas James made a brutal assault on Samuel Winna, an aged man. Winna was knocked down. James was preparing to shoot him, but before he could pull the trigger he was stabbed to the heart by Frank Winna, the 16-year-old son of the old man, who came up from the rear.

The Portland Public Building.

Washington, May 11.—The senate committee on public buildings and grounds has reported favorably Senator Mitchell's bill increasing the limit of cost of the Portland public building to \$1,000,000. There has already been appropriated for the building \$350,000, and this bill appropriates the additional amount of \$650,000, which makes the round million. The bill also provides that the building, when completed, shall be used for a customhouse, appraiser's stores, courtroom, signal-service offices and office of the United States surveyor-general. Heretofore, the building was to be used only for a custom house, but the old building, it is said, is only sufficient for the accommodation of the postoffice, and when the new building is completed all the other government offices will be removed to it, leaving the whole of the present building for the postoffice.

On Sensational Charges.

San Francisco, May 13.—Governor Budd is in possession of a letter which may lead him to conduct a searching investigation into the management of San Quentin. Peter Brown, a negro sailor, who has just been released from that institution after serving a five years' term for manslaughter, is the writer. If the charges he makes prove true, prison doors are yawning for some of the men who are now employed by the state to maintain proper order and discipline among the 1,300 human beings who have been confined there because they are unfit to be at large.

—The "water pail" forge is a new mode of heating iron to a white heat in water that has been subjected to electrical action.

—Paper telegraph poles are in creating.

REQUEST IS GRANTED

EXECUTION OF AMERICANS AT HAVANA DELAYED.

Will Be Postponed Some Weeks—The Case Referred to the Supreme Tribunal of War—The Treaty to Be Discussed.

Washington, May 13.—In the Competitor case it can be authoritatively stated that at the request of the United States the Spanish government will postpone the execution of the death sentences upon the American citizens until the views of the United States respecting the application of their cases to the treaty of 1795 and the protocol of 1877 can be considered.

The announcement of the postponement of the executions means a delay of some weeks. The matter will be taken up by the diplomatic representatives of the United States and Spain, and will be made the subject of an exchange of correspondence on the interpretation to be given the treaty provisions. Meanwhile, the effect will be to allay popular excitement both here and in Spain.

It was definitely announced today that on the day that the five men captured on the Competitor were tried, on Friday last, Admiral Navarro, in conformity with the petition of the prosecutor and the sentence of the naval tribunal, approved and signed the sentence of death imposed upon the filibusters, Alfredo Laborde, Dr. Elias Bedia, William Gildea, John Melton and Theodore Mata. The announcement is supplemented by the statement that in view of high state consideration, the case has been referred for a final decision to the supreme tribunal of war and marine.

Two alleged filibusters, both citizens of the United States, said to have formed a part of the Competitor expedition, have arrived here in custody from Bahia Honda. They were captured by the local guerrillas of Palma, sometime after the landing. The steamer Triton has brought here a small boat abandoned on the coast by the mayor of Berracos. The boat is believed to have belonged to a small expedition which landed in the vicinity of where the Competitor was sighted and captured.

FOUR DEAD, TWO DYING.

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POSTOFFICE ROBBERY

A Window Broken and a Letter Carried Away.

The Dalles, May 12.—The postoffice here was robbed last night. A pouch containing the west-bound mail was taken. The robbery was about 10:30. The driver of the wagon had been to the postoffice for the east-bound train, which was here at 11. When he returned to the postoffice, he found the glass in the front door broken, and the mail pouch gone. Postmaster Crosson and the authorities were quickly notified, and a search was begun.

The pouch was not discovered this morning, when Mr. Brown was driving his cow to pasture, it by a fence near the academy, a long distance from the office, about fourteen inches long, and made in the leather sack, which was registered pouch, which was taken out. None of the mail was disturbed.

The result of the robbery's effect was very satisfactory, as the pouch only \$5.70 in coin. The mail pouch contained quite a number of checks, among them one for \$100 from County Treasurer Mitchell to Treasurer Metchan.

The registry pouch was found this morning a mile east of town, and checks were found undisturbed. The robbers had looked through Sheriff Driver and Marshall's case, this afternoon arrested men, named Miller, Tompkins, Robbins, on suspicion. The amount has been recovered except the amount of money stolen.

THE CONSUL-GENERAL'S

Caused Great Indignation

Spain.

Madrid, May 12.—There are indications of growing popular indignation in Spain over the attitude of the United States government toward the Competitor. The riots and the capture of popular hatred toward the United States at the time of the passage of resolutions favoring the recognition of the Cubans as belligerents have not been forgotten, and sentiments which caused the Spanish government has on all possible occasions expressed its appreciation of the United States to prevent, as far as possible, the giving of aid to the Cuban insurgents by the United States. But the spread sympathy felt for the United States in the United States is well known by the Spanish people, and the expeditions from the United States landed from time to time creates intense irritation.

The news of the capture of the Competitor was received with great satisfaction and relief in Row had been offered to make an attempt to aid in aiding the filibusters.

The popular clamor for the capture of the filibusters is generally likely to become vociferous. A count is taken of the refined protest of the United States against the execution of the filibusters. The action of the United States is regarded rather as an expression of sympathy with the insurgents, and will be a strong popular clamor.

The public feeling on the subject fostered by the tenor of advice from Havana. Dispatches from the United States affirm that Captain-General Weyler will resign his position.

GROUND TO PULP

Terrible Electric Car Accident

Los Angeles, May 11.—A horrible accident that ever occurred in this city happened tonight when Escarraig, a Mexican, was crushed to pulp by a Pasadena electric car.

Shortly before the accident, Escarraig was quarreling on the street with a Mexican named Jose Morales, in men finally came to blows and drew knives. Morales started across the street, followed by Escarraig, both men falling on the electric car, which was approaching.

Morales was several feet ahead of pursuer, and managed to get to the middle of the track when the car struck him, and the wheels of the body was under the wheels of the car, one knew what had happened and scattered along the track for a distance of twenty feet. Morales rested, and will be held pending investigation of the quarrel, which was a laborer, 40 years of age, leaves a widow.

Boy Trainwrecker Convicted

Rome, N. Y., May 11.—A boy charged with trainwrecking, was in a verdict of guilty of manslaughter in the second degree. The verdict recommended leniency. Three other boys who were implicated with the wrecking, are now in jail on trial for murder, and it is believed that after the verdict of manslaughter will be taken up together.

It is believed they will plead guilty to the lesser degree of which they have been convicted.